

The sand and gravel resources of the country around Henley-in-Arden, Warwickshire

Description of 1:25 000 sheet SP 16 and parts of 15, 17, 25, 26 and 27

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The first twelve reports on the assessment of British sand and gravel resources appeared in the Report Series of the Institute of Geological Sciences as a subseries. Reports numbered 13 to 139 appeared as Mineral Assessment Reports of the Institute; subsequent reports appear as Mineral Assessment Reports of the British Geological Survey.

Details of published reports appear at the end of this Report.

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The asterisk on the front cover indicates that parts of sheets adjacent to that quoted are described in the report.

PREFACE

National resources of many industrial minerals may seem so large that stocktaking appears unnecessary, but the demand for minerals and for land for all purposes is intensifying and it has become increasingly clear in recent years that regional assessments of the resources of these minerals should be undertaken. The publication of information about the quantity and quality of deposits over large areas is intended to provide a comprehensive factual background against which planning decisions can be made.

Sand and gravel, considered together as naturally occurring aggregate, was selected as the bulk mineral demanding the most urgent attention, initially in the southeast of England, where about half the national output is won and very few sources of alternative aggregates are available. Following a short feasibility project, initiated in 1966 by the Ministry of Land and Natural Resources, the Industrial Minerals Assessment Unit (formerly the Mineral Assessment Unit) began systematic surveys in 1968. The work is now being financed by the Department of the Environment and is being undertaken with the co-operation of the Sand and Gravel Association of Great Britain.

This report describes the sand and gravel resources of 300 km² of country around Henley-in-Arden, Warwickshire, shown on the accompanying 1:25 000 resource sheet SP 16 and parts of SP 15, 17, 25, 26 and 27. The survey was conducted in 1981 and 1982 by B. Cannell and R. G. Crofts who were assisted in the field by S. J. Booth and A. N. Morigi. B. Cannell and R. G. Crofts compiled the report assisted by R. J. O. Hamblin who contributed the geological account. In addition, invaluable help with software development for interpreting the resistivity depth soundings was provided by K. A. McL. Adlam, M. R. Clarke and J. W. Finch (Institute of Hydrology).

The work is based on 1:10 000 scale geological mapping carried out between 1977 and 1981 by members of the Institute's Field Staff and which is to be published at 1:50 000 scale on New Series Sheet 183 (Redditch).

J. D. Burnell, ISO and G. I. Coleman (Land Agents) were responsible for negotiating access to the land for the survey. The ready co-operation of landowners and tenants in this work is gratefully acknowledged.

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The sand and gravel resources of the country around Henley-in-Arden, Warwickshire

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SUMMARY

The geological maps of the British Geological Survey, pre-existing borehole information, 90 boreholes drilled for the Industrial Minerals Assessment Unit and 406 resistivity depth soundings form the basis of the assessment of the sand and gravel resources in the area around Henley-in-Arden, Warwickshire.

All the deposits in the district that might be potentially workable for sand and gravel have been investigated and a simple statistical method has been used to estimate the volume. The reliability of the volume estimates is given at the symmetrical 95 per cent probability level.

The assessed area is divided into six resource blocks, containing between 7.8 and 16.1 km² of sand and gravel. For each block the geology of the deposits is described, and the mineral-bearing area, the mean thickness of overburden and mineral and the mean gradings are stated. Detailed borehole results and data from the interpretation of resistivity depth soundings are also given. The geology, the position of the boreholes and resistivity depth soundings and the outlines of the resource blocks are shown on the accompanying map.

Notes

Each borehole registered with the Institute is identified by a four-element code (e.g. SP 16 NE 66). The first two elements define the 10-km square (of the National Grid) in which the borehole is situated; the third element defines a quadrant of that square, and the fourth is the accession number of the borehole. In the text of the report the borehole is normally referred to by the last three elements alone (e.g. 16 NE 66).

All National Grid references in this publication lie within the 100-km square SP unless otherwise stated. Grid references are given to eight figures, accurate to within 10 m, for borehole locations. (In the text, four- and six-figure grid references are used for more extensive location, for example for farms).

Bibliographical reference

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INTRODUCTION

The survey is concerned with the estimation of resources, which include deposits that are not currently exploitable but have a foreseeable use, rather than reserves, which can only be assessed in the light of current, locally prevailing, economic considerations. Clearly, neither the economic nor the social factors used to decide whether a deposit may be workable in the future can be predicted; they are likely to change with time. Deposits not currently economically workable may be exploited as demand increases, as higher-grade or alternative materials become scarce, or as improved processing techniques are applied to them. The improved knowledge of the main physical properties of the resource and their variability, which this survey seeks to provide, will add significantly to the factual background against which planning policies can be decided (Archer, 1969; Thurrell, 1971, 1981; Harris and others, 1974).

The survey provides information at the 'indicated' level "for which tonnage and grade are computed partly from specific measurements, samples or production data and partly from projection for a reasonable distance on geologic evidence. The sites available for inspection, measurement, and sampling are too widely or otherwise inappropriately spaced to permit the mineral bodies to be outlined completely or the grade established throughout" (Bureau of Mines and Geological Survey, 1948, p. 15).

It follows that the whereabouts of reserves must still be established and their size and quality proved by the customary detailed exploration and evaluation undertaken by the industry. However, the information provided by this survey should assist in the selection of the best targets for such further work. The following arbitrary physical criteria have been adopted:

- a The deposit should average at least 1 m in thickness.
- b The ratio of overburden to sand and gravel should be no more than 3:1.
- c The proportion of fines (particles passing the No. 240-mesh B.S. sieve, about μ mm) should not exceed 40 per cent.
- d The deposit should lie within 25 m of the surface, this being taken as the likely maximum working depth under most circumstances. It follows from the second criterion that boreholes are drilled no deeper than 18 m if no sand and gravel has been proved.

A deposit of sand and gravel that broadly meets these criteria is regarded as 'potentially workable' and is described and assessed as 'mineral' in this report. As the assessment is at the indicated level, parts of such a deposit may not satisfy all the criteria.

Pre-Pleistocene rocks, which are usually consolidated and devoid of potentially workable sand and gravel, are referred to as 'bedrock'; 'waste' is any material other than bedrock or mineral; 'overburden' is waste that occurs between the surface and an underlying body of mineral.

For the particular needs of assessing sand and gravel resources, a grain-size classification based on the geometric scale μ mm, $\frac{1}{4}$ mm, 1 mm, 4 mm, 16 mm, 64 mm has been adopted. The boundaries between fines (that is, the clay and silt fractions) and sand, and between sand and gravel material, are placed at μ mm and 4 mm respectively (see Appendix C).

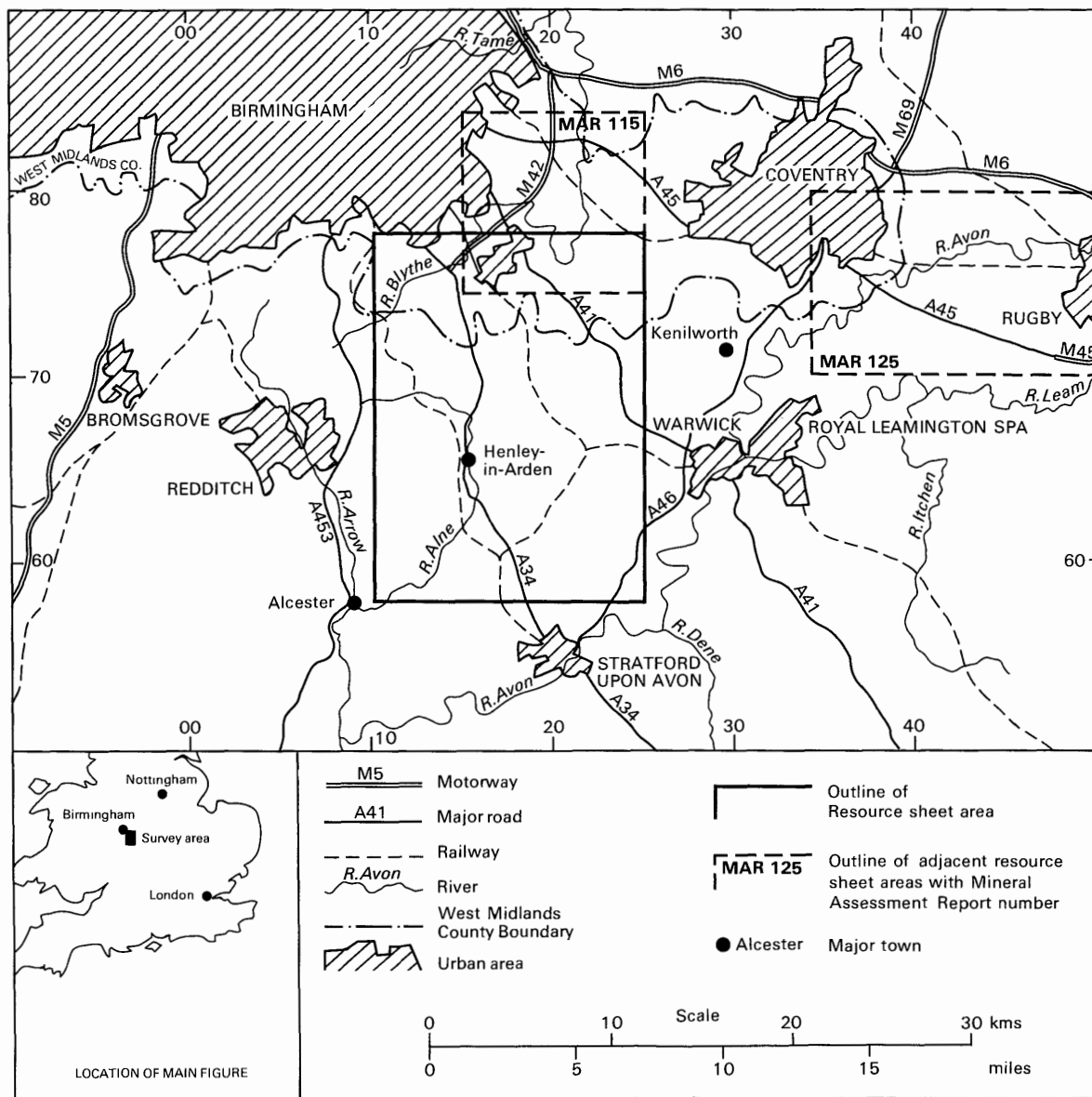


Figure 1 Map showing the location of the resource sheet area and of adjacent areas described in Mineral Assessment Reports (MARs)

The volume and other characteristics are assessed within resource blocks, each of which, ideally, contains approximately 10 km² of sand and gravel. No account is taken of any factors, for example roads, villages or land of high agricultural or landscape value, which might stand in the way of sand and gravel being exploited, although towns are excluded. The estimated total volume therefore bears no simple relationship to the amount that could be extracted in practice.

It must be emphasised that the assessment applies to the resource block as a whole; valid conclusions cannot be drawn about mineral in parts of a block, except in the immediate vicinity of the actual sample points.

DESCRIPTION OF THE DISTRICT

General

The district extends over 300 km² of Warwickshire and the West Midlands from the edge of the Birmingham conurbation around Shirley Heath, southwards to within 2 km of Stratford-upon-Avon, and lies between the 'new town' of Redditch and the old county town of Warwick (Figure 1). Centred on Henley-in-Arden, a small market town, this rural area supports both dairy and arable farming.

A number of major north-south roads cross the area and local railways, mainly providing commuter services, link many of the villages with the city of Birmingham. The Grand Union and Stratford-upon-Avon canals, once of commercial significance but now mainly used for leisure activities, also traverse the area.

The sand and gravel deposits of the district consist mainly of Glacial Sand and Gravel with small areas of River Terrace Deposits in the Alne and Blythe valleys. These sand and gravel deposits are mainly concentrated in the northern half of the resource sheet area (see Resource Map in pocket) and are described in resource blocks A to E. Potentially workable sand and gravel in these blocks cover an area of 63.5 km² and amount to an estimated 254 million m³. The remainder of the district, designated Block F, contains only scattered deposits of sand and gravel, which cover an area of 7.8 km² and contain an estimated 21 million m³ of mineral.

Topography

The land surface is generally plateau-like, falling from about 155 m (510 ft) around Terry's Green [104 735] in the northwest, to about 90 m (295 ft) at Fulbrooke [241 606] in the southeast, on the edge of the Avon valley. The two main river systems of the district, the

Blythe and the Alne, dissect this plateau and flow to the north and south respectively, draining away from the main Severn-Trent watershed.

Geology

The area falls largely within Geological Sheet 183 (Redditch), for which both the 1:50 000 geological map and the descriptive memoir are currently in preparation. Locality details have been published as open-file reports (Ambrose 1982a, b, Ambrose and Strange 1982, Old 1982a, b, c, d, Strange and Ambrose 1982), and two further reports (Ambrose 1982c, Old 1982e) describe the location and distribution of possible sand and gravel resources. The solid and drift deposits are summarised in Table 1, and schematic cross-sections are included with the resource map in the pocket at the back of this report.

The northern half of the area lies at the edge of the Birmingham Plateau. Here glacial drifts of Wolstonian (Pleistocene) age occupy the high ground and certain of the valley bottoms, while Recent deposits occur in the valley bottoms; solid strata crop out along the valley sides. The southern half of the area is more deeply dissected, the Wolstonian glacial deposits being restricted to isolated outlying hilltops and ridges.

Table 1 Geological sequence

DRIFT	
Recent and Pleistocene	
	Peat
	Alluvium
	Alluvial Fan Deposits
	River Terrace Deposits (First, Second, Fourth Terraces)
	Head
	Till
	Till, chalky
	Glacial Lake Deposits
	Glacial Sand and Gravel
SOLID	
Jurassic	
Lower Lias	Lower Lias, including Blue Lias
Triassic	
Penarth Group	Westbury Formation
Mercia Mudstone Group	Mercia Mudstones Arden Sandstone
Sherwood Sandstone Group	Bromsgrove Sandstone
Upper Carboniferous	
Enville Group	Tile Hill Mudstones

SOLID

Upper Carboniferous The Tile Hill Mudstones of the Enville Group crop out in the northeast corner of the area, where they dip gently to the east. The strata at crop comprise about 40 m of reddish brown mudstones, interbedded with brown sandstones which vary rapidly in thickness and die out locally.

Triassic The Bromsgrove Sandstone of the Sherwood Sandstone Group crops out in the northeast corner of the area, comprising buff micaceous sandstones and red-brown mudstones.

The Mercia Mudstone Group underlies the greater part of the area and is divided into an upper and lower part by the Arden Sandstone. The lower part crops out east of the Meriden-Norton Lindsey Fault [2479-2363], and is faulted against the Tile Hill Mudstone in the

northeast. West of the Meriden-Norton Lindsey Fault, the Arden Sandstone and both mudstone sequences crop out widely, with variable but gentle dips.

The mudstones below the Arden Sandstone vary in thickness from about 130 m around Hatton [24 67] to 245 m at Rowington [20 69], and comprise brick-red silty mudstones, locally brown or purplish brown, with green spots and patches. They include many 'skerries', laterally impersistent greyish green siltstones and fine sandstones, 0.1 to 1.5 m thick. The Spernall Gypsum lies 20 to 25 m below the Arden Sandstone and has been mined near Spernall. The Arden Sandstone comprises a sequence of interbedded pale grey and green sandstones, siltstones and mudstones with subordinate red mudstones, and varies in thickness from about 1.0 m at Snitterfield [20 60] to 11.7 m in a borehole at Umberslade Park [131 717]. Generally, the proportion of sandstone is greatest where the member is thickest. The thickness of mudstones above the Arden Sandstone increases from about 55 m in the south to an estimated 140 m at Knowle in the north. The bulk of the mudstones are indistinguishable from those below, except that there are fewer skerries, while in the Knowle Borehole [1883 7777], a gypsum horizon was proved 48 m below the top of the group. The highest part of the group is termed the Blue Anchor Formation (formerly the Tea Green Marl) and comprises pale greenish grey silty blocky mudstones, varying in thickness from 6.85 m in the Knowle Borehole to 1.4 m in a trial pit at Round Hill [1427 6179].

The Penarth Group (formerly Rhaetic) is represented in the area at outcrop only by the Westbury Formation. About 6.0 m of dark grey or black fissile mudstones crop out at Waterfield Farm [187 776], and 1.3 m of pale bluish grey mudstone are exposed around the base of the Lias outliers between Morton Bagot [11 64] and Aston Cantlow [15 60].

Jurassic The Lower Lias, including the Blue Lias, occurs in a faulted outlier north of Knowle and as a series of outliers between Morton Bagot and Snitterfield. About 25 m at Morton Bagot and 95 m at Snitterfield are preserved, comprising grey mudstones and paper shales, which weather to yellow and grey clay, with interbedded limestones up to 8 to 10 cm in thickness.

DRIFT

The drift deposits of the area were first examined in detail by Tomlinson (1935), and some were re-examined by Shotton (1953, p. 240-242) as part of a study of the Wolstonian type area between Coventry, Rugby and Leamington. However, the conclusions of these authors require revision in the light of recent resurveys of the Warwick (Sumbler, 1983) and Redditch 1:50 000 geological sheets.

During the Wolstonian glaciation, at least two ice-sheets entered the area, one from the east and northeast and one from the north and northwest. A sequence of glacial lake sediments, boulder clays and glacial sands and gravels was formed, with the erratic content of the deposits reflecting the provenance of the ice-sheets. That from the west brought dominantly 'Bunter' quartzite and vein quartz pebbles, as well as Triassic rocks and Upper Carboniferous sandstones and mudstones, coal, and flints. Welsh igneous rocks also came from the west. The ice-sheet moving in from the east brought erratics including fresh flint and chalk, Jurassic limestone, and Leicestershire igneous rocks, as well as 'Bunter' quartzites, Triassic sandstones and coal.

Before the Wolstonian glaciation, the watershed of England ran across the area from Tanworth to Bearley (Figure 2), with rivers draining north to the Trent, east to the Soar and southwest to the Severn. However, as a result of the glaciation, three glacial channels were cut through this watershed (Figures 2 and 3). One of these forms the Kingswood Gap (Tomlinson 1935, p. 425), and

runs from near Chadwick Manor [20 74] past Kingswood to Bushwood [18 68]; it is floored by sand and gravel. The Mere End Channel runs southeastward from Balsall Street [23 76]. The Shrewley buried channel runs from Haseley Knob [23 71] to [22 66] near Pinley, and is connected to the Chadwick End buried valley via the Wroxall col (Figure 3). Both the Mere End and Chadwick End/Shrewley channels are completely filled with a sequence of glacial lake deposits, sands and gravels, and tills. The early history of the channels is not clear, but all must have been at least partly cut before the retreat of the ice, because all contain till.

As ice entered the area from the east, north and west, a pro-glacial lake formed to the north of the area, and apparently overflowed through the Mere End Channel into the proto-Soar to the east. This outlet must have become blocked by ice advancing from the east and the Shrewley channel was then cut, crossing the main pre-glacial watershed and draining into the proto-Alne. Pro-glacial lacustrine deposits at heights up to +116 m OD are, however, found as far south as Snitterfield, partially infilling the Shrewley and Mere End channels and suggesting that the ice advanced to block the outlet of overflow water to the southwest into the Avon and formed a single relatively large lake which drowned the Tanworth-Bearley watershed.

Ultimately, ice covered the whole area of the Henley-in-Arden resource map, and many of the drift deposits are believed to have formed by sub-glacial melting. Thus, as the ice-sheet melted, a considerable pile of pro-glacial and sub-glacial sands, gravels and lacustrine silts and clays was built up over which a sheet of melt-out till was laid down in most of the area. Glacial outwash deposited thick sequences of sands and gravels in the Chadwick End, Shrewley and Mere End channels and the Kingswood Gap, as well as thinner sheets of sand and gravel locally above the till. It is not clear to what extent the channel-fill sequences include sub-glacial deposits, but the Kingswood Gap must have operated as an overflow channel after the Wroxall and Mere End channels became choked with drift, possibly draining a pro-glacial lake to the north during the final retreat phase.

Solifluxion during the later phases of the Wolstonian glaciation and during the subsequent Devensian glaciation have resulted in the deposition of head. Since the end of the Wolstonian there has been extensive fluvial erosion, with the attendant deposition of river terrace and alluvial fan deposits, alluvium and peat.

Glacial Lake Deposits These are soft laminated clays, silts and silty clays, with lenses of reddish brown sand containing some green bands and mottling. East of a line from Knowle to Henley-in-Arden (Figure 2), a suite of lake deposits up to 13 m in recorded thickness with their upper surfaces lying between 101 and 116 m, extends discontinuously from beyond the northern limit of the map area (Cannell, 1982) to near Snitterfield in the south. They are locally the oldest drift deposits, filling valleys in an uneven pre-glacial topography, or else they are locally underlain by or interbedded with glacial sands and gravels. They are rarely underlain in the northeast by deposits interpreted as till, and also pass out laterally into both tills and sands and gravels. It is believed that these lacustrine deposits formed at an early stage of the glaciation in a pro-glacial lake, dammed by ice to the east, west and north and by the Jurassic Uplands to the south. The lake level was at 116 m or higher. Within the area occupied by the sequence, four boreholes sunk between Chessetts Wood [18 73] and Mere End [24 74], revealed lake deposits with their upper surface at 121 to 124 m; these may be part of a larger sequence, as they accord well with the surface level of 125 m given by Shotton (1953) for Lake Harrison, or they may have formed at a later stage than the lake described above, in a small local lake. The lake may have been sub-glacial,

or ponded against the northeastern glacier, for the deposits lie close to the western limit of the chalky boulder clay.

West of a line from Knowle to Ullenhall (Figure 2), a further sequence of lake deposits extends northwards from Trap's Green [10 69] to beyond the edge of the area. These appear to form a single continuous sheet up to 5 m or more thick, and rest variously on solid strata, till and sand and gravel. Their top surface levels range between 135 and 154 m, well above any local watershed, so they are likely to have been formed in an ice-locked situation, between the eastern and western ice sheets.

Till Over wide areas, till forms the youngest deposit of the local drift sequence, and hence it crops out widely, capping flat plateau remnants separated by post-glacial river valleys. The till sheet is continuous across the Wroxall buried channel, while in the Kingswood Gap, till mantles the valley sides down to OD +105 m but does not reach the valley bottom. This melt-out till, formed as the stagnant ice sheet melted in place, varies widely in thickness up to recorded maxima of 14 m at Snitterfield Bushes [19 60] and Dickens Heath, [11 76], 17.4 m at Rowington [20 70] and 18.2 m at Shrewley [22 67]. Till found beneath sands, gravels and lake deposits at Earlswood [11 74] and Tanworth [10 70] is likely to be lodgement till formed beneath the advancing ice sheet, as are deposits interpreted as till beneath the lake deposits east of the Kingswood Gap.

Chalky boulder clay occurs east of a line from near Lapworth [15 69] through Baddesley Clinton [20 71] to Holly Grange [23 75]. This comprises greyish brown sandy clay with blocks of white and red chalk, and fresh flint including black tabular blocks, as well as 'Bunter' quartzite pebbles. Near Rowington Coppice [20 706], red flints, generally up to 10 cm and ranging more rarely up to 25 cm in diameter, are scattered across the fields. On the map, chalky boulder clay is only distinguished on constituent quarter sheet SP 26 NW, but throughout its area of outcrop it occurs as patches which commonly overlie flint-free Trias-derived easterly till, the two facies correlating respectively with the Oadby and Thrussington Tills of Sumbler (1983).

Till of northern and western derivation occurs west of the Lapworth-Baddesley Clinton-Holly Grange line, and comprises reddish brown, orange and grey, stiff sandy pebbly clay. The sand fraction is of fine to medium grain-size, while the erratic pebbles are dominated by 'Bunter' quartzite and also include Triassic and Upper Carboniferous sandstones and mudstones. Flints and Welsh igneous rocks are common in the western two-thirds of the area (i.e. west of grid easting 20) but are absent in some areas, notably in the northeast: Shotton (1968) recorded neither in a pipe trench from near Chadwick Manor to Holly Grange Farm.

Glacial Sand and Gravel Glacial sands and gravels are widespread in the north and east of the area, but they occur commonly in beds too thin or too clayey to be classified as mineral. They were formed by deposition from glacial meltwater during the advance or retreat of the northwestern and eastern glaciers. During the advance phase many of the deposits must have formed in pro-glacial lakes and are associated with the finer glacial lake sediments described above. These early sands and gravels are generally sheet-like in form and overlain by till, and individual beds are not more than 7 m thick. In the northeast, sands and gravels formed during the advance of the ice-sheets are interbedded with or overlie the glacial lake deposits, overstepping onto solid where the lake deposits occupy depressions in the sub-glacial topography. In the northwest (SP 17 NW), there are distinct suites of sand and gravel up to 5 m thick below and above the lake deposits, while on SP 17 SW, sand and gravel occupies a northwest orientated channel in the pre-glacial topography, and is

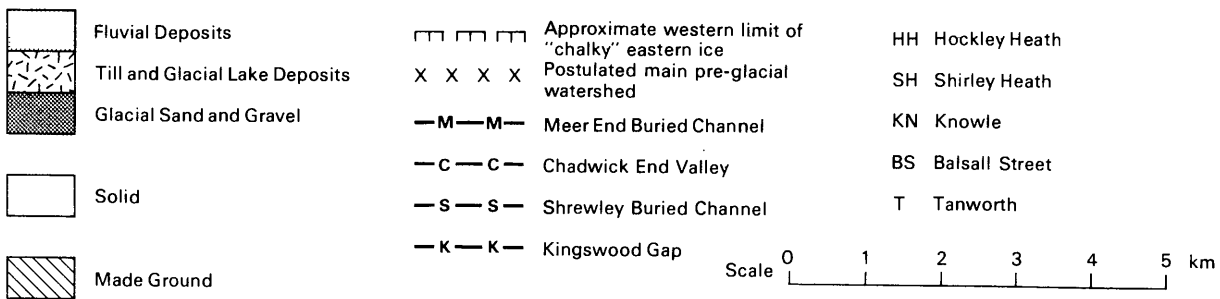
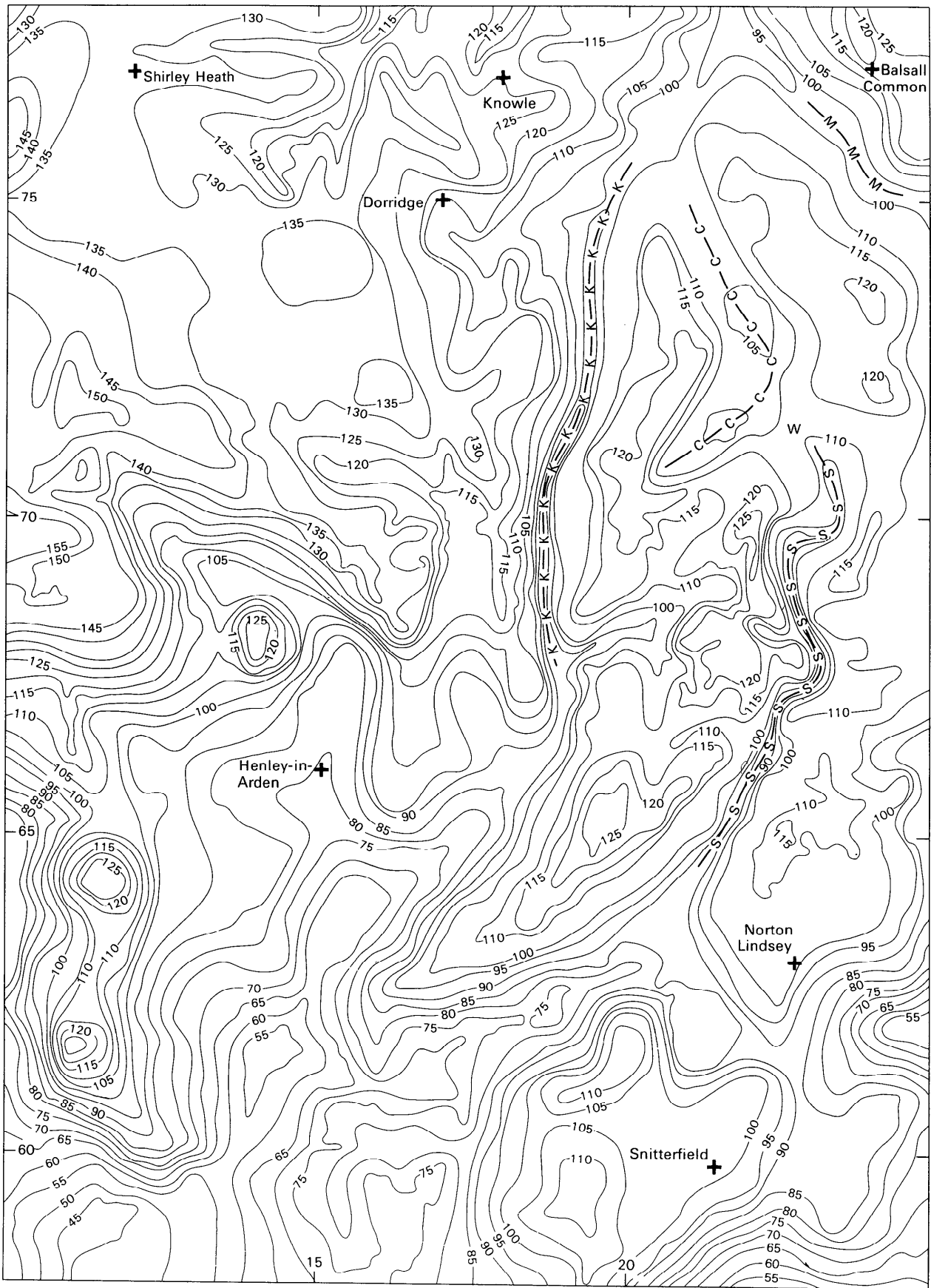


Figure 2 Drift geology of the resource sheet area



- | | | | | |
|-------|-------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------|--------|
| + | Major towns and villages | - K - K - | Kingswood Gap | N
↑ |
| -100- | Contours in metres above O.D. | - M - M - | Mere End Buried Channel | |
| W | Wroxall Col | - S - S - | Shrewley Buried Channel | |
| 0 1 | Scale in kilometres | - C - C - | Chadwick End Valley | |
| | | | | |

overlain by glacial lake deposits and melt-out till. Deposits dating from the retreat and melting of the ice sheet are largely confined to the linear channel-fills in the Kingswood Gap and the Wroxall Channel, although isolated patches of sand and gravel also occur resting on the boulder clay plateau, in particular between Haseley [23 69] and Honiley [24 72]. Although less widespread in area than the earlier deposits, these are generally thicker, reaching 13.7 m in borehole SP 17 SE 79 in the Kingswood Gap, 16.7 m at a non-IMAU borehole at Five Ways [22 69] and 31.3 m similarly at Haseley in the Shrewley Channel, and 10.3 m at Balsall Street (borehole SP 27 NW 31) in the northeast.

The proportions of clay, sand and gravel in these deposits are very varied, but in general the channel-fill deposits include a higher proportion of sand than the sheet-like deposits. The deposits within the Kingswood Gap are dominantly of gravel in the north but of sand and clay in the south. The patches of sand and gravel that locally overlie the melt-out till on quarter-sheet SP 27 SW are lithologically indistinguishable from those that underlie the till. The erratic content of all the deposits reflects that of the ice-sheet from which they were derived, and well rounded 'Bunter' quartzite and quartz pebbles are dominant throughout the area. Upper Carboniferous and Triassic sandstones and mudstones occur widely, and Welsh igneous rocks are found in the western part of the area. Flints occur everywhere except in the northeast, but large flints are restricted to the area of the chalky boulder clay, southeast of a line from the vicinity [15 69] of Pinks Farm through Baddesley Clinton [20 71] to Holly Grange [23 75], where they are associated with clasts of soft white and red chalk. In the southeast of the area, southeastwards from Norton Lindsey, the gravels contain up to 32 per cent of Jurassic limestone pebbles, associated with quartzite, quartz, sandstone, ironstone, flint and mudstone; limestone does not occur elsewhere in the resource sheet area, and apparently this local deposit has been derived from south of the district. It correlates with the Lillington Facies of the Baginton Lillington Gravels of Shotton (1953).

There are not many major exposures in the area. At Cuttle Pool [2015 7535] in the northeast, Tomlinson (1935, p. 429) recorded about 2 m of unstratified gravel overlying 6.1 m (seen) of current-bedded sharp sand and gravel, filling a channel and banked against a steep bluff of mudstone of the Mercia Mudstone Group. Working pits at Pinley Green [209 662] reveal, in a face 70 m long, 1 m of pale brown pebbly sand overlying about 5 m of gravel with pebbles of quartzite, flint, Triassic sandstone and mudstone in a matrix of red medium to coarse sand; pebbles are up to 10 cm in diameter and some show imbrication (Ambrose 1982c). An old quarry [1392 7136] in Umberslade Park exposes about 1 m of poorly sorted gravel, with clasts, up to 200 mm in diameter, of quartzite, dolerite and Triassic sandstone, in a poorly sorted medium to coarse sand matrix. At Tattle Bank [177 634], Tomlinson (1935, p. 432-433) recorded 8.8 m of drift deposits in a channel, banked against Mercia Mudstone to the northwest, and including 4.1 m of clay, sand and loam overlying 4.7 m of current-bedded sandy gravel with large boulders of Triassic sandstone as well as flints, Carboniferous sandstone, Chalk and igneous rocks from Wales and Leicestershire. Finally, 2.2 m of gravels exposed [2356 5964] near High Close Farm are fine-grained, crudely bedded, and contain fossiliferous pebbles of Jurassic limestone as well as 'Bunter' quartzite, the dominant clast material.

Head Small patches of head up to 1.7 m in recorded thickness are shown on the map throughout the area, mainly on the sides and bottoms of valleys. They were derived from the glacial drifts upslope by solifluxion during periglacial freeze-thaw, and probably include deposits of both late Wolstonian and Devensian ages.

Their composition reflects the drifts from which they are derived, and includes red and brown sandy pebbly clays and clayey sands.

River Terrace Deposits Fourth Terrace deposits of the River Avon occur in the southeast corner of the district in the parish of Hampton Lucy and also near Hooknell [249 629]. They comprise clayey gravel with quartzite, quartz and flint pebbles.

Small patches of the Second Terrace of the Avon occur in the southeast [241 581, 249 624] in tributary valleys. Second Terrace deposits of the Avon system also occur in the Alne Valley and its tributaries, on uneven slopes 1.5 to 5 m above the alluvium and up to 3.05 m in recorded thickness. The terraces are widest around Aston Cantlow and Wootton Wawen, though east of Wootton Wawen they are probably only 1 to 2 m thick. The deposits of the terrace in those tributaries of the Alne that flow from Bushwood and Rowington, comprise up to about 2 m of orange-brown to grey pebbly clayey sand and sandy clay. Small outcrops occur in Pinley Brook.

First Terrace deposits are associated with all of the significant streams except the Alne and its tributaries, but mostly as small patches. Outcrops in the Inchford Brook on quarter-sheet SP 26 NW comprise gravel dominated by 'Bunter' quartzite pebbles with flints, as exposed for example in river banks near Inchford Brook Farm [250 689]. In the north, insignificant patches of stony clay and clayey gravel flank the Blythe downstream of Monkspath Street [143 757]. These are up to 4.0 m thick and rise to about 1.5 m above the alluvium.

Alluvial Fan Gravels Two small outcrops of sandy gravel up to 1.5 m thick at High Cross [199 672] and north of Bushwood [186 696] are interpreted as alluvial fan deposits, merging respectively into the Second Terrace of the Pinley Brook and the alluvium of the Rowington Brook.

Alluvium Strips of alluvium up to at least 4.4 m thick flank most of the streams of the area, most notably the Alne and its tributary from Rowington. A continuous strip of alluvium joins the Alne and Blythe through the Kingswood Gap. The alluvium is generally composed of soft silty clay, grey to blue when fresh but weathering brown, and often pebbly with 'Bunter' quartzite, quartz and flint pebbles derived from earlier drift deposits. It commonly has a basal bed of gravel or very gravelly clay, up to 2 m thick.

Peat Peat up to a metre thick overlies alluvium north-east of Warren Farm [217 728].

Composition of the Sand and Gravel Deposits

Within the resource sheet area, glacial sand and gravel, river terrace and alluvial fan deposits constitute potentially workable sand and gravel.

Glacial Sand and Gravel This deposit is widely distributed over the northern half of the district but occurs only as small scattered patches in the south. It occupies an estimated total area of 60.7 km². Its composition ranges from gravel to 'very clayey' sand. Most of the more gravelly deposits are concentrated in the northwest (see Blocks A and B) while generally sandy deposits cover the eastern half of the resource sheet area (see Blocks C to E). Overall, the mean grading for glacial sand and gravel is 17 per cent fines, 65 per cent sand and 18 per cent gravel. The fines content ranges from 2 per cent (borehole 27 NW 30) to 33 per cent (borehole 27 SW 20).

The pebbles are dominantly subrounded to well rounded quartzite, quartz and sandstone with minor amounts (usually totalling less than 5 per cent) of

igneous rocks, limestone, flint, ironstone and mudstone. Exceptionally, 8 per cent of flint was recorded in borehole 26 SW 50 while a high concentration, 34 per cent, of Jurassic limestone and ironstone was present in boreholes 25 NW 64 and 26 SW 71. The sand fraction is dominated by fine and medium quartz.

River Terrace Deposits These deposits cover approximately 8 km², a relatively small area in comparison with that of the glacial sand and gravel. Where samples have been taken, they show that the deposits range from gravel to 'very clayey' gravel. The fines content ranges from 7 to 27 per cent and the percentage of gravel from 49 to 74 per cent.

Subrounded to well rounded quartzite, quartz, sandstone and, locally, flint make up the major part of the gravel fraction. Minor amounts of igneous rocks, mudstone, ironstone and limestone may also be present.

Fine, medium and coarse sand is found in roughly equal amounts in the sand fraction, with quartz dominant in all grades.

Alluvial Fan Deposits

These deposits occur at two localities around Bushwood. Borehole 16 NE 67 proved the deposit to be a 'clayey' sandy gravel comprising rounded to well rounded quartzite, quartz and sandstone in the gravel fraction and fine and medium quartz in the sand fraction.

The Map

The sand and gravel resource map is folded into the pocket at the end of this report. The base map is the Ordnance Survey 1:25 000 Outline Edition in grey, on which the geological data are shown in black, the mineral resource information in shades of red and geophysical data in purple.

Geological data The geological lines are from a survey on the 1:10 000 scale by R. A. Old, K. Ambrose and P. J. Stange. Copies of the constituent 1:10 000 geological sheets can be obtained from the Institute's offices at Keyworth, Nottinghamshire. The geological boundaries represent the best interpretation of the information available at the time of survey. However, it is inevitable that local irregularities and discrepancies will be revealed as new evidence from boreholes and excavations becomes available.

Borehole data, which include the stratigraphic relations, thicknesses and mean particle size distribution of the sand and gravel samples collected during the assessment survey, are also shown on the map.

Data on the thickness of the drift deposits derived from resistivity depth soundings (Appendix F), are shown conventionally on the map; deduced thicknesses used in the assessment of the sand and gravel resources are underlined. Detailed comparisons between data derived from depth soundings and from boreholes are included in Appendix H.

Mineral resource information The mineral-bearing ground is divided into resource blocks (see Appendix A). Within a resource block the mineral is subdivided into areas where it is exposed, that is where the overburden averages less than 1 m in thickness, and areas where it is present in continuous, or almost continuous, spreads beneath overburden. The recognition of these categories is dependent upon the importance attached to the proportion of boreholes which did not find potentially workable sand and gravel and the distribution of barren boreholes within a block. The mineral is described as 'almost continuous' if it is present in 75 per cent or more of the boreholes in a resource block.

Areas where bedrock crops out, where boreholes indicate absence of sand and gravel beneath cover and

where sand and gravel beneath cover is interpreted to be not potentially workable, are uncoloured on the map; where appropriate, the relevant criterion is noted. In such cases it has been assumed that mineral is absent except in infrequent and relatively minor patches that can neither be outlined nor assessed quantitatively in the context of this survey. Areas of unassessed sand and gravel, for example in built-up areas, are indicated by a red stipple.

The area of the mineral-bearing ground is measured, where possible, from the mapped geological boundary lines. The whole of this area is considered as mineral-bearing, even though it may include small areas where sand and gravel is not present or is not potentially workable. Inferred boundaries have been inserted to delimit areas where sand and gravel beneath cover is interpreted to be not potentially workable or absent. Such boundaries (for which a distinctive zigzag symbol is used) are drawn primarily for the purpose of volume estimation. The symbol is intended to indicate an approximate location within a likely zone of occurrence rather than to represent the breadth of the zone, its size being determined only by cartographic considerations. For the purpose of measuring areas the centre line of the symbol is used.

Results

The statistical results are summarised in Table 2. Fuller grading particulars are shown in Figures 5 and 6 and Tables 3 to 8.

Accuracy of results Of the six resource blocks, five, designated A to E, have been assessed statistically and for these the accuracy of the results is indicated by the confidence limits of between 17 and 72 per cent at the 95 per cent probability level (that is, on average nineteen out of every twenty sets of limits constructed in this way contain the true value for the volume of mineral) (Appendix B). However, the true volumes are more likely to be nearer the figure estimated than either of the limits. Moreover, it is probable that roughly the same percentage limits would apply for the statistical estimate of mineral volume within a very much smaller parcel of ground (say 100 hectares) containing similar sand and gravel deposits, if the results from the same number of sample points (as provided by, say, ten boreholes) were used in the calculation. Thus, if closer limits are needed for quotation of reserves, data from more sample points would be required, even if the area were quite small. This point can be illustrated by considering the whole of the potentially workable sand and gravel in blocks A to E. The total volume (254 million m³) can be estimated to limits of ± 14 per cent at the 95 per cent probability level by a calculation based on the data from the 291 sample points spread across the five resource blocks. A series of inferred assessments is offered for block F.

However, it must be emphasised that the quoted volume of mineral has no simple relationship with the amount that could be extracted in practice, as no allowance has been made in the calculations for any restraints (such as existing buildings and roads) on the use of the land for mineral working.

Notes on the Resource Blocks

The district has been divided into five major resource blocks, A to E, for which statistical assessments have been carried out; a sixth resource block, block F, has been divided into six sub-blocks for the purposes of assessment and description (Figure 4). In resource blocks A to E the potentially workable sand and gravel is dominantly glacial sand and gravel, associated mainly with drift-filled channels. The more gravelly deposits are included mainly in blocks A, B and C while mineral in blocks D and E comprises mainly fine sand. Sub-block F2

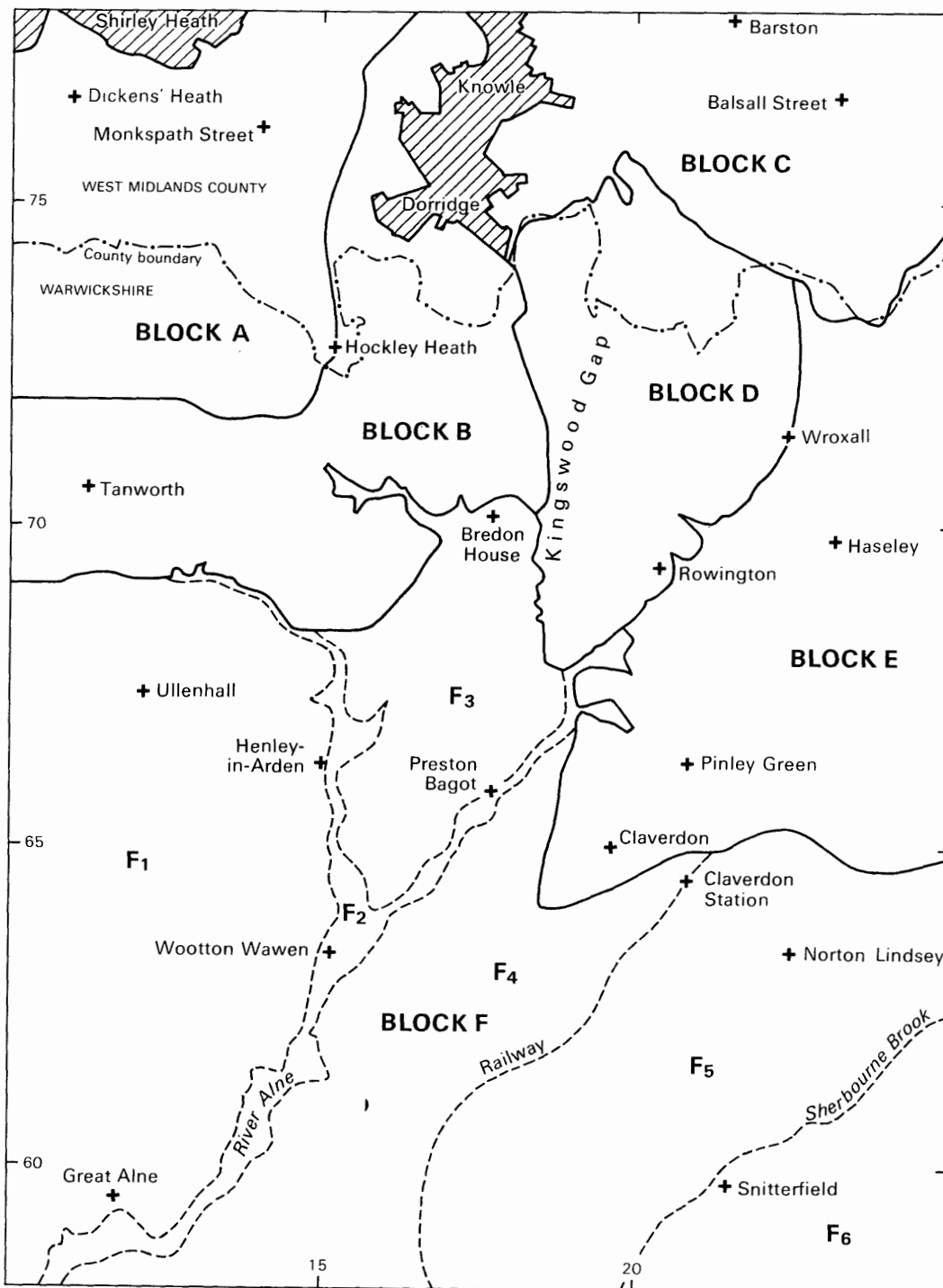


Figure 4 Locality map with reference to block boundaries (solid lines) and sub-divisions of block F (broken lines). An assessment of the resources in the West Midlands County is given for parts of blocks A, B, D and E in Table 2.

covers river deposits of the River Alne, while the other five sub-blocks contain many small scattered patches of glacial sand and gravel. The assessment of block F relies heavily on thickness data derived from resistivity depth soundings and for each of the sub-blocks an inferred assessment (see Appendix B) is given.

Block A covers an area of 32.8 km² between the urban area around Shirley Heath [120 778] and Nuthurst [147 719]. Eight IMAU boreholes (Table 3), 131 other boreholes and eight interpreted resistivity values have been used to assess the sand and gravel which comprises 12.5 km² of glacial sand and gravel and 0.6 km² of river terrace deposits of the River Blythe.

Much of the glacial mineral is hidden beneath younger glacial deposits and in many places the limits of

the potentially workable mineral is delineated by inferred boundaries, for example, between Dicken's Heath [111 761] and Nuthurst. In several places, glacial sand and gravel appears to be limited to narrow drift-filled valleys (Old 1982e, p.6), for example, at Monkspath Street [142 761] and Shelly Green [145 767]. Locally, the extent of the mineral in these drift-filled channels can be ascertained from the site investigation boreholes sunk for the M42, but in most places the limits of mineral have had to be shown by inferred boundaries.

Although sand and gravel was found to be thin in two of the IMAU boreholes, 1.6 and 0.8 m (in 17 NW 176 and 17 NW 177, respectively), and should be regarded as non-mineral, the recorded values have been included in the volume calculations nevertheless, because it is not possible to delineate the area of non-mineral with any

accuracy, particularly as nearby boreholes or interpreted resistivity values demonstrate the presence of considerable thicknesses of mineral: for example, compare the data from borehole 17 NW 109 with those from 17 NW 177, and from borehole 17 NW 176 with the interpretation of resistivity depth sounding HY 14.

Sandy gravel or pebbly sand were encountered in all the IMAU boreholes proving mineral, with the amounts of fines ranging from 8 per cent (borehole 17 SW 196) to 25 per cent (borehole 17 NE 192). The overall mean grading for this block is 15 per cent fines, 63 per cent sand and 22 per cent gravel (Figures 5, 6). Recorded mineral thicknesses range up to 8.3 m in borehole 17 NE 192, while interpreted resistivity values at site HY 5 (Cleobury Pool [107 752]) indicate that a maximum of 8.5 m of sand and gravel may be present. The mean thickness of glacial sand and gravel is 3.4 m and the estimated volume of 45 million m³ ± 17 per cent.

Overburden covering the glacial sand and gravel has a mean thickness of 3.2 m and ranges from a sandy soil less than 1 m thick where the deposit is exposed, to a maximum recorded thickness of 8.8 m in borehole 17 SW 123, a non-IMAU borehole. Overburden commonly consists of stiff to hard till or glacial lake deposits. A waste parting of 1.4 m was recorded in borehole 17 NE 192.

No IMAU information is available for the river terrace deposits, and the assessment is therefore based entirely on other boreholes from which information on the composition (quality) of the deposits is commonly not available. These boreholes indicate that upstream from Shirley Race Course [136 758], sand and gravel is thin or

absent in the Blythe valley and its tributaries. Where present, sand and gravel ranges in thickness from less than 1.0 to 2.2 m (borehole 17 NW 29 and 17 NW 90) and has a mean thickness of 1.2 m. The estimated volume of sand and gravel in this deposit is 0.7 million m³. Overburden is generally thin and consist of silts and clays. The maximum recorded thickness of overburden associated with the river terrace deposits was 2.1 m in borehole 17 NE 149. The mean thickness of the overburden is 0.6 m.

Block B This block covers an area of 32.1 km², extending from Tanworth [113 705] in the southwest, through Lapworth [164 711] to Knowle [177 767] in the north. The sand and gravel consists of 9.9 km² of glacial sand and gravel and has been assessed using data from eight IMAU boreholes (Table 4), six other boreholes and 10 interpreted resistivity soundings.

The potentially workable sand and gravel has a patchy distribution. Although much of it is concealed beneath glacial clays, well exposed glacial sand and gravel can be found around Lapworth, northwest of Knowle and south of Dorridge [173 753]. Where concealed mineral has been encountered, its limits have been delineated by inferred boundaries, for example, west of Dorridge and north of Gilbert's Green [102 711].

Boreholes 17 NE 193 and 194, sunk into exposed glacial sand and gravel, proved no potentially workable material. However, since the area of barren ground around these boreholes cannot be delineated, nil thicknesses have been included in the volume calculations. Borehole 17 SW 193 also failed to prove

Table 2 The sand and gravel resources of the district.

Resource block/sub-block	Area		Mean thickness		Volume of sand and gravel			Mean grading percentage		
	Block	Mineral	Over-burden	Mineral	Limits at the 95% probability level			Fines	Sand	Gravel
	km ²	km ²	m	m	Million m ³ x 10 ⁶	± %	Million m ³ x 10 ⁶	- $\frac{1}{16}$ mm	+ $\frac{1}{16}$ -4 mm	+4 mm
A	32.8	13.1	2.9	3.4	45	17	8	15	63	22
B	32.1	9.0	1.8	3.7	33	42	14	15	55	30
C	24.5	12.5	1.4	2.8	35	72	25	18	59	23
D	23.5	12.8	1.7	5.7	73	29	21	16	77	7
E	39.1	16.1	1.9	4.3	69	28	19	20	73	7
A to E	152.0	63.5	1.9	4.0	254	14	36	17	65	18

Inferred assessment - Block F

F1	48.0	1.0	*	3.8	4	Limits speculative				
F2	6.4	2.9	*	1.7	5					
F3	14.3	0.4	*	2.9	1					
F4	26.8	0.5	*	1.5	1					
F5	32.9	1.2	*	3.5	4					
F6	12.9	1.8	*	3.6	6					
F1 to F6	141.3	7.8	*	2.8	21					

The resources of parts of the district lying within the West Midlands county†

A (part)	20.6	8.7	2.7	3.5	30	26	8	19	61	20
B (part)	6.6	3.0	1.2	3.9	12	speculative		16	53	31
C**	24.5	12.5	1.4	2.8	35	72	25	18	59	23
D (part)	6.1	3.3	0.4	6.3	21	speculative		16	66	18
E (part)	0.4	0.3	1.0	2.5	0.7	speculative		no data		
A to E	58.2	27.8	1.3	3.8	98.7	speculative		17 ⁺	61 ⁺	22 ⁺

* Generally thin

** Resources in block C are, within the limits of error, virtually wholly within the West Midlands County

+ Grading data for A to D only

† Complementary figures for area and volume of the resources in the parts of blocks A, B, D and E lying in Warwickshire, may be obtained by subtraction

Table 3 Block A: data from IMAU boreholes

Borehole	Recorded thickness		Mean grading percentage						
	Mineral	Over-burden	Fines	Sand			Gravel		
				- $\frac{1}{16}$ mm	Fine $+\frac{1}{16}$ - $\frac{1}{4}$ mm	Medium $+\frac{1}{4}$ -1 mm	Coarse +1 -4 mm	Fine +4 -16 mm	Coarse +16 mm
m	m								
17 NW 176	Absent								
17 NW 177	Absent								
17 NW 179	2.8	2.2	14	11	39	6	15	15	
17 NE 192	8.3*	0.3	25	17	36	3	9	10	
17 SW 186	6.9	6.6	14	24	43	4	9	6	
17 SW 188	3.3	5.4	15	10	44	7	16	8	
17 SW 191	4.6	6.2	9	12	37	6	18	18	
17 SW 196	4.9	2.4	8	26	47	3	9	7	

* excluding waste parting of 1.4 m

Table 4 Block B: data from IMAU boreholes

Borehole	Recorded thickness		Mean grading percentage					
	Mineral	Over-burden	Fines	Sand			Gravel	
				- $\frac{1}{16}$ mm	Fine $+\frac{1}{16}$ - $\frac{1}{4}$ mm	Medium $+\frac{1}{4}$ -1 mm	Coarse +1 -4 mm	Fine +4 -16 mm
m	m							
16 NE 66	2.3	1.7	22	17	44	4	10	3
17 NE 193	Absent							
17 NE 194	Absent							
17 NE 198	6.2*	1.5	12	11	32	4	15	26
17 SW 193	Absent							
17 SW 194	2.5	3.5	15	9	31	5	21	19
17 SW 195	5.0**	3.2	9	8	38	12	20	13
17 SE 74	5.8	4.0	20	11	44	5	13	7

* excluding waste parting of 3.5 m

** excluding waste parting of 0.8 m

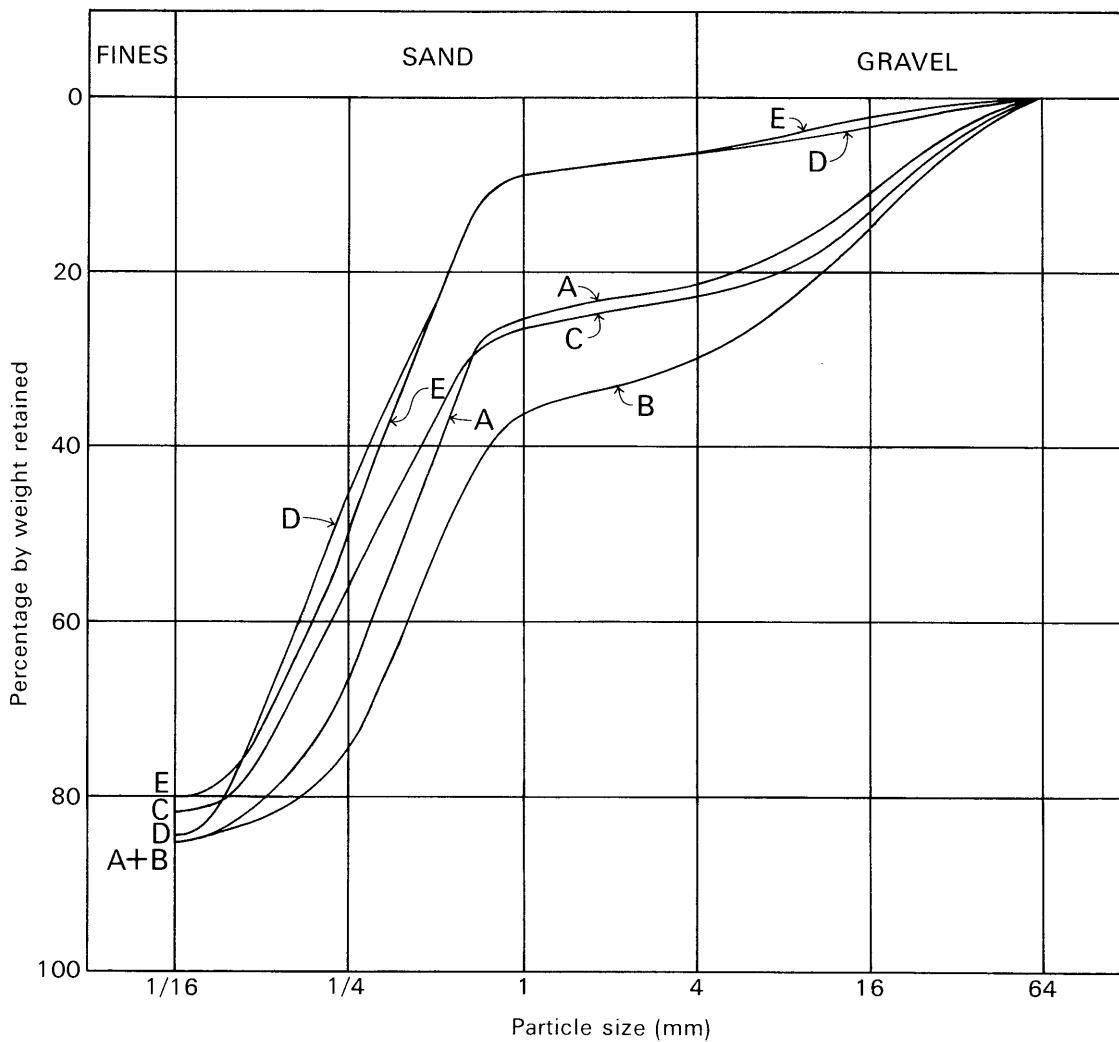
Table 5 Block C: data from IMAU boreholes

Borehole	Recorded thickness		Mean grading percentage					
	Mineral	Over-burden	Fines	Sand			Gravel	
				- $\frac{1}{16}$ mm	Fine $+\frac{1}{16}$ - $\frac{1}{4}$ mm	Medium $+\frac{1}{4}$ -1 mm	Coarse +1 -4 mm	Fine +4 -16 mm
m	m							
17 NE 195	1.5	0.5	21	9	18	9	25	18
17 NE 196	Absent							
17 NE 197	Absent							
17 NE 199	Absent							
27 NW 27	Absent							
27 NW 28	5.3*	0.4	22	20	32	4	13	9
27 NW 29	Absent							
27 NW 30	2.5	1.0	2	3	14	10	34	37
27 NW 31	10.3	0.4	18	22	28	5	12	15
27 NW 32	12.8**	0.4	23	27	38	2	3	7
27 NW 33	Absent							
27 NW 34	8.4†	0.2	12	33	22	3	12	18
27 NW 35	2.6	6.0	14	46	39	1	0	0
27 SW 13	Absent							
27 SW 15	Absent							

* excluding waste parting of 0.6 m

** excluding waste parting of 3.3 m

† excluding waste partings of 1.5 and 1.4 m.



Block	Percentage by weight passing					
	1/16 mm	1/4 mm	1 mm	4 mm	16 mm	64 mm
A	85	67	26	22	10	0
B	85	74	36	30	15	0
C	82	57	27	23	13	0
D	84	46	9	7	4	0
E	80	52	9	7	3	0

Figure 5 Mean particle size distribution for the mineral in resource blocks A to E

mineral, but the recorded thickness of sand and gravel (0.5 m) has been included in the calculation of resources because the interpretation of resistivity sounding HY 16, indicates that 3.9 m of sand and gravel may be present in Alderhanger Wood [101 699].

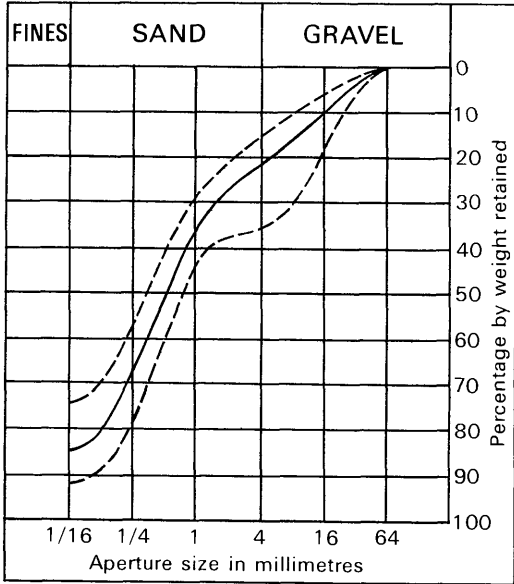
All IMAU boreholes encountering mineral contained sandy gravel, except borehole 16 NE 66, the samples from which graded as pebbly sand. The fines content of the mineral ranges from 9 per cent in borehole 17 SW 195 to 22 per cent in borehole 16 NE 66, while the overall mean grading for the block is 15 per cent fines, 55 per cent sand and 30 per cent gravel (Figures 5, 6). Recorded mineral thicknesses range from 1.3 m in borehole 16 NE 17 (a non-IMAU borehole) to 6.2 m in borehole 17 NE 198, while interpreted resistivity values

at site HY 43 indicate that a maximum thickness of 7.8 m of sand and gravel may be present. The mean thickness of mineral in this block is 3.7 m and the estimated volume 33 million m³ ± 42 per cent.

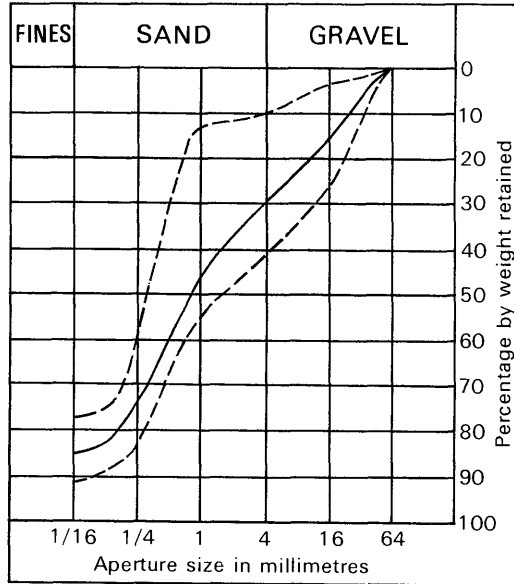
Overburden has a mean thickness of 1.8 m, ranging from thin sandy soil up to a recorded thickness of 4.0 m of glacial lake clays and till in borehole 17 SE 74. However, a maximum of 5.9 m of clayey overburden is indicated from the results of resistivity depth sounding HY 18, at Kemps Green Farm [143 706]. Waste partings of 3.5 and 0.8 m were recorded in boreholes 17 NE 198 and 17 SW 195, respectively.

Block C This block stretches from the eastern outskirts of Knowle and Dorridge to Needlers End [243 768] and

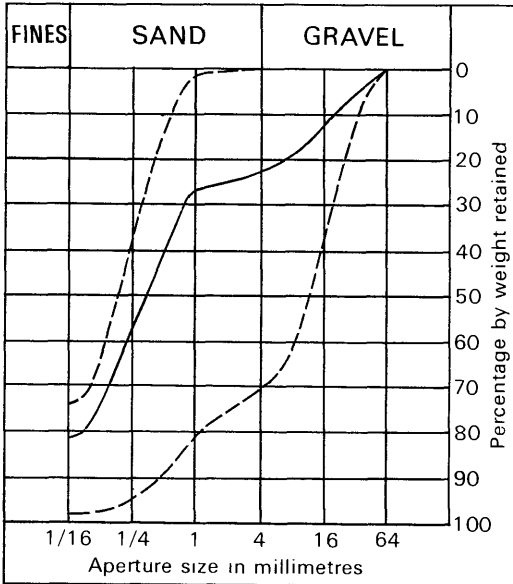
BLOCK A



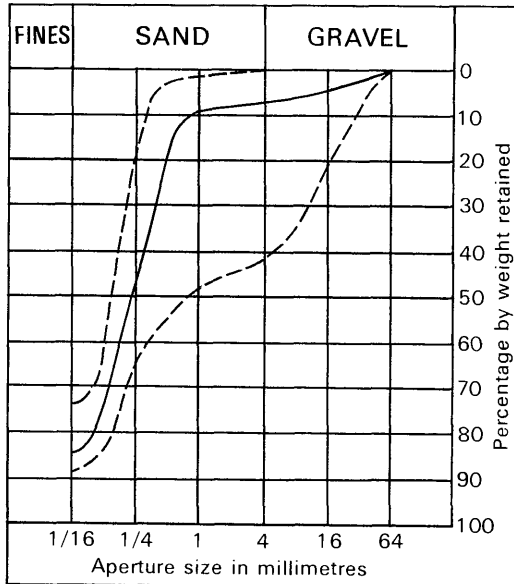
BLOCK B



BLOCK C



BLOCK D



BLOCK E

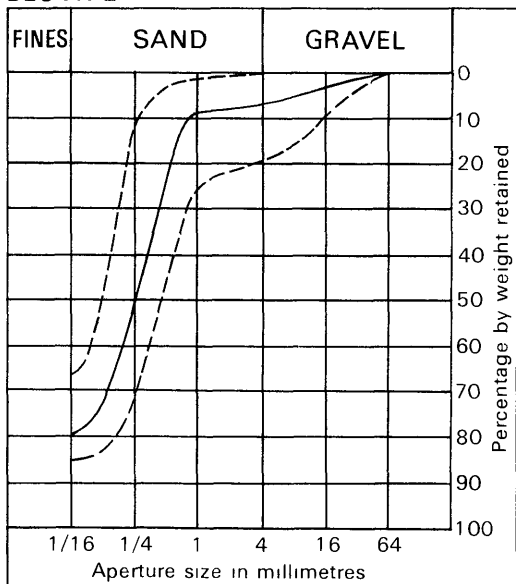


Figure 6 Particle-size distribution for mineral in blocks A, B, C, D and E. The continuous curve represents the weighted mean grading of the block; the broken lines delimit the envelope within which the mean grading curves for the individual boreholes fall

covers an area of 24.5 m². The potentially workable sand and gravel consists of 10.3 km² of glacial sand and gravel and 2.2 km² of river terrace deposits and alluvium of the River Blyth and its tributary the Cuttle Brook [195 753]. The assessment of sand and gravel resources in this block is based on data from 15 IMAU (Table 5) and three other boreholes. Much of the sand and gravel is associated with the Mere End Buried Channel (Figure 2) which is filled with a complex sequence of sands, gravels and clays. The exact distribution of the mineral in the block is not clear, for much is concealed beneath considerable thicknesses of glacial lake deposits and till. The extent of the mineral is considered to be coincident with the edge of the mapped drift, except around Needlers End, where boreholes proved mineral to be absent beneath much of the till.

Several boreholes (Table 5), for example, 17 NE 199 and 27 NW 27, located in areas mapped as glacial sand and gravel at the surface, proved only thin sequences of sand and gravel or were barren. Only thin sand and gravel was found beneath the glacial lake deposits proved in borehole 27 NW 13. In both the above situations, the area of barren ground cannot be accurately defined on the available information and consequently, nil thicknesses have been used in the assessment of resources, although the areas in question have been coloured by the appropriate shade of pink on the resource map.

The mean grading of the mineral ranges from 'clayey' sand to gravel, with the fines content ranging from 23 per cent in borehole 27 NW 32 to 2 per cent in borehole 27 NW 30. The overall mean grading for this block is 18 per cent fines, 59 per cent sand and 23 per cent gravel (Figures 5, 6). Recorded mineral thicknesses range from 1.5 m (borehole 17 NE 195) to 12.8 m (borehole 27 NW 32) and the mean thickness is 2.8 m. The estimated volume of sand and gravel is 35 million m³ ± 72 per cent at the 95 per cent confidence level.

Overburden ranged in thickness from 0.2 to 6.0 m. The maximum was recorded in borehole 27 NW 35, where the overburden, elsewhere including silt, consisted of stony and laminated clay. The calculated mean thickness is 1.4 m.

Little sub-surface information on the sand and gravel is available from any of the river terrace deposits in this block; borehole 17 NE 197 proved to be barren. However, taking note of information from block A and from boreholes drilled for the Solihull sand and gravel survey (Cannell, 1982), potentially workable sand and gravel may be present in the main valley of the River Blythe and Cuttle Brook. Elsewhere, sand and gravel is either thin or absent from the river terrace deposits.

Block D This block covers an area of 23.5 km² and contains 12.8 km² of potentially workable sand and gravel.

Table 6 Block D: data from IMAU boreholes

Borehole	Recorded thickness		Mean grading percentage					
	Mineral m	Over- burden m	Fines - $\frac{1}{16}$ mm	Sand			Gravel	
				Fine + $\frac{1}{16}$ - $\frac{1}{4}$ mm	Medium + $\frac{1}{4}$ -1 mm	Coarse +1 -4 mm	Fine +4 -16 mm	Coarse +16 mm
16 NE 67	5.6	0.7	13	44	34	3	5	1
17 SE 64	6.2	1.5	13	44	38	1	1	3
17 SE 75	2.9*	5.5	23	58	18	1	0	0
17 SE 76	7.6	0.3	15	29	35	4	6	11
17 SE 79	11.9	2.1	11	48	35	2	2	2
27 SW 11	3.6	0.4	25	10	16	7	20	22
27 SW 14	13.2	2.8	19	33	45	1	1	1
27 SW 19	Absent							
27 SW 21	6.8	9.6	21	35	43	1	0	0

* excluding waste parting of 0.5 m

It stretches from Temple Balsall [208 757] in the north to Finwood [193 683] in the south. The assessment of the sand and gravel resources is based on information from nine IMAU boreholes (Table 6), 16 other boreholes and eight interpreted resistivity soundings.

Much of the sand and gravel is associated with drift-filled channels which may be somewhat less than 1 km wide, as typified by the Kingswood Gap (Figures 2 and 3), or broader, as in the Chadwick End valley. The extent of the sand and gravel in the Kingswood Gap can be easily defined because it is well exposed. In the Chadwick End valley, however, the extent of the potentially workable sand and gravel is not clear and inferred boundaries have been used to separate ground containing mineral from areas with excessive overburden or barren ground.

Sand and gravel was encountered in all the IMAU boreholes except 27 SW 19, which proved only silts and clays in an area mapped as glacial sand and gravel. However, resistivity depth sounding HY 35, sited nearby, proved 4.8 m of mineral and both this figure and the nil thickness proved in the borehole have been taken into account in the assessment of resources.

All of the IMAU boreholes proved either sand or pebbly sand, except borehole 27 SW 11, the mineral from which graded as 'very clayey' gravel. The fines content ranged from 11 per cent in borehole 17 SE 79 to 25 per cent in borehole 27 SW 11; the mean grading for the block as a whole is 16 per cent fines, 77 per cent sand and 7 per cent gravel. Recorded thicknesses of mineral ranged from 1.2 m in borehole 16 NE 36 (a non-IMAU borehole) to 13.2 m in borehole 27 SW 14, while the interpretation of resistivity depth soundings indicates an inferred maximum thickness of 16.0 m of sand and gravel at site HY 29. The mean thickness of mineral for this block is 5.7 m and the estimated volume is 73 million m³ ± 29 per cent.

Overburden thicknesses range from 0.3 m of sandy soil over exposed mineral in the Kingswood Gap (borehole 17 SE 76) to 9.6 m of till and laminated clays in borehole 27 SW 21. Overall, the mean thickness of overburden is 1.7 m. A waste parting of 0.5 m was encountered in borehole 17 SE 75.

Block E This block covers an area of 39.1 km² and extends from Mere End [245 741] in the north to Claverdon [197 648] in the south. The assessment is based on information from seven IMAU boreholes (Table 7), 24 other boreholes and 14 resistivity depth soundings. As in blocks C and D, much of the mineral is found in drift-filled channels, with the limits of much of the sand and gravel being concealed beneath younger drift deposits. It is estimated that the block includes at least 16.1 km² of glacial sand and gravel.

Table 7 Block E: data from IMAU boreholes

Borehole	Recorded thickness		Mean grading percentage					
	Mineral	Over-burden	Fines	Sand			Gravel	
				- $\frac{1}{16}$ mm	Fine $+\frac{1}{16}$ - $\frac{1}{4}$ mm	Medium $+\frac{1}{4}$ -1 mm	Coarse +1 -4 mm	Fine +4 -16 mm
m	m							
26 NW 85	14.3	5.7	19	27	52	1	1	0
26 NW 86	Absent							
26 NW 87	Absent							
26 NW 88	Absent							
26 SW 57	Absent							
27 SW 20	5.0	3.0	33	55	11	1	0	0
27 SW 23*	7.9	1.6	15	12	47	6	11	9

* excluding waste parting of 6.8 m.

Table 8 Block F: data from IMAU boreholes

Borehole	Recorded thickness		Mean grading percentage					
	Mineral	Over-burden	Fines	Sand			Gravel	
				- $\frac{1}{16}$ mm	Fine $+\frac{1}{16}$ - $\frac{1}{4}$ mm	Medium $+\frac{1}{4}$ -1 mm	Coarse +1 -4 mm	Fine +4 -16 mm
m	m							
16 SW 17	1.2	0.5	7	4	7	7	25	50
16 SE 8	1.3	1.6	7	4	7	9	40	33
25 NW 64	5.0	1.2	11	34	29	10	10	6
26 SW 49	Absent							
26 SW 50	4.7	0.3	24	6	33	8	13	16
26 SW 53	1.1	0.2	11	7	8	10	38	26
26 SW 54	4.0	0.7	19	14	31	8	18	10
26 SW 58	1.1	0.6	21	36	38	1	1	3
26 SW 60	3.3	2.0	11	8	9	13	39	20
26 SW 61	1.3	0.4	12	7	16	11	29	25
26 SW 62	1.2	0.6	27	6	10	8	29	20
26 SW 64	3.9	0.3	14	7	17	14	35	13
26 SW 65	2.2	0.3	26	20	27	7	12	8
26 SW 66	6.0	0.4	10	58	29	1	1	1
26 SW 67	2.9	4.4	27	37	34	1	1	0
26 SW 68	3.0	0.3	11	10	42	8	19	10
26 SW 69	2.5	0.3	17	9	25	6	21	22
26 SW 71	2.8	0.4	12	19	27	14	12	16
26 SW 72	0.7	0.4	9	7	33	15	19	17

The distribution of potentially workable sand and gravel beneath overburden is very uncertain, and inferred boundaries have had to be drawn in many places. Three of the seven IMAU boreholes proved mineral. Only clays and silts were present in borehole 28 NW 85 (at Little Shrewley) which was drilled in an area mapped as glacial sand and gravel, while resistivity sounding HY 85, close by, indicated that up to 9.0 m of sand and gravel may be present (see also boreholes 26 NW 57 and 26 NW 88). Where areas of barren ground cannot be delineated or information shows rapid changes in thickness or lithology, nil thicknesses have been taken into account and included in the assessment of resources, and the areas in question have been coloured with the appropriate shade of pink on the map.

Of the three IMAU boreholes encountering mineral, two proved 'clayey' or 'very clayey' sand while the third, 27 SW 23, proved 'clayey' pebbly sand. The overall mean grading for the block is 20 per cent fines, 73 per cent sand and 7 per cent gravel (Table 2, Figures 5, 6). Recorded thicknesses of sand and gravel ranged from 1.2 m in borehole 26 NW 34 (a non-IMAU borehole) to 14.3 m in borehole 26 NW 85; the mean thickness is

4.3 m. The estimated volume of mineral in the block is 69 million m³ \pm 28 per cent, at the 95 per cent confidence level.

The overburden ranges from thin sandy soil to sandy clays and silts up to 5.7 m thick (as proved in borehole 26 NW 85). A waste parting consisting of till and glacial lake deposits 6.8 m thick was encountered in borehole 27 SW 23.

Block F This block covers 141.3 km² in the south of the resource sheet area and contains some 7.8 km² of potentially workable sand and gravel. The largest single spread of mineral is around High Close Farm [231 598]; other major deposits are found around Norton Lindsey [225 632], northwest of Ullenhall [124 673] and in the valley of the River Alne. Elsewhere, sand and gravel occurs only as small scattered patches, which vary in area from less than 0.01 km², to over 0.3 km² and average 0.02 km². The assessment is based mainly on 73 resistivity depth soundings of which 44 indicated the presence of sand and gravel; in addition, 19 IMAU boreholes (Table 8), mainly on quarter sheet SP 26 SW, and 26 other boreholes were used.

Because the mineral in this block occurs in small isolated deposits, spread over a large area, inferred assessments are offered for six sub-blocks, designated F1 to F6 (Table 2, Figure 4).

Sub-block F1 To the west of the River Alne, the major deposit of sand and gravel is part of the glacial deposits northwest of Ullenhall. Several smaller deposits have been identified elsewhere, for example, at Poole's Wood [109 663]. An area of alluvium at Barrells Park [125 664] is also shown to be potentially workable. Till has been mapped northwest of Ullenhall but the interpretation of resistivity depth sounding HY 46 suggests that up to 3.6 m of sand and gravel may lie beneath. Interpreted resistivity values indicate that thicknesses of sand and gravel in this sub-block may range from 1.2 m (site HY 91) to 5.3 m (site HY 48). Potentially workable sand and gravel occupies 1.0 km², with a mean thickness of 3.8 m, and the estimated volume of the resource is, therefore, 3.8 million m³.

Sub-block F2 The potentially workable deposits of the River Alne include areas of Second Terrace downstream from Henley-in-Arden and in the tributary valley that passes through Preston Bagot [175 658], as well as the alluvium upstream from Henley-in-Arden to Danzey Green [125 695]. Fifteen resistivity depth soundings indicated the presence of sand and gravel, ranging in inferred thickness from 1.0 to 3.6 m. In addition, two IMAU boreholes, 16 SW 17 and 16 SE 8, proved 1.2 and 1.3 m of gravel, respectively. Potentially workable sand and gravel in the fluvial deposits of the River Alne cover an area of 2.9 km², have a mean thickness of 1.7 m and an estimated volume of 4.9 million m³. Overburden is generally thin.

Sub-block F3 Between Bredon House [178 702] and Preston Bagot, small patches of glacial sand and gravel cover a total area of 0.4 km². Borehole 17 SE 4 proved 6.0 m of sand and gravel, while resistivity depth soundings suggest that mineral thicknesses may range from 0.4 m (site HY 72) to 4.7 m (site HY 60). The mean thickness of mineral is in the order of 2.9 m and it has an estimated volume of 1.2 million m³.

Sub-block F4 In an area located between the River Alne and the railway line running south from Claverdon Station [208 644], there exist more than 20 isolated patches of glacial sand and gravel. The largest of these, at Mill Mound [205 645], covers no more than 0.06 km², and the total area of mapped sand and gravel is 0.5 km². The mineral is very variable in thickness, ranging from 0.7 to 5.1 m, with a calculated mean of 1.5 m. The estimated volume of mineral is 0.8 million m³. Sand and gravel has been worked in the past at Tattle Bank [186 638].

Sub-block F5 Scattered deposits of glacial sand and gravel, including extensive spreads around Norton Lindsey, are found to the north of Sherbourne Brook [242 617]. In addition, three small areas of river terrace deposits are located around New Barn Buildings [246 625]. Fourteen IMAU and four other boreholes proved mineral thicknesses ranging from 1.1 to 6.0 m. The composition of the sand and gravel is very variable, ranging from 'clayey' gravel (borehole 26 SW 53) to 'very clayey' sand (borehole 26 SW 67). Mineral is known to be concealed beneath till at two localities in this sub-block: northwest of Norton Lindsey and at Oak Farm [207 604]. In both cases, the limit of potentially workable sand and gravel is in part delineated by an inferred boundary. The total area of mineral-bearing ground is estimated to be 1.2 km². The mean mineral thickness of 3.5 m gives an estimated sand and gravel volume of 4.2 million m³.

Sub-block F6 The remaining part of block F covers the southeastern corner of the resource sheet south of Sherbourne Brook. Two-thirds of the total of 1.8 km² of mineral is found in one continuous deposit around High Close Farm. Here, IMAU boreholes 25 NW 64 and 26 SW 71 proved 5.0 m of 'clayey' pebbly sand and 2.8 m of 'clayey' sandy gravel, respectively. Elsewhere, 12.6 m of sand and gravel were recorded in borehole 25 NW 34 (a non-IMAU borehole), and borehole 26 SW 72 proved only thin sand and gravel. The calculated mean thickness of sand and gravel in this area is 3.6 m and the estimated volume is 5.9 million m³.

List of workings

Active and abandoned pits in the district are listed below. All are sited on Glacial Sand and Gravel.

Location	Grid Reference
Active Pits	
Brown's Lane	165 768
Pinley Green	209 662
Abandoned Pits	
Tattle Bank	180 635
Big Spring Coppice	145 727
Rileys Pit	201 753

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APPENDIX A

FIELD AND LABORATORY PROCEDURES

Trial and error during initial studies of the complex and variable glacial deposits of East Anglia and Essex showed that an absolute minimum of five sample points evenly distributed across the sand and gravel are needed to provide a worthwhile statistical assessment, but that, where possible, there should be not less than ten. Sample points are any points for which adequate information exists about the nature and thickness of the deposit and may include boreholes other than those drilled during the survey and exposures. In particular, the cooperation of sand and gravel operators ensures that boreholes are not drilled where reliable information is already available; although this may be used in the calculations, it is held confidentially by the Institute and cannot be disclosed.

The mineral shown on each 1:25 000 sheet is divided into resource blocks. The arbitrary size selected is a compromise to meet the aims of the survey by providing sufficient sample points in each block. As far as possible the block boundaries are determined by geological boundaries so that, for example, glacial and river terrace gravels are separated. Otherwise division is by arbitrary lines, which may bear no relationship to the geology. The blocks are drawn provisionally before drilling begins.

A reconnaissance of the ground is carried out to record any exposures and inquiries are made to ascertain what borehole information is available. Borehole sites are then selected to provide an even pattern of sample points at a density of approximately one per square kilometre. However, because broad trends are independently overlain by smaller-scale characteristically random variations, it is unnecessary to adhere to a square grid pattern. Thus such factors as ease of access and the need to minimise disturbance to land and the public are taken into account in siting the holes; at the same time it is necessary to guard against the possibility that ease of access (that is, the positions of roads and farms) may reflect particular geological conditions, which may bias the drilling results.

The drilling machine employed should be capable of providing a continuous sample representative of all unconsolidated deposits, so that the in-situ grading can be determined, if necessary, to a depth of 30 m (100 ft) at a diameter of about 200 mm (8 in), beneath different types of overburden. It should be reliable, quiet, mobile and relatively small (so that it can be moved to sites of difficult access). Shell and auger rigs have proved to be almost ideal.

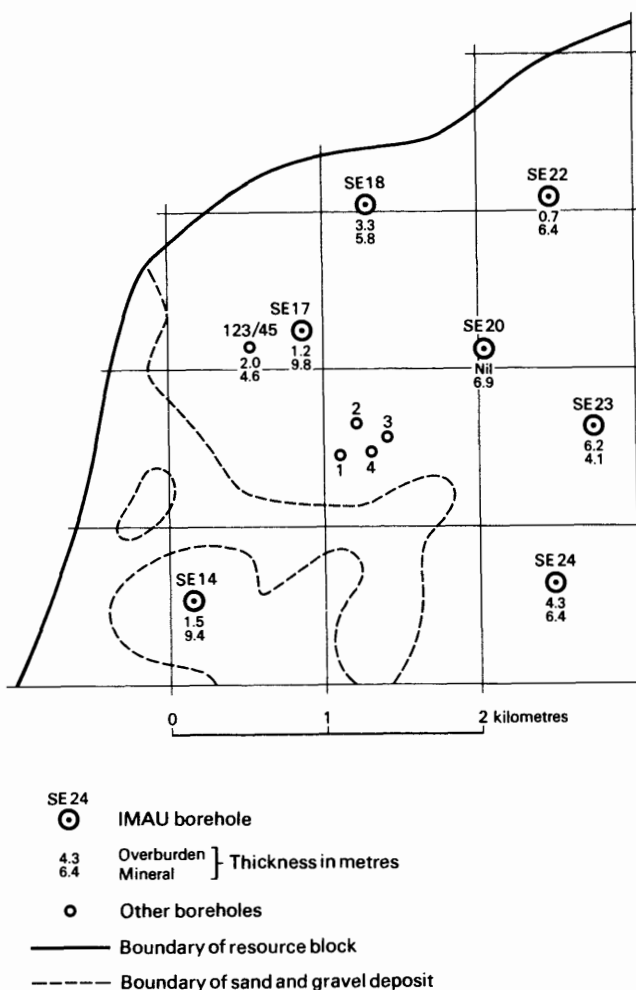
The rigs are modified to enable deposits above the water table to be drilled 'dry', instead of with water added to facilitate the drilling, to minimise the amount of material drawn in from outside the limits of the hole. The samples thus obtained are representative of the in-situ grading, and satisfy one of the most important aims of the survey. Below the water table the rigs are used conventionally, although this may result in the loss of some of the fines fraction and the pumping action of the bailer tends to draw unwanted material into the hole from the sides or the bottom.

A continuous series of bulk samples is taken throughout the sand and gravel. Ideally samples are composed exclusively of the whole of the material encountered in the borehole between stated depths. However, care is taken to discard, as far as possible, material which has caved or has been pumped from the bottom of the hole. A new sample is commenced whenever there is an appreciable lithological change within the sand and gravel, or at every 1 m (3.3 ft) depth. The samples, each weighing between 25 and 45 kg (55 and 100 lb), are despatched in heavy-duty polythene bags to a laboratory for grading. The grading procedure is based on B.S. 1337 (British Standards Institution, 1967). Random checks of the accuracy of the grading are made in the Institute's laboratories.

All data, including mean grading analysis figures calculated for the total thickness of the mineral, are entered on standard record sheets, abbreviated copies of which are reproduced in Appendix E.

Resistivity depth sounding, using the Offset Wenner electrode configuration with multi-core cable and switching box in conjunction with an ABEM SAS 300 Terrameter measuring instrument, was deployed extensively; the data were manipulated using a field-based micro-computer system, which enabled semi-automatic curve fitting to be undertaken, whereby geoelectric models were generated and compared with the field resistivity data. Iterative adjustments of the initial model allowed the best fit with the field data to be achieved, assuming uniform horizontal layering of the deposit. The system also enabled unaccepted or spurious readings to be checked and if necessary repeated without delay.

Detailed records may be consulted at the appropriate offices of the Institute, upon application to the Head, Industrial Minerals Assessment Unit.



Example of resource block assessment: map of a fictitious block

APPENDIX B

STATISTICAL PROCEDURE

Statistical assessment

1 A statistical assessment is made of an area of mineral greater than 2 km², if there are at least five evenly spaced boreholes in the resource block (for smaller areas, see Paragraph 12 below).

2 The simple methods used in the calculations are consistent with the amount of data provided by the survey (Hull, 1981). Conventional symmetrical confidence limits are calculated for the 95 per cent probability level, that is, on average nineteen out of every twenty sets of limits constructed in this way contain the true value for the volume of mineral.

3 The volume estimate (V) for the mineral in a given block is the product of two variables, the sampled areas (A) and the mean thickness (\bar{l}_m) calculated from the individual thicknesses at the sample points. The standard deviations for these variables are related such that

$$S_V = \sqrt{(S_A^2 + S_{\bar{l}_m}^2)} \quad [1]$$

4 The above relationship may be transposed such that

$$S_V = S_{\bar{l}_m} \sqrt{(1 + S_A^2 / S_{\bar{l}_m}^2)} \quad [2]$$

From this it can be seen that as $S_A^2 / S_{\bar{l}_m}^2$ tends to 0, S_V tends to $S_{\bar{l}_m}$.

If, therefore, the standard deviation for area is small with respect to that for thickness, the standard deviation for volume approximates to that for mean thickness.

5 Given that the number of approximately evenly spaced sample points in the sampled area is n with mineral thickness measurements $l_{m1}, l_{m2}, \dots, l_{mn}$, then the best estimate of mean thickness, \bar{l}_m , is given by

$$\Sigma (l_{m1} + l_{m2} \dots l_{mn}) / n.$$

For groups of closely spaced boreholes a discretionary weighting factor may be applied to avoid bias (see note on weighting below). The standard deviation for mean thickness $S_{\bar{l}_m}$, expressed as a proportion of the mean thickness, is given by

$$S_{\bar{l}_m} = (1/\bar{l}_m) \sqrt{[\Sigma (l_m - \bar{l}_m)^2 / (n - 1)]}$$

where l_m is any value in the series l_{m1} to l_{mn} .

6 The sampled area in each resource block is coloured pink on the map. Wherever possible, calculations relate to the mineral within mapped geological boundaries (which may not necessarily correspond to the limits of a deposit). Where the area is not defined by a mapped boundary, that is, where the boundary is inferred, a distinctive symbol is used. Experience suggests that the errors in determining area are small relative to those in thickness. The relationship $S_A / S_{\bar{l}_m} \leq 0.3$ is assumed in all cases. It follows from Equation [2] that

$$S_{\bar{l}_m} \leq S_V \leq 1.05 S_{\bar{l}_m} \quad [3]$$

7 The limits on the estimate of mean thickness of mineral, $L_{\bar{l}_m}$, may be expressed in absolute units $\pm (t/\sqrt{n}) \times S_{\bar{l}_m}$ or as a percentage $\pm (t/\sqrt{n}) \times S_{\bar{l}_m} \times (100/\bar{l}_m)$ per cent, where t is Student's t at the 95 per cent probability level for $(n - 1)$ degrees of freedom, evaluated by reference to statistical tables. (In applying Student's t it is assumed that the measurements are distributed normally).

8 Values of t at the 95 per cent probability level for values of n up to 20 are as follows:

n	t	n	t
1	infinity	11	2.228
2	12.706	12	2.201
3	4.303	13	2.179
4	3.182	14	2.160
5	2.776	15	2.145
6	2.571	16	2.131
7	2.447	17	2.120
8	2.365	18	2.110
9	2.306	19	2.101
10	2.262	20	2.093

(from Table 12 in *Biometrika Tables for Statisticians*, Volume 1, Second Edition, Cambridge University Press, 1962). When n is greater than 20, 1.96 is used (the value of t when n is infinity).

9 In calculating confidence limits for volume, L_V , the following inequality, corresponding to Equation [3], is applied:

$$L_{\bar{l}_m} \leq L_V \leq 1.05 L_{\bar{l}_m}.$$

10 In summary, for values of n between 5 and 20, L_V is calculated as

$$[(1.05 \times t) / \bar{l}_m] \times [\sqrt{\Sigma (l_m - \bar{l}_m)^2 / n (n - 1)}] \times 100$$

per cent,

and when n is greater than 20, as

$$[(1.05 \times 1.96) / \bar{l}_m] \times [\sqrt{\Sigma (l_m - \bar{l}_m)^2 / n (n - 1)}] \times 100$$

per cent.

11 The application of this procedure to a fictitious area is illustrated in the accompanying Figure and example of a block calculation.

Inferred assessment

12 If the sampled area of mineral in a resource block is in the region of 2 km², an assessment is inferred on the basis of geological and topographical information, usually supported by the data from one or two boreholes. The volume of mineral is calculated as the product of the area, measured from field data, and the estimated thickness. Confidence limits are not calculated.

13 In some cases a resource block may include an area left uncoloured on the map, within which mineral (as defined) is interpreted to be generally absent. If there is reason to believe that some mineral may be present, an inferred assessment may be made.

14 Note on weighting The thickness of a deposit at any point may be governed solely by the position of the point in relation to a broad trend. However, most sand and gravel deposits also exhibit a random pattern of local, and sometimes considerable, variation in thickness. Thus the distribution of sample points needs to be only approximately regular and in estimating the mean thickness only simple weighting is necessary. In practice, equal weighting can often be applied to thicknesses at all sample points. If, however, there is a distinctly unequal distribution of points, bias is avoided by dividing the sampled area into broad zones, to each of which a value roughly proportional to its area is assigned. This value is then shared between the data points with the zone as the weighting factor.

Block calculation

Scale: 1:25 000
 Block: Fictitious

Area
 Block: 11.08 km²
 Mineral: 8.32 km²

Mean thickness
 Overburden: 2.5 m
 Mineral: 6.5 m

Volume
 Overburden: 21 million m³
 Mineral: 54 million m³

Confidence limits of the estimate of mineral volume at the 95 per cent probability level: ± 20 per cent
 That is, the volume of mineral (with 95 per cent probability): 54 ± 11 million m³

Thickness estimate (measurements in metres)
 l_o = overburden thickness l_m = mineral thickness

Sample point	Weighting w	Overburden		Mineral		Remarks
		l_o	wl_o	l_m	wl_m	
SE 14	1	1.5	1.5	9.4	9.4	IMAU boreholes
SE 18	1	3.3	3.3	5.8	5.8	
SE 20	1	nil	-	6.9	6.9	
SE 22	1	0.7	0.7	6.4	6.4	
SE 23	1	6.2	6.2	4.1	4.1	
SE 24	1	4.3	4.3	6.4	6.4	
SE 17	½	1.2	-1.6	9.8	7.2	Hydrogeology Unit record
123/45	½	2.0		4.6		
1	¼	2.7	-2.6	7.3	5.8	Close group of four boreholes (commercial)
2	¼	4.5		3.2		
3	¼	0.4		6.8		
4	¼	2.8		5.9		
Totals	$\Sigma w = 8$	$\Sigma wl_o = 20.2$		$\Sigma wl_m = 52.0$		
Means		$\overline{wl_o} = 2.5$		$\overline{wl_m} = 6.5$		

Calculation of confidence limits

wl_m	$ (wl_m - \overline{wl_m}) $	$(wl_m - \overline{wl_m})^2$
9.4	2.9	8.41
5.8	0.7	0.49
6.9	0.4	0.16
6.4	0.1	0.01
4.1	2.4	5.76
6.4	0.1	0.01
7.2	0.7	0.49
5.8	0.7	0.49

$\Sigma (wl_m - \overline{wl_m})^2 = 15.82$

$n = 8$

$t = 2.365$

L_y is calculated as

$1.05 (t / \overline{wl_m}) \sqrt{[\Sigma (wl_m - \overline{wl_m})^2 / n(n-1)]} \times 100$

$= 1.05 \times (2.365 / 6.5) \sqrt{[15.82 / (8 \times 7)]} \times 100$

$= 20.3$

≈ 20 per cent.

APPENDIX C

CLASSIFICATION AND DESCRIPTION OF SAND AND GRAVEL

For the purposes of assessing resources of sand and gravel a classification should take account of economically important characteristics of the deposit, in particular the absolute content of fines and the ratio of sand to gravel.

The terminology commonly used by geologists when describing sedimentary rocks (Wentworth, 1922) is not entirely satisfactory for this purpose. For example, Wentworth proposed that a deposit should be described as a 'gravelly sand' when it contains more sand than gravel and there is at least 10 per cent of gravel, provided that there is less than 10 per cent of material finer than sand (< ½ mm) and coarser than pebbles (> 64 mm in diameter). Because deposits containing more than 10 per cent fines are not embraced by this system, a modified binary classification based on Willman (1942) has been adopted.

When the fines content exceeds 40 per cent the material is considered to be not potentially workable and falls outside the definition of mineral. Deposits which contain 40 per cent fines or less are classified primarily on the ratio of sand to gravel but qualified in the light of the fines content, as follows: less than 10 per cent fines - no qualification; 10 per cent or more but less than 20 per cent fines - 'clayey'; 20 to 40 per cent fines - 'very clayey'.

The term 'clay' (as written, with single quote marks) is used to describe all material passing ½ mm. Thus it has no mineralogical significance and includes particles falling within the size range of silt. The normal meaning applies to the term clay where it does not appear in single quotation marks.

The ratio of sand to gravel defines the boundaries between sand, pebbly sand, sandy gravel and gravel (at 19:1, 3:1 and 1:1).

Thus it is possible to classify the mineral into one of twelve descriptive categories (see the accompanying Figure). The procedure is as follows:

- 1 Classify according to the ratio of sand to gravel.
- 2 Describe the fines.

For example, a deposit grading 11 per cent gravel, 70 per cent sand and 19 per cent fines is classified as 'clayey' pebbly sand. This short description is included in the borehole log (see Appendix D)

Many differing proposals have been made for the classification of the grain size of sediments (Atterberg, 1905; Udden, 1914; Wentworth, 1922; Wentworth, 1935; Allen, 1936; Twenhofel, 1937; Lane and others, 1947). As Archer (1970a, b) has emphasised, there is a pressing need for a simple metric scale acceptable to both scientific and engineering interests, for which the class limit sizes correspond closely with certain marked changes in the natural properties of mineral particles. For example, there is an important change in the degree of cohesion between particles at about the ½-mm size, which approximates to the generally accepted boundary between silt and sand. These and other requirements are met by a system based on Udden's geometric scale and a simplified form of Wentworth's terminology (see the accompanying table), which is used in the Report.

The fairly wide intervals in the scale are consistent with the general level of accuracy of the qualitative assessments of the resource blocks. Three sizes of sand are recognised, fine (+½ - ¼ mm), medium (+¼ - 1 mm) and coarse (+1 - 4 mm). The boundary at 16 mm distinguishes a range of finer gravel (+4 - 16 mm), often characterised by abundance of worn tough pebbles of vein quartz, from larger pebbles, often of notably different materials. The boundary at 64 mm distinguishes pebbles from cobbles. The term 'gravel' is used loosely to denote both pebble-sized and cobble-sized material.

The size distribution of borehole samples is determined by sieve analysis, which is presented by the laboratory as logarithmic cumulative curves (see, for example, British Standards Institution, 1967). In this report the grading is tabulated on the borehole record sheets (Appendix E), the intercepts corresponding with the simple geometric scale $\frac{1}{8}$ mm, $\frac{1}{4}$ mm, 1 mm, 4 mm, 16 mm and so on as required. Original sample grading curves are available for reference at the appropriate office of the Institute.

Each bulk sample is described, subjectively, by a geologist at the borehole site. Being based on visual examination, the description of the grading is inexact, the accuracy depending on the experience of the observer. The descriptions recorded are modified, as necessary, when the laboratory results become available.

The relative proportions of the rock types present in the gravel fraction are indicated by the use of the words 'and' or 'with'. For example, 'flint and quartz' indicates roughly equal proportions with neither constituent accounting for less than about 25 per cent of the whole; 'flint with quartz' indicates that flint is dominant and quartz, the principal accessory rock type, comprises 5 to 25 per cent of the whole. Where the accessory material accounts for less than 5 per cent of the whole, but is still readily apparent, the phrase 'with some' has been used. Rare constituents are referred to as 'trace'.

The terms used in the field to describe the degree of rounding of particles, which is concerned with the sharpness of the edges and corners of a clastic fragment and not the shape (after Pettijohn, 1975), are as follows.

Angular: showing little or no evidence of wear; sharp edges and corners.

Subangular: showing definite effects of wear. Fragments still have their original form but edges and corners begin to be rounded off.

Subrounded: showing considerable wear. The edges and corners are rounded off to smooth curves. Original grain shape is still distinct.

Rounded: original faces almost completely destroyed, but some comparatively flat surfaces may still remain. All original edges and corners have been smoothed off to rather broad curves. Original shape is still apparent.

Well rounded: no original faces, edges or corners left. The entire surface consists of broad curves; flat areas are absent. The original shape is suggested by the present form of the grain.

Classification of gravel, sand and fines

Size limits	Grain-size description	Qualification	Primary classification
64 mm	Cobble		
16 mm	Pebble	Coarse	Gravel
4 mm		Fine	
1 mm		Coarse	
$\frac{1}{4}$ mm	Sand	Medium	Sand
$\frac{1}{8}$ mm		Fine	
	Fines (silt and clay)		Fines

I Gravel

II 'Clayey' gravel

III 'Very clayey' gravel

IV Sandy gravel

V 'Clayey' sandy gravel

VI 'Very clayey' sandy gravel

VII Pebbly sand

VIII 'Clayey' pebbly sand

IX 'Very clayey' pebbly sand

X Sand

XI 'Clayey' sand

XII 'Very clayey' sand

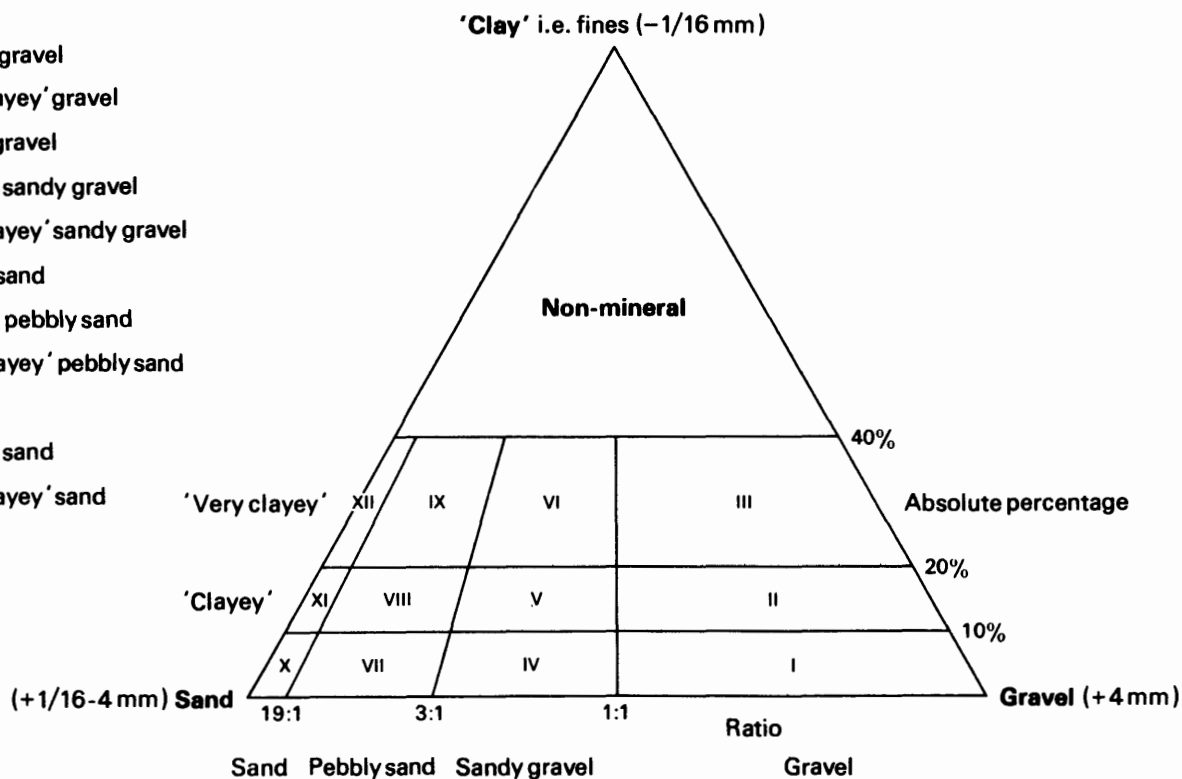


Diagram showing the descriptive categories used in the classification of sand and gravel

Appendix D

EXPLANATION OF THE BOREHOLE RECORDS

Annotated fictitious example

CK 65 NW 5 ¹	6191 6962 ²	Northfields ³	Block B
Surface level (+49.7m) +163 ft ⁴			Overburden ⁷ 2.8 m
Water struck at +45.9m ⁵			Mineral 5.4 m
October 1972 ⁶			Waste 1.1 m
			Mineral 1.4 m
			Bedrock 0.7 m ⁸

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology ⁹	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.2	0.2
Alluvium	Clay, silty, dark brown	2.6	2.8
River Terrace Deposits	a Gravel Gravel: fine to coarse, with cobbles towards base, angular to rounded flint and limestone with ironstone and some quartz and chalk Sand: medium with coarse and some fine, quartz and limestone	5.4	8.2
Boulder Clay	Clay, sandy and pebbly, red-brown	1.1	9.3
Glacial Sand and Gravel	b Sand, 'clayey' in part: fine, subangular to rounded, with some coal	1.4	10.7
Lias	Mudstone, blue-grey, fossiliferous	0.7+	11.4

GRADING¹⁰

	Mean for deposit percentages			Depth below surface (m)	Percentages						
	Fines	Sand	Gravel		Fines		Sand			Gravel	
					- $\frac{1}{16}$	$+\frac{1}{16}$ - $\frac{1}{4}$	$+\frac{1}{4}$ -1	+1 -4	+4 -16	+16 -64	+64 mm
a	5	46	49	2.8-3.9	20	14	62	2	2	0	0
				3.8-4.8	2	2	12	18	42	24	0
				4.8-5.8	1	3	24	13	35	24	0
				5.8-6.8	0	4	21	20	26	29	0
				6.8-8.2	4	3	23	10	23	30	7
				Mean	5	5	28	13	25	22	2
b	5	95	0	9.3-10.3	3	73	23	1	0	0	0
				10.3-10.7	9	85	5	1	0	0	0
				Mean	5	77	17	1	0	0	0
a+b	5	56	39	Mean	5	20	26	10	20	17	2

COMPOSITION¹¹

Depth below surface (m)	percentages by weight in the +4-64 mm fraction				
	Flint	Quartz	Limestone	Chalk	Ironstone
3.8-4.8	41	5	50	1	3
4.8-5.8	39	3	45	5	8
5.8-6.8	45	2	42	5	6
6.8-8.2	19	6	61	3	11
Mean	35	4	51	3	7

The numbered paragraphs below correspond with the annotations given on the specimen record opposite.

1 Borehole Registration Number

Each Industrial Minerals Assessment Unit (IMAU) borehole is identified by a Registration Number. This consists of two statements.

- a The number of the 1:25 000 sheet on which the borehole lies, here CK 66.
- b The quarter of the 1:25 000 sheet on which the borehole lies and the number of the borehole in a series for that quarter, here NW 5.

Thus the full Registration Number is CK 66 NW 5.

2 National Grid Reference

All National Grid Reference fall in the 100 km square identified by the first two letters of the Registration Number. Grid references are given to eight figures, accurate to within 10 m.

3 Location

The position of the borehole is generally referred to the nearest named locality on the 1:25 000 base map and the resource block in which the borehole lies is stated.

4 Surface level

The surface level at the borehole site is given in metres and feet above Ordnance Datum. All measurements were made in metres; approximate conversions to feet are given in brackets.

5 Groundwater conditions

If groundwater was present the level at which it was encountered is normally given (in metres relative to Ordnance Datum).

6 Type of drill and date of drilling

The type of rig used, the diameter of the casing and the month and year of completion of drilling are stated.

7 Overburden, mineral, waste and bedrock

Mineral is sand and gravel which, as part of a deposit, falls within the arbitrary definition of potentially workable material (see p.1). Bedrock is the 'formation', 'country rock' or 'rock head' below which potentially workable sand and gravel will not be found. Waste is any material other than bedrock or mineral. Where waste occurs between the surface and mineral it is classified as overburden.

8 The plus sign (+) indicated that the base of the deposit was not reached during drilling.

9 Lithological description

When sand and gravel is recorded a general description based on the grading characteristics (for details see Appendix C) is followed by more detailed particulars of the gravel and/or sand fraction. Where more than one bed of mineral is recognised each is designated by a letter, e.g. a, b, etc. The description of other deposits is based on visual examination in the field.

10 Grading data

A continuous series of bulk samples is taken throughout the thickness of sand and gravel. A new sample is commenced whenever there is an appreciable lithological change or at every 1 m of depth.

For each bulk sample the percentages of fines (- mm), fine sand (+ $-\frac{1}{4}$ mm), medium sand (+ $\frac{1}{4}$ -1 mm), coarse sand (+1 -4 mm), fine gravel (+4 -16 mm), coarse gravel (+16 -64 mm) and cobble gravel (+64 mm) are stated.

The mean grading of groups of samples making up an identified bed of mineral are also given in detail and in summary. Where more than one bed is recognised the mean grading for the whole of the mineral in the borehole may be given. Where necessary, in calculating mean gradings, data for individual samples are weighted by the thickness represented. If, exceptionally, grading results are not available for a sample, an attempt may be made to estimate the grading by comparing the grading and field descriptions of adjacent samples with the sample in question. Such estimates are shown in square brackets. Alternatively, in calculating means, the sample may be allotted the mean grading of other samples in the deposit.

Fully representative sampling of sand and gravel is difficult to achieve, particularly where groundwater levels are high. Comparison between boreholes and adjacent exposures commonly suggests that in borehole samples the proportion of sand may be higher and the proportion of fines and coarse gravel may be lower.

11 Composition

Details of the composition of selected samples or groups of samples may be given.

APPENDIX E

INDUSTRIAL MINERALS ASSESSMENT UNIT BOREHOLE RECORDS

SP 16 NE 66 1549 6936 Upland Cottage

Block B

Surface level +138.1 m (+453 ft)
 Water struck at +134.3 m
 September 1982

Overburden 1.7 m
 Mineral 2.3 m
 Bedrock 0.2 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.5	0.5
Till	Sandy clay, light brown; pebbles of sandstone, quartzite, quartz, flint and chalk	1.2	1.7
Glacial Sand and Gravel	'Very clayey' pebbly sand Gravel: fine and coarse, rounded to well rounded quartzite and quartz with yellow sandstone and trace igneous rocks Sand: fine and medium, subangular to subrounded quartz Fines: silty clay, strong brown	2.3	4.0
Mercia Mudstone Group	Mudstone, moderate reddish brown with green spots	0.2+	4.2

GRADING

Mean for deposit percentages			Depth below surface (m)	Percentages						
Fines	Sand	Gravel		Fines	Sand			Gravel		
				- $\frac{1}{16}$	+ $\frac{1}{16}$ - $\frac{1}{4}$	+ $\frac{1}{4}$ -1	+1 -4	+4 -16	+16 -64	+64 mm
22	65	13	1.7-2.7	22	17	39	4	14	4	0
			2.7-4.0	22	17	47	4	7	3	0
			Mean	22	17	44	4	10	3	0

COMPOSITION

Depth below surface (m)	percentages by weight in 8-16 mm fraction									
	Quartzite	Quartz	Sandstone	Limestone	Flint	Mudstone	Ironstone	Igneous	Others	
2.7-4.0	51	38	10	-	trace	-	trace	1	-	

Surface level +95.1 m (+312 ft)
 Water struck at +92.1 m
 August 1982

Overburden 0.7 m
 Mineral 5.6 m
 Bedrock 1.2 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil and brown sandy pebbly clay	0.7	0.7
Alluvial Fan	a 'Clayey' sandy gravel Gravel: fine with coarse, rounded to well rounded quartzite and quartz with sandstone and trace igneous rocks Sand: fine to coarse, subangular to subrounded quartz	0.6	1.3
Glacial Sand and Gravel	b 'Clayey' sand Sand: fine and medium, subangular to subrounded quartz; coal fragments from 5.3-6.3 m Fines: silty, light brown	5.0	6.3
Mercia Mudstone Group	Silty clay, soft to firm, reddish brown with green marbling	1.2+	7.5

GRADING

	Mean for deposit percentages			Depth below surface (m)	Percentages						
	Fines	Sand	Gravel		Fines Sand Gravel						
					$-\frac{1}{16}$	$+\frac{1}{16} - \frac{1}{4}$	$+\frac{1}{4} - 1$	$+1 - 4$	$+4 - 16$	$+16 - 64$	$+64$ mm
a	11	46	43	0.7-1.3	11	21	19	6	32	11	0
b	13	86	1	1.3-2.3	24	37	38	1	0	0	0
				2.3-3.3	15	52	32	1	0	0	0
				3.3-4.3	11	57	31	1	0	0	0
				4.3-5.3	7	75	17	1	0	0	0
				5.3-6.3	8	18	59	7	7	1	0
			Mean	13	48	36	2	1	trace	0	
a+b	13	81	6	0.7-6.3	13	44	34	3	5	1	0

SP 16 SW 17 1481 6184 Pennyford Hall

Block F₂

Surface level +56.2 m (+185 ft)
 Water struck at +54.7 m
 January 1983

Overburden 0.5 m
 Mineral 1.2 m
 Bedrock 1.3 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.5	0.5
River Terrace Deposits	Gravel Gravel: coarse with fine, well rounded sandstone and quartzite Sand: fine to coarse, angular quartz and quartzite	1.2	1.7
Mercia Mudstone Group	Clay and mudstone, red with green spots	1.3+	3.0

GRADING

Mean for deposit percentages			Depth below surface (m)	Percentages						
Fines	Sand	Gravel		Fines	Sand		Gravel			
				$-\frac{1}{16}$	$+\frac{1}{16}$ - $\frac{1}{4}$	$+\frac{1}{4}$ - 1	+1 - 4	+4 - 16	+16 - 64	+64 mm
7	18	75	0.5-1.7	7	4	7	7	25	48	2

Surface level +126.7 m (+416 ft)
 Water not encountered
 September 1982

Waste 2.0 m
 Bedrock 1.0 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.3	0.3
Till	Clay, light brown; pebbles of quartzite, quartz, sandstone, flint, chalk and green mudstone	1.7	2.0
Mercia Mudstone Group	Mudstone, reddish brown and yellow-green	1.0+	3.0

Surface level +115.2 m (+378 ft)
 Water struck at +111.7 and +99.7 m
 January 1983

Waste 16.0 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Made ground	1.3	1.3
Till	Clay, reddish brown to brown; pebbles of quartzite, quartz, flint and red marl Clay, brown with thin pale brown silty partings, laminated	12.7	14.0
		2.0+	16.0

SP 16 SE 8 1610 6387 Pettiford Bridge

Block F₂

Surface level +64.1 m (+210 ft)
 Water struck at +62.4 m
 January 1983

Overburden 1.6 m
 Mineral 1.3 m
 Bedrock 1.1 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil and made ground	1.1	1.1
Alluvium	Clay, grey, gravelly	0.5	1.6
River Terrace Deposits	Gravel Gravel: fine and coarse, well rounded quartzite and quartz with sandstone and trace flint Sand: fine to coarse, angular to subrounded, quartz and quartzite	1.3	2.9
Mercia Mudstone Group	Mudstone and siltstone, grey-green	1.1+	4.0

GRADING

Mean for deposit percentages			Depth below surface (m)	Percentages						
Fines	Sand	Gravel		Fines	Sand			Gravel		
				- $\frac{1}{8}$	+ $\frac{1}{8}$ - $\frac{1}{4}$	+ $\frac{1}{4}$ -1	+1 -4	+4 -16	+16 -64	+64 mm
7	20	73	1.6-2.9	7	4	7	9	40	31	2

COMPOSITION

Depth below surface (m)	percentages by weight in 8-16 mm fraction								
	Quartzite	Quartz	Sandstone	Limestone	Flint	Mudstone	Ironstone	Igneous	Others
1.6-2.9	58	32	9	-	1	-	-	-	-

Surface level +146.0 m (+479 ft)
 Water struck at +138.2 m
 August 1982

Waste 10.2 m
 Bedrock 0.3 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil and fill	0.3	0.3
Till	Clay, reddish brown to moderate brown, pebbly; pebbles of quartzite, quartz, sandstone and grey siltstone	5.3	5.6
	Clay, sandy, yellowish orange, pebbly; pebbles of quartzite, quartz and sandstone with many sand-sized fragments as above	1.7	7.3
Glacial Sand and Gravel	'Clayey' sandy gravel Gravel: fine and coarse, rounded to well rounded, quartzite, quartz with sandstone and trace igneous rocks and mudstone Sand: fine to coarse, subangular quartz	0.8	8.1
Glacial Lake Deposits	Clay, reddish brown and brown, with thin bands of quartz sand	1.3	9.4
Glacial Sand and Gravel	Gravel Gravel: fine and coarse, rounded to well rounded quartzite and quartz with sandstone and trace green igneous rocks Sand: medium and coarse, subangular to subrounded quartz and angular quartzite	0.8	10.2
Mercia Mudstone Group	Silty clay, reddish brown with olive banding	0.3+	10.5

GRADING

Mean for deposit percentages			Depth below surface (m)	Percentages						
Fines	Sand	Gravel		Fines	Sand			Gravel		
				- $\frac{1}{16}$	+ $\frac{1}{16}$ - $\frac{1}{4}$	+ $\frac{1}{4}$ -1	+1 -4	+4 -16	+16 -64	+64 mm
18	53	29	7.3-7.5	19	16	29	5	16	12	3
			7.5-8.1	17	9	39	8	16	11	0
			Mean	18	11	35	7	16	12	1
5	31	64	9.4-10.2	5	3	19	9	28	36	0

COMPOSITION

Depth below surface (m)	percentages by weight in 8-16 mm fraction									
	Quartzite	Quartz	Sandstone	Limestone	Flint	Mudstone	Ironstone	Igneous	Others	
7.5-8.1	55	28	15	-	-	1	-	1	-	
9.4-10.2	50	35	14	-	-	0	-	1	-	

Surface level +148.2 m (+486 ft)
 Water struck at +140.2 m
 August 1982

Waste 10.0 m
 Bedrock 0.5 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.2	0.2
Till	Clay, yellowish orange and yellowish grey, sandy and laminated below 2.5 m	2.8	3.0
	Clay, reddish brown, pebbly; pebbles of quartzite, quartz, red and green mudstone and coal	3.4	6.4
	Clay, yellowish orange, pebbly; pebbles of quartzite, quartz and rare flint	1.8	8.2
Glacial Sand and Gravel	Gravel Gravel: fine and coarse, rounded to well rounded quartzite and quartz with sandstone and trace mudstone and igneous rocks Sand: medium and coarse, subangular to subrounded quartz	0.8	9.0
Till	Clay, reddish brown, pebbly; pebbles of quartzite, quartz and coal	0.5	9.5
	Silt, olive grey with coal fragments	0.5	10.0
Mercia Mudstone Group	Silty clay, reddish brown with green spots	0.5+	10.5

GRADING

Mean for deposit percentages			Depth below surface (m)	Percentages						
Fines	Sand	Gravel		Fines	Sand			Gravel		
				- $\frac{1}{16}$	+ $\frac{1}{16}$ - $\frac{1}{4}$	+ $\frac{1}{4}$ -1	+1 -4	+4 -16	+16 -64	+64 mm
5	29	66	8.2-9.0	5	4	13	12	29	37	0

COMPOSITION

Depth below surface (m)	percentages by weight in 8-16 mm fraction								
	Quartzite	Quartz	Sandstone	Limestone	Flint	Mudstone	Ironstone	Igneous	Others
8.2-9.0	51	31	15	-	-	1	-	2	-

Surface level +139.9 m (+459 ft)
 Water struck at +137.4 m and +131.4 m
 August 1982

Waste 10.5 m
 Bedrock 0.5 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.5	0.5
Till	Silty clay, yellowish orange with layers of silty sand; pebbly below 3.3 m	3.7	4.2
	Clay, reddish brown, pebbly; pebbles of quartzite, quartz, sandstone, red and green mudstone and coal	3.8	8.0
	Clay, yellowish orange with pebbles as above	0.5	8.5
Glacial Sand and Gravel	'Clayey' gravel Gravel: fine and coarse, rounded to well rounded, quartzite, quartz, sandstone and green igneous rocks Sand: fine to coarse, angular to subrounded quartz	0.6	9.1
Glacial Lake Deposits	Silty clay, moderate brown to reddish brown; laminated below 10.0 m	1.2	10.3
	Silty clay, yellowish brown	0.2	10.5
Mercia Mudstone Group	Silty mudstone, yellowish brown and moderate brown with pale green spots and streaks	0.5+	11.0

GRADING

Mean for deposit percentages			Depth below surface (m)	Percentages						
Fines	Sand	Gravel		Fines	Sand		Gravel			
				- $\frac{1}{8}$	$+\frac{1}{16}$ - $\frac{1}{4}$	$+\frac{1}{4}$ -1	+1 -4	+4 -16	+16 -64	+64 mm
15	25	60	8.5-9.1	15	4	15	6	26	34	0

Surface level +138.4 m (+454 ft)
 Water struck at +134.5 m
 August 1982

Overburden 2.2 m
 Mineral 2.8 m
 Bedrock 0.3 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.3	0.3
Till	Clay, reddish brown, pebbly; pebbles of quartzite, quartz and red siltstone	1.9	2.2
Glacial Sand and Gravel	a 'Clayey' sand Sand: mainly medium, subangular to subrounded quartz Fines: silty, yellowish orange	0.9	3.1
	b 'Clayey' sandy gravel Gravel: fine and coarse, rounded to well rounded quartzite, quartz with sandstone and angular to subrounded red siltstone Sand: mainly medium, subangular to subrounded quartz	1.9	5.0
Mercia Mudstone Group	Silty clay, red and greenish grey, marbled	0.3+	5.3

GRADING

	Mean for deposit percentages			Depth below surface (m)	Percentages									
	Fines	Sand	Gravel		Fines			Sand				Gravel		
					-1/16	+1/16 - 1/4	+1/4 - 1	+1 - 4	+4 - 16	+16 - 64	+64 mm			
a	17	81	2	2.2-3.1	17	14	66	1	2					
b	13	44	43	3.1-4.1	14	13	31	7	19	16	0			
				4.1-5.0	12	5	22	9	24	25	3			
				Mean	13	9	27	8	21	21	1			
a+b	14	56	30	2.2-5.0	14	11	39	6	15	14	1			

Surface level +133 m (+436 ft)
 Water struck at +126 m
 203 mm shell
 December 1980

Overburden 0.3 m
 Mineral 3.7 m
 Waste 1.4 m
 Mineral 4.6 m
 Bedrock 0.5 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.3	0.3
Glacial Sand and Gravel	a 'Very clayey' pebbly sand Gravel: fine, subangular to well-rounded, mainly quartzite with quartz Sand: fine and medium	3.7	4.0
	Silt, sandy, stonefree, brown	1.4	5.4
	b 'Very clayey' pebbly sand Gravel: fine and coarse, subangular to well-rounded, mainly quartzite with quartz Sand: medium	3.1	8.5
	c Gravel Gravel: fine and coarse with cobbles, subangular to well-rounded, quartzite with quartz and some sandstone Sand: medium and coarse	1.5	10.0
Mercia Mudstone Group	Mudstone, reddish brown with green sandstone	0.5+	10.5

GRADING

	Mean for deposit percentages			Depth below surface (m)	Percentages						
	Fines	Sand	Gravel		Fines			Gravel			
					- $\frac{1}{16}$	+ $\frac{1}{16}$ - $\frac{1}{4}$	+ $\frac{1}{4}$ -1	+1 -4	+4 -16	+16 -64	+64 mm
a	29	67	4	0.3-2.0	34	19	42	2	3	0	0
				2.0-3.0	23	28	33	4	11	1	0
				3.0-4.0	26	39	35	0	0	0	0
				Mean	29	27	38	2	4	0	0
b	27	63	10	5.4-7.0	21	9	53	3	9	5	0
				7.0-8.5	34	18	42	2	2	2	0
				Mean	27	13	47	3	6	4	0
c	8	18	74	8.5-10.0	8	3	8	7	27	34	13
b+c	21	49	30	Mean	21	10	35	4	13	13	4
a-c	25	56	19	Mean	25	17	36	3	9	8	2

Surface level +121 m (+397 ft)
 Water struck at +120.9 m
 203 mm shell
 December 1980

Waste 3.3 m
 Bedrock 2.2 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.1	0.1
Glacial Sand and Gravel	Clay, sandy, yellow-brown with blue-grey gleying; rare subrounded to well-rounded pebbles, mainly quartzite and quartz	2.7	2.8
	'Very clayey' sand with a few pebbles, brown; mainly medium	0.5	3.3
Mercia Mudstone Group	Mudstone, red-brown with green sandstone	2.2+	5.5

GRADING

Mean for deposit percentages			Depth below surface (m)	Percentages						
Fines	Sand	Gravel		Fines	Sand			Gravel		
				- $\frac{1}{8}$	+ $\frac{1}{8}$ - $\frac{1}{4}$	+ $\frac{1}{4}$ -1	+1 -4	+4 -16	+16 -64	+64 mm
22	77	1	2.8-3.3	22	27	48	2	1	0	0

Surface level +135.0 m (+443 ft)
 Water not encountered
 203 mm shell
 December 1980

Waste 1.8 m
 Bedrock 2.7 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.4	0.4
Glacial Sand and Gravel	Clay, sandy, stony, mottled grey to reddish brown; scattered, subangular to well-rounded pebbles, mainly quartzite and quartz	1.4	1.8
Mercia Mudstone Group	Mudstone, red-brown with green sandstone	2.7+	4.5

Surface level +119 m (+390 ft)
 Water struck at +117 m
 203 mm shell
 December 1980

Overburden 0.5 m
 Mineral 1.5 m
 Bedrock 3.5 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.5	0.5
Glacial Sand and Gravel	'Very clayey' gravel Gravel: fine and coarse, subangular to well-rounded, mainly quartzite with quartz Sand: mainly medium	1.5	2.0
Mercia Mudstone Group	Mudstone, red and green	3.5+	5.5

GRADING

Mean for deposit percentages			Depth below surface (m)	Percentages						
Fines	Sand	Gravel		Fines	Sand			Gravel		
				-1/16	+1/16 - 1/4	+1/4 - 1	+1 - 4	+4 - 16	+16 - 64	+64 mm
21	36	43	0.5-1.5	24	11	15	11	28	11	0
			1.5-2.0	16	5	24	6	18	31	0
			Mean	21	9	18	9	25	18	0

SP 17 NE 196 1918 7662 Elvers Green Farm

Block C

Surface level +119 m (+390 ft)
Water not encountered
203 mm shell
December 1980

Waste 2.9 m
Bedrock 1.1 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.5	0.5
Glacial Sand and Gravel	Clay, sandy, stony, mottled reddish brown to grey-green; scattered subrounded to well-rounded pebbles, mainly quartzite with quartz	2.4	2.9
Mercia Mudstone Group	Mudstone, red-brown with green sandstone	1.1+	4.0

Surface level +98 m (+322 ft)
 Water not encountered
 203 mm shell
 December 1980

Waste 3.6 m
 Bedrock 0.9 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Made ground	0.4	0.4
River Terrace Deposits	Clay, stony, mottled yellow-brown to grey-brown; scattered subangular to well-rounded pebbles, mainly quartzite and quartz	0.6	1.0
	'Very clayey' sandy gravel Gravel: fine and coarse with cobbles, subrounded to well-rounded, mainly quartzite with quartz Sand: fine and medium	0.5	1.5
	Clay, silty, blue-grey becoming brown with depth; rare well-rounded quartzite pebbles	1.5	3.0
	Clay, silty, black; scattered subrounded to well-rounded pebbles, mainly quartzite and quartz	0.6	3.6
Arden Sandstone	Mudstone, red-brown with green sandstone	0.9+	4.5

GRADING

Mean for deposit percentages			Depth below surface (m)	Percentages						
Fines	Sand	Gravel		Fines	Sand			Gravel		
				- $\frac{1}{16}$	+ $\frac{1}{16}$ - $\frac{1}{4}$	+ $\frac{1}{4}$ -1	+1 -4	+4 -16	+16 -64	+64 mm
23	54	23	1.0-1.5	23	21	31	2	6	6	11

Surface level +133 m (+436 ft)
 Water struck at +126.7 m
 203 mm shell
 December 1980

Overburden 1.5 m
 Mineral 1.3 m
 Waste 3.5 m
 Mineral 4.9 m
 Bedrock 1.3 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.5	0.5
Till	Clay, sandy, mottled yellow-brown to reddish brown; scattered subangular to well-rounded pebbles, mainly quartzite	1.0	1.5
Glacial Sand and Gravel	a 'Very clayey' sand with a few pebbles, reddish brown; medium	1.3	2.8
Till	Clay, sandy, yellowish brown to brown; rare subangular to well-rounded pebbles, mainly quartzite	1.3	4.1
?Glacial Lake Deposits	Clay, silty, sand lenses, stonefree, red-brown	2.2	6.3
Glacial Sand and Gravel	b Gravel Gravel: fine and coarse, subangular to well-rounded, quartzite with quartz and some mudstone, sandstone and igneous rock Sand: medium	4.9	11.2
Mercia Mudstone Group	Mudstone, red-brown with green sandstone	1.3+	12.5

GRADING

	Mean for deposit percentages			Depth below surface (m)	Percentages								
	Fines	Sand	Gravel		Fines			Sand			Gravel		
					-1/16	+1/16 - 1/4	+1/4 - 1	+1 - 4	+4 - 16	+16 - 64	+64 mm		
a	23	75	2	1.5-2.8	23	16	59	0	2	0	0		
b	9	39	52	6.3-7.5	12	5	19	3	18	43	0		
				7.5-8.5	2	1	6	5	31	55	0		
				8.5-11.2	11	14	34	5	15	21	0		
				Mean	9	9	25	5	19	33	0		
a+b	12	47	41	Mean	12	11	32	4	15	26	0		

COMPOSITION

	Depth below surface (m)	percentages by weight in 8-16 mm fraction								
		Quartzite	Quartz	Sandstone	Limestone	Flint	Mudstone	Ironstone	Igneous	Other
b	6.3-11.2	75	21	1	-	-	2	1	1	-

Surface level +104 m (+341 ft)
 Water struck at +99.2 m
 203 mm shell
 December 1980

Waste 3.8 m
 Bedrock 4.2 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Made ground	2.0	2.0
Glacial Sand and Gravel	'Clayey' gravel Gravel: mainly fine, subangular to well-rounded, mainly quartzite with quartz Sand: fine to coarse, angular to well-rounded	0.8	2.8
Till	Clay, silty, stony, mottled reddish-brown to grey; scattered subangular to well-rounded pebbles, mainly quartzite	1.0	3.8
Mercia Mudstone Group	Mudstone, sandy to 7.0 m, reddish brown with green sandstone	4.2+	8.0

GRADING

Mean for deposit percentages			Depth below surface (m)	Percentages						
Fines	Sand	Gravel		Fines	Sand			Gravel		
				- $\frac{1}{8}$	+ $\frac{1}{8}$ - $\frac{1}{4}$	+ $\frac{1}{4}$ -1	+1 -4	+4 -16	+16 -64	+64 mm
17	33	50	2.0-2.8	17	8	15	10	33	17	0

Surface level +147.3 m (+483 ft)
 Water struck at +139.3 m
 September 1982

Overburden 6.6 m
 Mineral 6.9 m
 Bedrock 0.3 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.4	0.4
Till	Clay, sandy, reddish brown, pebbly; pebbles of quartzite, quartz, red and green mudstone and coal	6.2	6.6
Glacial Sand and Gravel	a 'Clayey' pebbly sand Gravel: fine and coarse, rounded to well rounded quartzite and quartz with sandstone and trace mudstone Sand: fine and medium, subangular to subrounded quartz	5.0	11.6
	b Sandy gravel Gravel: fine and coarse, rounded to well rounded quartzite and quartz with sandstone and trace flint and mudstone Sand: mainly medium, angular to subrounded quartz	1.9	13.5
Mercia Mudstone Group	Mudstone, reddish brown with green spots	0.3+	13.8

GRADING

	Mean for deposit percentages			Depth below surface (m)	Percentages							
	Fines	Sand	Gravel		Fines		Sand		Gravel			
					-16	+16 -4	+4 -1	+1 -4	+4 -16	+16 -64	+64 mm	
a	18	73	9	6.6-7.6	24	26	22	7	18	3	0	
				7.6-8.6	15	26	49	2	5	3	0	
				8.6-9.6	14	26	58	2	0	0	0	
				9.6-11.6	18	31	40	3	4	4	0	
				Mean	18	28	42	3	6	3	0	
b	4	63	33	11.6-12.6	3	12	30	8	22	25	0	
				12.6-13.5	6	14	58	6	10	6	0	
				Mean	4	13	43	7	17	16	0	
a+b	14	71	15	6.6-13.5	14	24	43	4	9	6	0	

COMPOSITION

Depth below surface (m)	percentages by weight in 8-16 mm fraction									
	Quartzite	Quartz	Sandstone	Limestone	Flint	Mudstone	Ironstone	Igneous	Others	
9.6-11.6	47	43	8	-	0	2	-	-	-	
11.6-12.6	49	37	13	-	1	trace	-	-	-	

Surface level +154.9 m (+508 ft)
 Water struck at +148.0 m
 September 1982

Waste 9.9 m
 Bedrock 0.8 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.3	0.3
Till	Clay, sandy, yellowish orange, laminated below 1.2 m; small quartzite pebbles and coal fragments	3.7	4.0
	Clay, moderate brown to greyish brown, pebbly; small pebbles of quartzite, quartz, red and green siltstones and coal	2.9	6.9
Glacial Sand and Gravel	'Very clayey' sand Sand: mainly medium, quartz Fines: silty clay, moderate brown	1.1	8.0
Till	Clay, moderate brown, sandy with sporadic small pebbles	1.9	9.9
Mercia Mudstone Group	Mudstone, moderate brown with greenish grey spots	0.8+	10.7

GRADING

Mean for deposit percentages			Depth below surface (m)	Percentages						
Fines	Sand	Gravel		Fines	Sand		Gravel			
				$-\frac{1}{16}$	$+\frac{1}{16}$ - $\frac{1}{4}$	$+\frac{1}{4}$ - 1	+1 - 4	+4 - 16	+16 - 64	+64 mm
21	79	0	6.9-8.0	21	12	63	4	0		

Surface level +145.8 m (+478 ft)
 Water struck at +138.0 m
 August 1982

Overburden 5.4 m
 Mineral 3.3 m
 Bedrock 0.3 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.2	0.2
Till	Clay, yellowish orange, pebbly; pebbles of quartzite, quartz and sandstone; sandy below 1.5 m	1.6	1.8
	Clay, reddish brown, pebbly; pebbles of quartzite, quartz, red siltstone, sandstone and coal. Below 3.5 m, layers of sand, laminated clay and light brown stony clay	3.6	5.4
Glacial Sand and Gravel	a 'Clayey' pebbly sand Gravel: fine, rounded to well rounded quartzite and quartz with sandstone and flint Sand: mainly medium, subangular to subrounded quartz	1.6	7.0
	b 'Clayey' sandy gravel Gravel: fine and coarse, as above Sand: fine to coarse, as above	1.7	8.7
Arden Sandstone	Silty clay, olive grey	0.3+	9.0

GRADING

	Mean for deposit percentages			Depth below surface (m)	Percentages						
	Fines	Sand	Gravel		Fines	Sand			Gravel		
						- $\frac{1}{16}$	+ $\frac{1}{16}$ - $\frac{1}{4}$	+ $\frac{1}{4}$ -1	+1 -4	+4 -16	+16 -64
a	18	73	9	5.4-6.0	22	12	56	2	6	2	0
				6.0-7.0	16	12	60	3	8	1	0
				Mean	18	12	58	3	7	2	0
b	12	50	38	7.0-8.0	14	8	22	9	28	19	0
				8.0-8.7	10	10	42	15	17	6	0
				Mean	12	9	30	11	24	14	0
a+b	15	61	24	5.4-8.7	15	10	44	7	16	8	0

COMPOSITION

Depth below surface (m)	percentages by weight in 8-16 mm fraction									
	Quartzite	Quartz	Sandstone	Limestone	Flint	Mudstone	Ironstone	Igneous	Others	
7.0-8.0	60	26	13	-	1	trace	-	trace	-	

SP 17 SW 189 1324 7395

Waring's Green Farm

Block A

Surface level +140.8 m (+462 ft)
 Water struck at +135.9 m
 August 1982

Waste 10.7 m
 Bedrock 0.3 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.6	0.6
Till	Clay, yellowish orange, pebbly; pebbles of quartzite, quartz, red sandstone and siltstone and rare flint	2.2	2.8
	Clay, reddish brown, pebbly; pebbles of quartzite, quartz and red siltstone	2.1	4.9
Glacial Lake Deposits	Sandy silt, fine quartz sand with reddish brown silty clay	4.0	8.9
	Silt, reddish brown alternating with clay which is laminated in parts	1.3	10.2
	Clay, brown, laminated	0.5	10.7
Arden Sandstone	Silty clay, greenish grey	0.3+	11.0

Surface level +139.5 m (+458 ft)
 Water struck at +136.1 m
 August 1982

Waste 4.7 m
 Bedrock 0.3 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.3	0.3
Till	Clay, reddish orange, pebbly; pebbles of quartzite, quartz, red sandstone and coal	2.2	2.5
	Clay, reddish brown with pebbles as above, sandy at base	1.2	3.7
Glacial Sand and Gravel	'Clayey' sandy gravel Gravel: fine and coarse, rounded to well rounded, quartzite and quartz with some sandstone Sand: mainly medium, subangular to subrounded quartz	1.0	4.7
Arden Sandstone	Mudstone, greenish grey	0.3+	5.0

GRADING

Mean for deposit percentages			Depth below surface (m)	Percentages						
Fines	Sand	Gravel		Fines	Sand			Gravel		
				- $\frac{1}{8}$	+ $\frac{1}{8}$ - $\frac{1}{4}$	+ $\frac{1}{4}$ -1	+1 -4	+4 -16	+16 -64	+64 mm
10	65	25	3.7-4.7	10	8	49	8	17	8	0

Surface level +140.4 m (+460 ft)
 Water struck at +133.4 m
 August 1982

Overburden 6.2 m
 Mineral 4.6 m
 Bedrock 0.2 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.7	0.7
Till	Clay, yellowish orange with small pebbles of quartzite; weakly laminated	1.8	2.5
	Clay, reddish brown, pebbly; pebbles of quartzite, quartz, red and green siltstone and sandstone	2.3	4.8
	Clay, yellowish brown, stony; pebbles of quartzite and quartz; sandy at base	1.4	6.2
Glacial Sand and Gravel	a 'Clayey' pebbly sand Gravel: fine and coarse, rounded to well rounded quartzite and quartz with sandstone and trace mudstone, ironstone and igneous rocks Sand: fine and medium, subangular to subrounded quartz	1.8	8.0
	b Gravel Gravel: fine and coarse, rounded to well rounded quartzite and quartz with sandstone and trace green igneous rocks Sand: fine and medium, angular to subrounded quartz	2.8	10.8
Arden Sandstone	Mudstone, reddish brown with bands of greyish yellow silty clay	0.2+	11.0

GRADING

	Mean for deposit percentages			Depth below surface (m)	Percentages						
	Fines	Sand	Gravel		Fines		Sand		Gravel		
					-1/8	+1/8 -1/4	+1/4 -1	+1 -4	+4 -16	+16 -64	+64 mm
a	18	66	16	6.2-7.0	21	24	38	2	7	8	0
				7.0-7.8	15	13	50	5	9	8	0
				Mean	18	18	45	3	8	8	0
b	4	47	49	8.0-9.0	6	9	36	8	18	23	0
				9.0-10.0	1	6	30	9	28	25	1
				10.0-10.8	4	11	24	8	30	23	0
				Mean	4	9	30	8	25	24	trace
a+b	9	55	36	6.2-10.8	9	12	37	6	18	18	trace

COMPOSITION

Depth below surface (m)	percentages by weight in 8-16 mm fraction									
	Quartzite	Quartz	Sandstone	Limestone	Flint	Mudstone	Ironstone	Igneous	Others	
8.0-9.0	57	30	12	-	-	1	trace	trace	-	
10.0-10.8	53	34	13	-	-	trace	trace	trace	-	

Surface level +147.7 m (+485 ft)
 Water not encountered
 August 1982

Waste 5.5 m
 Bedrock 0.8 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.3	0.3
Till	Clay, strong brown, silty	1.7	2.0
	Clay, moderate brown, stony; pebbles of quartzite, quartz, sandstone, coal and red and green siltstone	3.5	5.5
Mercia Mudstone Group	Silty clay, yellowish green with red streaks	0.8+	6.3

Surface level +155.2 m (+509 ft)
 Water struck at +147.9 m
 August 1982

Waste 8.2 m
 Bedrock 0.3 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.3	0.3
Till	Clay, reddish brown, stony; pebbles of quartzite, quartz, coal and red and green sandstone	5.1	5.4
	Clay, sandy, greyish green, stony; pebbles of quartz and sandstone	2.3	7.7
Glacial Sand and Gravel	Gravel Gravel: fine and coarse, rounded to well rounded, quartzite and quartz with sandstone and some green igneous rocks Sand: fine to coarse, subangular to subrounded, quartz	0.5	8.2
Mercia Mudstone Group	Clay, reddish brown with green spots	0.3+	8.5

GRADING

Mean for deposit percentages			Depth below surface (m)	Percentages						
Fines	Sand	Gravel		Fines	Sand			Gravel		
				-1/16	+1/16 -1/4	+1/4 -1	+1 -4	+4 -16	+16 -64	+64 mm
6	38	56	7.7-8.2	6	7	25	6	26	30	0

COMPOSITION

Depth below surface (m)	percentages by weight in 8-16 mm fraction									
	Quartzite	Quartz	Sandstone	Limestone	Flint	Mudstone	Ironstone	Igneous	Others	
7.7-8.2	51	32	14	-	-	-	-	3	-	

Surface level +155.5 m (+510 ft)
 Water not encountered
 January 1983

Overburden 3.5 m
 Mineral 2.5 m
 Waste 0.2 m
 Bedrock 2.8 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Made ground	0.3	0.3
Till	Clay, reddish brown to grey-brown with pebbles of quartzite	3.2	3.5
Glacial Sand and Gravel	a 'Clayey' pebbly sand Gravel: fine and coarse, quartzite Sand: mainly medium, subrounded quartz	0.5	4.0
	b 'Clayey' gravel Gravel: fine and coarse, well rounded quartzite and quartz with sandstone and trace flint, igneous rocks and mudstone Sand: fine to medium, angular quartz	2.0	6.0
?Till	Clay, reddish with quartzite pebbles	0.2	6.2
Arden Sandstone	Clay, orangy brown and reddish	2.8+	9.0

GRADING

	Mean for deposit percentages			Depth below surface (m)	Percentages						
	Fines	Sand	Gravel		Fines	Sand			Gravel		
						- $\frac{1}{8}$	+ $\frac{1}{8}$ - $\frac{1}{4}$	+ $\frac{1}{4}$ -1	+1 -4	+4 -16	+16 -64
a	17	78	5	3.5-4.0	17	19	56	3	3	2	0
b	15	37	48	4.0-5.0	16	6	25	5	23	23	2
				5.0-6.0	13	6	23	8	29	21	0
				Mean	15	6	25	6	25	22	1
a+b	15	45	40	3.5-6.0	15	9	31	5	21	18	1

COMPOSITION

Depth below surface (m)	percentages by weight in 8-16 mm fraction									
	Quartzite	Quartz	Sandstone	Limestone	Flint	Mudstone	Ironstone	Igneous	Others	
4.0-5.0	50	32	13	-	1	1	-	2	1	
5.0-6.0	48	28	19	-	1	1	-	3	0	

Surface level +141.4 m (+464 ft)
 Water level not recorded
 January 1983

Overburden 3.2 m
 Mineral 1.0 m
 Waste 0.8 m
 Mineral 4.0 m
 Bedrock 0.1 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.4	0.4
Till	Clay, red-brown with pebbles of quartzite	2.8	3.2
Glacial Sand and Gravel	a 'Very clayey' gravel Gravel: fine and coarse, well rounded quartzite and quartz with sandstone and some igneous rocks and trace flint Sand: medium with fine, subangular to rounded quartz	1.0	4.2
?Till	Clay, red and grey with quartzite pebbles	0.8	5.0
Glacial Sand and Gravel	b Sandy gravel Gravel: fine with coarse, well rounded quartzite and quartz with sandstone and some ironstone, flint, mudstone and igneous rocks Sand: mainly medium, subangular to subrounded, quartz	4.0	9.0
Arden Sandstone	Mudstone, grey and red	0.1+	9.1

GRADING

	Mean for deposit percentages			Depth below surface (m)	Percentages							
	Fines	Sand	Gravel		Fines		Sand		Gravel			
					-15	+15 -4	+4 -1	+1 -4	+4 -16	+16 -64	+64 mm	
a	20	39	41	3.2-4.2	20	12	21	6	17	24	0	
b	6	63	31	5.0-6.0	14	8	33	12	26	7	0	
				6.0-7.0	6	5	49	16	19	5	0	
				7.0-8.0	3	9	55	11	16	6	0	
				8.0-9.0	2	5	33	13	26	21	0	
				Mean	6	7	43	13	21	10	0	
a+b	9	58	33	Mean	9	8	38	12	20	13	0	

COMPOSITION

Depth below surface (m)	percentages by weight in 8-16 mm fraction									
	Quartzite	Quartz	Sandstone	Limestone	Flint	Mudstone	Ironstone	Igneous	Others	
3.2-4.2	47	32	18	-	1	0	0	2	0	
5.0-6.0	52	24	18	-	0	1	0	4	1	
6.0-7.0	37	28	17	-	4	3	8	3	0	
7.0-8.0	45	31	22	-	0	0	1	1	0	
8.0-9.0	47	35	12	-	1	1	1	3	0	

Surface level +137.6 m (+452 ft)
 Water struck at +134.1 m
 January 1983

Overburden 2.4 m
 Mineral 4.9 m
 Waste 0.7 m
 Bedrock 1.5 m

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.2	0.2
Till	Clay, reddish with pebbles of sandstone and quartzite	2.2	2.4
Glacial Sand and Gravel	a 'Clayey' sandy gravel Gravel: fine and coarse, well rounded quartzite and quartz with sandstone and igneous rocks Sand: fine and medium, angular to subangular quartz	1.0	3.4
	b Pebbly sand Gravel: fine, well rounded quartzite Sand: fine and medium, subrounded to rounded quartz	3.4	6.8
	c Gravel Gravel: fine and coarse, rounded quartzite and quartz with sandstone and some igneous rocks Sand: fine and medium, angular to subrounded quartz	0.5	7.3
?Till	Clay, grey with brown mottling	0.7	8.0
Arden Sandstone	Mudstone, brown and grey, bedded	1.5+	9.5

GRADING

	Mean for deposit percentages			Depth below surface (m)	Percentages						
	Fines	Sand	Gravel		Fines	Sand		Gravel			
						+16 -1/4	+1/4 -1	+1 -4	+4 -16	+16 -64	+64 mm
a	17	51	32	2.4-3.4	17	12	35	4	16	16	0
b	5	87	8	3.4-4.4	7	28	53	2	7	3	0
				4.4-5.4	5	33	59	1	2	0	0
				5.4-6.8	5	33	49	3	7	3	0
				Mean	5	31	54	2	6	2	0
c	7	43	50	6.8-7.3	7	14	22	7	23	27	0
a to c	8	76	16	2.4-7.3	8	26	47	3	9	7	0

COMPOSITION

Depth below surface (m)	percentages by weight in 8-16 mm fraction								
	Quartzite	Quartz	Sandstone	Limestone	Flint	Mudstone	Ironstone	Igneous	Others
2.4-3.4	47	30	13	-	-	1	-	6	3
6.8-7.3	54	31	11	-	-	0	-	3	1

Surface level +108.6 m (+356 ft)
 Water not encountered
 203 mm shell
 December 1980

Overburden 1.5 m
 Mineral 6.2 m
 Bedrock 0.8 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.5	0.5
Glacial Sand and Gravel	Silt, sandy, pebbly, brown; subangular to well rounded quartzite and quartz clasts	1.0	1.5
	a 'Clayey' sand, brown; fine and medium, angular to well rounded	5.8	7.3
	b Gravel Gravel: mainly coarse with cobbles, subangular to well rounded, quartzite with quartz Sand: fine	0.4	7.7
Mercia Mudstone Group	Mudstone, red-brown with green sandstone	0.8+	8.5

GRADING

	Mean for deposit percentages			Depth below surface (m)	Percentages						
	Fines	Sand	Gravel		Fines		Sand		Gravel		
					-1 $\frac{1}{8}$	+1 $\frac{1}{8}$ -1 $\frac{1}{4}$	+1 $\frac{1}{4}$ -1	+1 -4	+4 -16	+16 -64	+64 mm
a	14	86	0	1.5-3.0	17	49	32	1	0	0	0
				3.0-5.0	14	45	40	1	0	0	0
				5.0-7.3	11	42	46	1	0	0	0
				Mean	14	45	40	1	0	0	0
b	7	46	47	7.3-7.7	7	29	9	8	11	28	8
a+b	13	83	4	Mean	13	44	38	1	1	2	1

SP 17 SE 73 1506 7435 Box Trees

Block B

Surface level +139.2 m (+457 ft)
Water not encountered
September 1982

Waste 0.6 m
Bedrock 2.8 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.1	0.1
Till	Clay, yellowish orange, stony; pebbles of red and green mudstone	0.5	0.6
Arden Sandstone	Silty clay, greyish brown	1.7	2.3
	Siltstone, greenish grey	1.1+	3.4

Surface level +123.6 m (+405 ft)
 Water struck at +114.9 m
 September 1982

Overburden 4.0 m
 Mineral 5.8 m
 Bedrock 0.8 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.4	0.4
Till	Clay, moderate brown, with pebbles of red and green siltstone and quartzite	3.6	4.0
Glacial Sand and Gravel	'Very clayey' pebbly sand Gravel: fine with coarse, subrounded to rounded, quartzite, quartz with sandstone and some limestone, mudstone and igneous rocks Sand: mainly medium, subangular to subrounded quartz	5.8	9.8
Arden Sandstone	Mudstone/siltstone, greenish grey	0.8+	10.6

GRADING

Mean for deposit percentages			Depth below surface (m)	Percentages						
Fines	Sand	Gravel		Fines	Sand			Gravel		
				- $\frac{1}{8}$	+ $\frac{1}{8}$ - $\frac{1}{4}$	+ $\frac{1}{4}$ -1	+1 -4	+4 -16	+16 -64	+64 mm
20	60	20	4.0-5.0	14	11	32	8	21	14	0
			5.0-5.3	17	10	34	9	20	10	0
			5.3-6.0	21	8	37	7	20	7	0
			6.0-7.0	19	10	48	5	10	8	0
			7.0-8.0	18	9	56	4	8	5	0
			8.0-9.0	25	17	38	3	10	7	0
			9.0-9.8	24	9	58	2	6	1	0
			Mean	20	11	44	5	13	7	0

COMPOSITION

Depth below surface (m)	percentages by weight in 8-16 mm fraction									
	Quartzite	Quartz	Sandstone	Limestone	Flint	Mudstone	Ironstone	Igneous	Others	
4.0-5.0	45	36	14	2	-	2	-	1	-	

Surface level +124.0 m (+407 ft)
 Water struck at +116.1 m
 September 1982

Overburden 5.5 m
 Mineral 1.9 m
 Waste 0.5 m
 Mineral 1.0 m
 Waste 5.4 m
 Bedrock 0.2 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.5	0.5
Till	Clay, reddish brown, stony	2.7	3.2
Glacial Lake Deposit	Clay, reddish brown, laminated and with fine quartz sandy silt from 3.9-5.5 m	2.3	5.5
Glacial Sand and Gravel	a 'Clayey' sand Sand: fine and medium, quartz Fines: light brown, silty clay	1.9	7.4
Glacial Lake Deposit	Clay and silt, moderate brown, laminated	0.5	7.9
Glacial Sand and Gravel?	b 'Very clayey' sand Sand: fine quartz Fines: greyish red silt and clay	1.0	8.9
Glacial Lake Deposit	Sandy silt, light brown with fine quartz sand	0.8	9.7
	Clay, moderate brown, laminated	0.5	10.2
	Silt, moderate brown, laminated	3.4	13.6
	'Very clayey' gravel Gravel: coarse with fine, subangular to subrounded quartzite, quartz and sandstone with mudstone Sand: mainly medium, subangular to subrounded quartz	0.7	14.3
Mercia Mudstone Group	Mudstone, moderate brown with greenish grey spots	0.2+	14.5

GRADING

	Mean for deposit percentages			Depth below surface (m)	Percentages							
	Fines	Sand	Gravel		Fines	Sand			Gravel			
						-1/8	+1/8 -1/4	+1/4 -1	+1 -4	+4 -16	+16 -64	+64 mm
a	18	82	0	5.5-7.4	18	60	21	1	0	0	0	
b	37	63	0	7.9-8.9	37	57	5	1	0	0	0	
	29	33	38	13.6-14.3	29	5	22	6	12	26	0	
a+b	25	75	0	Mean	23	58	18	1	0	0	0	

COMPOSITION

Depth below surface (m)	percentages by weight in 8-16 mm fraction									
	Quartzite	Quartz	Sandstone	Limestone	Flint	Mudstone	Ironstone	Igneous	Others	
13.6-14.3	47	22	28	trace	-	3	-	-	-	

Surface level +103.4 m (+339 ft)
 Water struck at +99.4 m
 September 1982

Overburden 0.3 m
 Mineral 7.6 m
 Bedrock 2.5 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.3	0.3
Glacial Sand and Gravel	a 'Clayey' pebbly sand Gravel: fine and coarse, subrounded to well rounded quartzite and quartz with red sandstone and some mudstone Sand: fine and medium, subangular to subrounded, quartz	6.2	6.5
	b Gravel Gravel: coarse and fine, rounded to well rounded, quartzite and quartz with some red sandstone and flint	1.4	7.9
Mercia Mudstone Group	Mudstone, reddish brown and greenish grey, shaley	2.5+	10.4

GRADING

	Mean for deposit percentages			Depth below surface (m)	Percentages							
	Fines	Sand	Gravel		Fines		Sand		Gravel			
					-1/16	+1/16 - 1/4	+1/4 - 1	+1 - 4	+4 - 16	+16 - 64	+64 mm	
a	17	74	9	0.3-0.7	19	17	37	27	0	0	0	
				0.7-1.7	32	26	34	2	3	3	0	
				1.7-2.7	18	23	21	7	7	24	0	
				2.7-3.7	15	39	43	1	1	1	0	
				3.7-4.7	9	26	60	2	3	0	0	
				4.7-5.7	13	49	36	1	0	1	0	
				5.7-6.5	13	35	32	1	8	11	0	
				Mean	17	32	38	4	3	6	0	
b	1	36	63	6.5-7.9	1	8	24	4	24	39	0	
a+b	15	68	17	0.3-7.9	15	29	35	4	6	11	0	

COMPOSITION

Depth below surface (m)	percentages by weight in 8-16 mm fraction								
	Quartzite	Quartz	Sandstone	Limestone	Flint	Mudstone	Ironstone	Igneous	Others
5.7-6.7	48	37	12	-	-	2	-	1	-

SP 17 SE 77 1547 7167 Spring Cottage

Block B

Surface level +136.9 m (+449 ft)
Water not encountered
August 1982

Waste 1.8 m
Bedrock 0.7 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.3	0.3
Till	Clay, silty, yellowish orange, stony; pebbles of quartzite and quartz	1.5	1.8
Arden Sandstone	Clay, reddish brown and pale green	0.7+	2.5

SP 17 SE 78 1750 7180 Pool Tail Coppice

Block B

Surface level +132.2 m (+434 ft)
Water not encountered
August 1982

Waste 5.6 m
Bedrock 0.4 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.2	0.2
Till	Clay, reddish brown, stony and sandy; pebbles of quartz and quartzite	2.3	2.5
	Clay, reddish brown, laminated, stony; pebbles of pale green siltstone and sandstone	3.1	5.6
Mercia Mudstone Group	Mudstone, reddish brown with pale green spots	0.4+	6.0

Surface level +102.4 m (+336 ft)
 Water struck at +99.4 m
 August 1982

Overburden 2.1 m
 Mineral 11.9 m
 Waste 0.5 m
 Bedrock 0.5 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.3	0.3
Glacial Sand and Gravel	Clay, yellowish orange, sandy with small quartzite and quartz pebbles	1.8	2.1
	a Sand, fine and medium, quartz	5.0	7.1
	b 'Clayey' pebbly sand Gravel: fine and coarse, rounded to well rounded quartzite and quartz with sandstone and ironstone and some igneous rocks and mudstone Sand: fine and medium, subangular to subrounded, quartz	3.0	10.1
	c 'Clayey' sand, fine and medium, subangular to subrounded, quartz	3.9	14.0
Glacial Lake Deposit	Clay, brown, weakly laminated	0.5	14.5
Mercia Mudstone Group	Sandstone, greyish green, fine quartz sand	0.5+	15.0

GRADING

	Mean for deposit percentages			Depth below surface (m)	Percentages							
	Fines	Sand	Gravel		Fines	Sand			Gravel			
						-16	+16 -1/4	+1/4 -1	+1 -4	+4 -16	+16 -64	+64 mm
a	8	90	2	2.1-3.1	9	39	48	1	2	1	0	
				3.1-4.1	10	44	43	1	1	1	0	
				4.1-5.1	5	56	37	1	1	0	0	
				5.1-6.1	5	46	46	1	1	1	0	
				6.1-7.1	13	63	22	1	1	0	0	
				Mean	8	50	39	1	1	1	0	
b	14	73	13	7.1-8.1	5	45	31	2	8	9	0	
				8.1-9.1	17	44	20	3	6	8	2	
				9.1-10.1	21	45	26	2	1	5	0	
				Mean	14	45	26	2	5	7	1	
c	13	87	0	10.1-11.1	12	54	33	1	0	0	0	
				11.1-12.1	12	50	36	2	0	0	0	
				12.1-14.0	14	42	41	3	0	0	0	
				Mean	13	47	38	2	0	0	0	
a to c	11	85	4	2.1-14.0	11	48	35	2	2	2	trace	

COMPOSITION

Depth below surface (m)	percentages by weight in 8-16 mm fraction									
	Quartzite	Quartz	Sandstone	Limestone	Flint	Mudstone	Ironstone	Igneous	Others	
8.1-9.1	49	29	9	-	-	2	8	3	-	

Surface level +95.4 m (+313 ft)
 Water not encountered
 January 1983

Overburden 1.2 m
 Mineral 5.0 m
 Bedrock 0.8 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.3	0.3
Till	Clay, reddish brown, sandy at base	0.9	1.2
Glacial Sand and Gravel	a Sand, fine and medium, angular to subrounded quartz	2.0	3.2
	b 'Clayey' pebbly sand Gravel: fine and coarse, well rounded quartzite, quartz and limestone with sandstone and ironstone and trace flint and mudstone Sand: fine to coarse, angular to subrounded, quartz	3.0	6.2
Mercia Mudstone Group	Marl, red	0.8+	7.0

GRADING

	Mean for deposit percentages			Depth below surface (m)	Percentages						
	Fines	Sand	Gravel		Fines		Sand			Gravel	
					- $\frac{1}{16}$	+ $\frac{1}{16}$ - $\frac{1}{4}$	+ $\frac{1}{4}$ -1	+1 -4	+4 -16	+16 -64	+64 mm
a	5	95	0	1.2-2.2	0	80	19	1	0	0	0
				2.2-3.2	9	55	36	0	0	0	0
				Mean	5	67	27	1	0	0	0
b	14	59	27	3.2-4.2	14	8	27	16	20	15	0
				4.2-5.2	11	13	28	16	17	15	0
				5.2-6.2	17	15	38	17	13	0	0
				Mean	14	12	30	17	17	10	0
a+b	11	73	16	1.2-6.2	11	34	29	10	10	6	0

COMPOSITION

Depth below surface (m)	percentages by weight in 8-16 mm fraction									
	Quartzite	Quartz	Sandstone	Limestone	Flint	Mudstone	Ironstone	Igneous	Others	
3.2-4.2	33	18	10	29	0	trace	10	trace	-	
4.2-5.2	30	21	11	32	1	1	4	0	-	

Surface level +124.3 m (+408 ft)
 Water struck at +108.3 m
 September 1982

Waste 23.0 m
 Bedrock 0.2 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.3	0.3
Till	Clay, brown and yellowish brown, stony; pebbles of chalk, quartzite, quartz, flint and sandstone	2.6	2.9
	Clay, reddish brown, stony; pebbles of quartzite, quartz, red and green mudstone and coal	1.6	4.5
	Silty clay, reddish brown, laminated in parts	3.0	7.5
	Clay, reddish brown, stony; pebbles of quartzite, quartz, red and green siltstone/ sandstone	6.3	13.8
Glacial Lake Deposits?	Silty clay, silt and sand, reddish brown, laminated	9.2	23.0
Mercia Mudstone Group	Mudstone, reddish brown with green spots	0.2+	23.2

Surface level +101.4 m (+333 ft)
 Water not encountered
 August 1982

Waste 1.8 m
 Bedrock 0.8 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.6	0.6
River Terrace Deposits	Silty clay, sandy, grey-brown	0.3	0.9
	Sandy clay, reddish brown, stony; pebbles of quartzite and quartz	0.9	1.8
Mercia Mudstone Group	Mudstone, reddish brown	0.8+	2.6

Surface level +125.8 m (+413 ft)
 Water struck at +119.0 and +107.6 m

Waste 20.1 m
 Bedrock 0.4 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.3	0.3
Till	Clay, reddish brown, stony; with pebbles of quartzite, quartz, sandstone, coal and red and green mudstone	6.5	6.8
	Sandy silt, reddish brown, laminated	0.7	7.5
	Clay, reddish brown, stony; pebbles of quartzite, quartz, sandstone, coal and red and green siltstone	10.7	18.2
	Silty sand and silty clay, laminated	0.3	18.5
Glacial Sand and Gravel	Pebbly sand	1.6	20.1
	Gravel: fine and coarse, rounded quartzite and quartz and some green sandstone Sand: fine and medium, subangular to subrounded, quartz		
Arden Sandstone	Mudstone, reddish brown with greyish green spots	0.4+	20.5

GRADING

Mean for deposit percentages			Depth below surface (m)	Percentages						
Fines	Sand	Gravel		Fines	Sand			Gravel		
				- $\frac{1}{16}$	+ $\frac{1}{16}$ - $\frac{1}{4}$	+ $\frac{1}{4}$ -1	+1 -4	+4 -16	+16 -64	+64 mm
5	86	9	18.5-20.1	9	31	52	3	3	2	0

Surface level +110.5 m (+363 ft)
 Water struck at +102.5 m
 September 1982

Overburden 5.7 m
 Mineral 14.3 m
 Waste 1.0 m
 Bedrock 1.0 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.2	0.2
Glacial Sand and Gravel	Clay, sandy and silty, reddish brown, laminated	2.3	2.5
	Sandy silt, fine quartz sand and reddish brown silty clay, laminated in parts	3.2	5.7
	'Clayey' sand, fine and medium, subangular to subrounded quartz	14.3	20.0
Glacial Lake Deposits	Clay, reddish brown, silty with rare pebbles in upper part	1.0	21.0
Mercia Mudstone Group	Mudstone, moderate brown with greyish green spots	1.0+	22.0

GRADING

Mean for deposit percentages			Depth below surface (m)	Percentages						
Fines	Sand	Gravel		Fines	Sand			Gravel		
				- $\frac{1}{8}$	+ $\frac{1}{8}$ - $\frac{1}{4}$	+ $\frac{1}{4}$ -1	+1 -4	+4 -16	+16 -64	+64 mm
19	80	1	5.7-6.5	19	36	44	1	0	0	0
			6.5-6.7	19	32	49	0	0	0	0
			6.7-7.7	18	29	53	0	0	0	0
			7.7-8.7	21	39	39	1	0	0	0
			8.7-9.7	26	40	34	0	0	0	0
			9.7-10.7	18	35	47	0	0	0	0
			10.7-12.7	20	33	47	0	0	0	0
			12.7-14.7	21	25	51	1	1	1	0
			14.7-16.7	22	18	53	2	3	2	0
			16.7-18.7	17	14	67	2	0	0	0
			18.7-20.0	13	23	63	1	0	0	0
			Mean	19	27	52	1	1	trace	0

Surface level +116.4 m (+382 ft)
 Water struck at +102.4 m
 September 1982

Waste 15.1 m
 Bedrock 0.2 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
Glacial Sand and Gravel	Clay, sandy and stony; pebbles of quartzite, quartz and red sandstone	3.6	3.6
	'Very clayey' sand, fine and medium, subangular to subrounded, quartz	1.1	4.7
Glacial Lake Deposits	Silt, sandy, moderate brown, laminated	9.2	13.9
Till?	Clay, silty, sandy, moderate brown, stony; pebbles of quartz, sandstone and coal	1.2	15.1
Mercia Mudstone Group	Mudstone, reddish brown with greyish green spots	0.2+	15.3

GRADING

Mean for deposit percentages			Depth below surface (m)	Percentages						
Fines	Sand	Gravel		Fines	Sand			Gravel		
				- $\frac{1}{8}$	+ $\frac{1}{8}$ - $\frac{1}{4}$	+ $\frac{1}{4}$ -1	+1 -4	+4 -16	+16 -64	+64 mm
22	78	0	3.6-4.7	22	34	44	trace	0		

Surface level +119.7 m (+393 ft)
 Water struck at +116.9, 112.2 and 105.9 m
 September 1982

Waste 15.6 m
 Bedrock 0.1 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.6	0.6
Till	Clay, moderate brown, sandy and silty, stony; pebbles of sandstone, quartz and coal	2.1	2.7
	Sand, fine and medium, quartz	0.7	3.4
	Clay, moderate brown, sandy, silty, stony; pebbles of quartzite, quartz and sandstone	2.3	5.7
Glacial Lake Deposits?	Clay and silt, moderate brown, laminated; sandy at base	1.8	7.5
Glacial Sand and Gravel	'Very clayey' sand, fine and medium, quartz with bands of laminated silt and clay	1.2	8.7
Glacial Lake Deposits	Clay, moderate brown, with yellowish brown silt, laminated	5.1	13.8
Glacial Sand and Gravel	'Very clayey' sandy gravel Gravel: fine with coarse, subrounded sandstone and quartzite with quartz and some mudstone Sand: fine to coarse, quartz Fines: silt and clay, moderate brown	1.2	15.0
Glacial Lake Deposits	Clay, moderate brown, laminated; with layers of fine quartz sand	0.6	15.6
Mercia Mudstone Group	Sandstone, greyish green, fine grained quartz	0.1+	15.7

GRADING

Mean for deposit percentages			Depth below surface (m)	Percentages						
Fines	Sand	Gravel		Fines	Sand			Gravel		
				- $\frac{1}{8}$	+ $\frac{1}{8}$ - $\frac{1}{4}$	+ $\frac{1}{4}$ -1	+1 -4	+4 -16	+16 -64	+64 mm
24	76	0	7.5-8.7	24	62	14	trace	0	0	0
39	44	17	13.8-15.0	39	27	11	6	12	5	0

COMPOSITION

Depth below surface (m)	percentages by weight in 8-16 mm fraction									
	Quartzite	Quartz	Sandstone	Limestone	Flint	Mudstone	Ironstone	Igneous	Others	
13.8-15.0	25	10	60	-	-	4	-	1	-	

Surface level +113.1 m (+371 ft)
 Water not encountered
 September 1982

Waste 1.6 m
 Bedrock 0.4 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.4	0.4
Till	Clay, silty and sandy, moderate brown, stony	0.8	1.2
Glacial Sand and Gravel	'Clayey' sand, medium quartz with reddish brown silty clay	0.4	1.6
Mercia Mudstone Group	Mudstone, reddish brown, shaley	0.4+	2.0

SP 26 NW 89 2069 6549 Manor House

Block E

Surface level +121.9 m (+400 ft)
Water not encountered
January 1983

Waste 2.5 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.3	0.3
Till	Clay, moderate brown with pebbles of green siltstone and mudstone	2.2+	2.5

SP 26 NW 90 2044 6534 North of Claverdon Leys

Block E

Surface level +122.8 m (+403 ft)
Water not encountered
January 1983

Waste 3.2 m
Bedrock 0.8 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.8	0.8
Till	Clay, reddish brown, stony; pebbles of quartzite, quartz and flint	2.4	3.2
Mercia Mudstone Group	Mudstone, reddish brown with grey mottling	0.8+	4.0

Surface level +99.3 m (+326 ft)
 Water not encountered
 September 1981

Waste 2.4 m
 Bedrock 0.4 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.3	0.3
Glacial Sand and Gravel	'Clayey' gravel Gravel: fine and coarse, rounded to well rounded, quartzite and quartz with sandstone and some subangular to subrounded flint and igneous rocks Sand: fine to coarse, subangular to subrounded quartz	0.9	1.2
	Clay, reddish brown, stony; pebbles of quartzite, quartz and flint	1.2	2.4
Mercia Mudstone Group	Mudstone, reddish brown with pale green spots	0.4+	2.8

GRADING

Mean for deposit percentages			Depth below surface (m)	Percentages						
Fines	Sand	Gravel		Fines	Sand			Gravel		
				- $\frac{1}{8}$	+ $\frac{1}{8}$ - $\frac{1}{4}$	+ $\frac{1}{4}$ -1	+1 -4	+4 -16	+16 -64	+64 mm
17	24	59	0.3-1.2	17	7	12	5	29	30	0

COMPOSITION

Depth below surface (m)	percentages by weight in 8-16 mm fraction								
	Quartzite	Quartz	Sandstone	Limestone	Flint	Mudstone	Ironstone	Igneous	Others
0.3-1.2	62	20	12	-	3	-	-	2	1

Surface level +104.6 m (+343 ft)
 Water not encountered
 September 1981

Overburden 0.3 m
 Mineral 4.7 m
 Bedrock 0.7 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.3	0.3
Glacial Sand and Gravel	'Very clayey' sandy gravel Gravel: fine and coarse, rounded to well rounded quartzite with quartz and sandstone and some subangular flint and igneous rocks Sand: mainly medium, subangular to subrounded, quartz	4.7	5.0
Mercia Mudstone Group	Clay, reddish brown with pale green fisheyes	0.7+	5.7

GRADING

Mean for deposit percentages			Depth below surface (m)	Percentages						
Fines	Sand	Gravel		Fines		Sand			Gravel	
				- $\frac{1}{8}$	+ $\frac{1}{8}$ - $\frac{1}{4}$	+ $\frac{1}{4}$ -1	+1 -4	+4 -16	+16 -64	+64 mm
24	47	29	0.3-1.3	27	8	38	5	11	11	0
			1.3-2.5	27	4	28	12	15	14	0
			2.5-2.9	20	6	71	1	0	2	0
			2.9-3.9	19	8	18	9	21	25	0
			3.9-5.0	26	6	26	9	12	21	0
			Mean	24	6	33	8	13	16	0

COMPOSITION

Depth below surface (m)	percentages by weight in 8-16 mm fraction									
	Quartzite	Quartz	Sandstone	Limestone	Flint	Mudstone	Ironstone	Igneous	Others	
0.3-1.3	56	18	17	-	7	0	2	0	-	-
1.3-2.5	47	34	11	-	7	1	0	0	-	-
2.9-3.9	62	18	14	-	3	1	1	1	-	-
3.9-5.0	71	5	8	-	15	1	0	0	-	-
Mean	60	18	12	-	8	1	1	trace	-	-

SP 26 SW 51 2015 6388 South of Park Farm

Block F₄

Surface level +99.9 m (+328 ft)
Water not encountered
September 1981

Waste 1.3 m
Bedrock 1.8 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.5	0.5
Glacial Sand and Gravel	Clay, reddish brown with yellowish grey mottling	0.8	1.3
Arden Sandstone	Clay, reddish brown with green sandy lenses	1.8+	3.1

SP 26 SW 52 2160 6455 Claverdon Lodge

Block F₅

Surface level +103.7 m (+340 ft)
Water not encountered
September 1981

Waste 2.1 m
Bedrock 1.0 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.5	0.5
Glacial Sand and Gravel	Clay, reddish brown to yellowish brown, with layers of medium quartz sand	1.6	2.1
Mercia Mudstone Group	Clay, red-brown with green fisheyes	1.0+	3.1

Surface level +103.7 m (+340 ft)
 Water not encountered
 September 1981

Overburden 0.2 m
 Mineral 1.1 m
 Bedrock 0.3 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.2	0.2
Glacial Sand and Gravel	'Clayey' gravel Gravel: fine and coarse, rounded to well rounded quartzite and quartz with sandstone Sand: fine to coarse, subangular to subrounded, quartz	1.1	1.3
Mercia Mudstone Group	Mudstone, reddish brown	0.3+	1.6

GRADING

Mean for deposit percentages			Depth below surface (m)	Percentages						
Fines	Sand	Gravel		Fines	Sand			Gravel		
				-1/16	+1/16 - 1/4	+1/4 - 1	+1 - 4	+4 - 16	+16 - 64	+64 mm
11	25	64	0.2-1.3	11	7	8	10	38	26	0

COMPOSITION

Depth below surface (m)	percentages by weight in 8-16 mm fraction								
	Quartzite	Quartz	Sandstone	Limestone	Flint	Mudstone	Ironstone	Igneous	Others
0.2-1.3	60	31	8	-	-	trace	-	-	1

Surface level +111.7 m (+366 ft)
 Water struck at +107.7 m
 September 1981

Overburden 0.7 m
 Mineral 4.0 m
 Bedrock 1.7 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.7	0.7
Glacial Sand and Gravel	a 'Very clayey' sand Sand: fine and medium, subangular to subrounded quartz Fines: reddish brown	0.7	1.4
	b 'Clayey' sandy gravel Gravel: fine with coarse, rounded to well rounded quartzite with quartz and sandstone and some igneous rocks Sand: fine to coarse, subangular to subrounded, quartz	3.3	4.7
Arden Sandstone	Clay, silty and sandy, red and green	1.1	5.8
	Sand, greenish grey	0.6+	6.4

GRADING

	Mean for deposit percentages			Depth below surface (m)	Percentages						
	Fines	Sand	Gravel		Fines		Sand			Gravel	
					-16	+16 -4	+4 -1	+1 -4	+4 -16	+16 -64	+64 mm
a	26	71	3	0.7-1.4	26	36	33	2	1	2	0
b	18	48	34	1.4-2.5	20	13	24	8	19	16	0
				2.5-3.5	20	11	36	9	19	5	0
				3.5-4.0	17	6	30	11	22	14	0
				4.0-4.7	14	5	27	11	28	15	0
				Mean	18	9	30	9	22	12	0
a+b	19	53	28	0.7-4.7	19	14	31	8	18	10	0

COMPOSITION

Depth below surface (m)	percentages by weight in 8-16 mm fraction									
	Quartzite	Quartz	Sandstone	Limestone	Flint	Mudstone	Ironstone	Igneous	Others	
1.4-2.5	55	25	18	-	-	-	-	-	2	
2.5-3.5	54	33	8	-	-	-	-	5	-	
3.5-4.0	52	30	17	-	trace	-	-	-	-	
4.0-4.7	67	18	13	-	-	-	trace	2	trace	

SP 26 SW 55 2243 6443 West of Curlieu Farm

Block F₅

Surface level +116.0 m (+381 ft)
Water not encountered
September 1982

Waste 5.4 m
Bedrock 0.5 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.3	0.3
Till	Clay, reddish brown, stony; pebbles of quartzite quartz, sandstone, coal and red and green siltstone	5.1	5.4
Mercia Mudstone Group	Sandstone, greyish green	0.5+	5.9

Surface level +116.2 m (+381 ft)
 Water struck at +106.4 m
 September 1981

Waste 10.1 m
 Bedrock 0.5 m

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.3	0.3
Till	Clay, reddish brown, stony; pebbles of quartzite, quartz, sandstone, coal, ironstone and red and green siltstone	8.1	8.4
Glacial Sand and Gravel	'Clayey' pebbly sand Gravel: fine and coarse, rounded quartzite and quartz with some sandstone Sand: mainly medium, subangular to subrounded, quartz	1.7	10.1
Mercia Mudstone Group	Mudstone, reddish brown with pale green spots	0.5+	10.6

GRADING

Mean for deposit percentages			Depth below surface (m)	Percentages						
Fines	Sand	Gravel		Fines	Sand			Gravel		
				- $\frac{1}{8}$	+ $\frac{1}{8}$ - $\frac{1}{4}$	+ $\frac{1}{4}$ -1	+1 -4	+4 -16	+16 -64	+64 mm
19	76	5	8.4-9.4	21	13	57	2	3	4	0
			9.4-10.1	15	14	65	1	2	3	0
			Mean	19	13	61	2	2	3	0

SP 26 SW 57 2395 6484 Grove Park

Block E

Surface level +111.6 m (+366 ft)
Water not encountered
September 1981

Waste 2.7 m
Bedrock 0.7 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.4	0.4
Till	Clay, yellowish and reddish brown, stony; pebbles of quartzite, quartz, sandstone, coal and red and green mudstone	2.3	2.7
Mercia Mudstone Group	Clay, reddish brown with greyish green fisheyes	0.7+	3.4

Surface level +92.4 m (+303 ft)
 Water struck at +91.2 m
 September 1981

Overburden 0.6 m
 Mineral 1.1 m
 Waste 0.9 m
 Bedrock 0.3 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.6	0.6
Glacial Sand and Gravel	'Very clayey' pebbly sand Gravel: fine and coarse, rounded to well rounded, quartzite and quartz Sand: fine and medium, subangular to subrounded, quartz	1.1	1.7
Till	Clay, reddish brown with greyish green marbling, stony; pebbles of quartzite, quartz and green siltstone	0.9	2.6
Mercia Mudstone Group	Mudstone, reddish brown and pale green	0.3+	2.9

GRADING

Mean for deposit percentages			Depth below surface (m)	Percentages						
Fines	Sand	Gravel		Fines	Sand		Gravel			
				- $\frac{1}{8}$	+ $\frac{1}{8}$ - $\frac{1}{4}$	+ $\frac{1}{4}$ -1	+1 -4	+4 -16	+16 -64	+64 mm
21	75	4	0.6-1.7	21	36	38	1	1	3	0

Surface level +117.0 m (+384 ft)
 Water struck at +110.0 m and +98.0 m
 September 1981

Waste 22.7 m
 Bedrock 0.2 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.3	0.3
Till	Clay, reddish brown, stony; pebbles of quartzite, quartz, flint, chalk, coal, sandstone and ironstone	1.5	1.8
	Clay, reddish brown, stony; pebbles of quartzite, quartz, sandstone, coal and red and green mudstone	1.6	3.4
	Silt, reddish brown with layers of medium quartz sand	1.4	4.8
	Clay, reddish brown; rare pebbles of quartzite and coal	3.2	8.0
Glacial Lake Deposits	Clay, brown, laminated	11.0	19.0
Glacial Sand and Gravel	Gravel Gravel: fine and coarse, rounded to well rounded quartzite and quartz with green sandstone and trace limestone Sand: medium and coarse, angular to subrounded, quartz	3.7	22.7

GRADING

Mean for deposit percentages			Depth below surface (m)	Percentages						
Fines	Sand	Gravel		Fines		Sand		Gravel		
				-1/16	+1/16 - 1/4	+1/4 - 1	+1 - 4	+4 - 16	+16 - 64	+64 mm
6	43	51	19.0-20.0	7	3	4	18	30	37	1
			20.0-21.0	5	3	5	21	37	29	0
			21.0-22.0	6	5	36	14	20	19	0
			22.0-22.7	5	6	44	18	17	10	0
			Mean	6	4	21	18	26	25	trace

COMPOSITION

Depth below surface (m)	percentages by weight in 8-16 mm fraction									
	Quartzite	Quartz	Sandstone	Limestone	Flint	Mudstone	Ironstone	Igneous	Others	
19.0-20.0	61	26	12	1	0	trace	trace	0	0	
20.0-21.0	49	35	13	1	0	1	0	1	0	
21.0-22.0	52	24	20	0	1	1	0	0	0	
22.0-22.7	48	38	11	1	0	trace	trace	1	1	

Surface level +110.0 m (+361 ft)
 Water struck at +105.2 m
 September 1981

Overburden 2.0 m
 Mineral 3.3 m
 Bedrock 0.4 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.3	0.3
Till	Clay, reddish brown	1.7	2.0
Glacial Sand and Gravel	'Clayey' gravel Gravel: fine and coarse, rounded to well rounded quartzite, quartz with sandstone and trace limestone Sand: fine to coarse, angular to subrounded, quartz	3.3	5.3
Mercia Mudstone Group	Mudstone, reddish brown with green spots	0.4+	5.7

GRADING

Mean for deposit percentages			Depth below surface (m)	Percentages						
Fines	Sand	Gravel		Fines		Sand		Gravel		
				- $\frac{1}{4}$	+ $\frac{1}{4}$ - $\frac{1}{4}$	+ $\frac{1}{4}$ -1	+1 -4	+4 -16	+16 -64	+64 mm
11	30	59	2.0-2.6	20	6	8	10	34	22	0
			2.6-3.6	8	13	8	15	39	17	0
			3.6-4.6	9	4	11	13	41	22	0
			4.6-5.3	12	7	9	11	42	19	0
			Mean	11	8	9	13	39	20	0

COMPOSITION

Depth below surface (m)	percentages by weight in 8-16 mm fraction									
	Quartzite	Quartz	Sandstone	Limestone	Flint	Mudstone	Ironstone	Igneous	Others	
2.0-2.6	55	32	12	1	-	0	-	0	0	
2.6-3.6	67	23	8	1	-	0	-	0	1	
3.6-4.6	58	30	11	0	-	trace	-	0	1	
4.6-5.3	63	28	8	0	-	0	-	1	0	

Surface level +72.4 m (+238 ft)
 Water not encountered
 September 1981

Overburden 0.4 m
 Mineral 1.3 m
 Bedrock 0.4 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.4	0.4
River Terrace Deposits	'Clayey' gravel Gravel: fine and coarse, rounded to well rounded quartzite, quartz with sandstone and some ironstone and subrounded flint Sand: fine to coarse, subangular to subrounded quartz	1.3	1.7
Mercia Mudstone Group	Clay, reddish brown with green spots	0.4+	2.1

GRADING

Mean for deposit percentages			Depth below surface (m)	Percentages						
Fines	Sand	Gravel		Fines	Sand		Gravel			
				- $\frac{1}{8}$	+ $\frac{1}{8}$ - $\frac{1}{4}$	+ $\frac{1}{4}$ -1	+1 -4	+4 -16	+16 -64	+64 mm
12	34	54	0.4-1.7	12	7	16	11	29	25	0

COMPOSITION

Depth below surface (m)	percentages by weight in 8-16 mm fraction								
	Quartzite	Quartz	Sandstone	Limestone	Flint	Mudstone	Ironstone	Igneous	Others
0.4-1.7	51	32	12	-	3	-	1	1	-

Surface level +54.4 m (+179 ft)
 Water struck at +52.8 m
 September 1981

Overburden 0.6 m
 Mineral 1.2 m
 Bedrock 0.6 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.6	0.6
River Terrace Deposits	'Very clayey' gravel Gravel: fine and coarse, rounded to well rounded quartzite and quartz with sandstone, subrounded flint and some ironstone and limestone Sand: fine to coarse, angular to subrounded, quartz Fines: yellow-brown silty clay	1.2	1.8
Mercia Mudstone Group	Clay, reddish brown with green spots	0.6+	2.4

GRADING

Mean for deposit percentages			Depth below surface (m)	Percentages						
Fines	Sand	Gravel		Fines	Sand			Gravel		
				- $\frac{1}{8}$	+ $\frac{1}{8}$ - $\frac{1}{4}$	+ $\frac{1}{4}$ -1	+1 -4	+4 -16	+16 -64	+64 mm
27	24	49	0.6-1.8	27	6	10	8	29	20	0

COMPOSITION

Depth below surface (m)	percentages by weight in 8-16 mm fraction								
	Quartzite	Quartz	Sandstone	Limestone	Flint	Mudstone	Ironstone	Igneous	Others
0.6-1.8	47	31	13	1	7	-	1	-	-

SP 26 SW 63 2168 6196 East of Park View

Block F₅

Surface level +77.1 m (+253 ft)
Water struck at +74.6 m
September 1981

Waste 2.8 m
Bedrock 0.3 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.3	0.3
Alluvium	Silty clay, greyish green and reddish brown with plant debris and quartzite and quartz pebbles	2.0	2.3
	Sandy clay with pebbles of quartzite, quartz and sandstone	0.5	2.8
Mercia Mudstone Group	Mudstone, reddish brown with green spots	0.3+	3.1

Surface level +109.9 m (+361 ft)
 Water struck at +105.9 m
 September 1981

Overburden 0.3 m
 Mineral 3.9 m
 Waste 0.8 m
 Bedrock 0.4 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.3	0.3
Glacial Sand and Gravel	'Clayey' gravel Gravel: fine with coarse, rounded to well rounded quartzite and quartz with sandstone and some igneous rocks Sand: fine to coarse, angular to sub-rounded quartz	3.9	4.2
Till?	Clay, reddish brown, stony; pebbles of quartzite, quartz, coal and red and green siltstone and sandstone	0.8	5.0
Mercia Mudstone Group	Clay, reddish brown, with greyish green lenses	0.4+	5.4

GRADING

Mean for deposit percentages			Depth below surface (m)	Percentages						
Fines	Sand	Gravel		Fines	Sand			Gravel		
				- $\frac{1}{16}$	+ $\frac{1}{16}$ - $\frac{1}{4}$	+ $\frac{1}{4}$ -1	+1 -4	+4 -16	+16 -64	+64 mm
14	38	48	0.3-1.4	14	5	11	17	40	13	0
			1.4-2.5	17	6	10	14	35	18	0
			2.5-3.5	12	11	32	11	24	10	0
			3.5-4.2	10	6	16	15	42	11	0
			Mean	14	7	17	14	35	13	0

COMPOSITION

Depth below surface (m)	percentages by weight in 8-16 mm fraction									
	Quartzite	Quartz	Sandstone	Limestone	Flint	Mudstone	Ironstone	Igneous	Others	
0.3-1.4	61	31	5	-	1	-	-	1	1	
1.4-2.5	65	29	4	-	0	-	-	1	1	
2.5-3.5	61	23	13	-	0	-	-	1	2	

Surface level +94.5 m (+310 ft)
 Water struck at +93.4 m
 September 1981

Overburden 0.3 m
 Mineral 2.2 m
 Waste 0.7 m
 Bedrock 0.3 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.3	0.3
Glacial Sand and Gravel	'Very clayey' sandy gravel Gravel: fine and coarse, rounded to well rounded quartzite and quartz with sandstone and some ironstone Sand: fine and medium, angular to subrounded quartz	2.2	2.5
Till?	Clay, reddish brown, stony; pebbles of quartzite, quartz, sandstone and red-brown mudstone	0.7	3.2
Mercia Mudstone Group	Clay, reddish brown with pale green spots	0.3	3.5

GRADING

Mean for deposit percentages			Depth below surface (m)	Percentages						
Fines	Sand	Gravel		Fines	Sand		Gravel			
				- $\frac{1}{8}$	+ $\frac{1}{8}$ - $\frac{1}{4}$	+ $\frac{1}{4}$ -1	+1 -4	+4 -16	+16 -64	+64 mm
26	54	20	0.3-1.5	20	18	32	9	13	8	0
			1.5-2.5	32	22	22	5	11	8	0
			Mean	26	20	27	7	12	8	0

COMPOSITION

Depth below surface (m)	percentages by weight in 8-16 mm fraction									
	Quartzite	Quartz	Sandstone	Limestone	Flint	Mudstone	Ironstone	Igneous	Others	
0.3-1.5	46	35	17	-	trace	-	2	-	-	
1.5-2.5	48	31	21	-	trace	-	0	-	-	

Surface level +95.2 m (+312 ft)
 Water struck at +91.2 m
 September 1981

Overburden 0.4 m
 Mineral 6.0 m
 Bedrock 0.6 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.4	0.4
Glacial Sand and Gravel	'Clayey' sand, fine and medium, subangular to subrounded quartz	6.0	6.4
Mercia Mudstone Group	Clay, reddish brown with green spots and fisheyes	0.6+	7.0

GRADING

Mean for deposit percentages			Depth below surface (m)	Percentages						
Fines	Sand	Gravel		Fines		Sand		Gravel		
				- $\frac{1}{16}$	+ $\frac{1}{16}$ - $\frac{1}{4}$	+ $\frac{1}{4}$ -1	+1 -4	+4 -16	+16 -64	+64 mm
10	88	2	0.4-1.5	19	63	15	2	1	0	0
			1.5-2.5	7	78	15	0	0	0	0
			2.5-3.5	8	64	27	1	0	0	0
			3.5-4.5	6	38	54	1	1	0	0
			4.5-5.5	7	41	50	1	1	0	0
			5.5-6.4	10	70	11	1	2	6	0
			Mean	10	58	29	1	1	1	0

Surface level +112.0 m (+368 ft)
 Water struck at +105.0 m
 September 1981

Overburden 4.4 m
 Mineral 2.9 m
 Waste 7.6 m
 Bedrock 0.1 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.3	0.3
Till	Clay, yellowish brown, stony; pebbles of chalk, flint, yellow sandstone, quartzite, quartz, ironstone and coal	3.3	3.6
Glacial Lake Deposits?	Silty clay, reddish brown and orangy brown, laminated	0.8	4.4
Glacial Sand and Gravel	'Very clayey' sand, fine and medium, subangular to subrounded, quartz	2.9	7.3
	Sandy silt, fine quartz sand with reddish brown silt	2.6	9.9
Glacial Lake Deposits?	Silty clay, reddish brown; laminated from 13.0 to 14.3 m	4.4	14.3
	Clay, sandy, reddish brown, stony	0.4	14.7
	'Very clayey' sand, medium, quartz with reddish silty clay	0.2	14.9
Mercia Mudstone Group	Mudstone, reddish brown with green spots	0.1+	15.0

GRADING

Mean for deposit percentages			Depth below surface (m)	Percentages						
Fines	Sand	Gravel		Fines	Sand		Gravel			
				- $\frac{1}{16}$	+ $\frac{1}{16}$ - $\frac{1}{4}$	+ $\frac{1}{4}$ -1	+1 -4	+4 -16	+16 -64	+64 mm
27	72	1	4.4-5.5	26	26	46	1	1	0	
			5.5-6.5	28	36	36	0	0	0	
			6.5-7.3	29	53	16	1	1	0	
			Mean	27	37	34	1	1	0	

Surface level +97.8 m (+321 ft)
 Water struck at +95.3 m
 September 1981

Overburden 0.3 m
 Mineral 3.0 m
 Bedrock 0.4 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.3	0.3
Glacial Sand and Gravel	'Clayey' sandy gravel Gravel: fine with coarse, rounded to well rounded quartzite and quartz with sandstone Sand: mainly medium, subangular to subrounded, quartz	3.0	3.3
Mercia Mudstone Group	Clay, reddish brown with green spots	0.4+	3.7

GRADING

Mean for deposit percentages			Depth below surface (m)	Percentages						
Fines	Sand	Gravel		Fines	Sand			Gravel		
				- $\frac{1}{16}$	+ $\frac{1}{16}$ - $\frac{1}{4}$	+ $\frac{1}{4}$ -1	+1 -4	+4 -16	+16 -64	+64 mm
11	60	29	0.3-1.3	9	10	42	9	23	7	0
			1.3-2.3	14	13	44	6	15	8	0
			2.3-3.3	11	6	41	7	20	15	0
			Mean	11	10	42	8	19	10	0

COMPOSITION

Depth below surface (m)	percentages by weight in 8-16 mm fraction									
	Quartzite	Quartz	Sandstone	Limestone	Flint	Mudstone	Ironstone	Igneous	Others	
0.3-1.3	61	26	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	
1.3-2.3	53	32	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	
2.3-3.3	50	32	18	-	-	-	-	-	trace	

Surface level +108.7 m (+357 ft)
 Water not encountered
 September 1981

Overburden 0.3 m
 Mineral 2.5 m
 Bedrock 0.5 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.3	0.3
Glacial Sand and Gravel	'Clayey' gravel Gravel: fine and coarse, rounded to well rounded quartzite and quartz with sandstone and some ironstone Sand: mainly medium, subangular to subrounded quartz	2.5	2.8
Mercia Mudstone Group	Clay, reddish brown with green spots	0.5+	3.3

GRADING

Mean for deposit percentages			Depth below surface (m)	Percentages						
Fines	Sand	Gravel		Fines	Sand			Gravel		
				- $\frac{1}{16}$	+ $\frac{1}{16}$ - $\frac{1}{4}$	+ $\frac{1}{4}$ -1	+1 -4	+4 -16	+16 -64	+64 mm
17	40	43	0.3-1.4	19	13	30	5	16	17	0
			1.4-2.4	14	5	12	8	31	30	0
			2.4-2.8	21	9	34	6	12	18	0
			Mean	17	9	25	6	21	22	0

COMPOSITION

Depth below surface (m)	percentages by weight in 8-16 mm fraction								
	Quartzite	Quartz	Sandstone	Limestone	Flint	Mudstone	Ironstone	Igneous	Others
0.3-1.4	55	23	15	-	0	-	6	1	0
1.4-2.4	52	30	16	-	0	-	1	0	1
2.4-2.8	53	28	11	-	4	-	4	0	0

Surface level +75.9 m (+249 ft)
 Water not encountered
 September 1981

Waste 2.1 m
 Bedrock 0.6 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.6	0.6
Glacial Sand and Gravel	Clay, reddish brown, sandy and stony; pebbles of quartzite, quartz and flint and thin layers of fine quartz sand	0.8	1.4
	'Clayey' sandy gravel Gravel: fine with coarse, rounded to well rounded quartzite, quartz and subrounded flint with rounded sandstone Sand: mainly medium, subangular to subrounded quartz	0.2	1.6
	Clay, reddish brown with layers of medium quartz sand and rare quartz pebbles	0.5	2.1
Mercia Mudstone Group	Clay, reddish brown with green spots	0.6+	2.7

GRADING

Mean for deposit percentages			Depth below surface (m)	Percentages						
Fines	Sand	Gravel		Fines	Sand			Gravel		
				- $\frac{1}{8}$	+ $\frac{1}{8}$ - $\frac{1}{4}$	+ $\frac{1}{4}$ -1	+1 -4	+4 -16	+16 -64	+64 mm
12	53	35	1.4-1.6	12	8	38	7	30	5	0

COMPOSITION

Depth below surface (m)	percentages by weight in 8-16 mm fraction									
	Quartzite	Quartz	Sandstone	Limestone	Flint	Mudstone	Ironstone	Igneous	Others	
1.4-1.6	43	22	14	-	21	-	-	-	-	-

Surface level +92.5 m (+303 ft)
 Water not encountered
 September 1981

Overburden 0.4 m
 Mineral 2.8 m
 Waste 0.5 m
 Bedrock 0.4 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.4	0.4
Glacial Sand and Gravel	'Clayey' sandy gravel Gravel: fine and coarse, rounded to well rounded, quartzite, quartz and limestone with sandstone, ironstone and trace mudstone Sand: fine to coarse, subangular to subrounded, quartz	2.8	3.2
	Clay, reddish brown with pebbles of mudstone; laminated	0.5	3.7
Mercia Mudstone Group	Clay, reddish brown with greyish green spots	0.4+	4.1

GRADING

Mean for deposit percentages			Depth below surface (m)	Percentages						
Fines	Sand	Gravel		Fines		Sand		Gravel		
				-1/8	+1/8 - 1/4	+1/4 - 1	+1 - 4	+4 - 16	+16 - 64	+64 mm
12	60	28	0.4-1.4	16	42	27	9	5	1	0
			1.4-2.4	6	5	35	20	18	26	0
			2.4-3.2	12	10	32	12	12	22	0
			Mean	12	19	27	14	12	16	0

COMPOSITION

Depth below surface (m)	percentages by weight in 8-16 mm fraction								
	Quartzite	Quartz	Sandstone	Limestone	Flint	Mudstone	Ironstone	Igneous	Others
1.4-2.4	17	25	19	28	-	1	8	-	2
2.4-3.2	31	32	5	25	-	2	5	-	0

Surface level +90.1 m (+296 ft)
 Water not encountered
 September 1981

Waste 0.4 m
 Mineral 0.7 m
 Bedrock 0.9 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.4	0.4
Glacial Sand and Gravel	Sandy Gravel Gravel: fine and coarse, rounded to well rounded quartzite and quartz with sandstone and ironstone and some mudstone Sand: mainly medium, subangular to subrounded quartz	0.7	1.1
Mercia Mudstone Group	Clay, reddish brown with green marbling	0.9+	2.0

GRADING

Mean for deposit percentages			Depth below surface (m)	Percentages						
Fines	Sand	Gravel		Fines	Sand		Gravel			
				-1/16	+1/16 - 1/4	+1/4 - 1	+1 - 4	+4 - 16	+16 - 64	+64 mm
9	55	36	0.4-1.1	9	7	33	15	19	17	0

COMPOSITION

Depth below surface (m)	percentages by weight in 8-16 mm fraction								
	Quartzite	Quartz	Sandstone	Limestone	Flint	Mudstone	Ironstone	Igneous	Others
0.4-1.1	43	27	19	-	-	2	9	-	-

SP 27 NW 27 2198 7743 The Elms

Block C

Surface level +107 m (+351 ft)
Water not encountered
January 1981

Waste 2.2 m
Bedrock 1.3 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Made ground	1.0	1.0
Glacial Sand and Gravel	Clay, stony, red-brown; scattered rounded to well rounded quartzite and quartz pebbles	1.2	2.2
Mercia Mudstone Group	Mudstone, red-brown with green spots	1.3+	3.5

Surface level +111.4 m (+365 ft)
 Water struck at +105.9 m
 203 mm shell
 December 1980

Overburden 0.4 m
 Mineral 4.2 m
 Waste 0.6 m
 Mineral 1.1 m
 Waste 12.2 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.4	0.4
Glacial Sand and Gravel	a 'Very clayey' pebbly sand Gravel: fine and coarse, rounded to well rounded, mainly quartzite with quartz Sand: fine and medium, subangular to subrounded	4.2	4.6
Glacial Lake Deposits	Silt, sandy, red-brown	0.6	5.2
Glacial Sand and Gravel	b 'Clayey' gravel Gravel: fine and coarse, rounded to well rounded, mainly quartzite with quartz Sand: mainly medium, subangular to subrounded	1.1	6.3
Glacial Lake Deposits	Clay, sandy, stonefree below 12.5 m, red-brown	7.4	13.7
Glacial Sand and Gravel	c Sand with a few pebbles; mainly medium, subangular to subrounded	1.3	15.0
Glacial Lake Deposits	Clay, silty, stonefree below 13.5 m, brown	0.8	15.8
Glacial Sand and Gravel	d Sand with a few pebbles; mainly medium, subangular to subrounded	2.7+	18.5
Hole abandoned due to rising sand			

GRADING

	Mean for deposit percentages			Depth below surface (m)	Percentages						
	Fines	Sand	Gravel		Fines			Gravel			
					-1/16	+1/16 - 1/4	+1/4 - 1	+1 - 4	+4 - 16	+16 - 64	+64 mm
a	24	65	11	0.4-1.4	24	29	34	3	5	5	0
				1.4-2.4	21	19	40	4	8	8	0
				2.4-3.4	22	22	43	2	7	4	0
				3.4-4.6	29	28	31	3	6	3	0
				Mean	24	25	37	3	6	5	0
b	10	29	61	5.2-6.3	10	6	15	8	38	23	0
a+b	22	56	22	Mean	22	20	32	4	13	9	0
c	4	94	2	13.7-15.0	4	32	59	3	2	0	0
d	2	96	2	15.8-16.8	5	39	55	1	0	0	0
				16.8-18.5	1	35	59	2	2	1	0
				Mean	2	36	58	2	1	1	0
a-d	13	74	13	Mean	13	27	44	3	8	5	0

SP 27 NW 29 2330 7784 Balsall Common

Block B

Surface level +117 m (+384 ft)
Water not encountered
December 1980

Waste 3.0 m
Bedrock 1.0 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Made ground and soil	0.8	0.8
Glacial Sand and Gravel	Clay, sandy, stony, yellow-brown becoming red-brown below 1.5 m; scattered rounded to well rounded pebbles, mainly quartzite	2.2	3.0
Mercia Mudstone Group	Mudstone, red-brown with green spots	1.0+	4.0

Surface level +99 m (+325 ft)
 Water struck at +97.8 m
 January 1981

Overburden 1.0 m
 Mineral 2.5 m
 Bedrock 2.5 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil and sandy clay	1.0	1.0
Glacial Sand and Gravel	Gravel Gravel: fine and coarse, rounded to well rounded, quartzite with quartz and some sandstone Sand: medium and coarse, subangular to subrounded	2.5	3.5
Mercia Mudstone Group	Mudstone, red and green	2.5+	6.0

GRADING

Mean for deposit percentages			Depth below surface (m)	Percentages						
Fines	Sand	Gravel		Fines			Sand		Gravel	
				- $\frac{1}{4}$	+ $\frac{1}{4}$ - $\frac{1}{4}$	+ $\frac{1}{4}$ -1	+1 -4	+4 -16	+16 -64	+64 mm
2	27	71	1.0-2.0	2	2	10	9	36	41	0
			2.0-3.5	2	4	16	11	32	35	0
			Mean	2	3	14	10	34	37	0

COMPOSITION

Depth below surface (m)	percentages by weight in +8 mm fraction								
	Quartzite	Quartz	Sandstone	Limestone	Flint	Mudstone	Ironstone	Igneous	Others
1.0-3.5	68	31	1	-	-	trace	-	-	-

Surface level +117.4 m (+385 ft)
 Water struck at +114.2 and +102.8 m
 203 mm shell
 November 1980

Overburden 0.4 m
 Mineral 10.3 m
 Waste 9.6 m
 Bedrock 1.2 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.4	0.4
Glacial Sand and Gravel	a 'Very clayey' pebbly sand Gravel: fine and coarse, subangular to well rounded, mainly quartzite Sand: fine and medium	2.1	2.5
	b 'Clayey' sandy gravel, part gravel Gravel: fine and coarse, subrounded to well rounded, quartzite with quartz and some sandstone and mudstone	7.0	9.5
	c 'Very clayey' pebbly sand Gravel: fine, subrounded to well rounded, mainly quartzite Sand: fine	1.2	10.7
Till	Clay, sandy, stony, reddish brown; scattered subangular to well rounded pebbles, mainly quartzite with quartz	0.8	11.5
Glacial Lake Deposits	Clay, silty, laminated, brown; rare subrounded quartzite pebbles	3.1	14.6
Glacial Sand and Gravel	d 'Very clayey' sandy gravel Gravel: fine and coarse, subrounded to well rounded, mainly quartzite Sand: fine and medium	1.0	15.6
Till?	Clay, sandy, stony, reddish brown; scattered subangular to well rounded pebbles, mainly quartzite and quartz	4.7	20.3
Mercia Mudstone Group	Clay, silty, red-brown	1.2+	21.5

GRADING

	Mean for deposit percentages			Depth below surface (m)	Percentages						
	Fines	Sand	Gravel		Fines			Gravel			
					- $\frac{1}{4}$	+ $\frac{1}{4}$ - $\frac{1}{4}$	+ $\frac{1}{4}$ -1	+1 -4	+4 -16	+16 -64	+64 mm
a	27	63	10	0.4-1.3	25	16	44	2	5	8	0
				1.3-2.5	28	37	26	2	3	4	0
				Mean	27	28	33	2	4	6	0
b	15	49	36	2.5-3.5	16	9	38	5	18	14	0
				3.5-5.0	9	7	22	7	20	35	0
				5.0-6.5	11	12	30	7	18	22	0
				6.5-8.0	25	13	29	5	15	13	0
				8.0-9.5	13	22	38	7	8	12	0
				Mean	15	13	30	6	16	20	0

c	23	73	4	9.5-10.7	23	67	4	2	3	1	0
d	16	56	28	14.6-15.6	16	29	23	4	11	17	0
a+b+c	18	55	27	Mean	18	22	28	5	12	15	0
a-d	18	55	27	Mean	18	23	27	5	12	15	0

COMPOSITION

Depth below surface (m)	percentages by weight in +8mm fraction									
	Quartzite	Quartz	Sandstone	Limestone	Flint	Mudstone	Ironstone	Igneous	Others	
b	3.5-5.0	72	26	-	1	1	-	-	-	-

Surface level +119.4 m (+392 ft)
 Water struck at +116.6 m and +106.4 m
 203 mm shell
 December 1980

Overburden 0.4 m
 Mineral 9.3 m
 Waste 3.3 m
 Mineral 3.5 m
 Waste 0.5 m
 Bedrock 0.5 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.4	0.4
Glacial Sand and Gravel	a 'Clayey' gravel Gravel: mainly coarse with cobbles, subrounded to well rounded, quartzite with quartz Sand: fine and medium	2.4	2.8
	b 'Very clayey' sand with a few pebbles, mainly medium	6.9	9.7
Till	Clay, sandy, stony, brown; scattered subangular to well rounded pebbles, mainly quartzite and quartz	3.3	13.0
Glacial Sand and Gravel	c 'Clayey' sand, brown; fine and medium	3.5	16.5
Glacial Lake Deposits	Silt, sand lenses, stonefree, yellow-brown	0.5	17.0
Mercia Mudstone Group	Mudstone, reddish brown	0.5+	17.5

GRADING

	Mean for deposit percentages			Depth below surface (m)	Percentages						
	Fines	Sand	Gravel		Fines	Sand			Gravel		
						-16	+16 -4	+4 -1	+1 -4	+4 -16	+16 -64
a	10	44	46	0.4-1.5	14	13	11	2	4	46	10
				1.5-2.8	7	27	26	5	17	18	0
				Mean	10	21	19	4	11	30	5
b	31	66	3	2.8-4.5	29	15	47	1	5	3	0
				4.5-6.5	26	19	52	2	1	0	0
				6.5-8.5	34	28	33	2	2	1	0
				8.5-9.7	36	41	22	1	0	0	0
				Mean	31	24	40	2	2	1	0
c	15	85	0	13.0-16.5	15	37	46	2	0	0	0
a+b	25	61	14	Mean	25	23	36	2	4	9	1
a-c	23	67	10	Mean	23	27	38	2	3	6	1

COMPOSITION

	Depth below surface (m)	percentages by weight in +8 mm fraction								
		Quartzite	Quartz	Sandstone	Limestone	Flint	Mudstone	Ironstone	Igneous	Others
a	0.4-2.8	78	21	1	-	-	trace	-	-	-

SP 27 NW 33 2165 7532

Balsall Lodge Farm

Block C

Surface level +118 m (+387 ft)
Water not encountered
January 1981

Waste 7.0 m
Bedrock 0.5 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.2	0.2
Glacial Sand and Gravel	Clay, sandy, red-brown to yellow-brown; rare quartzite and quartz pebbles	1.6	1.8
Glacial Lake Deposits	Clay, stony, red-brown; scattered quartzite, quartz, sandstone and mudstone pebbles	5.2	7.0
Arden Sandstone	Mudstone, greyish green	0.5+	7.5

Surface level +116 m (+381 ft)
 Water struck at +113 m
 203 mm shell
 November 1980

Overburden 0.2 m
 Mineral 1.3 m
 Waste 1.5 m
 Mineral 2.9 m
 Waste 1.4 m
 Mineral 4.2 m
 Waste 7.0 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.2	0.2
?Glacial Sand and Gravel	a 'Very clayey' pebbly sand Gravel: fine, subrounded to well rounded, mainly quartzite with quartz Sand: fine and medium	1.3	1.5
Glacial Lake Deposits	Silt, clay lenses, sandy, reddish brown	1.5	3.0
	b 'Clayey' sand, reddish brown; mainly fine	2.9	5.9
	Clay, silty, stonefree, laminated, brown	1.4	7.3
Glacial Sand and Gravel	c Gravel, part 'clayey', part pebbly sand Gravel: fine and coarse, subangular to well rounded, quartzite with quartz, mudstone and some sandstone Sand: fine and medium, subangular to well rounded	4.2	11.5
?Till	Clay, stony, reddish brown, scattered subrounded to well rounded pebbles, mainly quartzite and quartz	0.8	12.3
Glacial Lake Deposits	Clay, silty, sandy lenses, stonefree, laminated, brown	5.6	17.9
Glacial Sand and Gravel	d Sand, brown; fine Hole abandoned due to rising sand	0.6+	18.5

GRADING

	Mean for deposit percentages			Depth below surface (m)	Percentages							
	Fines	Sand	Gravel		Percentages							
					Fines		Sand		Gravel			
					- $\frac{1}{16}$	+ $\frac{1}{16}$	- $\frac{1}{4}$	+ $\frac{1}{4}$	-1	+1	-4	+4
a	24	65	11	0.2-1.5	24	38	25	2	8	3	0	
b	15	85	0	3.0-4.5	15	64	21	0	0	0	0	
				4.5-5.9	14	52	34	0	0	0		
				Mean	15	58	27	0	0	0		
c	7	37	56	7.3-8.5	4	5	8	3	26	54	0	
				8.5-9.5	4	9	13	5	24	45	0	
				9.5-10.5	10	11	21	7	21	30	0	
				10.5-11.5	9	30	34	10	11	6	0	
				Mean	7	13	18	6	21	35	0	

a+b+c				Mean	12	33	22	3	12	18	0
d	9	88	3	17.9-18.5	9	62	24	2	3	0	0
a-d	12	60	28	Mean	12	35	22	3	11	17	0

COMPOSITION

	Depth below surface (m)	percentages by weight in +8 mm fraction								
		Quartzite	Quartz	Sandstone	Limestone	Flint	Mudstone	Ironstone	Igneous	Others
c	7.3-10.5	71	20	4	-	-	5	-	trace	-

Surface level +112 m (+367 ft)
 Water struck at +107 m
 January 1981

Overburden 6.0 m
 Mineral 2.6 m
 Waste 7.0 m
 Bedrock 0.4 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.3	0.3
Glacial Lake Deposits	Clay, sandy, red-brown; rare quartzite, quartz and mudstone pebbles	2.7	3.0
	Clay, silty, laminated, red-brown; rare quartzite and quartz pebbles	3.0	6.0
Glacial Sand and Gravel	'Clayey' sand, red-brown; fine and medium	2.6	8.6
Glacial Lake Deposits	Clay, silty, sand lenses to 10.3 m, stonefree, laminated, red-brown; intercalations of yellow-brown silt below 11.5 m	7.0	15.6
Mercia Mudstone Group	Mudstone, red-brown and grey-green	0.4+	16.0

GRADING

Mean for deposit percentages			Depth below surface (m)	Percentages						
Fines	Sand	Gravel		Fines	Sand			Gravel		
				- $\frac{1}{8}$	+ $\frac{1}{8}$ - $\frac{1}{4}$	+ $\frac{1}{4}$ -1	+1 -4	+4 -16	+16 -64	+64 mm
14	86	0	6.0-7.0	18	40	42	0	0		
			7.0-8.6	12	50	37	1	0		
			Mean	14	46	39	1	0		

Surface level +112.1 m (+368 ft)
 Water not encountered
 203 mm shell
 December 1980

Overburden 0.4 m
 Mineral 3.6 m
 Bedrock 1.5 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.4	0.4
Glacial Sand and Gravel	'Very clayey' gravel Gravel: fine and coarse, subangular to well rounded, mainly quartzite with quartz Sand: fine and medium	3.6	4.0
Arden Sandstone	Mudstone, red-brown with green sandstone	1.5+	5.5

GRADING

Mean for deposit percentages			Depth below surface (m)	Percentages						
Fines	Sand	Gravel		Fines	Sand			Gravel		
				- $\frac{1}{8}$	+ $\frac{1}{16}$ - $\frac{1}{4}$	+ $\frac{1}{4}$ -1	+1 -4	+4 -16	+16 -64	+64 mm
25	33	42	0.4-1.5	24	21	27	2	9	17	0
			1.5-3.0	17	4	13	10	30	26	0
			3.0-4.0	40	6	9	7	18	20	0
			Mean	25	10	16	7	20	22	0

SP 27 SW 12 2288 7448 Frogmore Wood

Block C

Surface level +127 m (+417 ft)
 Water not encountered
 January 1981

Waste 11.0 m
 Bedrock 0.5 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.3	0.3
Till	Clay, silty, stony, red-brown with blue-grey gleying to 2.0m; scattered subangular to well rounded quartzite, quartz, sandstone and mudstone pebbles	9.9	10.2
	Gravel lens; fine and coarse, subrounded to well rounded quartzite, quartz and sandstone clasts	0.8	11.0
Mercia Mudstone Group	Mudstone, greyish green	0.5+	11.5

Surface level +121.4 m (+398 ft)
 Water struck at +117.9 m and + 111.8 m
 203 mm shell
 November 1980

Waste 18.6 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.2	0.2
Glacial Lake Deposits	Clay, silty, sandier with depth, reddish brown with white gleying	3.3	3.5
	Silt, sandy, stonefree, brown	0.5	4.0
Till	Clay, stony, reddish brown; scattered subangular to well rounded, quartzite, quartz, sandstone and mudstone pebbles	5.6	9.6
Glacial Lake Deposits	Silt, sandy, stonefree, brown	2.0	11.6
	'Very clayey' sand with a few pebbles, silt lenses, brown; fine	2.5	14.1
	Silt, clayey, stonefree, brown	3.2	17.3
?Till	Clay, stony, reddish brown; scattered subrounded to well rounded quartzite, quartz, sandstone and mudstone pebbles	1.3+	18.6
Hole abandoned - no recovery			

GRADING

Mean for deposit percentages			Depth below surface (m)	Percentages						
Fines	Sand	Gravel		Fines	Sand		Gravel			
				-1/8	+1/8 - 1/4	+1/4 - 1	+1 - 4	+4 - 16	+16 - 64	+64 mm
28	68	4	11.6-14.1	28	63	3	2	2	2	0

Surface level +120.0 m (+394 ft)
 Water struck at +115.5 m
 February 1981

Overburden 2.8 m
 Mineral 13.2 m
 Waste 0.9 m
 Bedrock 0.1 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.3	0.3
Till	Clay, reddish brown, stony; pebbles of quartzite, quartz and sandstone	2.5	2.8
Glacial Sand and Gravel	a 'Very clayey' pebbly sand Gravel: fine and coarse, rounded to well rounded quartzite and quartz Sand: fine and medium, subangular to subrounded, quartz	2.0	4.8
	b 'Clayey' sand, fine and medium, quartz	11.2	16.0
	Clay, reddish brown, stony; pebbles of quartzite, quartz and red and green mudstone	0.9	16.9
Mercia Mudstone Group	Mudstone, reddish brown with greyish green marbling	0.1+	17.0

GRADING

	Mean for deposit percentages			Depth below surface (m)	Percentages						
	Fines	Sand	Gravel		Fines			Gravel			
					-16	+16 -4	+4 -1	+1 -4	+4 -16	+16 -64	+64 mm
a	20	70	10	2.8-3.8	23	32	39	1	2	3	0
				3.8-4.8	18	23	42	2	6	9	0
				Mean	20	27	41	2	4	6	0
b	19	80	1	4.8-5.8	25	28	43	2	2	0	0
				5.8-6.8	24	26	50	0	0	0	0
				6.8-7.8	20	25	55	0	0	0	0
				7.8-8.8	22	27	50	0	1	0	0
				8.8-9.8	15	20	61	2	2	0	0
				9.8-10.8	14	17	68	1	0	0	0
				10.8-11.8	11	23	64	1	1	0	0
				11.8-12.8	14	43	41	1	1	0	0
				12.8-13.8	19	52	28	1	0	0	0
				13.8-14.8	17	53	29	1	0	0	0
				14.8-16.0	26	56	18	0	0	0	0
Mean	19	34	45	1	1	0	0				
a+b	19	79	2	2.8-16.0	19	33	45	1	1	1	0

Surface level +131.7 m (+432 ft)
 Water struck at +123.7 m and +120.2 m
 January 1981

Waste 14.2 m
 Bedrock 0.3 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.4	0.4
Glacial Sand and Gravel?	Clay, sand lenses, red-brown; scattered quartzite and quartz pebbles	3.8	4.2
Till	Clay, stony, brown; scattered subrounded to well rounded quartzite, quartz, sandstone and mudstone pebbles	3.1	7.3
Glacial Lake Deposits	Clay, silt lenses, stonefree, laminated, red-brown	4.2	11.5
Glacial Sand and Gravel	Gravel Gravel: fine and coarse with some cobbles, rounded to well rounded, mainly quartzite with quartz Sand: medium, angular to subrounded	2.7	14.2
Mercia Mudstone Group	Mudstone, red-brown and green	0.3+	14.5

GRADING

Mean for deposit percentages			Depth below surface (m)	Percentages						
Fines	Sand	Gravel		Fines	Sand		Gravel			
				-1/16	+1/16 - 1/4	+1/4 - 1	+1 - 4	+4 - 16	+16 - 64	+64 mm
4	29	67	11.5-12.5	3	3	18	11	30	34	1
			12.5-14.2	4	4	16	6	32	38	0
			Mean	4	4	17	8	31	36	0

SP 27 SW 19 2053 7240 Park Farm

Block D

Surface level +124.5 m (+408 ft)
 Water not encountered
 September 1982

Waste 9.3 m
 Bedrock 0.2 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.2	0.2
Glacial Sand and Gravel	Sandy gravel Gravel: fine with coarse, rounded quartzite and quartz Sand: medium and coarse, angular to subrounded quartz Fines: silty clay, yellowish brown	0.4	0.6
Till	Clay, sandy and silty, reddish brown, stony; pebbles of quartz and quartzite	3.4	4.0
Glacial Lake Deposits	Silt and silty clay, reddish brown; laminated in parts	5.3	9.3
Arden Sandstone	Mudstone, greenish grey	0.2+	9.5

Surface level +129.2 m (+424 ft)
 Water struck at +124.7 m and 117.2 m
 September 1982

Overburden 3.0 m
 Mineral 5.0 m
 Waste 4.6 m
 Bedrock 0.1 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.4	0.4
Glacial Sand and Gravel	Clay, yellowish orange, stony and below 2.0 m sandy; pebbles of quartzite, quartz and sandstone	2.6	3.0
	'Very clayey' sand Sand: mainly fine, quartz Fines: silty clay, reddish brown	5.0	8.0
	Silt, reddish brown, sandy	0.2	8.2
Till	Clay, reddish brown and brown, stony; pebbles of quartzite, quartz, sandstone and red and green siltstone	4.4	12.6
Mercia Mudstone Group	Mudstone, greyish green	0.1+	12.7

GRADING

Mean for deposit percentages			Depth below surface (m)	Percentages						
Fines	Sand	Gravel		Fines	Sand		Gravel			
				- $\frac{1}{16}$	+ $\frac{1}{16}$ - $\frac{1}{4}$	+ $\frac{1}{4}$ -1	+1 -4	+4 -16	+16 -64	+64 mm
33	67	0	3.0-4.2	29	49	20	2	0		
			4.2-5.2	35	54	10	1	0		
			5.2-6.2	36	56	8	0	0		
			6.2-7.2	32	60	8	0	0		
			7.2-8.0	32	58	9	0	0		
			Mean	33	55	11	1	0		

Surface level +124.0 m (+407 ft)
 Water struck at +114.4 m and +105.1 m
 September 1982

Overburden 9.6 m
 Mineral 6.8 m
 Waste 4.2 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.1	0.1
Till	Clay, brown, sandy, stony; pebbles of quartzite and quartz	0.8	0.9
	Clay, reddish brown, stony; pebbles of quartzite, quartz, sandstone, coal and red and green mudstone	2.2	3.1
	Clay, yellowish brown, stony; pebbles of chalk, flint, shell fragments, quartz, quartzite and red and green mudstone	0.7	3.8
	Clay, reddish brown, stony; pebbles of quartzite, quartz, sandstone and coal	5.8	9.6
Glacial Sand and Gravel	'Very clayey' sand Sand: fine and medium, quartz Fines: silty clay, reddish brown	6.8	16.4
Glacial Lake Deposits	Silt and silty clay, reddish brown, laminated; with fine quartz sand below 18.9 m	4.0	20.4
?Till	Clay, yellowish brown and reddish brown	0.2+	20.6

GRADING

Mean for deposit percentages			Depth below surface (m)	Percentages						
Fines	Sand	Gravel		Fines	Sand		Gravel			
				- $\frac{1}{16}$	+ $\frac{1}{16}$ - $\frac{1}{4}$	+ $\frac{1}{4}$ -1	+1 -4	+4 -16	+16 -64	+64 mm
21	79	0	9.6-11.6	21	34	44	1	0		
			11.6-12.6	14	28	57	1	0		
			12.6-13.6	17	27	54	2	0		
			13.6-14.6	26	31	40	3	0		
			14.6-15.6	24	46	29	1	0		
			15.6-16.4	24	50	25	1	0		
			Mean	21	35	43	1	0		

Surface level +126.1 m (+414 ft)
 Water struck at +108.6 m
 September 1982

Waste 17.4 m
 Bedrock 0.2 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.4	0.4
Till	Clay, reddish brown, stony; pebbles of quartzite, quartz, coal and red and green mudstone	15.6	16.0
	Clay, reddish brown, laminated	0.5	16.5
	Sand, medium and coarse, quartz	0.3	16.8
	Clay, reddish brown, stony; pebbles of quartzite, quartz, coal and red and green mudstone	0.6	17.4
Mercia Mudstone Group	Mudstone, reddish brown with greenish bands	0.2+	17.6

Surface level +122.1 m (+401 ft)
 Water struck at +111.1 m
 September 1982

Overburden 1.6 m
 Mineral 2.4 m
 Waste 6.8 m
 Mineral 5.5 m
 Bedrock 0.2 m+

LOG

Geological classification	Lithology	Thickness m	Depth m
	Soil	0.2	0.2
Glacial Sand and Gravel	Clay, sandy, reddish brown and yellowish orange, stony; pebbles of quartzite and quartz	1.4	1.6
	a 'Very clayey' gravel Gravel: fine and coarse, rounded to well rounded quartzite, quartz and sandstone Sand: fine to coarse, angular to subrounded, quartz Fines: silty clay, yellowish orange	2.4	4.0
	Silty clay, yellowish, stony; pebbles of quartzite and quartz	0.5	4.5
Till	Clay, reddish brown, stony; pebbles of quartzite, quartz, sandstone, coal and red and green siltstone	5.0	9.5
Glacial Lake Deposits	Clay, sandy with layers of fine quartz sand; laminated	1.3	10.8
Glacial Sand and Gravel	b 'Clayey' pebbly sand Gravel: fine and coarse, rounded to well rounded, quartzite and quartz Sand: mainly medium, subangular to subrounded, quartz Fines: silty clay, reddish brown	3.0	13.8
	c Sand, medium, subangular to subrounded quartz	2.5	16.3
Mercia Mudstone Group	Mudstone, reddish brown and greyish green	0.2+	16.5

GRADING

	Mean for deposit percentages			Depth below surface (m)	Percentages						
	Fines	Sand	Gravel		Fines		Sand		Gravel		
					- $\frac{1}{16}$	+ $\frac{1}{16}$ - $\frac{1}{4}$	+ $\frac{1}{4}$ -1	+1 -4	+4 -16	+16 -64	+64 mm
a	21	35	44	1.6-2.0	26	25	26	3	9	11	0
				2.0-3.0	20	8	14	8	25	25	0
				3.0-4.0	20	7	13	10	31	19	0
				Mean	21	11	16	8	24	20	0
b	19	64	17	10.8-11.8	34	17	29	2	6	12	0
				11.8-12.8	13	12	56	4	12	3	0
				12.8-13.8	11	9	53	8	13	6	0
				Mean	19	13	46	5	10	7	0
c	5	95	0	13.8-14.8	5	11	74	10	0	0	0
				14.8-16.3	4	16	78	2	0	0	0
				Mean	5	14	76	5	0	0	0
a+b+c	15	65	20	Mean	15	12	47	6	11	9	0

COMPOSITION

Depth below surface (m)	percentages by weight in 8-16 mm fraction									
	Quartzite	Quartz	Sandstone	Limestone	Flint	Mudstone	Ironstone	Igneous	Others	
1.6-2.0	47	35	18	-	-	-	-	-	-	

APPENDIX F

Resistivity Survey

Of the range of geophysical techniques tested during an initial feasibility study conducted in the district during 1981, ground resistivity surveying, and, in particular, the Offset Wenner sounding system was found to be the most cost-effective for obtaining acceptably consistent results rapidly (Clarke and others, 1982: unpublished report).

Theory

Resistivity is defined as the resistance to electrical flow of a volume of ground of unit length and cross-sectional area. Apparent resistivity (measured in ohm.metres, ohm m) is a weighted combination of the resistivities of sub-surface layers, and is obtained by passing a current (I) (Figure 7) between two current electrodes, C1 and C2, and measuring the potential difference (ΔV) between two potential electrodes, P1 and P2. By changing the positions of the electrodes systematically for a particular configuration, a series of apparent resistivity readings may be obtained in order to resolve the sub-surface layering. For the Wenner electrode configuration (Figure 7a), the apparent resistivity (ρa) is given by:-

$$\rho a = 2\pi a \frac{\Delta V}{I}$$

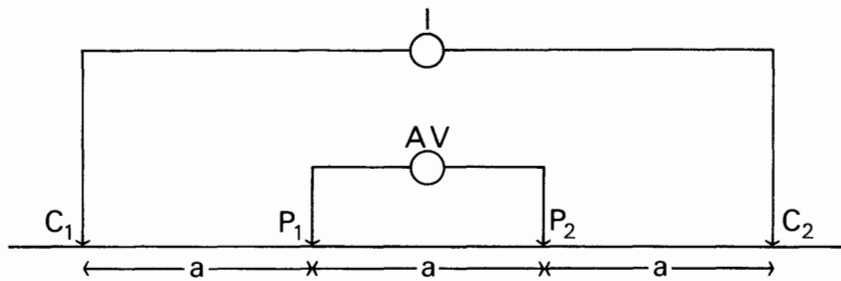
where a is the electrode separation.

At all the sites investigated geophysically, the Offset Wenner sounding system was used in conjunction with the averaging system for improved accuracy of the results and a digital read-out of the measured resistances. The Offset Wenner system was designed for operation with a multi-core cable containing metal connections for each of the electrode positions, which feeds back to a central switching box. This technique uses a central electrode in addition to the conventional Wenner array electrode positions (Figure 7b). By combining measurements from different electrode configurations (selected by using the switching box), it is possible to check the consistency of the readings, to compensate for the effect of near-surface lateral variations and to reduce the total number of electrode positions occupied. By this means, all the electrodes can be planted and connected at the same time, making the system practical for one-man operation as well as being rapid and cost-effective.

Results

Using the Offset Wenner sounding system, 406 resistivity depth soundings were taken at 137 sites. In general, three resistivity depth soundings were carried out at each site at approximately 45° to one another, depending on geological conditions and local physical constraints. At two sites (HY 81 and HY 108), 4 depth soundings were taken because of the presence of two distinct geological deposits at the surface.

Control boreholes were drilled at or near to 16 of the geophysical sites to provide calibration of the results obtained at each. Full details are given in Appendix H,



a. Wenner

	1	2	3	4	5	electrodes
configuration	C ₁	P ₁		P ₂	C ₂	R _A
	C ₁	C ₂		P ₁	P ₂	R _B
	C ₁	P ₁		C ₂	P ₂	R _C
	C ₁	P ₁	P ₂	C ₂		R _{D1} } R _{D2} } RD
		C ₁	P ₁	P ₂	C ₂	

b. Offset Wenner (five electrode array)

Figure 7 Electrode configurations of the resistivity arrays

Table 9 Comparison of the thickness of sand and gravel and the depth to base of the drift proved by boreholes and derived from the interpretation of resistivity depth soundings. (See also Appendix H).

Borehole Number	Thickness of mineral proved by shell and auger drilling (m)	Depth to base of drift (m)	Resistivity Depth Sounding Identification No. (m)	Mean thickness of sand and gravel interpreted from resistivity soundings (m)	Depth to base of drift (m)
16 NE 66	2.3	4.0	HY 53	3.8	4.2
16 SW 17	1.2	1.7	HY 99	2.0	2.2
16 SE 6	-	2.0	HY 106	-	2.8
16 SE 8	1.3	2.9	HY 108	1.5	2.3
17 NW 176	2.9*	10.2	HY 4	2.8	10.2
17 NW 177	0.8	10.0	HY 7	- **	8.9
17 NW 178	0.6	10.5	HY 3	- **	10.3
17 SW 191	4.6	10.8	HY 12	5.8	10.0
17 SW 193	0.5	8.2	HY 16	3.9	9.2
17 SW 194	2.5	6.2	HY 14	4.3	5.9
17 SW 195	5.8	9.0	HY 15	7.1	9.4
17 SW 196	4.9	8.0	HY 13	5.5	7.9
17 SE 73	-	0.6	HY 19	-	0.5
17 SE 76	7.6	7.9	HY 22	7.2	7.4
17 SE 77	-	1.8	HY 27	-	3.6
25 NW 64	5.0	6.2	HY 134	5.5	6.8
Mean thickness	3.1	6.3		3.8	6.4

* Includes 1.3 m waste parting; ** Sand and gravel not recognised in resistivity depth soundings.

and a comparison of the mean thicknesses of the sand and gravel and the depths to the base of drift at the borehole and resistivity sites constitute Table 9.

The depth to the base of the drift, as interpreted from the resistivity soundings, compares favourably with the values obtained for the same interval from the control boreholes: the respective mean values are 6.4 m and 6.3 m. For each of the 13 control sites where sand and gravel was proved, the calculated mean thickness of mineral in the boreholes is 3.1 m compared with 3.8 m based on data from the interpretation of the resistivity depth probes. This considerable discrepancy can be attributed largely to the results from three sites (16 NE 66, 17 SW 193 and 17 SW 194) at which the percentage difference between the recorded and interpreted thicknesses is over 40 per cent. Such wide variations arise because the borehole and resistivity traverse, in each case, were unavoidably sited over 100 m apart: in arable areas, the preferred location for boreholes, from the landowners' point of view and for ease of access, were the edges and corners of fields, whereas the resistivity method requires the multi-core cable to be laid out in a straight line (usually over 64 m in length) and well away from any field boundaries where lateral variations in the resistivity values might arise from the presence of ditches, trees and the like. If the results obtained from these three sites are discounted, the mean thickness of sand and gravel for the remaining sites is 3.5 m calculated from the borehole records compared with 3.7 m interpreted from the resistivity results. Such a difference may be regarded as acceptable in terms of the expected reliability of an extensive survey conducted at the indicated level of assessment.

Interpretation

Interpretation of the apparent resistivity values was carried out using a field-based micro-computer and printer which were programmed to produce the listings of field data, interpretation and plots for each depth sounding. The system enabled the operator to enter and interpret the resistivity readings at the end of each day, in order to provide an immediate check on the consistency and reliability of the results. Any unusual or discrepant data were re-run on the ground. The results

from each resistivity site are summarised in Appendix G; interpreted resistivity values and the derived thickness of each layer have been collated from up to 4 soundings at each site and the calculated mean thicknesses of sand and gravel and overburden have been used in the assessment of resources.

Frequency distribution plots of the interpreted resistivity values calculated from the field apparent resistivity readings are shown in Figures 8 and 9. High resistivity values (>60 ohm m) can invariably be attributed to sands and gravels, whereas values below about 40 ohm m are indicative of clay (or very clayey deposits). Intermediate value (40 to 60 ohm m) needed careful interpretation and may be attributed to either sandy or clayey deposits. Thus, it can be seen from Figures 8 and 9 that the potentially workable deposits of sand and gravel are to be found mainly in the Glacial Sand and Gravel and also, in some cases, in the Alluvium and First River Terrace Deposits.

Comparison of the interpreted resistivity values with the orientation of each sounding was conducted for Glacial Sand and Gravel, Till and Mercia Mudstone Group, but revealed no evidence that a particular orientation affected the consistency of the results. The nature of the deposits is known to be very variable even over a short distance (of say, 50 m) and such variations may have cancelled out any depositional characteristics that may be present.

Summary

The interpretations of the resistivity depth soundings using the Offset Wenner configuration, demonstrate that the method provides a rapid and consistent technique for assessing the nature and thickness of scattered drift deposits. The results, compared with those from control boreholes, generally, but not invariably, show an over-estimation in the interpreted thickness of sand and gravel, of about 20 per cent on average: this may possibly be attributed to the variability of the deposits themselves. However, the average depth to the base of drift derived from the resistivity readings correlates closely with the data from the control boreholes, usually to within ± 5 per cent.

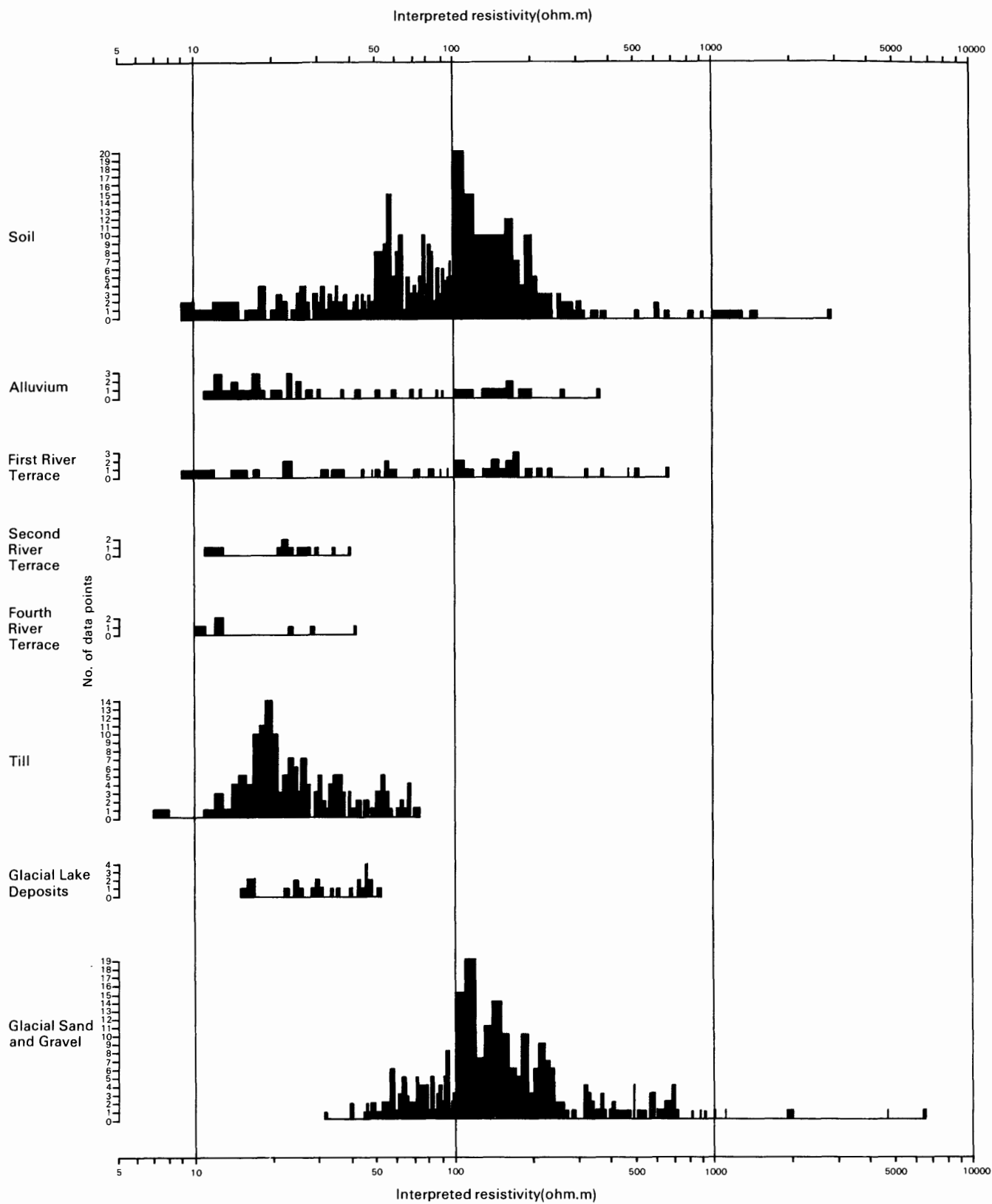


Figure 8 Frequency distribution of the resistivity results for the Drift deposits
 Since the preparation of this diagram, some of the First River Terrace Deposits have been reclassified as Second Terrace.

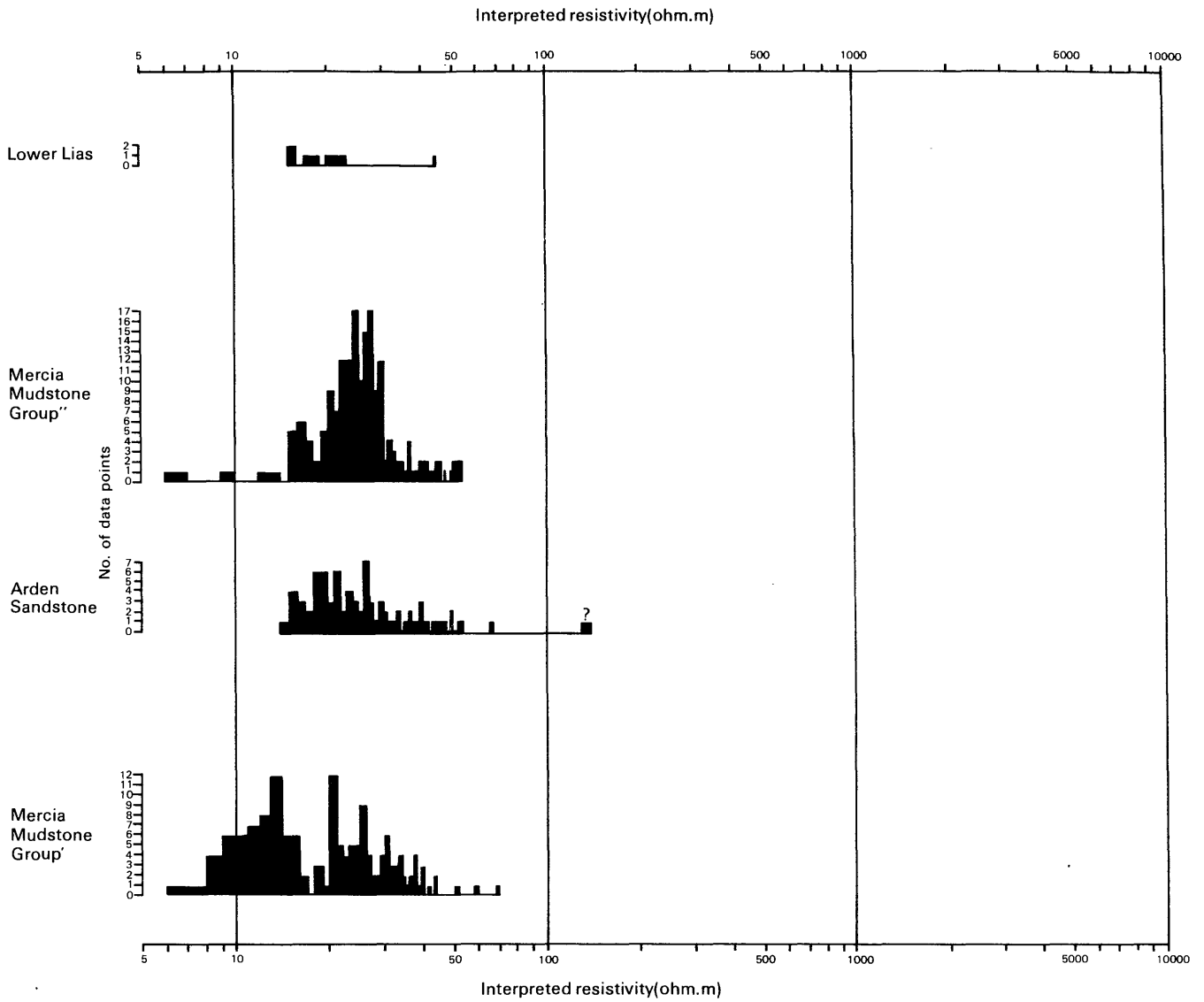


Figure 9 Frequency distribution of the resistivity results for the Solid deposits

Although the Mercia Mudstone Group has not been differentiated elsewhere in the Report, the mudstones above and below the Arden Sandstone display slightly different resistivities arising from the marginally more silty nature of the upper division.

APPENDIX G

Summary of Resistivity Results

In the listings below, the following conventions are used. The Depth Sounding Identification Number, comprising an abbreviation of the sheet name (Hendley-in-Arden) and the accession number for the sheet (e.g. HY 48), is followed by the six-figure National Grid Reference for the site, accurate to 100 m. This location, which is referred to the nearest named locality on the 1:25 000 base map, is the mid-point of an area within which individual depth soundings were taken: one sounding was taken at two sites (HY 4, 101) two soundings were conducted at three of the sites (HY 6, 7, 35), 3 at 130 sites and 4 at the remaining two sites (HY 81, 108). (The location of each sounding is shown by a symbol on the resource map, and further details are presented in Appendix H).

The summary of the resistivity results from the soundings at each site comprises the range of interpreted resistivity values (in ohm metres) and thicknesses (in metres) for each identified layer, together with a lithological interpretation and in brackets, the most likely geological classification.

The resource block within which the site falls and the geology, deduced from the mapping, are also given.

HY 1	105 771	Tyburn Farm	Block A	HY 6	116 752	Lady Lane Farm	Block A
Mapped geology:	Glacial Sand and Gravel overlying Glacial Lake Deposits			Mapped geology:	Glacial Lake Deposits		
Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, 0.4-0.5 m thick, 89-112 ohm m. Sand and gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 1.1-1.3 m thick, 228-356 ohm m overlying sand and gravel interbedded with silt (Glacial Lake Deposits), 1.9-5.7 m thick, 45-85 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 3.4 m-7.0 m depth, 22-23 ohm m.			Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, 0.3 m thick, 101-102 ohm m. Clay (Glacial Lake Deposits), 1.3-1.4 m thick, 25-29 ohm m overlying sand and gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 4.6-5.1 m thick, 106-132 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 6.3-6.7 m depth, 9-17 ohm m.		
HY 2	115 764	Dickens' Heath Farm	Block A	HY 7	103 765	Whitlock's End	Block A
Mapped geology:	Till overlying Glacial Sand and Gravel			Mapped geology:	Till		
Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, 0.5-0.9 m thick, 69-131 ohm m. Sandy clay (Till), 0.9-2.0 m thick, 53-63 ohm m overlying sand and gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 7.1-8.3 m thick, 153-162 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 8.9-10.8 m depth, 12-22 ohm m.			Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, 0.7-1.4 m thick, 71-114 ohm m. Clay (Till), 6.5-9.2 m thick, 26-35 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, part sandy, 7.2-10.5 m depth, 25-45 ohm m.		
HY 3	131 769	Lodge Farm	Block A	HY 8	122 744	Salter Street Farm	Block A
Mapped geology:	Till			Mapped geology:	Till		
Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, 1.1-1.7 m thick, 102-168 ohm m. Clay, part sandy (Till), 6.1-11.7 m thick, 30-52 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 7.8-12.8 m depth, 20-21 ohm m.			Resistivity results:	Soil, clay, part sandy, 0.9-1.5 m thick, 38-92 ohm m. Clay (Till), 6.5-8.2 m thick, 27-35 ohm m. Bedrock (Arden Sandstone), clay, 8.0-9.1 m depth, 17-19 ohm m.		
HY 4	110 776	Whitlock's End Farm	Block A	HY 9	130 744	Lodge Paddocks	Block A
Mapped geology:	Till overlying Glacial Sand and Gravel			Mapped geology:	Till		
Resistivity results:	Made ground to 1.6 m with a resistivity of 140 ohm m. Clay (Till), 5.9 m thick, 23 ohm m overlying sand and gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 2.7 m thick. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 10.2 m depth, 21 ohm m.			Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, 0.6-0.9 m thick, 81-88 ohm m. Clay (Till and Glacial Lake Deposits), 7.4-11.6 m thick, 23-37 ohm m. Bedrock (Arden Sandstone), clay, 8.2-12.2 m depth, 26-32 ohm m.		
HY 5	105 755	Rumbush	Block A	HY 10	106 733	Springbrook Farm	Block A
Mapped geology:	Till			Mapped geology:	Till overlying Glacial Lake Deposits		
Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, 0.4-0.5 m thick, 132-194 ohm m. Sandy clay (Till), 0.3-0.5 m thick, 67-72 ohm m overlying sand and gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 7.0-9.3 m thick, 113-183 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 7.8-10.2 m depth, 26-27 ohm m.			Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, 0.6-0.8 m thick, 67-168 ohm m. Clay, part sandy (Till), 5.0-6.5 m thick, 19-43 ohm m overlying clay (Glacial Lake Deposits), 1.5 m thick, 22-40 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 7.1-7.8 m depth, 17-21 ohm m.		
HY 11	122 726	The Beeches	Block A	Mapped geology:	Till		
Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, 0.5-0.6 m thick, 48-62 ohm m. Clay (Till), 1.5-2.0 m thick, 19-30 ohm m overlying clay (Glacial Lake Deposits), 7.0-7.4 m thick, 16 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group, part Arden Sandstone), clay, 9.3-9.5 m depth, 23-25 ohm m.						

HY 12	138 727	Heathfield Farm	Block A	HY 17	121 705	Leasowes	Block B
Mapped geology:	Till			Mapped geology:	Alluvium		
Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, part clay, 0.3-0.8 m thick, 31-62 ohm m. Clay (Till), 2.5-4.8 m thick, 18-33 ohm m overlying sand and gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 4.6-6.7 m thick, 123-170 ohm m. Bedrock (Arden Sandstone), clay, 9.6-10.2 m depth, 17-21 ohm m.			Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, part clay, 0.7-1.4 m thick, 27-94 ohm m. Clay (Alluvium), 2.7-3.4 m thick, 13-28 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 3.4-4.8 m depth, 16-21 ohm m.		
HY 13	147 720	Nuthurst	Block A	HY 18	146 706	Kemps Green Farm	Block B
Mapped geology:	Till overlying Glacial Sand and Gravel			Mapped geology:	Till overlying Glacial Sand and Gravel		
Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, 0.4 m thick, 143-192 ohm m. Sandy clay (Till), 0.5-3.1 m thick, 35-66 ohm m overlying sand and gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 4.1-7.7 m thick, 187-346 ohm m. Bedrock (Arden Sandstone), clay, part sandy, 7.5-8.6 m depth, 23-49 ohm m.			Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, 0.5-0.8 m thick, 77-100 ohm m. Clay (Till), 3.8-7.2 m thick, 20-30 ohm m overlying sand and gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 2.2-4.1 m thick, 99-110 ohm m. Bedrock (Arden Sandstone), clay, part sandy, 7.9-10.2 m depth, 27-36 ohm m.		
HY 14	105 710	Gilbert's Green	Block B	HY 19	152 744	Box Trees	Block B
Mapped geology:	Till overlying Glacial Sand and Gravel			Mapped geology:	Till		
Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, 0.0-0.3 m thick, 56-61 ohm m. Clay, part sandy (Till), 1.2-1.7 m thick, 30-43 ohm m overlying sand and gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 3.8-4.6 m thick, 81-187 ohm m. Bedrock (Arden Sandstone), clay, 5.3-6.3 m depth, 24-28 ohm m.			Resistivity results:	Clay, part sandy (Till), 0.4-0.8 m thick, 32-64 ohm m. Bedrock (Arden Sandstone), clay, 0.4-0.8 m depth, 14-20 ohm m.		
HY 15	139 711	Umberslade Park	Block B	HY 20	194 748	Black Boy Bridge	Block D
Mapped geology:	Till overlying Glacial Sand and Gravel			Mapped geology:	Glacial Sand and Gravel		
Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, 0.6-0.9 m thick, 148-2801 ohm m (poor electrode contact at one sounding). Clay, part sandy (Till), 0.0-8.8 m thick, 18-51 ohm m overlying sand and gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 6.0-8.1 m thick, 105-325 ohm m. Bedrock (Arden Sandstone), clay, 8.8-10.1 m depth, 19-26 ohm m.			Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, 0.3-0.5 m thick, 119-233 ohm m. Sand and gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 6.5-9.4 m thick, 116-210 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 7.0-9.7 m depth, 25-26 ohm m.		
HY 16	102 701	Alderhanger Wood	Block B	HY 21	176 737	Darley Green	Block B
Mapped geology:	Till overlying Glacial Sand and Gravel			Mapped geology:	Glacial Sand and Gravel		
Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, part clayey, 0.8-1.7 m thick, 42-78 ohm m. Clay (Till), 3.8-4.1 m thick, 16-19 ohm m overlying sand and gravel, part clayey (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 3.7-4.2 m thick, 48-84 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 8.8-9.5 m depth, 21-24 ohm m.			Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, 0.3 m thick, 93-118 ohm m. Sand and gravel, part clayey (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 6.0-8.6 m thick, 56-211 ohm m. Bedrock (Arden Sandstone), clay, part sandy, 6.3-8.9 m depth, 19-30 ohm m.		
HY 22	194 738	Yew Tree Farm	Block D	Mapped geology:	Glacial Sand and Gravel		
Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, part clayey, 0.0-0.3 m thick, 46-76 ohm m. Sand and gravel, part clayey (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 6.6-8.3 m thick, 47-111 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 6.8-8.6 m depth, 21-23 ohm m.			Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, part clayey, 0.0-0.3 m thick, 46-76 ohm m. Sand and gravel, part clayey (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 6.6-8.3 m thick, 47-111 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 6.8-8.6 m depth, 21-23 ohm m.		

HY 23	157 730	Hockley Heath Block B	HY 28	170 712	Bearhouse Farm Block B
Mapped geology:	Till		Mapped geology:	Glacial Sand and Gravel	
Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, 0.3-1.0 m thick, 50-99 ohm m. Clay, part sandy (Till), 1.1-1.5 m thick, 33-49 ohm m partly underlain by sand and gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 2.6-3.0 m thick, 144-206 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 2.5-4.5 m depth, 18-23 ohm m.		Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, 0.5 m thick, 105-169 ohm m. Sand and gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 3.3-6.2 m thick, 74-107 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 3.8-6.7 m depth, 24-26 ohm m.	
HY 24	178 729	Packwood Farm Block B	HY 29	189 714	Kingswood House Block D
Mapped geology:	Till and Glacial Sand and Gravel		Mapped geology:	Glacial Sand and Gravel	
Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, 0.3-0.5 m thick, 57-232 ohm m. Clay (Till), one sounding only, 2.3 m thick, 36 ohm m. Sand and gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 5.0-5.6 m thick, 90-415 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 5.5-7.1 m depth, 26-38 ohm m.		Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, 0.8-1.5 m thick, 155-222 ohm m. Clayey sand and gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 15.4-17.0 m thick, 48 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 16.2-18.5 m depth, 21-26 ohm m.	
HY 25	182 720	The Lightwoods Block B	HY 30	155 706	Brook House Farm Block F₃
Mapped geology:	Till		Mapped geology:	Alluvium	
Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy becoming clayey below c 0.4 m, 1.0-1.2 m thick, 56-256 ohm m. Clay, part sandy (Till), 4.0-4.7 m thick, 15-55 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, part sandy, 5.1-5.9 m depth, 32-50 ohm m.		Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy clay, 0.4-0.5 m thick, 34-41 ohm m. Sand and gravel (Alluvium), 1.2-1.5 m thick, 88-134 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 1.6-1.9 m depth, 10-11 ohm m.	
HY 26	195 728	Netherwood Heath Farm Block D	HY 31	187 701	Broom Hall Bridge Block D
Mapped geology:	Alluvium and Glacial Sand and Gravel		Mapped geology:	Glacial Sand and Gravel	
Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, 0.5-0.7 m thick, 99-141 ohm m. Clay (Alluvium), one sounding only, 1.6 m thick, 28 ohm m. Sand and gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 5.6-7.2 m thick, 57-91 ohm m. Bedrock (Arden Sandstone), clay, 6.3-8.2 m depth, 18-20 ohm m.		Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, 0.4-1.2 m thick, 50-56 ohm m. Sand and gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 3.2-3.4 m thick, 105-131 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 3.6-4.5 m depth, 15-17 ohm m.	
HY 27	155 717	Spring Cottage Block B	HY 32	199 705	Weston Hall Farm Block D
Mapped geology:	Till		Mapped geology:	Till	
Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy becoming clayey with depth, 0.6-1.3 m thick, 46-167 ohm m. Clay (Till), 2.4-2.8 m thick, 13-46 ohm m. Bedrock (Arden Sandstone), clay, 3.4-3.7 m depth, 19-23 ohm m.		Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, 0.4 m thick, 64-72 ohm m. Clay (Till), 1.8 m thick, 24-30 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, part sandy, 2.2 m depth, 31-42 ohm m.	
HY 33	211 738	Dadkin Farm Block D	Mapped geology:	Till and Glacial Sand and Gravel	
Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, part clayey, 0.3-0.5 m thick, 55-151 ohm m. Clay (Till), one sounding only, 1.9 m thick, 24 ohm m. Sand and gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 5.7-7.3 m thick, 89-698 ohm m overlying clay/silt (Glacial Lake Deposits), 1.1-2.0 m thick, 36-46 ohm m. Bedrock (Arden Sandstone), clay, 7.3-10.1 m depth, 21-26 ohm m.				

HY 34	241 731	Poors Wood	Block E	HY 40	241 709	Beausale	Block E
Mapped geology:	Till and Glacial Sand and Gravel			Mapped geology:	Till		
Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, part clay, 0.3-1.4 m thick, 31-86 ohm m. Clay (Till), one sounding only, 4.4 m thick, 19 ohm m. Sand and gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 1.1-4.2 m thick, 77-135 ohm m. Both deposits overlying clay/silt (Glacial Lake Deposits), 2.0-4.0 m thick, 45-48 ohm m. Clay (Till), 5.4-7.8 m depth, 19-27 ohm m.			Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, 0.4-0.8 m thick, 42-50 ohm m. Clay (Till), 3.8-4.2 m thick, 18-20 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 4.6-4.8 m depth, 22-25 ohm m.		
HY 35	202 724	Park Farm	Block D	HY 41	227 704	Five Ways	Block E
Mapped geology:	Glacial Sand and Gravel			Mapped geology:	Till		
Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, 0.0-0.5 m thick, 127 ohm m. Sand and gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 4.8 m thick, 101-221 ohm m. Bedrock (Arden Sandstone), sandy clay, 4.8-5.3 m depth, 45-48 ohm m.			Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, 0.2-0.5 m thick, 54-57 ohm m. Clay, part sandy (Till), 2.4-4.1 m thick, 19-38 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 2.9-4.5 m depth, 17-22 ohm m.		
HY 36	213 722	Warren Farm	Block D	HY 42	103 697	Trap's Green	Block B
Mapped geology:	Glacial Sand and Gravel			Mapped geology:	Till overlying Glacial Lake Deposits		
Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, 0.5-0.6 m thick, 102-134 ohm m. Sand and gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 6.0-6.1 m thick, 72-78 ohm m overlying clay/silt (Glacial Lake Deposits), 3.5-3.8 m thick, 45-47 ohm m. Clay (Till), 10.1-10.4 m depth, 26-40 ohm m.			Resistivity results:	Soil, clay, part sandy, 0.5-1.1 m thick, 33-50 ohm m. Clay, part sandy (Till), 4.0-4.1 m thick, 22-51 ohm m. Clay and silt (Glacial Lake Deposits), 4.5-5.2 m depth, 29-44 ohm m.		
HY 37	243 720	Honiley	Block E	HY 43	117 697	Jennell Wood	Block B
Mapped geology:	Glacial Sand and Gravel overlying Glacial Lake Deposits			Mapped geology:	Glacial Sand and Gravel		
Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, 0.5-1.5 m thick, 56-60 ohm m. Sand and gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 2.0-2.2 m thick, 75-91 ohm m. Clay and silt (Glacial Lake Deposits), 2.6-3.5 m depth, 25-42 ohm m.			Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, 0.2-0.3 m thick, 76-100 ohm m. Sand and gravel, part clayey (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 7.4-8.2 m thick, 63-235 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 7.7-8.5 m depth, 29-33 ohm m.		
HY 38	204 714	Baddesley Clinton	Block D	HY 44	131 691	Hill Farm	Block F₂
Mapped geology:	Glacial Sand and Gravel			Mapped geology:	Alluvium		
Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, 0.3-0.5 m thick, 77-89 ohm m. Sand and gravel, upper part clayey (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 2.8-9.3 m thick, 40-230 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 3.1-9.8 m depth, 25-27 ohm m.			Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, part clayey, 0.2-0.3 m thick, 35-93 ohm m. Sand and gravel, part clayey (Alluvium), 0.7-1.5 m thick, 76-260 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 0.9-1.8 m depth, 14-15 ohm m.		
HY 39	231 720	Manor Farm	Block E	HY 45	100 687	Newhouse Farm	Block F₁
Mapped geology:	Till			Mapped geology:	Glacial Sand and Gravel		
Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, part clayey, 0.3-0.4 m thick, 44-64 ohm m. Clay (Till), 7.4-10.9 m thick, 17-23 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 7.7-11.3 m depth, 15-17 ohm m.			Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, 0.2-0.3 m thick, 62-107 ohm m. Sand and gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 3.9-6.0 m thick, 68-102 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 4.2-6.3 m depth, 20-22 ohm m.		

- HY 46 111 682 Heath Lodge Block F₁
Mapped geology: Till
Resistivity results: Soil, sandy, 0.2-0.3 m thick, 61-83 ohm m. Clay (Till), 1.0-1.4 m thick, 30-40 ohm m overlying sand and gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 3.2-4.1 m thick, 65-93 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 4.6-5.4 m depth, 30-33 ohm m.
- HY 47 123 686 Mockley Wood Block F₁
Mapped geology: Till and Glacial Sand and Gravel
Resistivity results: Soil, sandy, part clayey, 0.3-0.4 m thick, 67-144 ohm m. Clay (Till), one sounding only, 2.1 m thick, 18 ohm m. Sand and gravel, upper part clayey (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 3.7-4.0 m thick, 59-151 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), sandy clay, 2.5-4.3 m depth, 40-41 ohm m.
- HY 48 116 678 Crowley Farm Block F₁
Mapped geology: Glacial Sand and Gravel
Resistivity results: Soil, sandy, 0.2-0.5 m thick, 95-372 ohm m. Sand and gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 5.1-5.7 m thick, 112-317 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 5.4-5.9 m depth, 24-37 ohm m.
- HY 49 144 680 Botley Hill Block F₁
Mapped geology: Till
Resistivity results: Soil, sandy, part clayey, 0.3-0.5 m thick, 36-60 ohm m. Clay (Till), 2.5-4.2 m thick, 17-33 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 3.0-4.5 m depth, 26-28 ohm m.
- HY 50 148 672 Impsley Farm Block F₂
Mapped geology: Second River Terrace
Resistivity results: Soil, clay, 0.2-0.3 m thick, 16-23 ohm m. Clay (Second River Terrace), 1.1-1.2 m thick, 34-37 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 1.4 m depth, 20-21 ohm m.
- HY 52 123 662 Barrells Park Block F₁
Mapped geology: Alluvium
Resistivity results: Soil, sandy, 0.0-0.3 m thick, 75 ohm m. Sand and gravel (Alluvium), 0.9-1.5 m thick, 142-188 ohm m. Bedrock (Arden Sandstone), clay, 0.9-1.8 m depth, 15-31 ohm m. Clay (Mercia Mudstone Group), one sounding only, 13.9 m depth, 27 ohm m.
- HY 53 157 694 Upland Cottage Block B
Mapped geology: Till overlying Glacial Sand and Gravel
Resistivity results: Soil, sandy, 0.3-0.7 m thick, 103-302 ohm m. Sandy clay (Till), one sounding only, 0.9 m thick, 44 ohm m. Sand and gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 3.0-4.6 m thick, 81-184 ohm m. Bedrock (part Mercia Mudstone Group, part Arden Sandstone), clay, 4.2-5.3 m depth, 21-22 ohm m.
- HY 54 165 698 Lapworth Lodge Block B
Mapped geology: Till overlying Glacial Sand and Gravel
Resistivity results: Soil, sandy, part clayey, 0.3 m thick, 55-111 ohm m. Clay, part sandy (Till), 1.1-1.4 m thick, 35-66 ohm m overlying sand and gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 2.2-2.9 m thick, 146-197 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 3.7-4.6 m depth, 28-34 ohm m.
- HY 55 167 692 Lapworth Park Block F₃
Mapped geology: Glacial Sand and Gravel and Till
Resistivity results: Soil, sandy, 0.0-0.5 m thick, 188 ohm m. Sand and gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 0.7-1.7 m thick, 215-1024 ohm m. Clay (Till), two soundings only, 2.2-2.3 m thick, 15-17 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 2.2-3.3 m depth, 23-24 ohm m.
- HY 56 174 697 Yew Tree Farm Block F₃
Mapped geology: Second River Terrace
Resistivity results: Soil, sandy, 0.3-0.4 m thick, 70-162 ohm m. Sand and gravel (Second River Terrace), 1.5-1.9 m thick, 150-508 ohm m. Bedrock (Arden Sandstone), clay, 1.9-2.3 m depth, 17-30 ohm m. Clay (Mercia Mudstone Group), one sounding only, 12.2 m depth, 31 ohm m.
- HY 57 180 697 Windmill Hill Block F₃
Mapped geology: Till
Resistivity results: Soil, sandy, 0.4-0.6 m thick, 89-102 ohm m. Clay (Till), 1.5-1.7 m thick, 17-21 ohm m overlying clay (Glacial Lake Deposits), 3.9-5.0 m thick, 25-30 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 5.8-7.1 m depth, 22-24 ohm m.

HY 58	192 694	Turner's Green	Block D	HY 63	192 682	Finwood	Block D
Mapped geology:	Second River Terrace			Mapped geology:	Glacial Sand and Gravel		
Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, 0.5-0.7 m thick, 86-147 ohm m. Clay, sandy (Second River Terrace), 1.0-1.6 m thick, 32-48 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 1.5-1.9 m depth, 12-13 ohm m.			Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, 0.0-0.4 m thick, 266 ohm m. Sand and gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 0.7-0.9 m thick, 93-145 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 7.4-9.6 m thick, 19-21 ohm m. Clay (Arden Sandstone), 8.1-10.7 m depth, 29-31 ohm m.		
HY 59	177 683	Bush Wood	Block F₃	HY 64	155 679	Camp Hill Farm	Block F₂
Mapped geology:	Glacial Sand and Gravel			Mapped geology:	Second River Terrace		
Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, 0.3 m thick, 82-167 ohm m. Sand and gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 2.4-5.6 m thick, 177-690 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, part sandy, 2.7-5.9 m depth, 29-47 ohm m.			Resistivity results:	Soil, clay, sandy, 0.4-0.8 m thick, 35-57 ohm m. Clay (Second River Terrace), 4.5-5.6 m thick, 14-17 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 4.9-6.0 m depth, 9-19 ohm m.		
HY 60	182 686	Bushwood Common Farm	Block F₃	HY 65	190 679	Lowsonford	Block D
Mapped geology:	Till and Glacial Sand and Gravel			Mapped geology:	Glacial Sand and Gravel		
Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, part clayey, 0.4-0.6 m thick, 62-295 ohm m. Clay (Till), one sounding only, 1.3 m thick, 17 ohm m. Sand and gravel, part clayey (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 3.0-5.2 m thick, 62-363 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 4.7-5.7 m depth, 22-35 ohm m.			Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, 0.3-1.0 m thick, 172-354 ohm m. Sand and gravel, upper part clayey (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 3.6-5.9 m thick, 58-901 ohm m. Bedrock (Arden Sandstone), clay, sandy, 4.6-6.2 m depth, 37-39 ohm m.		
HY 61	185 684	Bushwood Common Farm	Block F₃	HY 66	191 675	Sandhills	Block E
Mapped geology:	Till overlying Glacial Sand and Gravel			Mapped geology:	Glacial Sand and Gravel		
Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, 0.6-0.7 m thick, 191-213 ohm m. Clay, sandy (Till), 1.3-1.6 m thick, 32-42 ohm m overlying sand and gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 3.7-4.5 m thick, 316-623 ohm m. Bedrock (Arden Sandstone), clay, sandy, 5.6-6.7 m depth, 33-40 ohm m.			Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, 0.2-0.4 m thick, 77-200 ohm m. Sand and gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 2.2-6.4 m thick, 145-222 ohm m. Bedrock (Arden Sandstone), clay, 2.6-6.6 m depth, 23-28 ohm m.		
HY 62	188 689	Finwood Lawn	Block D	HY 67	196 678	Sandall House	Block F₂
Mapped geology:	Glacial Sand and Gravel			Mapped geology:	Second River Terrace		
Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, 0.3-0.4 m thick, 72-110 ohm m. Sand and gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 4.8-6.1 m thick, 93-240 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 5.2-6.3 m depth, 30-32 ohm m.			Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, 0.0-0.4 m thick, 87 ohm m. Sand and gravel (Second River Terrace), 0.7-1.2 m thick, 81-167 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 0.7-1.6 m depth, 13-14 ohm m.		
HY 68	199 673	High Cross	Block E	HY 68	199 673	High Cross	Block E
Mapped geology:	Glacial Sand and Gravel			Mapped geology:	Glacial Sand and Gravel		
Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, 0.2-0.4 m thick, 102-166 ohm m. Sand and gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 1.5-3.3 m thick, 108-432 ohm m. Bedrock (Arden Sandstone), clay, sandy, 1.8-3.5 m depth, 44-49 ohm m.			Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, 0.2-0.4 m thick, 102-166 ohm m. Sand and gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 1.5-3.3 m thick, 108-432 ohm m. Bedrock (Arden Sandstone), clay, sandy, 1.8-3.5 m depth, 44-49 ohm m.		

HY 69	196 670	Meadow Croft Block F₂	HY 75	168 653	Preston Bagot House Block F₃
Mapped geology:	Second River Terrace		Mapped geology:	Till	
Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, 0.2-0.4 m thick, 88-107 ohm m. Sand and gravel (Second River Terrace), 1.2-1.5 m thick, 109-177 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 1.5-1.9 m depth, 12-13 ohm m.		Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, 0.3-0.7 m thick, 54-141 ohm m. Clay, sandy (Till), 2.2-3.3 m thick, 19-63 ohm m. Bedrock (Arden Sandstone), clay, 2.9-3.7 m depth, 20-26 ohm m.	
HY 70	154 666	Mobbs's Farm Block F₂	HY 76	174 653	Preston Bagot Farm Block F₂
Mapped geology:	Alluvium		Mapped geology:	Second River Terrace	
Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, part clay, 0.3-0.5 m thick, 19-81 ohm m. Sand and gravel (Alluvium), 1.0-1.3 m thick, 92-193 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 1.5-1.6 m depth, 14-15 ohm m.		Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, 0.3-0.6 m thick, 58-78 ohm m. Sand and gravel (Second River Terrace), 0.4-2.7 m thick, 179-237 ohm m. Bedrock (part Mercia Mudstone Group, part Arden Sandstone), clay, 0.7-3.0 m depth, 24-28 ohm m.	
HY 71	176 669	Malthouse Farm Block F₃	HY 77	198 657	Lye Green Block E
Mapped geology:	Glacial Sand and Gravel		Mapped geology:	Glacial Sand and Gravel overlying Till	
Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, 0.0-0.3 m thick, 70-98 ohm m. Sand and gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 1.2 m thick, 130-153 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 1.2-1.5 m depth, 24-27 ohm m.		Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, 0.0-0.2 m thick, 168 ohm m. Sand and gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 1.1-2.1 m thick, 111-162 ohm m overlying clay (Till), 25-31 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), one sounding only, clay, 4.5 m depth, 30 ohm m.	
HY 72	177 664	Preston Fields Block F₃	HY 78	212 693	Mousley End Block E
Mapped geology:	Glacial Sand and Gravel		Mapped geology:	Till	
Resistivity results:	Sand and gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 0.3-0.7 m thick, 77-119 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay becoming sandy with depth, 0.3-0.7 m depth, 20-45 ohm m.		Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, part clay, 0.3-1.2 m thick, 9-81 ohm m. Clay, sandy (Till), 1.1-1.3 m thick, 31-45 ohm m. Bedrock (Arden Sandstone), clay becoming sandy below, 1.2-1.6 m depth, 16-68 ohm m.	
HY 73	175 659	Preston Bagot Block F₃	HY 79	233 696	Haseley Green Block E
Mapped geology:	Glacial Sand and Gravel		Mapped geology:	Glacial Sand and Gravel	
Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, 0.2-0.9 m thick, 152-192 ohm m. Sand and gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 1.3-3.0 m thick, 87-233 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 1.5-3.8 m depth, 27-30 ohm m.		Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, 0.2 m thick, 124-272 ohm m. Sand and gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 6.4-11.0 m thick, 114-814 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 6.6-11.2 m depth, 33-36 ohm m.	
HY 74	184 663	Yarningale Farm Block F₄	HY 80	247 695	Beausale Cottage Block E
Mapped geology:	Second River Terrace and Glacial Sand and Gravel		Mapped geology:	Glacial Sand and Gravel	
Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, part clayey, 0.3-0.8 m thick, 63-173 ohm m. Sand and gravel (Second River Terrace), one sounding only, 1.7 m thick, 177 ohm m. Sand and gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 1.5-2.5 m thick, 372-408 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 2.0-3.3 m depth, 13-39 ohm m. Sand (?Arden Sandstone), one sounding only, 1.8 m depth, 139 ohm m.		Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, 0.2 m thick, 69-95 ohm m. Sand and gravel, becoming more clayey with depth, 5.1-5.2 m thick, 64-176 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 5.3-5.4 m depth, 22-25 ohm m.	

- HY 81** **203 684** **Rowington Hill Bridge** **Block E**
- Mapped geology:** Alluvium and Second River Terrace
- Resistivity results:** Soil, sandy, part clay, 0.4-0.9 m thick, 11-340 ohm m. Clay (Alluvium), one sounding only, 2.0 m thick, 26 ohm m. Clay (Second River Terrace), 1.1-2.9 m thick, 9-23 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 1.9-3.4 m depth, 12-14 ohm m.
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- HY 82** **231 683** **Glebe Farm** **Block E**
- Mapped geology:** First River Terrace and Glacial Sand and Gravel
- Resistivity results:** Soil, sandy, 0.2-0.4 m thick, 137-262 ohm m. Sand and gravel (First River Terrace), one sounding only, 0.5 m thick, 472 ohm m. Sand and gravel, part clayey (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 6.9-8.6 m thick, 53-500 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, part sandy, 7.3-9.4 m depth, 19-59 ohm m.
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- HY 83** **241 687** **Waste Green** **Block E**
- Mapped geology:** Glacial Sand and Gravel
- Resistivity results:** Soil, sandy, 0.2 m thick, 56-78 ohm m. Sand and gravel, part clayey (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 2.9-8.0 m thick, 51-862 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, sandy, 3.1-8.2 m depth, 35-69 ohm m.
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- HY 84** **246 682** **Brownley Green** **Block E**
- Mapped geology:** Till
- Resistivity results:** Soil, sandy, part clayey, 0.7-0.9 m thick, 50-97 ohm m. Clay (Till), 3.3-3.7 m thick, 16-19 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 4.2-4.4 m depth, 23-26 ohm m.
-
- HY 85** **236 674** **Haseley** **Block E**
- Mapped geology:** Glacial Sand and Gravel
- Resistivity results:** Soil, sandy, 0.2-0.9 m thick, 52-216 ohm m. Sand and gravel, part clayey (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 8.4-9.2 m thick, 54-154 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 9.3-9.4 m depth, 25-32 ohm m.
-
- HY 86** **235 665** **Hatton Farm** **Block E**
- Mapped geology:** Till overlying Glacial Sand and Gravel
- Resistivity results:** Soil, sandy, 0.2-0.5 m thick, 84-110 ohm m. Clay, part sandy (Till), 2.7-3.7 m thick, 23-45 ohm m overlying sand and gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 5.3-6.4 m thick, 423-683 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, part sandy, 9.1-9.5 m depth, 30-51 ohm m.
-
- HY 87** **209 661** **Little Pinley Farm** **Block E**
- Mapped geology:** Till overlying Glacial Sand and Gravel
- Resistivity results:** Soil, sandy, poor electrode contact, 1.0-1.2 m thick, 605-1298 ohm m. Clay, sandy (Till), 0.4-1.8 m thick, 55-68 ohm m overlying sand and gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 6.4-9.0 m thick, 448-679 ohm m. Bedrock (part Mercia Mudstone Group, part Arden Sandstone), clay, part sandy, 9.0-10.5 m depth, 6-38 ohm m.
-
- HY 88** **215 656** **Pinley Abbey** **Block E**
- Mapped geology:** Glacial Sand and Gravel
- Resistivity results:** Soil, sandy, 0.4-1.2 m thick, 217-384 ohm m. Sand and gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 7.8-10.4 m thick, 71-121 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 8.2-10.8 m depth, 16-18 ohm m.
-
- HY 89** **244 657** **Budbrooke Farm** **Block E**
- Mapped geology:** Till overlying Glacial Sand and Gravel
- Resistivity results:** Soil, clay, part sandy, 0.3 m thick, 26-45 ohm m. Clay (Till), 2.1-3.2 m thick, 15-16 ohm m overlying sand and gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 6.0-7.9 m thick, 460-658 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 8.4-11.4 m depth, 24-29 ohm m.
-
- HY 90** **102 645** **Stapenhill Wood** **Block F₁**
- Mapped geology:** Alluvium
- Resistivity results:** Soil, clay, 0.3-0.9 m thick, 14-17 ohm m. Clay (Alluvium), 2.0-3.4 m thick, 13-24 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 2.3-3.7 m depth, 21-26 ohm m.

HY 91	116 642	Morton Bagot	Block F ₁	HY 97	128 614	Shelfield Green	Block F ₁
Mapped geology:	Glacial Sand and Gravel			Mapped geology:	Till		
Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, 0.0-0.3 m thick, 191 ohm m. Sand and gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 1.1-1.3 m thick, 116-147 ohm m. Bedrock (Lower Lias), clay, 1.1-1.4 m depth, 15-18 ohm m.			Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, 0.3-0.4 m thick, 57-100 ohm m. Clay (Till), 2.5-3.0 m thick, 21-38 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 2.9-3.3 m depth, 25-29 ohm m.		
HY 92	143 644	May's Wood	Block F ₁	HY 98	141 613	Pool's Farm	Block F ₂
Mapped geology:	Glacial Sand and Gravel			Mapped geology:	Second River Terrace		
Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, poor electrode contact, 0.2-0.3 m thick, 816-1494 ohm m. Sand and gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 1.6-2.4 m thick, 148-6573 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 1.8-3.0 m depth, 35-37 ohm m.			Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, part clayey, 0.7-0.9 m thick, 36-78 ohm m. Sand and gravel, part clayey (Second River Terrace), 2.1-3.0 m thick, 55-82 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 3.0-3.9 m depth, 23-27 ohm m.		
HY 93	145 641	Wootton Hill Farm	Block F ₁	HY 99	148 617	Gray Mill House	Block F ₂
Mapped geology:	Head			Mapped geology:	Second River Terrace		
Resistivity results:	Soil, clay, sandy, 0.3-0.5 m thick, 48-55 ohm m. Clay (Head), 0.8-2.3 m thick, 14-22 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, part sandy, 1.1-2.8 m depth, 27-44 ohm m.			Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, 0.2-0.3 m thick, 96-284 ohm m. Sand and gravel (Second River Terrace), 1.3-2.5 m thick, 148-671 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 1.6-2.7 m depth, 24-28 ohm m.		
HY 94	131 638	Merryfield Farm	Block F ₁	HY 100	135 608	Little Alne	Block F ₁
Mapped geology:	Till			Mapped geology:	Till		
Resistivity results:	Soil, clay, part sandy, 0.4-0.7 m thick, 31-74 ohm m. Clay (Till), 2.0-2.5 m thick, 20-21 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 2.7-2.9 m depth, 23-24 ohm m.			Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, 0.4-1.4 m thick, 107-120 ohm m. Clay, part sandy (Till), 1.0-2.4 m thick, 17-53 ohm m. Sand and gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel), one sounding only, 1.6 m thick, 146 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 2.2-3.8 m depth, 26-34 ohm m.		
HY 95	100 632	Sperrall Park	Block F ₁	HY 101	130 601	Carmore Hill	Block F ₁
Mapped geology:	Alluvium			Mapped geology:	Till		
Resistivity results:	Soil, clay, 0.3 m thick, 12-21 ohm m. Clay (Alluvium), 2.8-3.3 m thick, 17-18 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 3.1-3.6 m depth, 10-13 ohm m.			Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, 0.4 m thick, 58 ohm m. Clay (Till), 4.4 m thick, 18 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 4.8 m depth, 38 ohm m.		
HY 96	144 630	Wootton Park Farm	Block F ₁	HY 102	130 604	New Covert	Block F ₁
Mapped geology:	Till			Mapped geology:	Till		
Resistivity results:	Soil, clay, part sandy, 0.3 m thick, 43-61 ohm m. Clay (Till), 2.0 m thick, 24-25 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 2.3 m depth, 28 ohm m.			Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, 0.5-0.8 m thick, 80-98 ohm m. Clay, part sandy (Till), 2.0-2.5 m thick, 13-55 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 2.5-3.1 m depth, 33-40 ohm m.		

HY 103	141 604	Aston Cantlow	Block F₂	HY 109	169 635	Preston Hill Farm	Block F₄
Mapped geology:	Second River Terrace			Mapped geology:	Glacial Sand and Gravel		
Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, 0.0–0.3 m thick, 75 ohm m. Sand and gravel (Second River Terrace), 1.2–1.6 m thick, 96–219 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 1.2–1.9 m depth, 19–24 ohm m. Clay (Arden Sandstone), one sounding only, 8.9 m depth, 33 ohm m.			Resistivity results:	Sand and gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 0.4–1.0 m thick, 64–78 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 0.4–1.0 m depth, 22–33 ohm m.		
HY 104	154 642	Wootton Pool	Block F₂	HY 110	174 633	Thistley Wood	Block F₄
Mapped geology:	Second River Terrace			Mapped geology:	Glacial Sand and Gravel		
Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, 0.5–0.7 m thick, 54–84 ohm m. Clay (Second River Terrace), 2.0–3.5 m thick, 22–27 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 2.5–4.0 m depth, 27–30 ohm m.			Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, part clay, 0.3–0.8 m thick, 19–256 ohm m. Sand and gravel, part clayey (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 1.0–1.5 m thick, 73–488 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, sandy, 1.0–2.0 m depth, 30–54 ohm m.		
HY 105	166 642	Wootton Grange	Block F₂	HY 111	180 637	Kington Farm	Block F₄
Mapped geology:	Alluvium			Mapped geology:	Glacial Sand and Gravel		
Resistivity results:	Soil, clay, 0.3–0.8 m thick, 10–32 ohm m. Clay (Alluvium), 1.0–2.8 m thick, 16–24 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay becoming sandy with depth, 1.3–3.6 m depth, 6–15 ohm m.			Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, 0.3–0.6 m thick, 114–153 ohm m. Sand and gravel, part clayey (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 0.6–1.1 m thick, 50–243 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 0.6–1.6 m depth, 16–26 ohm m.		
HY 106	193 644	Claverdon	Block E	HY 112	183 636	Tattle Bank	Block F₄
Mapped geology:	Till			Mapped geology:	Till and Glacial Sand and Gravel		
Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, 0.4–0.5 m thick, 159–228 ohm m. Clay, part sandy (Till), 1.0–3.2 m thick, 21–42 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 1.5–3.6 m depth, 24–28 ohm m.			Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, 0.2–0.4 m thick, 74–310 ohm m. Clay (Till), one sounding only, 1.6 m thick, 19 ohm m. Sand and gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 1.3–1.8 m thick, 103–221 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 1.5–2.2 m depth, 26–32 ohm m.		
HY 107	152 631	Wootton Wawen	Block F₂	HY 113	194 631	Langley	Block F₄
Mapped geology:	Second River Terrace			Mapped geology:	Glacial Sand and Gravel		
Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, 0.5 m thick, 178–280 ohm m. Sand and gravel, part clayey (Second River Terrace), 2.4–4.4 m thick, 55–73 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 2.9–4.9 m depth, 20–24 ohm m.			Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, 0.3–0.6 m thick, 110–147 ohm m. Sand and gravel, upper part clayey (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 4.3–6.1 m thick, 57–325 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 4.6–6.5 m depth, 33–39 ohm m.		
HY 108	160 637	Pettiford Bridge	Block F₂	HY 114	158 624	Austy Manor Cottages	Block F₄
Mapped geology:	Alluvium and Second River Terrace			Mapped geology:	Glacial Sand and Gravel		
Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, 0.2–0.7 m thick, 98–512 ohm m. Sand and gravel (Alluvium), one sounding only, 1.5 m thick, 362 ohm m. Clay (Second River Terrace), 1.3–2.0 m thick, 23–32 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 1.7–2.5 m depth, 25–29 ohm m.			Resistivity results:	Sand and gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 0.4–1.2 m thick, 87–132 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, part sandy, 0.4–1.2 m depth, 25–43 ohm m.		

HY 115	162 627	Austy Manor	Block F ₄	HY 122	193 605	Snitterfield Bushes	Block F ₅
Mapped geology:	Glacial Sand and Gravel			Mapped geology:	Till		
Resistivity results:	Sand and gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 0.7-0.9 m thick, 107-167 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 0.7-0.9 m depth, 16-25 ohm m.			Resistivity results:	Soil, clay, 0.3 m thick, 32-42 ohm m. Clay (Till), 8.6 m+, 11-21 ohm m. Base of Till not identified from soundings.		
HY 117	192 623	Langley Green	Block F ₄	HY 123	107 586	Kinwarton	Block F ₂
Mapped geology:	Alluvium			Mapped geology:	Second River Terrace		
Resistivity results:	Soil, clay, 0.3 m thick, 27 ohm m. Clay (Alluvium), 0.6-1.0 m thick, 11-14 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, sandy to 3.9 m, 0.9-1.0 m depth, 10-43 ohm m.			Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, 0.3-0.6 m thick, 63-98 ohm m. Clay (Second River Terrace), 0.7-1.9 m thick, 30-39 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay becoming sandy below, 1.0-2.3 m depth, 8-20 ohm m.		
HY 118	153 614	Pennyford Hall	Block F ₄	HY 124	110 588	Kinwarton	Block F ₂
Mapped geology:	Second River Terrace			Mapped geology:	Second River Terrace		
Resistivity results:	Soil, clay, part sandy, 0.3-0.4 m thick, 30-58 ohm m. Clay (Second River Terrace), 2.0-2.2 m thick, 23-26 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), 2.3-2.5 m depth, 28-30 ohm m.			Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, part clayey, 0.2-0.5 m thick, 35-67 ohm m. Clay (Second River Terrace), 0.8-2.5 m thick, 11-21 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, part sandy, 1.2-3.0 m depth, 7-38 ohm m.		
HY 119	168 612	Oakland Farm	Block F ₄	HY 125	115 587	Kinwarton	Block F ₂
Mapped geology:	Alluvium			Mapped geology:	Second River Terrace		
Resistivity results:	Soil, clay, part sand, 0.3 m thick, 28-91 ohm m. Sand and gravel (Alluvium), 1.1-1.6 m thick, 60-119 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 1.4-1.9 m depth, 20-26 ohm m.			Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, 0.2-0.3 m thick, 51-102 ohm m. Sand and gravel, part clayey (Second River Terrace), 1.2-2.1 m thick, 51-108 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 1.5-2.4 m depth, 10-11 ohm m.		
HY 120	198 619	Langley Green	Block F ₅	HY 126	117 590	Great Alne	Block F ₂
Mapped geology:	Glacial Sand and Gravel			Mapped geology:	Alluvium		
Resistivity results:	Sand and gravel, part clayey (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 0.3-0.6 m thick, 66-365 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 0.3-0.6 m depth, 16-24 ohm m. Clay, sandy (Arden Sandstone), 2.0-3.7 m depth, 39-54 ohm m.			Resistivity results:	Soil, clay, 0.3-1.0 m thick, 18-33 ohm m. Clay, sandy (Alluvium), 1.2-1.8 m thick, 43-52 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 1.8-2.5 m depth, 9-10 ohm m.		
HY 121	169 606	Bearley Station	Block F ₄	HY 127	121 590	Great Alne	Block F ₂
Mapped geology:	Glacial Sand and Gravel			Mapped geology:	Second River Terrace		
Resistivity results:	Soil, sandy, 0.0-0.3 m thick, 111 ohm m. Sand and gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 0.5-4.7 m thick, 61-255 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, part sandy, 0.5-5.0 m depth, 17-51 ohm m.			Resistivity results:	Soil, clay, 0.2-0.3 m thick, 18-29 ohm m. Sand and gravel, part clay (Second River Terrace), 1.2-1.3 m thick, 24-57 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 1.2-1.5 m depth, 11-13 ohm m.		

- HY 128 131 594 Aston Cantlow Block F₂
Mapped geology: Alluvium
Resistivity results: Soil, clay, 0.3-0.5 m thick, 25-31 ohm m. Clay, sandy with depth (Alluvium), 2.0-2.2 m thick, 12-38 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 2.5 m depth, 16-21 ohm m.
- HY 129 162 599 Newnham Block F₄
Mapped geology: Glacial Sand and Gravel
Resistivity results: Soil, sandy, 0.0-0.2 m thick, 57 ohm m. Sand and gravel, part clay (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 0.3-1.6 m thick, 39-65 ohm m. Bedrock (Lower Lias), clay, sandy, 0.3-1.8 m depth, 17-44 ohm m.
- HY 130 181 592 Arden Hill Farm Block F₅
Mapped geology: Till
Resistivity results: Soil, clay, 0.2-0.7 m thick, 27-45 ohm m. Clay, part sandy (Till), 2.3-4.0 m thick, 8-36 ohm m. Bedrock (part Lower Lias, part Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 3.0-4.2 m depth, 22-29 ohm m.
- HY 131 193 588 Comyns Farm Block F₅
Mapped geology: Till
Resistivity results: Soil, clay, 0.3-1.0 m thick, 20-30 ohm m. Clay (Till), 2.2-3.0 m thick, 22-24 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 2.8-4.0 m depth, 14-26 ohm m.
- HY 132 218 594 Snitterfield Block F₆
Mapped geology: Glacial Sand and Gravel
Resistivity results: Soil, sandy, 0.0-0.3 m thick, 53-58 ohm m. Sand and gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 0.6-1.0 m thick, 74-216 ohm m overlying clay (Till), 0.8-1.7 m thick, 31-40 ohm m. Both deposits underlain by sand and gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 2.4 m+ thick, 81-118 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), one sounding only, clay, sandy, 4.1 m depth, 50 ohm m.
- HY 133 226 597 Sand Barn Cottages Block F₆
Mapped geology: Glacial Sand and Gravel
Resistivity results: Soil, sandy, 0.7-0.8 m thick, 98-149 ohm m. Sand and gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 2.6-4.6 m thick, 187-389 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 3.3-5.4 m depth, 36-44 ohm m.
- HY 134 234 596 Clump Hill Block F₆
Mapped geology: Till overlying Glacial Sand and Gravel
Resistivity results: Soil, sandy, part clay, 0.2-1.1 m thick, 37-255 ohm m. Clay, part sandy (Till), 0.0-1.2 m thick, 15-46 ohm m overlying sand and gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 4.4-7.0 m thick, 186-615 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 6.5-7.2 m depth, 26-29 ohm m.
- HY 135 209 590 Hollow Meadow Block F₆
Mapped geology: Glacial Sand and Gravel
Resistivity results: Soil, sandy, 0.3 m thick, 102-201 ohm m. Sand and gravel, part clayey (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 2.2-3.3 m thick, 53-563 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 2.5-3.6 m depth, 26-37 ohm m.
- HY 136 234 589 Black Hill Block F₆
Mapped geology: Glacial Sand and Gravel
Resistivity results: Soil, clay, 0.2-1.5 m thick, 12-23 ohm m. Sand and gravel, part clay (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 1.9-4.9 m thick, 32-314 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 3.3-5.1 m depth, 25-30 ohm m.
- HY 137 238 591 Black Hill Block F₆
Mapped geology: Glacial Sand and Gravel
Resistivity results: Soil, sandy, 0.2-0.3 m thick, 91-162 ohm m. Sand and gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel), 1.1-3.2 m thick, 99-396 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 1.3-3.4 m depth, 26-30 ohm m.
- HY 138 245 587 Hampton Gorse Block F₆
Mapped geology: Fourth River Terrace
Resistivity results: Soil, clay, sandy, 0.4-0.5 m thick, 39-57 ohm m. Clay (Fourth River Terrace), 1.0-2.0 m thick, 12-24 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 1.4-2.5 m depth, 23-27 ohm m.
- HY 139 244 584 Green Hill Block F₆
Mapped geology: Fourth River Terrace
Resistivity results: Soil, sandy, 0.8-1.2 m thick, 112-139 ohm m. Clay, part sandy (Fourth River Terrace), 1.3-2.0 m thick, 10-42 ohm m. Bedrock (Mercia Mudstone Group), clay, 2.4-2.8 m depth, 14 ohm m.

APPENDIX H

COMPARISON OF INTERPRETED RESISTIVITY DATA WITH BOREHOLE RECORDS

The interpreted resistivity results at each of sixteen sites (left side of page) are compared with summary records of the control boreholes (right side of page). The records include the grid reference, lithology and (in brackets) the geological classification, together with the thickness of each proven bed or deposit. Where applicable, the position of the control borehole relative to the resistivity soundings is noted.

The comparisons are presented in order of the Depth Sounding Identification Numbers; the cross-reference listing below is in order of the Borehole Registration Numbers:

Borehole Registration Numbers	Resistivity site number
16 NE 66	HY 53
16 SW 17	HY 99
16 SE 6	HY 106
16 SE 8	HY 108
17 NW 176	HY 4
17 NW 177	HY 7
17 NW 178	HY 3
17 SW 191	HY 12
17 SW 193	HY 16
17 SW 194	HY 14
17 SW 195	HY 15
17 SW 196	HY 13
17 SE 73	HY 19
17 SE 76	HY 22
17 SE 77	HY 27
25 NW 64	HY 134

In the latter part of this Appendix (pp.141 to 164), the records of the individual depth soundings conducted at each of the sixteen resistivity check sites are reproduced in full. An annotated record and explanation will be found on pages 140 and 141.

HY 3

Grid reference 131 769

Lithology	Interpreted thickness (m)
Soil, sandy	1.1 - 1.7
Clay, part sandy (Till)	6.1 - 11.7
Clay (Mercia Mudstone Group)	

HY 4

Grid reference 110 776

Lithology	Interpreted thickness (m)
Made ground	1.6
Clay (Till)	5.9
Sand and gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel)	2.7
Clay (Mercia Mudstone Group)	

HY 7

Grid reference 103 765

Lithology	Interpreted thickness (m)
Soil, sandy	0.7 - 1.4
Clay (Till)	6.5 - 9.2
Clay, part sandy (Mercia Mudstone Group)	

Borehole SP 17 NW 178

Grid reference 1306 7688

Lithology	Proved thickness (m)
Soil	0.5
Clay, silty sand layers, pebbly below 3.3 m (Till)	8.0
Gravel, 'clayey' (Glacial Sand and Gravel)	0.6
Clay, silty, laminated (Glacial Lake Deposits)	1.4
Mudstone, silty (Mercia Mudstone Group)	0.5+

Borehole SP 17 NW 176

Grid reference 1105 7763

Lithology	Proved thickness (m)
Soil and Till	0.3
Clay, sandy below 5.6 m, pebbly (Till)	7.0
Sandy gravel, 'clayey' (Glacial Sand and Gravel)	0.8
Clay, sandy bands (Glacial Lake Deposits)	1.3
Gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel)	0.8
Clay, silty (Mercia Mudstone Group)	0.3+

Borehole SP 17 NW 177

Grid reference 1037 7642

Lithology	Proved thickness (m)
Soil	0.2
Clay, sandy, pebbly below 3.0 m (Till)	8.0
Gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel)	0.8
Clay, pebbly (Till)	0.5
Silt (Till)	0.5
Clay, silty (Mercia Mudstone Group)	0.5+

HY 12**Borehole SP 17 SW 191**

Resistivity soundings were located more than 160 m from borehole site.

Grid reference 138 727

Grid reference 1364 7279

Lithology	Interpreted thickness (m)	Lithology	Proved thickness (m)
Soil, sandy, part clay	0.3 - 0.8	Soil	0.7
Clay, (Till)	2.5 - 4.8	Clay, pebbly (Till)	5.5
Sand and gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel)	4.6 - 6.8	Sand, 'clayey' and pebbly, becoming gravel below (Glacial Sand and Gravel)	4.6
Clay (Arden Sandstone)		Mudstone (Arden Sandstone)	0.2+

HY 13**Borehole SP 17 SW 196**

Resistivity soundings more than 100 m from borehole site.

Grid reference 147 720

Grid reference 1478 7217

Lithology	Interpreted thickness (m)	Lithology	Proved thickness (m)
Soil, sandy	0.4	Soil	0.2
Clay, sandy (Till)	0.5 - 3.1	Clay, pebbly (Till)	2.2
Sand and gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel)	4.1 - 7.7	Gravel, 'clayey', sandy becoming less clayey below (Glacial Sand and Gravel)	4.9
Clay, part sandy (Arden Sandstone)		Clay (?Till)	0.7
		Mudstone (Arden Sandstone)	1.5+

HY 14**Borehole SP 17 SW 194**

Resistivity soundings more than 60 m from borehole site and closer to sand and gravel outcrop.

Grid reference 105 710

Grid reference 1042 7116

Lithology	Interpreted thickness (m)	Lithology	Proved thickness (m)
Soil, sandy	0.0 - 0.3	Made ground	0.3
Clay, part sandy (Till)	1.2 - 1.7	Clay, pebbly (Till)	3.2
Sand and gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel)	3.8 - 4.6	Sand, 'clayey', pebbly becoming 'clayey' gravel below (Glacial Sand and Gravel)	2.5
Clay (Arden Sandstone)		Clay, pebbly (?Till)	0.2
		Clay (Arden Sandstone)	2.8+

HY 15

Grid reference 139 711

Lithology	Interpreted thickness (m)
Soil, sandy	0.6 - 0.9
Clay, part sandy (Till); not recognised in one sounding, but very high resistivity of soil (2800 ohm m) due to poor electrode contact, and high resistivity of sand and gravel below (>104 ohm m) have combined to 'mask' the clay layer	0.0 - 8.8
Sand and gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel)	6.0 - 8.1
Clay (Arden Sandstone)	

HY 16

Resistivity soundings more than 100 m from borehole site.

Grid reference 102 701

Lithology	Interpreted thickness (m)
Soil, sandy, part clayey	0.8 - 1.7
Clay (Till)	3.8 - 4.1
Sand and gravel, part clayey (Glacial Sand and Gravel)	3.7 - 4.2
Clay (Mercia Mudstone Group)	

HY 19

Resistivity soundings more than 100 m from borehole site.

Grid reference 152 744

Lithology	Interpreted thickness (m)
Clay, part sandy (Till)	0.4 - 0.8
Clay (Arden Sandstone)	1.5 - 2.1
Clay (Arden Sandstone)	

Borehole SP 17 SW 195

Grid reference 1394 7103

Lithology	Proved thickness (m)
Soil	0.4
Clay, pebbly (Till)	2.8
Gravel, 'very clayey' (Glacial Sand and Gravel)	1.0
Clay, pebbly (?Till)	0.8
Gravel, sandy (Glacial Sand and Gravel)	4.0
Mudstone (Arden Sandstone)	0.1+

Borehole SP 17 SW 193

Grid reference 1038 7001

Lithology	Proved thickness (m)
Soil	0.3
Clay, sandy, pebbly (Till)	7.4
Gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel)	0.5
Clay (Mercia Mudstone Group)	0.3+

Borehole SP 17 SE 73

Grid reference 1506 7435

Lithology	Proved thickness (m)
Soil	0.1
Clay, pebbly (Till)	0.5
Clay, silty (Arden Sandstone)	1.7
Siltstone (Arden Sandstone)	1.1+

HY 22

Resistivity soundings more than 130 m from borehole site. Borehole nearer to bedrock outcrop.

Grid reference 194 738

Lithology	Interpreted thickness (m)
Soil, sandy, part clayey	0.0 - 0.3
Sand and gravel, part clayey (Glacial Sand and Gravel)	6.6 - 8.3
Clay (Mercia Mudstone Group)	

Borehole SP 17 SE 76

Grid reference 1957 7396

Lithology	Proved thickness (m)
Soil	0.3
Sand, 'clayey', pebbly; gravel below (Glacial Sand and Gravel)	7.6
Mudstone (Mercia Mudstone Group)	2.5+

HY 27

Grid reference 155 717

Lithology	Interpreted thickness (m)
Soil, sandy becoming clayey with depth	0.6 - 1.3
Clay (Till)	2.4 - 2.8
Clay (Arden Sandstone)	

Borehole SP 17 SE 77

Grid reference 1547 7167

Lithology	Proved thickness (m)
Soil	0.3
Clay, silty, pebbly (Till)	1.5
Clay (Arden Sandstone)	0.7+

HY 53

Resistivity soundings were centred more than 100 m from the borehole site.

Grid reference 157 694

Lithology	Interpreted thickness (m)
Soil, sandy	0.3 - 0.7
Clay, sandy (Till); only recognised in one sounding; however, the soil layer and underlying sand and gravel both have high resistivities (>139 ohm m) and probably have combined to 'mask' the clay layer	0.9
Sand and gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel)	3.0 - 4.6
Clay (part Mercia Mudstone Group, part Arden Sandstone)	

Borehole SP 16 NE 66

Grid reference 1549 6936

Lithology	Proved thickness (m)
Soil	0.5
Clay, sandy, pebbly (Till)	1.2
Sand, 'very clayey', pebbly (Glacial Sand and Gravel)	2.3
Mudstone (Mercia Mudstone Group)	0.2+

HY 99

Grid reference 148 617

Lithology	Interpreted thickness (m)
Soil, sandy	0.2 - 0.3
Sand and gravel (Second River Terrace)	1.3 - 2.5
Clay (Mercia Mudstone Group)	

HY 106

Grid reference 193 644

Lithology	Interpreted thickness (m)
Soil, sandy	0.4 - 0.5
Clay, part sandy (Till)	1.0 - 3.2
Clay (Mercia Mudstone Group)	

HY 108

Resistivity soundings more than 150 m from borehole site. Borehole closer to edge of deposit.

Grid reference 160 637

Lithology	Interpreted thickness (m)
Soil, sandy	0.2 - 0.7
Sand and gravel (Alluvium); only one sounding conducted on Alluvium, 180 m from borehole	1.5
Clay (Second River Terrace)	1.3 - 2.0
Clay (Mercia Mudstone Group)	

HY 134

Grid reference 234 596

Lithology	Interpreted thickness (m)
Soil, sandy, part clay	0.2 - 1.1
Clay, part sandy (Till)	0.0 - 1.2
Sand and gravel (Glacial Sand and Gravel)	4.4 - 7.0
Clay (Mercia Mudstone Group)	

Borehole SP 16 SW 17

Grid reference 1481 6184

Lithology	Proved thickness (m)
Soil	0.5
Gravel (Second River Terrace)	1.2
Clay and mudstone (Mercia Mudstone Group)	1.3+

Borehole SP 16 SE 6

Grid reference 1935 6441

Lithology	Proved thickness (m)
Soil	0.3
Clay, pebbly (Till)	1.7
Mudstone (Mercia Mudstone Group)	1.0+

Borehole SP 16 SE 8

Grid reference 1610 6387

Lithology	Proved thickness (m)
Soil and made ground	1.1
Clay, gravelly (Alluvium)	0.5
Gravel (Second River Terrace)	1.3
Mudstone and siltstone (Mercia Mudstone Group)	1.1+

Borehole SP 25 NW 64

Grid reference 2344 5955

Lithology	Proved thickness (m)
Soil	0.3
Clay (Till)	0.9
Sand, 'clayey' and pebbly below (Glacial Sand and Gravel)	5.0
Marl (Mercia Mudstone Group)	0.8+

EXPLANATION OF THE DETAILED RESISTIVITY RECORDS

Resistivity records of each of the depth soundings used in the comparison with the borehole data are given below. Records of other depth soundings not quoted here may be consulted on application to Programmes Director - B, British Geological Survey, Keyworth, Nottingham NG12 5GG.

The numbered paragraphs which follow, correspond with the annotations given on the first record, below.

1 Resistivity depth sounding identification number

Each resistivity depth sounding is identified by two numbers separated by a decimal point and prefixed by the letters HY (Henley-in-Arden). The first number refers to the resistivity site and the second to the sounding number at that site. Thus, HY 3.1 is the first resistivity sounding taken at site HY 3.

2 National Grid reference

All National Grid references fall in the 100 km square SP. Grid references for each sounding are given to eight figures and are accurate to within 10 m.

3 Azimuth

Azimuth refers to the compass bearing, in degrees, at which the resistivity sounding was conducted (corrected for magnetic variation at September 1982).

4 Input data

The input data are the field resistivity readings (measured in ohm m) taken at different electrode spacings for a particular electrode configuration (see Figure 9).

5 Processing results

The processing results are the apparent resistivities calculated for a given electrode spacing (Wenner configuration) together with an indication of the percentage observed, offset and lateral errors (expressed as a decimal). The root mean square (RMS) percentage errors for the sounding as a whole are also given.

6 Field curve data

The field curve data give the apparent resistivities used in the interpretation, the percentage difference of the theoretical model from the field data (R.M.S. Relative error) and an indication where the maximum deviation from the field data points occurred (Maximum relative error).

7 Interpreted model

The interpreted model shows the thickness, depth (both in metres) and the apparent resistivity (ohm m) for each layer recognised in the interpretation of the sounding. The reflection coefficients are an expression of the percentage difference in the resistivities of two adjacent layers.

8 Plotted results

The graph shows the comparison of the interpreted theoretical model curve to the field data points.

INPUT DATA⁴

Electrode Spacing	A	C	D1	D2	B
.5	43.3000	40.3000	37.1000	27.8000	3.0100
1.0	18.0300	16.9900	16.2300	12.7900	1.0400
2.0	6.8400	6.5900	5.0800	5.0600	.2630
4.0	1.9770	1.8750	1.5700	1.4820	.1010
8.0	.8730	.8130	.6290	.6690	.0610
16.0	.3680	.3410	.2898	.3160	.0250
32.0	.1500	.1420	.1110	.1120	.0070

FIELD CURVE DATA⁶

Electrode Separation	Apparent Resistivity
1	.5
2	1.0
3	1.5
4	2.0
5	3.0
6	4.0
7	6.0
8	8.0
9	12.0
10	16.0
11	24.0
12	32.0
13	48.0

INTERPRETED MODEL⁷

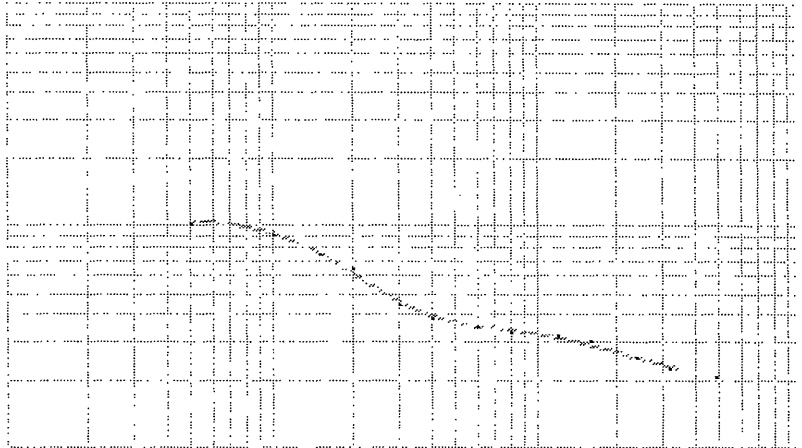
Thickness	Depth	Rho	Reflection Coeffts.
1.11		107.8	
	1.11	-----	-.5205
11.73		34.0	
	12.84	-----	-.2639
		19.8	

PROCESSING RESULTS⁵

Electrode Spacing	Wenner Resistivity	Observed Error	Offset Error	Lateral Error
.5	101.94	-.0002	-.2866	.0407
1.0	91.17	0.0000	-.2371	-.0108
1.5	73.71			
2.0	63.71	-.0019	-.0039	.4920
3.0	47.52			
4.0	38.35	.0005	-.0577	.0385
6.0	34.90			
8.0	32.62	-.0011	.0616	.0399
12.0	32.87			
16.0	30.45	.0054	.0865	-.1500
24.0	25.83			
32.0	22.42	.0067	.0090	0.0000
48.0	20.71			
64.0	24.91			

R.M.S. Relative error = .0298
 Maximum rel. error = -.0516 at sample 10
 Number of trials was 0

PLOTTED RESULTS⁸



R.M.S. Observational Error = .0034
 R.M.S. Offset Wenner Difference = .1479
 R.M.S. Potential Ladder Difference = .2119

INPUT DATA

Electrode Spacing	A	C	D1	D2	B
.5	46.5000	44.7000	30.0000	33.3000	1.7820
1.0	18.8100	17.3600	14.4600	16.7900	1.4540
2.0	8.4800	8.0000	6.2400	7.0200	.4780
4.0	3.2600	3.0800	2.4900	2.7100	.1720
8.0	1.0070	.9440	.8310	.8310	.0600
16.0	.3520	.3290	.2910	.2710	.0200
32.0	.1550	.1490	.1110	.1130	.0060

FIELD CURVE DATA

Electrode Separation	Apparent Resistivity
1	.5
2	1.0
3	1.5
4	2.0
5	3.0
6	4.0
7	6.0
8	8.0
9	12.0
10	16.0
11	24.0
12	32.0

INTERPRETED MODEL

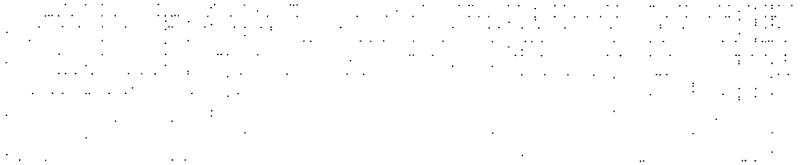
Thickness	Depth	Rho	Reflection Coeffts.
1.67		101.8	
	1.67	-----	-.3272
6.16		51.6	
	7.83	-----	-.4474
		19.7	

PROCESSING RESULTS

Electrode Spacing	Wenner Resistivity	Observed Error	Offset Error	Lateral Error
.5	99.43	.0004	.1045	.3358
1.0	98.17	-.0002	.1491	-.2386
1.5	101.78			
2.0	83.32	.0002	.1176	.0275
3.0	68.60			
4.0	65.35	.0025	.0846	.0822
6.0	53.14			
8.0	41.77	.0030	0.0000	-.0929
12.0	33.47			
16.0	28.25	.0086	-.0712	-.0589
24.0	23.60			
32.0	22.52	0.0000	.0179	0.0000
48.0	23.80			
64.0	29.76			

R.M.S. Relative error = .0284
 Maximum rel. error = -.0529 at sample 7
 Number of trials was 0

PLOTTED RESULTS



R.M.S. Observational Error = .0036
 R.M.S. Offset Wenner Difference = .0922
 R.M.S. Potential Ladder Difference = .1776

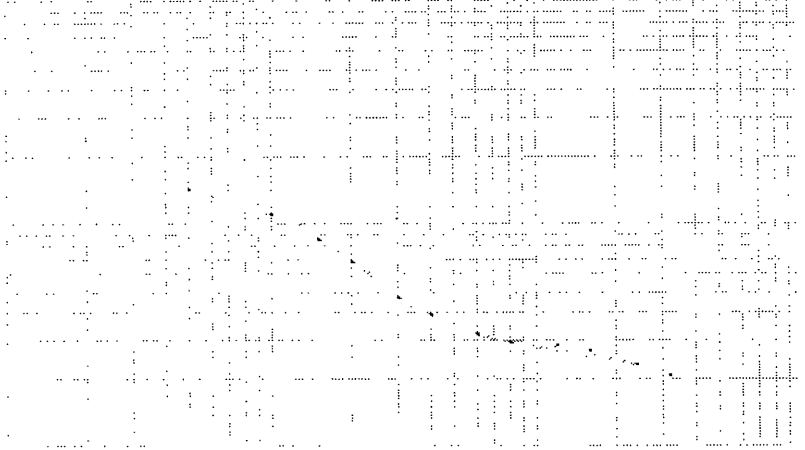
INPUT DATA						FIELD CURVE DATA			INTERPRETED MODEL		
Electrode Spacing	A	C	D1	D2	B	Electrode Separation	Apparent Resistivity	Thickness	Depth	Rho	Reflection Coeffts.
.5	63.1000	60.1000	46.5000	44.8000	3.0100	1	.5	143.41	.30	168.1	
1.0	20.2000	18.8900	18.2600	16.9900	1.2930	2	1.0	110.74			
2.0	6.9000	6.6400	5.3900	5.5100	.2760	3	1.5	86.00	.30	-----	-.1947
4.0	1.9490	1.8530	1.5500	1.5840	.0960	4	2.0	68.49			
8.0	.7850	.7550	.5750	.5940	.0500	5	3.0	46.95	1.09	113.3	
16.0	.3530	.3150	.2640	.2670	.0200	6	4.0	39.38			
32.0	.1410	.1320	.0990	.1100	.0090	7	6.0	32.00	1.39	-----	-.5868
						8	8.0	29.38			
						9	12.0	28.58	8.84	29.5	
						10	16.0	26.69			
						11	24.0	23.36	10.23	-----	-.1706
						12	32.0	21.01			

PROCESSING RESULTS

Electrode Spacing	Wenner Resistivity	Observed Error	Offset Error	Lateral Error
.5	143.41	-.0002	-.0372	.3196
1.0	110.74	.0008	-.0721	-.2664
1.5	92.56			
2.0	68.49	-.0023	.0220	.2545
3.0	46.95			
4.0	39.38	0.0000	.0217	-.0107
6.0	33.78			
8.0	29.38	0.0000	.0325	.0669
12.0	28.58			
16.0	26.69	-.0060	.0113	-.0353
24.0	23.36			
32.0	21.01	0.0000	.1053	0.0000
48.0	20.75			
64.0	22.12			

R.M.S. Relative error = .0287
 Maximum rel. error = -.0476 at sample 10
 Number of trials was 0

PLOTTED RESULTS



R.M.S. Observational Error = .0024
 R.M.S. Offset Wenner Difference = .0532
 R.M.S. Potential Ladder Difference = .2015

INPUT DATA						FIELD CURVE DATA			INTERPRETED MODEL		
Electrode Spacing	A	C	D1	D2	B	Electrode Separation	Apparent Resistivity	Thickness	Depth	Rho	Reflection Coeffts.
.5	184.0000	175.3000	181.5000	153.5000	7.8800	1	.5	526.22	.36	904.1	
1.0	35.1000	33.6000	35.1000	29.0000	1.3900	2	1.0	201.38			
2.0	7.1300	6.8900	5.7700	6.3500	.2460	3	1.5	118.28	.36	-----	-.7313
4.0	1.8090	1.7340	1.3870	1.2820	.0730	4	2.0	76.15			
8.0	.7330	.6790	.5040	.5860	.0520	5	3.0	48.08	1.20	140.3	
16.0	.4070	.3810	.2960	.3100	.0210	6	4.0	33.54			
32.0	.1660	.1540	.1170	.1310	.0070	7	6.0	28.91	1.56	-----	-.7204
						8	8.0	27.39			
						9	12.0	30.39	5.88	22.8	
						10	16.0	30.46			
						11	24.0	27.53	7.44	-----	.5375
						12	32.0	24.93			
						13	48.0	24.23	2.72	75.8	

PROCESSING RESULTS

Electrode Spacing	Wenner Resistivity	Observed Error	Offset Error	Lateral Error
.5	526.22	.0045	-.1672	-.2444
1.0	201.38	.0031	-.1903	-.2355
1.5	118.28			
2.0	76.15	-.0008	.0957	.1198
3.0	48.08			
4.0	33.54	.0011	-.0787	.2348
6.0	28.91			
8.0	27.39	.0027	.1505	-.0547
12.0	30.39			
16.0	30.46	.0124	.0462	.1480
24.0	27.53			
32.0	24.93	.0306	.1129	0.0000
48.0	24.23			
64.0	25.02			

R.M.S. Relative error = .0297
 Maximum rel. error = .0684 at sample 2
 Number of trials was 0

PLOTTED RESULTS



R.M.S. Observational Error = .0127
 R.M.S. Offset Wenner Difference = .1293
 R.M.S. Potential Ladder Difference = .1869

WARNING: The observed error for spacing 0 is greater than 1%. There may be an incorrect input data value

WARNING: The observed error for spacing 7 is greater than 1%. There may be an incorrect input data value

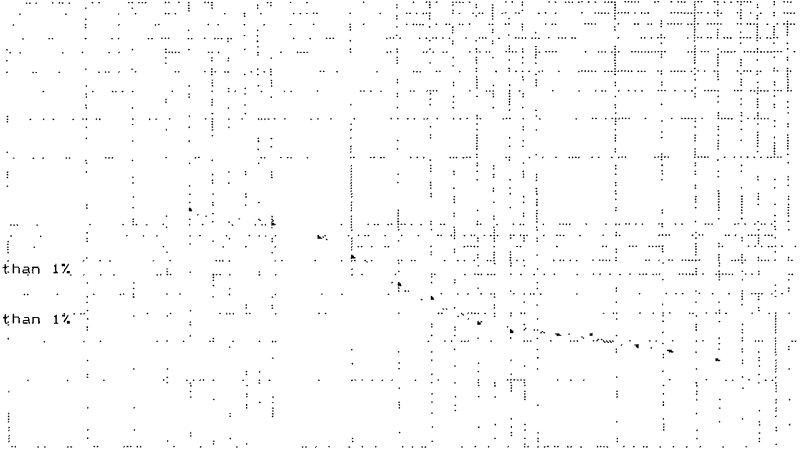
INPUT DATA						FIELD CURVE DATA			INTERPRETED MODEL		
Electrode Spacing	A	C	D1	D2	B	Electrode Separation	Apparent Resistivity	Thickness	Depth	Rho	Reflection Coeffts.
.5	49.6000	45.9000	35.0000	39.3000	3.6600	1	.5	116.71	1.35	114.3	
1.0	19.4300	18.1700	15.9400	16.4100	1.2500	2	1.0	101.63			
1.5						3	1.5	88.00	1.35	-----	-.5353
2.0	7.2300	6.9300	6.0900	5.3900	.2940	4	2.0	72.13			
4.0	2.3900	2.2700	2.0200	1.6620	.0930	5	3.0	53.43	9.19		
8.0	.9170	.8610	.7420	.5700	.0540	6	4.0	46.27			
16.0	.4270	.3990	.3390	.2910	.0270	7	6.0	36.00	10.54	-----	-.1591
32.0	.1730	.1720	.1580	.1140	.0090	8	8.0	32.97			
						9	12.0	32.00			25.1
						10	16.0	31.67			
						11	24.0	28.50			*****
						12	32.0	27.34			
						13	48.0	24.69			

PROCESSING RESULTS

Electrode Spacing	Wenner Resistivity	Observed Error	Offset Error	Lateral Error
.5	116.71	.0008	.1157	.0421
1.0	101.63	.0005	.0291	-.1516
1.5	80.55			
2.0	72.13	.0008	-.1220	.1480
3.0	53.43			
4.0	46.27	.0114	-.1945	.1736
6.0	39.51			
8.0	32.97	.0022	-.2622	.1538
12.0	33.63			
16.0	31.67	.0023	-.1524	.1211
24.0	29.73			
32.0	27.34	-.0452	-.3235	0.0000
48.0	24.69			
64.0	25.83			

R.M.S. Relative error = .0285
 Maximum rel. error = .0547 at sample 8
 Number of trials was 0

PLOTTED RESULTS



R.M.S. Observational Error = .0177
 R.M.S. Offset Wenner Difference = .1940
 R.M.S. Potential Ladder Difference = .1385

WARNING: The observed error for spacing 4 is greater than 1%
 There may be an incorrect input data value

WARNING: The observed error for spacing 7 is greater than 1%
 There may be an incorrect input data value

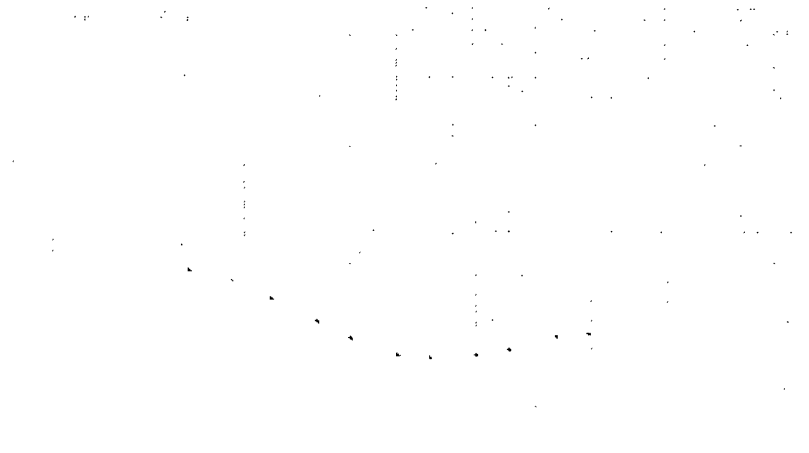
INPUT DATA						FIELD CURVE DATA			INTERPRETED MODEL		
Electrode Spacing	A	C	D1	D2	B	Electrode Separation	Apparent Resistivity	Thickness	Depth	Rho	Reflection Coeffts.
.5	27.9000	26.2000	25.1000	17.3400	1.6980	1	.5	66.66	.70	71.4	
1.0	8.9100	8.3000	8.8700	6.6600	.6060	2	1.0	48.79			
1.5						3	1.5	38.84	.70	-----	-.4737
2.0	3.5500	3.4300	2.5500	2.7700	.1360	4	2.0	33.43			
4.0	1.5070	1.4250	1.0280	1.1390	.0810	5	3.0	28.00	6.53		
8.0	.8310	.7710	.5720	.6150	.0590	6	4.0	27.23			
16.0	.4540	.4270	.3390	.3530	.0300	7	6.0	28.00	7.23	-----	.2766
						8	8.0	29.83			
						9	12.0	33.76			45.0
						10	16.0	34.78			*****

PROCESSING RESULTS

Electrode Spacing	Wenner Resistivity	Observed Error	Offset Error	Lateral Error
.5	66.66	.0001	-.3657	.1415
1.0	48.79	.0004	-.2846	-.2982
1.5	38.84			
2.0	33.43	-.0045	.0827	.2035
3.0	26.41			
4.0	27.23	.0007	.1024	.0762
6.0	29.55			
8.0	29.83	.0012	.0725	.0143
12.0	33.76			
16.0	34.78	-.0066	.0405	0.0000
24.0	33.70			
32.0	32.01			

R.M.S. Relative error = .0168
 Maximum rel. error = -.0230 at sample 4
 Number of trials was 0

PLOTTED RESULTS



R.M.S. Observational Error = .0033
 R.M.S. Offset Wenner Difference = .1996
 R.M.S. Potential Ladder Difference = .1768

INPUT DATA

Electrode Spacing	A	C	D1	D2	B
.5	19.3200	18.4500	13.6700	15.1300	.8840
1.0	6.9100	6.5800	5.2300	5.2500	.3310
2.0	3.0300	2.8800	2.1700	2.1800	.1490
4.0	1.8230	1.7130	1.2330	1.2810	.1140
8.0	1.2490	1.1590	.8560	.9260	.0890
16.0	.6710	.6230	.5060	.5440	.0470
32.0	.2320	.2220	.1910	.1960	.0110

FIELD CURVE DATA

Electrode Separation	Apparent Resistivity	
1	.5	45.24
2	1.0	32.92
3	1.5	29.73
4	2.0	27.33
5	3.0	28.92
6	4.0	31.59
7	6.0	39.16
8	8.0	44.79
9	12.0	51.51
10	16.0	52.78
11	24.0	47.84
12	32.0	38.91
13	48.0	26.76
14	64.0	22.54

INTERPRETED MODEL

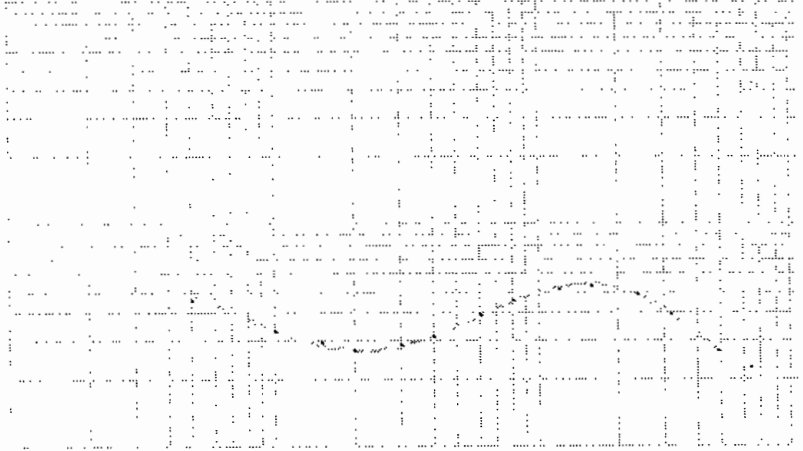
Thickness	Depth	Rho	Reflection Coeffts.
.47		54.8	
	.47	-----	-.3909
3.86		24.0	
	4.33	-----	.7531
5.75		170.4	
	10.08	-----	-.8234
		16.5	

PROCESSING RESULTS

Electrode Spacing	Wenner Resistivity	Observed Error	Offset Error	Lateral Error
.5	45.24	-.0007	.1014	.2716
1.0	32.92	-.0001	.0038	.1159
1.5	29.73			
2.0	27.33	.0003	.0046	.0612
3.0	28.92			
4.0	31.59	-.0022	.0382	.0097
6.0	39.16			
8.0	44.79	.0008	.0786	.0114
12.0	51.51			
16.0	52.78	.0015	.0724	.0089
24.0	47.84			
32.0	38.91	-.0043	.0258	0.0000
48.0	26.76			
64.0	22.54			

R.M.S. Relative error = .0280
 Maximum rel. error = .0861 at sample 2
 Number of trials was 0

PLOTTED RESULTS



R.M.S. Observational Error = .0020
 R.M.S. Offset Wenner Difference = .0584
 R.M.S. Potential Ladder Difference = .1233

INPUT DATA

Electrode Spacing	A	C	D1	D2	B
.5	25.1000	23.7000	19.4900	18.4400	1.4880
1.0	10.6200	10.0900	8.1600	7.9100	.5300
2.0	4.1700	3.9500	3.2500	3.2100	.2230
4.0	2.0300	1.9030	1.5310	1.4290	.1320
8.0	1.2150	1.1270	.9330	.8410	.0830
16.0	.5550	.5180	.4650	.4270	.0360
32.0	.2120	.2030	.1750	.1510	.0080

FIELD CURVE DATA

Electrode Separation	Apparent Resistivity	
1	.5	59.58
2	1.0	50.49
3	1.5	44.08
4	2.0	40.59
5	3.0	38.60
6	4.0	37.20
7	6.0	41.22
8	8.0	44.59
9	12.0	46.51
10	16.0	44.84
11	24.0	38.81
12	32.0	32.77
13	48.0	28.34

INTERPRETED MODEL

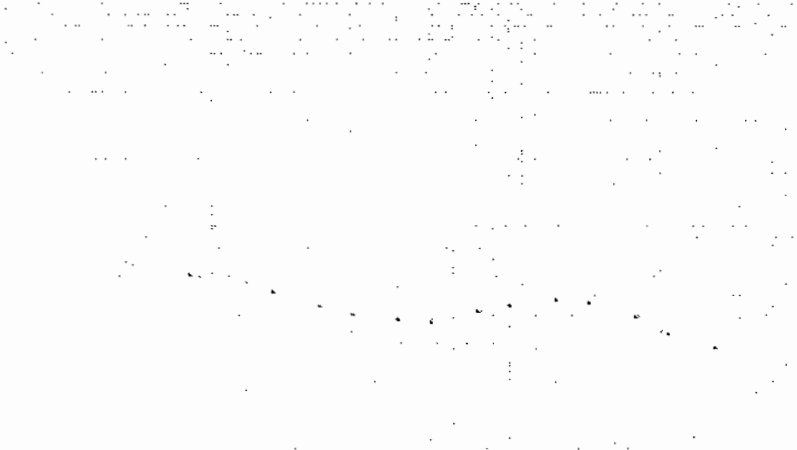
Thickness	Depth	Rho	Reflection Coeffts.
.80		61.5	
	.80	-----	-.3016
4.83		33.0	
	5.63	-----	.5769
4.59		123.0	
	10.22	-----	-.7083
		21.0	

PROCESSING RESULTS

Electrode Spacing	Wenner Resistivity	Observed Error	Offset Error	Lateral Error
.5	59.58	-.0035	-.0554	.0841
1.0	50.49	0.0000	-.0311	.1362
1.5	44.08			
2.0	40.59	-.0007	-.0124	-.0145
3.0	38.60			
4.0	37.20	-.0030	-.0689	-.0263
6.0	41.22			
8.0	44.59	.0041	-.1037	.0433
12.0	46.51			
16.0	44.84	.0018	-.0852	-.0554
24.0	38.81			
32.0	32.77	.0047	-.1472	0.0000
48.0	28.34			
64.0	32.56			

R.M.S. Relative error = .0143
 Maximum rel. error = .0306 at sample 10
 Number of trials was 0

PLOTTED RESULTS



R.M.S. Observational Error = .0030
 R.M.S. Offset Wenner Difference = .0834
 R.M.S. Potential Ladder Difference = .0724

INPUT DATA						FIELD CURVE DATA			INTERPRETED MODEL		
Electrode Spacing	A	C	D1	D2	B	Electrode Separation	Apparent Resistivity	Thickness	Depth	Rho	Reflection Coeffts.
.5	11.1400	10.5900	8.0400	8.7900	.5730	1	.5	26.44	.30	31.0	
1.0	4.5200	4.3200	3.2900	3.3500	.1990	2	1.0	20.86			
2.0	2.5100	2.3700	1.7410	1.6630	.1330	3	1.5	20.15	.30	-----	-.2627
4.0	1.8860	1.7530	1.3060	1.2570	.1340	4	2.0	21.39			
8.0	1.3750	1.2690	1.0160	.9490	.1000	5	3.0	26.88	2.53	18.1	
16.0	.7290	.6790	.5850	.5530	.0480	6	4.0	32.21			
32.0	.2490	.2370	.2090	.2010	.0120	7	6.0	42.70			
						8	8.0	49.39	2.83	-----	.7923
						9	12.0	55.95	6.72	156.2	
						10	16.0	57.20			
						11	24.0	50.49	9.55	-----	-.7801
						12	32.0	41.22			
						13	48.0	29.69			
						14	64.0	25.74			

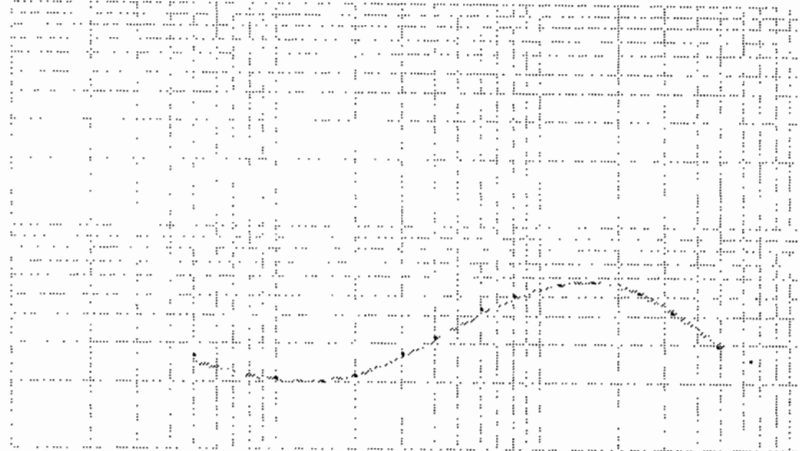
PROCESSING RESULTS

Electrode Spacing	Wenner Resistivity	Observed Error	Offset Error	Lateral Error
.5	26.44	-.0021	.0891	.1518
1.0	20.86	.0002	.0181	.0878
1.5	20.15			
2.0	21.39	.0028	-.0458	.0238
3.0	26.88			
4.0	32.21	-.0005	-.0382	-.0206
6.0	42.70			
8.0	49.39	.0044	-.0682	.0084
12.0	55.95			
16.0	57.20	.0027	-.0562	.0411
24.0	50.49			
32.0	41.22	0.0000	-.0390	0.0000
48.0	29.69			
64.0	25.74			

R.M.S. Observational Error = .0024
 R.M.S. Offset Wenner Difference = .0550
 R.M.S. Potential Ladder Difference = .0747

R.M.S. Relative error = .0288
 Maximum rel. error = -.0735 at sample 1
 Number of trials was 0

PLOTTED RESULTS



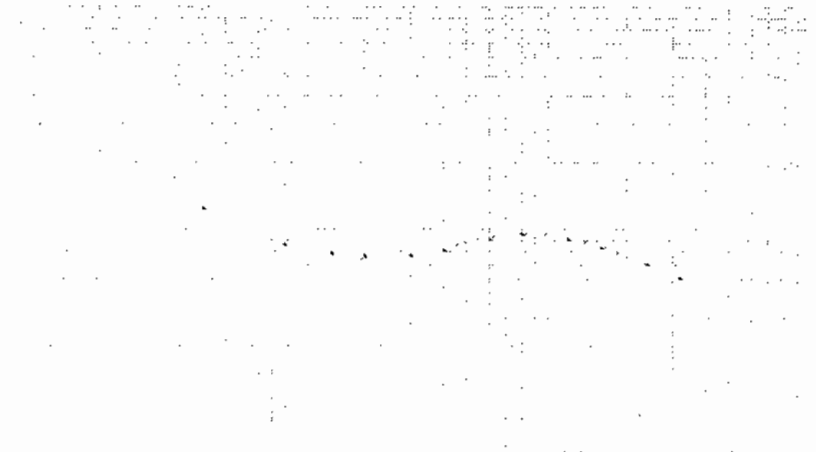
INPUT DATA						FIELD CURVE DATA			INTERPRETED MODEL		
Electrode Spacing	A	C	D1	D2	B	Electrode Separation	Apparent Resistivity	Thickness	Depth	Rho	Reflection Coeffts.
.5	55.1000	53.6000	37.6000	42.5000	1.4880	1	.5	125.82	.38	164.0	
1.0	16.4100	15.5600	15.1500	12.1100	.8380	2	1.0	85.64			
2.0	8.8600	8.4600	7.2200	4.9300	.3930	3	1.5	79.00	.38	-----	-.4236
4.0	4.2500	3.8600	3.2300	3.1000	.3800	4	2.0	76.34			
8.0	2.5600	2.4000	2.0700	1.7490	.1500	5	3.0	77.00	3.10	66.4	
16.0	1.0200	.9730	.9050	.7440	.0450	6	4.0	79.55			
						7	6.0	90.00			
						8	8.0	95.98	3.48	-----	.4749
						9	12.0	90.00	4.11	186.5	
						10	16.0	82.89			
						11	24.0	68.83	7.59	-----	-.5818
						12	32.0	60.10			

PROCESSING RESULTS

Electrode Spacing	Wenner Resistivity	Observed Error	Offset Error	Lateral Error
.5	125.82	.0002	.1223	.4946
1.0	85.64	.0007	-.2230	-.1814
1.5	86.73			
2.0	76.34	.0008	-.3770	.2546
3.0	78.69			
4.0	79.55	.0024	-.0411	-.1336
6.0	95.17			
8.0	95.98	.0039	-.1681	.1006
12.0	85.72			
16.0	82.89	.0020	-.1953	0.0000
24.0	68.83			
32.0	60.10			

R.M.S. Observational Error = .0021
 R.M.S. Offset Wenner Difference = .2140
 R.M.S. Potential Ladder Difference = .2721

PLOTTED RESULTS



INPUT DATA						FIELD CURVE DATA			INTERPRETED MODEL			
Electrode Spacing	A	C	D1	D2	B	Electrode Separation	Apparent Resistivity	Thickness	Depth	Rho	Reflection Coeffts.	
.5	52.3000	49.9000	40.1000	47.9000	2.4100	1	.5	138.23		191.7		
1.0	16.8300	16.1100	12.7500	13.1700	.7090	2	1.0	81.43				
2.0	8.7100	8.2300	5.6100	6.1100	.4730	3	1.5	72.66	.36	-----	-.5220	
4.0	6.0700	5.6800	4.3100	4.9700	.3940	4	2.0	73.64				
8.0	3.6000	3.3400	2.7300	2.7000	.2550	5	3.0	90.27	3.29		60.2	
16.0	1.3000	1.2290	1.1110	1.1470	.0710	6	4.0	105.31				
						7	6.0	127.17		2.65	-----	.7034
						8	8.0	136.47				
						9	12.0	134.46	4.81		345.7	
						10	16.0	113.50				
						11	24.0	72.43	7.46	-----	-.8566	

PROCESSING RESULTS

Electrode Spacing	Wenner Resistivity	Observed Error	Offset Error	Lateral Error
.5	138.23	-.0002	.1773	-.0451
1.0	81.43	.0001	.0324	.0376
1.5	72.66			
2.0	73.64	.0008	.0853	.0664
3.0	90.27			
4.0	105.31	-.0007	-.0573	.0481
6.0	127.17			
8.0	136.47	.0014	-.0110	.0556
12.0	134.46			
16.0	113.50	0.0000	.0319	0.0000
24.0	72.43			
32.0	40.21			

R.M.S. Relative error = .0283
 Maximum rel. error = -.0548 at sample 1
 Number of trials was 0

PLOTTED RESULTS

R.M.S. Observational Error = .0007
 R.M.S. Offset Wenner Difference = .0858
 R.M.S. Potential Ladder Difference = .0515

INPUT DATA						FIELD CURVE DATA			INTERPRETED MODEL			
Electrode Spacing	A	C	D1	D2	B	Electrode Separation	Apparent Resistivity	Thickness	Depth	Rho	Reflection Coeffts.	
.5	41.0000	39.5000	29.9000	30.8000	1.4640	1	.5	95.35		142.6		
1.0	16.5800	15.8300	10.8700	12.5900	.9500	2	1.0	73.70				
2.0	12.0900	11.3500	8.1800	8.0100	.7450	3	1.5	85.00	.36	-----	-.6050	
4.0	7.1100	6.4700	5.2000	5.6400	.6290	4	2.0	101.72				
8.0	3.9800	3.7700	3.0600	3.0200	.2090	5	3.0	123.51	.57		35.1	
16.0	1.2050	1.1540	1.0120	1.0580	.0490	6	4.0	136.22				
32.0	.2340	.2240	.1760	.2170	.0090	7	6.0	150.00	.93	-----	.7396	
						8	8.0	152.81				
						9	12.0	130.00	7.68		234.5	
						10	16.0	104.05				
						11	24.0	62.00	8.61	-----	-.8192	
						12	32.0	39.51				
						13	48.0	26.00			23.3	
						14	64.0	22.50				

PROCESSING RESULTS

Electrode Spacing	Wenner Resistivity	Observed Error	Offset Error	Lateral Error
.5	95.35	.0009	.0297	.2815
1.0	73.70	0.0000	.1466	-.0182
1.5	88.57			
2.0	101.72	-.0004	-.0210	.1001
3.0	123.51			
4.0	136.22	.0015	.0812	-.1530
6.0	152.81			
8.0	152.81	.0003	-.0132	.2058
12.0	131.92			
16.0	104.05	.0017	.0444	.1105
24.0	68.73			
32.0	39.51	.0043	.2087	0.0000
48.0	26.00			
64.0	22.50			

R.M.S. Relative error = .0250
 Maximum rel. error = .0378 at sample 7
 Number of trials was 0

PLOTTED RESULTS

R.M.S. Observational Error = .0019
 R.M.S. Offset Wenner Difference = .1036
 R.M.S. Potential Ladder Difference = .1671

INPUT DATA						FIELD CURVE DATA			INTERPRETED MODEL			
Electrode Spacing	A	C	D1	D2	B	Electrode Separation	Apparent Resistivity	Thickness	Depth	Rho	Reflection Coeffts.	
.5	18.0700	17.4100	13.9600	12.1700	.6730	1	.5	41.04	.27	56.3		
1.0	7.6000	7.1500	5.9500	5.2000	.4500	2	1.0	34.97				
2.0	4.8500	4.5500	3.4500	3.2400	.2730	3	1.5	36.50	.27	-----	-.3048	
4.0	2.8000	2.6100	2.1000	2.0500	.1960	4	2.0	42.03				
8.0	1.2960	1.2110	1.0690	1.1080	.0820	5	3.0	47.75	1.47	30.0		
16.0	.5340	.5070	.4080	.4320	.0270	6	4.0	52.15				
						7	6.0	56.71		1.74	-----	.5138
						8	8.0	54.71				
						9	12.0	48.30	4.37	93.4		
						10	16.0	42.22				
						11	24.0	36.48		6.11	-----	-.5413

PROCESSING RESULTS

Electrode Spacing	Wenner Resistivity	Observed Error	Offset Error	Lateral Error
.5	41.04	-.0007	-.1370	.2796
1.0	34.97	0.0000	-.1712	-.0262
1.5	39.89			
2.0	42.03	.0015	-.0628	.0823
3.0	47.75			
4.0	52.15	-.0021	-.0241	-.0111
6.0	56.71			
8.0	54.71	.0022	.0358	.0331
12.0	48.30			
16.0	42.22	-.0000	.0571	0.0000
24.0	36.48			
32.0	34.98			

R.M.S. Relative error = .0251
 Maximum rel. error = -.0499 at sample 11
 Number of trials was 0

PLOTTED RESULTS

R.M.S. Observational Error = .0014
 R.M.S. Offset Wenner Difference = .0867
 R.M.S. Potential Ladder Difference = .1318

INPUT DATA						FIELD CURVE DATA			INTERPRETED MODEL			
Electrode Spacing	A	C	D1	D2	B	Electrode Separation	Apparent Resistivity	Thickness	Depth	Rho	Reflection Coeffts.	
.5	20.5000	19.5800	15.2200	13.8700	.9290	1	.5	45.69	.25	60.9		
1.0	9.0500	8.5000	6.8100	6.5300	.5290	2	1.0	41.91				
1.5	5.2700	4.9000	3.9700	3.6100	.3620	3	1.5	45.62	.25	-----	-.2570	
2.0	2.9000	2.7100	2.2000	2.1700	.1880	4	2.0	47.63				
3.0	1.2170	1.1500	.9560	.9780	.0670	5	3.0	52.98	1.23	36.0		
4.0	.4410	.4190	.3450	.3350	.0220	6	4.0	54.92				
6.0	.1830	.1700	.1310	.1340	.0090	7	6.0	52.85		1.48	-----	.3867
						8	8.0	48.61				
						9	12.0	40.14	3.86	81.4		
						10	16.0	34.18				
						11	24.0	28.84		5.34	-----	-.5417
						12	32.0	26.64				

PROCESSING RESULTS

Electrode Spacing	Wenner Resistivity	Observed Error	Offset Error	Lateral Error
.5	45.69	-.0004	-.0928	.2542
1.0	41.91	.0012	-.0420	-.0158
1.5	45.62			
2.0	47.63	.0015	-.0950	.0097
3.0	52.98			
4.0	54.92	.0007	-.0137	.0439
6.0	52.85			
8.0	48.61	0.0000	.0228	.0382
12.0	40.14			
16.0	34.18	0.0000	-.0294	.0962
24.0	28.84			
32.0	26.64	.0221	.0226	0.0000
48.0	27.97			
64.0	31.67			

R.M.S. Relative error = .0280
 Maximum rel. error = -.0449 at sample 11
 Number of trials was 0

PLOTTED RESULTS

R.M.S. Observational Error = .0084
 R.M.S. Offset Wenner Difference = .0554
 R.M.S. Potential Ladder Difference = .1137

WARNING: The observed error for spacing 7 is greater than 1%. There may be an incorrect input data value

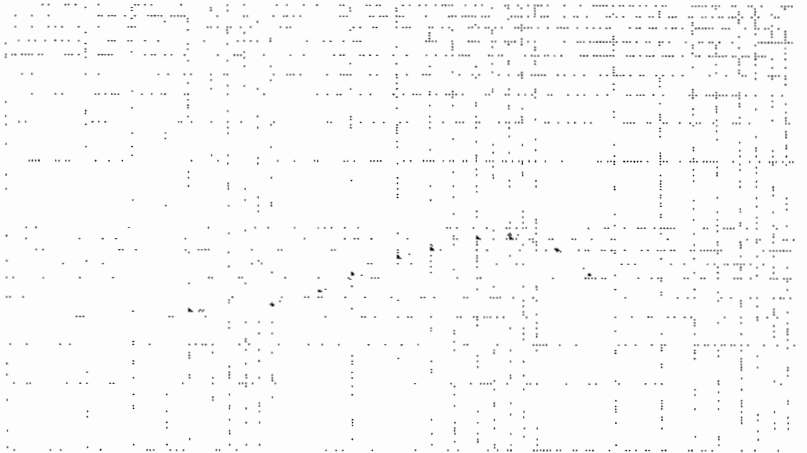
INPUT DATA						FIELD CURVE DATA			INTERPRETED MODEL		
Electrode Spacing	A	C	D1	D2	B	Electrode Separation	Apparent Resistivity	Thickness	Depth	Rho	Reflection Coeffts.
.5	20.0000	19.2600	15.1500	11.7500	.7800	1	.5	42.25	1.65	42.8	
1.0	19.5900	9.9700	7.7000	6.8800	.6250	2	1.0	45.80			
2.0	7.2000	6.7300	5.5200	4.5200	.4520	3	1.5	52.00	1.65	-----	.6270
4.0	4.4300	4.1300	3.3400	3.1500	.3020	4	2.0	63.08			
8.0	2.2900	2.1200	1.9110	1.6850	.1500	5	3.0	74.65	4.61	186.7	
16.0	.7060	.6680	.6120	.6390	.0380	6	4.0	81.56			
						7	6.0	89.38	6.26	-----	-.7688
						8	8.0	90.38			
						9	12.0	79.96		24.4	
						10	16.0	62.88			

PROCESSING RESULTS

Electrode Spacing	Wenner Resistivity	Observed Error	Offset Error	Lateral Error
.5	42.25	-.0020	-.2528	.2943
1.0	45.80	-.0005	-.1125	.0334
1.5	56.55			
2.0	63.08	.0025	-.1992	.0296
3.0	74.65			
4.0	81.56	-.0005	-.0586	-.0083
6.0	89.38			
8.0	90.38	.0088	-.1257	.0297
12.0	79.96			
16.0	62.88	0.0000	.0432	0.0000
24.0	56.58			
32.0	17.09			

R.M.S. Relative error = .0296
 Maximum rel. error = -.0617 at sample 5
 Number of trials was 0

PLOTTED RESULTS



R.M.S. Observational Error = .0038
 R.M.S. Offset Wenner Difference = .1513
 R.M.S. Potential Ladder Difference = .1338

INPUT DATA						FIELD CURVE DATA			INTERPRETED MODEL		
Electrode Spacing	A	C	D1	D2	B	Electrode Separation	Apparent Resistivity	Thickness	Depth	Rho	Reflection Coeffts.
.5	395.0000	383.0000	255.0000	324.0000	11.8900	1	.5	909.49	.18	2800.5	
1.0	80.8000	78.6000	79.0000	54.6000	2.2900	2	1.0	419.72			
2.0	14.6400	14.0400	10.3100	12.4800	.5900	3	1.5	210.00	.18	-----	-.5415
4.0	6.2400	5.8300	5.1400	4.0300	.3990	4	2.0	143.19			
8.0	3.0600	2.8500	2.5000	2.2000	.1990	5	3.0	118.59	.54	832.9	
16.0	1.0040	.9570	.9160	.7900	.0470	6	4.0	115.23			
32.0	.2660	.2570	.2240	.1880	.0090	7	6.0	116.00	.72	-----	-.7769
						8	8.0	118.12			
						9	12.0	105.67	5.34	104.6	
						10	16.0	85.75			
						11	24.0	56.87	6.06	-----	.5133
						12	32.0	41.42			
						13	48.0	34.98	2.70	325.2	

PROCESSING RESULTS

Electrode Spacing	Wenner Resistivity	Observed Error	Offset Error	Lateral Error
.5	909.49	.0003	.2383	.9005
1.0	419.72	-.0011	-.3653	.5317
1.5	277.98			
2.0	143.19	.0007	.1904	.0779
3.0	118.59			
4.0	115.23	.0018	-.2421	.0320
6.0	116.00			
8.0	118.12	.0036	-.1277	.0922
12.0	105.67			
16.0	85.75	-.0000	-.1477	.0049
24.0	56.87			
32.0	41.42	0.0000	-.1748	0.0000
48.0	34.98			
64.0	41.02			

R.M.S. Relative error = .0297
 Maximum rel. error = .0682 at sample 1
 Number of trials was 0

PLOTTED RESULTS



R.M.S. Observational Error = .0016
 R.M.S. Offset Wenner Difference = .2248
 R.M.S. Potential Ladder Difference = .4200

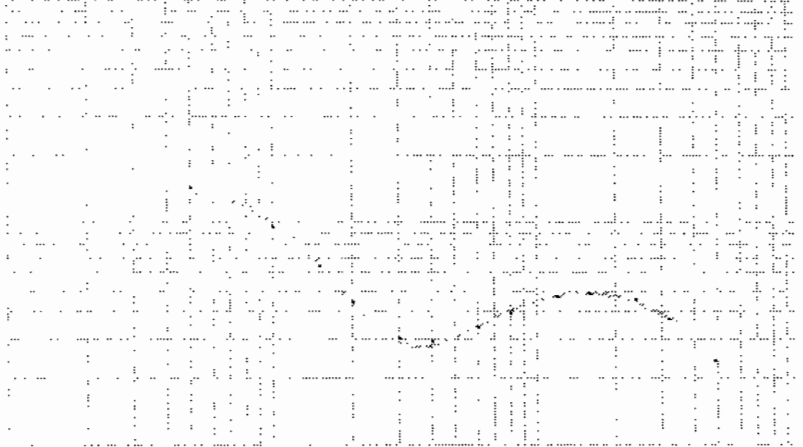
INPUT DATA						FIELD CURVE DATA			INTERPRETED MODEL		
Electrode Spacing	A	C	D1	D2	B	Electrode Separation	Apparent Resistivity	Thickness	Depth	Rho	Reflection Coeffts.
.5	56.6000	53.8000	50.6000	40.2000	2.7200	1	.5	142.63	.90	147.5	
1.0	21.8000	21.2000	14.4300	16.4900	.5940	2	1.0	97.14			
2.0	4.3800	4.2100	3.1900	3.7600	.1730	3	1.5	64.00	.90	-----	-.7825
4.0	1.6940	1.6030	1.2300	1.1330	.0910	4	2.0	43.67			
8.0	1.1400	1.0660	.7960	.7760	.0730	5	3.0	30.00	3.16	18.0	
16.0	.5950	.5470	.4570	.4920	.0470	6	4.0	29.69			
32.0	.2200	.2030	.1700	.2000	.0160	7	6.0	34.00	4.06	-----	.7700
						8	8.0	39.51			
						9	12.0	46.16	5.98	138.5	
						10	16.0	47.70			
						11	24.0	45.81	10.04	-----	-.7554
						12	32.0	37.20			
						13	48.0	24.12		19.3	

PROCESSING RESULTS

Electrode Spacing	Wenner Resistivity	Observed Error	Offset Error	Lateral Error
.5	142.63	.0014	-.2291	.0458
1.0	97.14	.0003	.1332	1.1526
1.5	69.17			
2.0	43.67	-.0007	.1640	.1209
3.0	35.95			
4.0	29.69	0.0000	-.0821	.0363
6.0	34.00			
8.0	39.51	.0009	-.0254	.0911
12.0	46.16			
16.0	47.70	.0017	.0738	-.1056
24.0	45.81			
32.0	37.20	.0046	.1622	0.0000
48.0	24.12			
64.0	14.85			

R.M.S. Relative error = .0287
 Maximum rel. error = -.0498 at sample 6
 Number of trials was 0

PLOTTED RESULTS



R.M.S. Observational Error = .0020
 R.M.S. Offset Wenner Difference = .1395
 R.M.S. Potential Ladder Difference = .4772

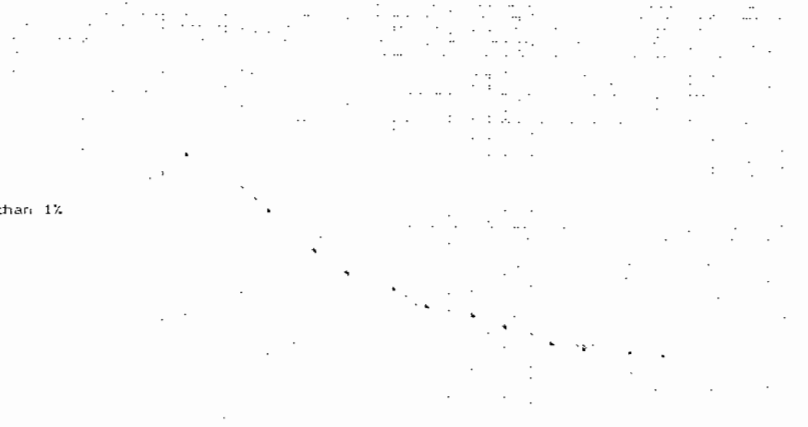
INPUT DATA						FIELD CURVE DATA			INTERPRETED MODEL		
Electrode Spacing	A	C	D1	D2	B	Electrode Separation	Apparent Resistivity	Thickness	Depth	Rho	Reflection Coeffts.
.5	84.8000	82.1000	63.4000	68.6000	2.6200	1	.5	207.35	.58	236.4	
1.0	24.3000	23.2000	19.8100	17.8600	.9890	2	1.0	118.34			
2.0	6.3100	5.9200	4.6300	5.4100	.3850	3	1.5	78.00	.58	-----	-.6428
4.0	2.1900	2.0600	1.6700	1.8340	.1750	4	2.0	61.08			
8.0	.9370	.8920	.7700	.6540	.0400	5	3.0	52.36	2.35	51.4	
16.0	.3970	.3810	.3130	.2530	.0130	6	4.0	44.03			
32.0	.2000	.1890	.1450	.1240	.0090	7	6.0	40.00	2.93	-----	-.2108
						8	8.0	35.79			
						9	12.0	30.37	6.46	33.5	
						10	16.0	28.45			
						11	24.0	27.40	9.39	-----	-.1532
						12	32.0	27.04		24.6	

PROCESSING RESULTS

Electrode Spacing	Wenner Resistivity	Observed Error	Offset Error	Lateral Error
.5	207.35	.0009	.0788	.3568
1.0	118.34	.0046	-.1035	.3801
1.5	97.05			
2.0	63.08	.0011	.1554	.0156
3.0	52.36			
4.0	44.03	-.0023	.0936	-.0707
6.0	37.08			
8.0	35.79	.0054	-.1629	.1445
12.0	30.37			
16.0	28.45	.0076	-.2120	.2394
24.0	27.40			
32.0	27.04	.0101	-.1561	0.0000
48.0	25.80			
64.0	14.60			

R.M.S. Relative error = .0309
 Maximum rel. error = -.0622 at sample 5
 Number of trials was 0

PLOTTED RESULTS



R.M.S. Observational Error = .0055
 R.M.S. Offset Wenner Difference = .1443
 R.M.S. Potential Ladder Difference = .2433

WARNING: The observed error for spacing 7 is greater than 1%. There may be an incorrect input data value

INPUT DATA						FIELD CURVE DATA			INTERPRETED MODEL		
Electrode Spacing	A	C	D1	D2	B	Electrode Separation	Apparent Resistivity	Thickness	Depth	Rho	Reflection Coeffts.
.5	29.1000	26.2000	25.9000	26.7000	2.9700	1	.5	82.62	.84	85.5	
1.0	10.1700	9.7200	8.9900	8.9200	.4450	2	1.0	56.27			
2.0	2.8000	2.6800	2.4100	2.2200	.1200	3	1.5	39.09	.84	-----	-.6765
4.0	1.2100	1.1410	.8600	.8760	-.0690	4	2.0	29.09			
8.0	.7830	.7210	.5670	.5490	-.0580	5	3.0	23.87	3.77	16.5	
16.0	.4130	.3850	.3340	.3120	-.0280	6	4.0	21.82			
32.0	.1960	.1830	.1400	.1510	-.0110	7	6.0	24.96	4.61	-----	.6710
						8	8.0	28.05			
						9	12.0	32.39	4.21	83.8	
						10	16.0	32.47			
						11	24.0	30.78	8.82	-----	-.5901
						12	32.0	29.25			

PROCESSING RESULTS

Electrode Spacing	Wenner Resistivity	Observed Error	Offset Error	Lateral Error
.5	82.62	-.0024	.0304	-.5147
1.0	56.27	.0005	-.0078	-.1685
1.5	29.25			
2.0	29.09	0.0000	-.0821	-.0795
3.0	23.87			
4.0	21.82	0.0000	.0184	-.0108
6.0	24.96			
8.0	28.05	.0051	-.0323	.0104
12.0	32.39			
16.0	32.47	0.0000	-.0681	-.0739
24.0	30.78			
32.0	29.25	.0103	.0756	0.0000
48.0	28.42			
64.0	30.91			

R.M.S. Relative error = .0285
 Maximum rel. error = -.0405 at sample 6
 Number of trials was 0

PLOTTED RESULTS

R.M.S. Observational Error = .0044
 R.M.S. Offset Wenner Difference = .0527
 R.M.S. Potential Ladder Difference = .2256

WARNING: The observed error for spacing 7 is greater than 1%
 There may be an incorrect input data value

INPUT DATA						FIELD CURVE DATA			INTERPRETED MODEL		
Electrode Spacing	A	C	D1	D2	B	Electrode Separation	Apparent Resistivity	Thickness	Depth	Rho	Reflection Coeffts.
.5	21.4000	20.6000	15.9400	13.8000	.8470	1	.5	46.72	.39	42.1	
1.0	10.3000	9.6400	8.0400	7.6000	.6680	2	1.0	49.13			
2.0	4.1900	3.9000	3.7200	3.3200	.2850	3	1.5	48.50	.39	-----	.1833
4.0	1.6540	1.5780	1.2720	1.2250	.0740	4	2.0	44.23			
8.0	.6830	.6340	.4970	.5150	-.0450	5	3.0	37.73	1.25	61.0	
16.0	.3580	.3330	.2680	.2800	-.0230	6	4.0	31.38			
32.0	.1760	.1670	.1310	.1270	-.0080	7	6.0	25.50	1.64	-----	-.5307
						8	8.0	25.43			
						9	12.0	27.23	4.07	18.7	
						10	16.0	27.55			
						11	24.0	27.06	5.71	-----	.4410
						12	32.0	25.94			

PROCESSING RESULTS

Electrode Spacing	Wenner Resistivity	Observed Error	Offset Error	Lateral Error
.5	46.72	-.0022	-.1439	.2298
1.0	49.13	-.0008	-.0563	.0160
1.5	51.76			
2.0	44.23	.0012	-.1136	-.1938
3.0	37.73			
4.0	31.38	.0012	-.0376	.1531
6.0	25.11			
8.0	25.43	.0059	.0356	-.0261
12.0	27.23			
16.0	27.55	.0056	.0438	-.0354
24.0	27.06			
32.0	25.94	.0057	-.0710	0.0000
48.0	26.52			
64.0	30.94			

R.M.S. Relative error = .0284
 Maximum rel. error = -.0685 at sample 6
 Number of trials was 0

PLOTTED RESULTS

R.M.S. Observational Error = .0039
 R.M.S. Offset Wenner Difference = .0778
 R.M.S. Potential Ladder Difference = .1390

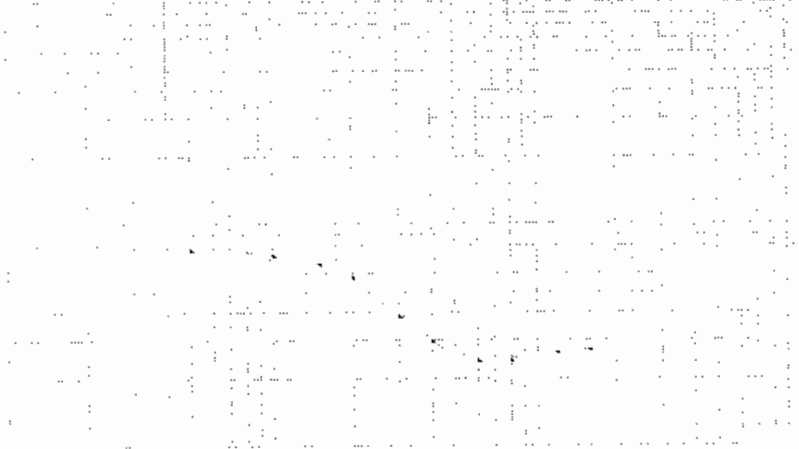
INPUT DATA						FIELD CURVE DATA			INTERPRETED MODEL			
Electrode Spacing	A	C	D1	D2	B	Electrode Separation	Apparent Resistivity	Thickness	Depth	Rho	Reflection Coeffts.	
.5	24.7000	32.9000	24.1000	24.4000	1.8080	1	.5	76.18	1.73	77.5		
1.0	13.3600	12.3200	11.4900	11.0500	1.0350	2	1.0	70.81				
2.0	6.3800	6.2900	4.3700	4.8100	.1800	3	1.5	65.00	1.73	-----	-.6667	
4.0	1.6790	1.6110	1.0560	1.3050	-.0700	4	2.0	57.68				
8.0	.6550	.6080	.4680	.4760	.0440	5	3.0	38.27	3.84		15.5	
16.0	.3570	.3340	.2600	.2740	.0220	6	4.0	29.67				
						7	6.0	24.00		5.57	-----	.5700
						8	8.0	23.73				
						9	12.0	25.91	3.91			56.6
						10	16.0	26.84		9.48	-----	-.4682

PROCESSING RESULTS				
Electrode Spacing	Wenner Resistivity	Observed Error	Offset Error	Lateral Error
.5	76.18	-.0002	.0124	.2672
1.0	70.81	.0004	-.0390	-.2707
1.5	67.46			
2.0	57.68	.0000	.0959	.8638
3.0	38.27			
4.0	29.67	-.0012	.2109	.4100
6.0	27.00			
8.0	23.73	.0046	.0169	.0146
12.0	25.91			
16.0	26.84	.0028	.0524	0.0000
24.0	26.98			
32.0	27.13			

R.M.S. Relative error = .0235
 Maximum rel. error = .0404 at sample 8
 Number of trials was 0

R.M.S. Observational Error = .0023
 R.M.S. Offset Wenner Difference = .0987
 R.M.S. Potential Ladder Difference = .4603

PLOTTED RESULTS



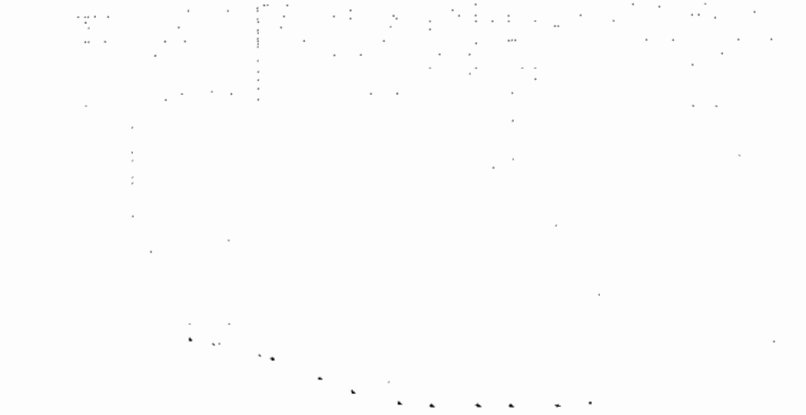
INPUT DATA						FIELD CURVE DATA			INTERPRETED MODEL			
Electrode Spacing	A	C	D1	D2	B	Electrode Separation	Apparent Resistivity	Thickness	Depth	Rho	Reflection Coeffts.	
.5	14.2400	13.6500	10.0200	9.9800	.5860	1	.5	31.42	.82	31.5		
1.0	5.4500	5.1700	3.9600	4.2600	.2800	2	1.0	25.82				
2.0	1.8980	1.8010	1.3920	1.5010	.0970	3	1.5	21.00	.82	-----	-.3816	
4.0	.8290	.7890	.6290	.6120	-.0500	4	2.0	18.18				
8.0	.4250	.4000	.3140	.3070	.0240	5	3.0	16.03	1.50		14.1	
16.0	.2210	.2070	.1610	.1620	.0140	6	4.0	15.59				
						7	6.0	15.78		2.32	-----	.0505
						8	8.0	15.61				
						9	12.0	15.84				15.6
						10	16.0	16.24				

PROCESSING RESULTS				
Electrode Spacing	Wenner Resistivity	Observed Error	Offset Error	Lateral Error
.5	31.42	.0003	-.0040	.3885
1.0	25.82	-.0000	.0730	.2328
1.5	23.50			
2.0	18.18	0.0000	.0754	.0713
3.0	16.03			
4.0	15.59	0.0000	-.0274	.0427
6.0	15.78			
8.0	15.61	.0024	-.0225	.0571
12.0	15.84			
16.0	16.24	0.0000	.0062	0.0000
24.0	17.53			
32.0	18.50			

R.M.S. Relative error = .0239
 Maximum rel. error = -.0419 at sample 1
 Number of trials was 0

R.M.S. Observational Error = .0010
 R.M.S. Offset Wenner Difference = .0453
 R.M.S. Potential Ladder Difference = .2075

PLOTTED RESULTS



HY 19.2

Grid Ref: SP 1520 7430 Azimuth: 321

INPUT DATA

Electrode Spacing	A	C	D1	D2	B
.5	21.7000	21.0000	16.5000	14.9700	.7260
1.0	5.6700	5.4000	4.3800	4.6800	.2690
2.0	2.1300	2.0200	1.5620	1.6470	.1160
4.0	.8950	.8450	.6960	.6480	.0520
8.0	.4250	.3980	.3120	.3170	.0270
16.0	.2300	.2170	.1730	.1630	.0110

FIELD CURVE DATA

Electrode Separation	Apparent Resistivity	Thickness	Depth	Rho	Reflection Coeffts.
1	.5	49.28	.44	64.2	
2	1.0	28.46			
3	1.5	22.50	.44	-----	-.5489
4	2.0	20.16			
5	3.0	18.57	1.98	18.7	
6	4.0	16.89			
7	6.0	16.20	2.42	-----	-.0841
8	8.0	15.83			
9	12.0	16.33		15.8	
10	16.0	16.89			

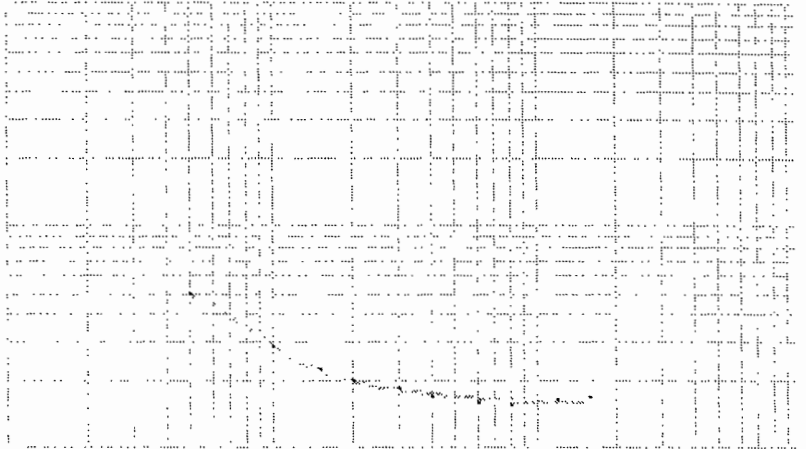
INTERPRETED MODEL

PROCESSING RESULTS

Electrode Spacing	Wenner Resistivity	Observed Error	Offset Error	Lateral Error
.5	49.28	-.0012	-.1039	.6705
1.0	28.46	.0002	.0662	.0425
1.5	24.61			
2.0	20.16	-.0028	.0530	.1141
3.0	18.57			
4.0	16.89	-.0022	-.0714	.0462
6.0	16.20			
8.0	15.83	0.0000	.0127	-.0060
12.0	16.33			
16.0	16.89	.0087	-.0595	0.0000
24.0	17.79			
32.0	20.09			

R.M.S. Relative error = .0287
 Maximum rel. error = -.0529 at sample 10
 Number of trials was 0

PLOTTED RESULTS



R.M.S. Observational Error = .0039
 R.M.S. Offset Wenner Difference = .0668
 R.M.S. Potential Ladder Difference = .3055

HY 19.3

Grid Ref: SP 1527 7435 Azimuth: 11

INPUT DATA

Electrode Spacing	A	C	D1	D2	B
.5	17.7500	12.9100	12.3900	11.2500	.8530
1.0	5.0800	4.8600	3.9100	3.7900	.2230
2.0	2.2300	2.1100	1.5750	1.6950	.1260
4.0	1.0490	.9780	.7750	.7960	.0680
8.0	.4930	.4620	.3750	.3640	.0290

FIELD CURVE DATA

Electrode Separation	Apparent Resistivity	Thickness	Depth	Rho	Reflection Coeffts.
1	.5	37.13	.39	46.1	
2	1.0	24.19			
3	1.5	21.00	.39	-----	-.4012
4	2.0	20.55			
5	3.0	20.98	2.09	19.7	
6	4.0	19.74			
7	6.0	19.59	2.48	-----	-.0287
8	8.0	18.57			
9	12.0	18.03		18.6	
10	16.0	18.79			

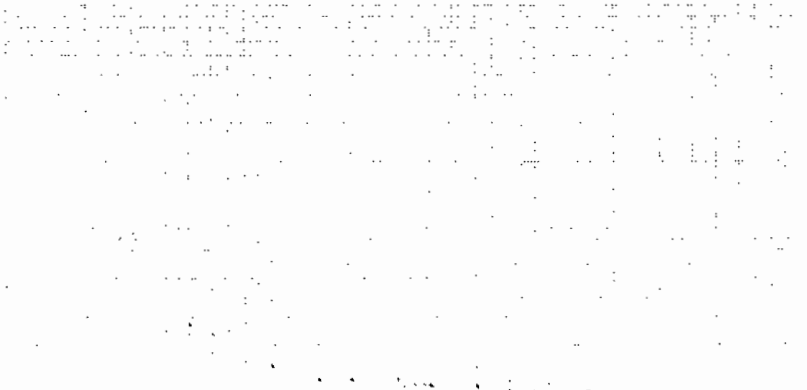
INTERPRETED MODEL

PROCESSING RESULTS

Electrode Spacing	Wenner Resistivity	Observed Error	Offset Error	Lateral Error
.5	37.13	-.0009	-.0964	-.2185
1.0	24.19	-.0006	-.0312	.1169
1.5	19.91			
2.0	20.55	-.0027	.0734	.1011
3.0	20.98			
4.0	19.74	.0029	.0267	.0248
6.0	19.59			
8.0	18.57	.0041	-.0298	0.0000
12.0	18.03			
16.0	18.79			

R.M.S. Relative error = .0301
 Maximum rel. error = .0429 at sample 9
 Number of trials was 0

PLOTTED RESULTS



R.M.S. Observational Error = .0026
 R.M.S. Offset Wenner Difference = .0588
 R.M.S. Potential Ladder Difference = .1344

INPUT DATA

Electrode Spacing	A	C	D1	D2	B
.5	27.9000	26.4000	23.3000	15.4000	1.5010
1.0	14.9500	14.0400	12.8700	9.4300	.9130
2.0	6.8800	6.4300	5.6200	5.0300	.4530
4.0	3.0500	2.8700	2.5000	2.2300	.1800
8.0	1.0910	1.0340	.9370	.8180	.0570
16.0	.3670	.3500	.2890	.2810	.0180
32.0	.1770	.1670	.1260	.1180	.0090

FIELD CURVE DATA

Electrode Separation	Apparent Resistivity
1	.5
2	1.0
3	1.5
4	2.0
5	3.0
6	4.0
7	6.0
8	8.0
9	12.0
10	16.0
11	24.0
12	32.0

INTERPRETED MODEL

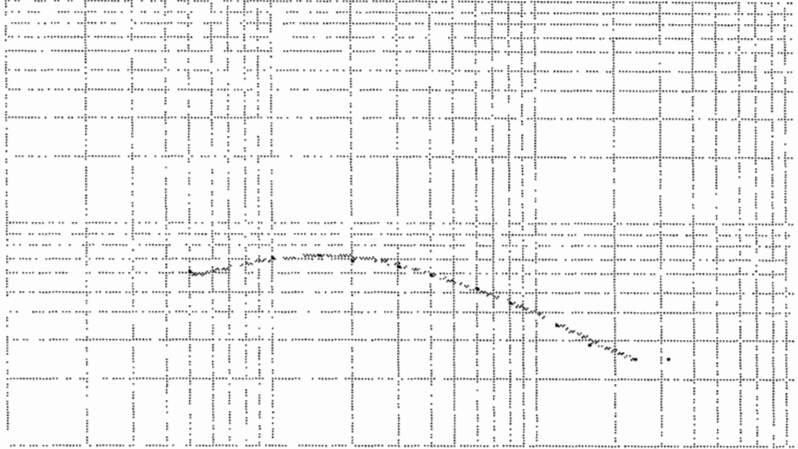
Thickness	Depth	Rho	Reflection Coeffts.
.31		45.7	
	.31	-----	.2980
1.58		84.5	
	1.89	-----	-.2891
6.70		46.6	
	8.59	-----	-.3869
		20.6	

PROCESSING RESULTS

Electrode Spacing	Wenner Resistivity	Observed Error	Offset Error	Lateral Error
.5	60.79	-.0000	-.4083	.1322
1.0	70.06	-.0002	-.3085	.0425
1.5	72.09			
2.0	66.92	-.0004	-.1108	-.0334
3.0	63.81			
4.0	59.44	0.0000	-.1142	.0755
6.0	50.83			
8.0	44.11	-.0000	-.1356	.0491
12.0	34.55			
16.0	28.65	-.0027	-.0281	.0289
24.0	24.80			
32.0	24.53	.0057	-.0656	0.0000
48.0	29.41			
64.0	36.57			

R.M.S. Relative error = .0285
 Maximum rel. error = .0567 at sample 5
 Number of trials was 0

PLOTTED RESULTS



R.M.S. Observational Error = .0024
 R.M.S. Offset Wenner Difference = .2107
 R.M.S. Potential Ladder Difference = .0699

INPUT DATA

Electrode Spacing	A	C	D1	D2	B
.5	40.0000	37.8000	29.6000	25.0000	2.1600
1.0	19.2100	17.8800	15.5600	14.4900	1.3290
2.0	9.6800	9.1800	7.2500	6.9000	.4980
4.0	4.3300	4.0100	3.4100	3.2900	.3180
8.0	1.5660	1.4760	1.2550	1.3930	.0940
16.0	.4710	.4530	.3870	.3490	.0180
32.0	.1710	.1590	.1210	.1250	.0110

FIELD CURVE DATA

Electrode Separation	Apparent Resistivity
1	.5
2	1.0
3	1.5
4	2.0
5	3.0
6	4.0
7	6.0
8	8.0
9	12.0
10	16.0
11	24.0
12	32.0
13	48.0

INTERPRETED MODEL

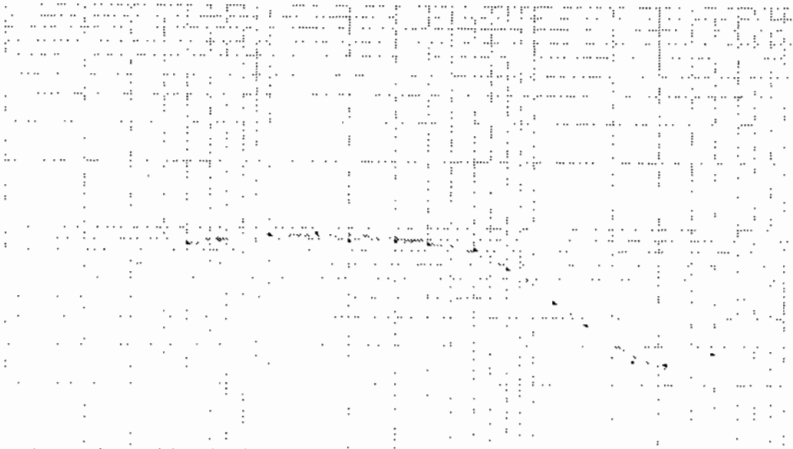
Thickness	Depth	Rho	Reflection Coeffts.
.30		76.3	
	.30	-----	.1315
.96		99.4	
	1.26	-----	-.0496
5.67		90.0	
	6.93	-----	-.6000
		22.5	

PROCESSING RESULTS

Electrode Spacing	Wenner Resistivity	Observed Error	Offset Error	Lateral Error
.5	85.77	.0010	-.1685	.2001
1.0	94.40	.0001	-.0712	-.0964
1.5	96.30			
2.0	88.91	.0002	-.0495	.1286
3.0	82.59			
4.0	84.19	.0005	-.0358	-.0008
6.0	81.32			
8.0	66.55	-.0026	.1042	-.0921
12.0	46.88			
16.0	37.00	-.0000	-.1033	.1911
24.0	25.58			
32.0	24.73	.0059	.0325	0.0000
48.0	27.44			
64.0	29.33			

R.M.S. Relative error = .0322
 Maximum rel. error = .0535 at sample 11
 Number of trials was 0

PLOTTED RESULTS



R.M.S. Observational Error = .0025
 R.M.S. Offset Wenner Difference = .0924
 R.M.S. Potential Ladder Difference = .1359

INPUT DATA						FIELD CURVE DATA			INTERPRETED MODEL		
Electrode Spacing	A	C	D1	D2	B	Electrode Separation	Apparent Resistivity	Thickness	Depth	Rho	Reflection Coeffts.
.5	48.7000	46.1000	34.2000	35.6000	2.6300	1	.5	109.64	1.37	111.1	
1.0	22.2000	21.0000	17.1300	17.0000	1.1900	2	1.0	107.22			
2.0	9.1600	8.7000	6.8600	7.0700	.4620	3	1.5	99.68	1.37	-----	-.2647
4.0	3.5000	3.2800	2.6000	2.8300	.2100	4	2.0	87.52			
8.0	1.2320	1.1750	.9750	1.0040	.0560	5	3.0	77.50	5.46	64.6	
16.0	.3470	.3290	.2590	.2810	.0180	6	4.0	68.24			
32.0	.1650	.1560	.1150	.1120	.0080	7	6.0	60.32	6.83	-----	-.5182
						8	8.0	49.69			
						9	12.0	35.81		20.5	
						10	16.0	27.14			
						11	24.0	23.18		*****	
						12	32.0	22.82			
						13	48.0	27.07			

PROCESSING RESULTS

Electrode Spacing	Wenner Resistivity	Observed Error	Offset Error	Lateral Error
.5	109.64	-.0006	.0401	.1555
1.0	107.22	.0005	-.0076	.0656
1.5	99.68			
2.0	87.52	-.0002	.0302	.1387
3.0	77.50			
4.0	68.24	.0029	.0847	.0763
6.0	60.32			
8.0	49.69	.0008	.0314	.1925
12.0	35.81			
16.0	27.14	0.0000	.0815	.0198
24.0	23.18			
32.0	22.82	.0061	-.0264	0.0000
48.0	27.07			
64.0	34.56			

R.M.S. Relative error = .0284
 Maximum rel. error = .0617 at sample 10
 Number of trials was 0

PLOTTED RESULTS



R.M.S. Observational Error = .0026
 R.M.S. Offset Wenner Difference = .0508
 R.M.S. Potential Ladder Difference = .1232

INPUT DATA						FIELD CURVE DATA			INTERPRETED MODEL		
Electrode Spacing	A	C	D1	D2	B	Electrode Separation	Apparent Resistivity	Thickness	Depth	Rho	Reflection Coeffts.
.5	26.0000	24.8000	21.7000	21.3000	1.2820	1	.5	67.54	.55	81.0	
1.0	6.6400	6.3700	5.6500	5.2500	.2660	2	1.0	34.24			
2.0	1.8460	1.7540	1.2670	1.4940	.0900	3	1.5	22.87	.55	-----	-.7053
4.0	.8970	.8440	.6260	.6590	.0510	4	2.0	17.98			
8.0	.5120	.4770	.3680	.3710	.0350	5	3.0	16.22	2.85	14.0	
16.0	.2850	.2650	.2110	.2090	.0170	6	4.0	16.15			
32.0	.1520	.1470	.1080	.1120	.0090	7	6.0	17.61	3.40	-----	.2222
						8	8.0	18.57			
						9	12.0	20.64		22.0	
						10	16.0	21.11			
						11	24.0	21.42		*****	
						12	32.0	22.12			

PROCESSING RESULTS

Electrode Spacing	Wenner Resistivity	Observed Error	Offset Error	Lateral Error
.5	67.54	-.0031	-.0186	.0983
1.0	34.24	.0006	-.0734	.1445
1.5	22.87			
2.0	17.98	.0011	.0888	.0050
3.0	16.22			
4.0	16.15	.0022	.0514	.0479
6.0	17.61			
8.0	18.57	0.0000	.0081	.0119
12.0	20.64			
16.0	21.11	.0035	-.0095	.0043
24.0	21.42			
32.0	22.12	-.0000	.0364	0.0000
48.0	24.12			
64.0	26.54			

R.M.S. Relative error = .0284
 Maximum rel. error = .0504 at sample 2
 Number of trials was 0

PLOTTED RESULTS



R.M.S. Observational Error = .0020
 R.M.S. Offset Wenner Difference = .0503
 R.M.S. Potential Ladder Difference = .0742

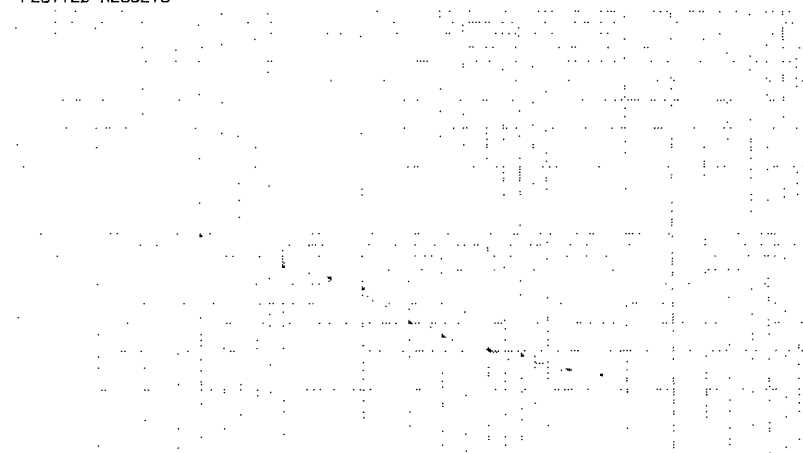
INPUT DATA						FIELD CURVE DATA			INTERPRETED MODEL			
Electrode Spacing	A	C	D1	D2	B	Electrode Separation	Apparent Resistivity	Thickness	Depth	Rho	Reflection Coeffts.	
.5	40.4000	38.1000	28.0000	34.5000	2.3100	1	.5	98.17	.22	151.4		
1.0	15.1000	14.6500	9.3800	13.7700	.4440	2	1.0	72.73				
2.0	6.9500	6.8200	2.9200	6.1200	.1250	3	1.5	64.00	.22	-----	-.3211	
4.0	2.1400	2.0700	.7860	1.9870	.0710	4	2.0	56.86				
8.0	.8720	.8320	.3790	.7490	.0400	5	3.0	40.00	1.00			
16.0	.3160	.2960	.1940	.2650	.0190	6	4.0	34.85				
						7	6.0	30.00		1.22	-----	-.3661
						8	8.0	28.35				
						9	12.0	25.00	2.39			36.1
						10	16.0	23.07		3.61	-----	-.2217

PROCESSING RESULTS

Electrode Spacing	Wenner Resistivity	Observed Error	Offset Error	Lateral Error
.5	98.17	-.0002	.2080	.0914
1.0	72.73	.0004	.3793	.1802
1.5	58.29			
2.0	56.86	.0007	.7094	1.1570
3.0	49.70			
4.0	34.85	-.0005	.8662	.7110
6.0	34.73			
8.0	28.35	-.0000	.6560	.6678
12.0	27.58			
16.0	23.07	.0022	.3094	0.0000
24.0	24.24			
32.0	26.93			

R.M.S. Relative error = .0206
 Maximum rel. error = .0474 at sample 6
 Number of trials was 0

PLOTTED RESULTS



R.M.S. Observational Error = .0014
 R.M.S. Offset Wenner Difference = .5725
 R.M.S. Potential Ladder Difference = .6828

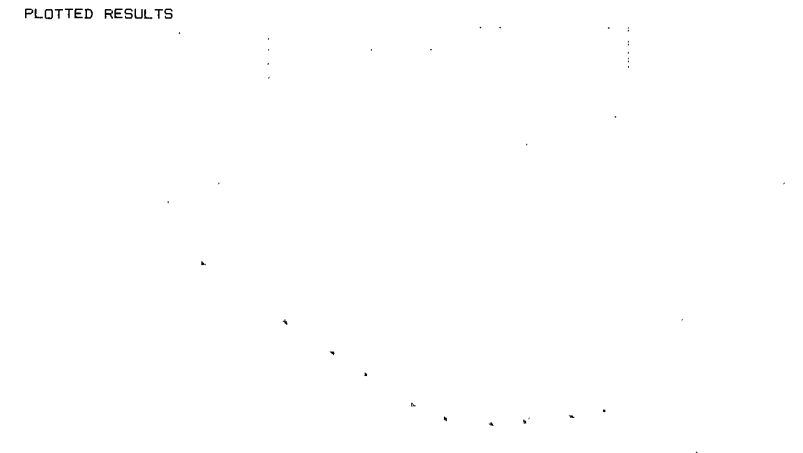
INPUT DATA						FIELD CURVE DATA			INTERPRETED MODEL			
Electrode Spacing	A	C	D1	D2	B	Electrode Separation	Apparent Resistivity	Thickness	Depth	Rho	Reflection Coeffts.	
.5	34.1000	32.4000	29.2000	27.0000	1.7750	1	.5	88.28	.28	166.9		
1.0	8.6900	8.2800	7.7600	7.3200	.4060	2	1.0	47.38				
2.0	2.7300	2.6200	2.2100	2.1700	.1100	3	1.5	35.00	.28	-----	-.5679	
4.0	.8930	.8390	.6950	.7160	.0530	4	2.0	27.52				
8.0	.4640	.4340	.3290	.3410	.0270	5	3.0	20.00	1.01		46.0	
16.0	.2590	.2420	.1850	.1920	.0150	6	4.0	17.73				
						7	6.0	16.50		1.29	-----	-.5620
						8	8.0	16.84				
						9	12.0	17.80	2.43			12.9
						10	16.0	19.00		3.72	-----	.1912

PROCESSING RESULTS

Electrode Spacing	Wenner Resistivity	Observed Error	Offset Error	Lateral Error
.5	88.28	-.0022	-.0783	.0656
1.0	47.38	.0005	-.0584	-.1612
1.5	32.97			
2.0	27.52	.0000	-.0183	.1095
3.0	21.71			
4.0	17.73	.0011	.0298	-.1001
6.0	17.47			
8.0	16.84	.0005	.0358	.0313
12.0	17.80			
16.0	19.00	.0039	.0423	0.0000
24.0	20.65			
32.0	21.90			

R.M.S. Relative error = .0281
 Maximum rel. error = -.0449 at sample 6
 Number of trials was 0

PLOTTED RESULTS



R.M.S. Observational Error = .0032
 R.M.S. Offset Wenner Difference = .0480
 R.M.S. Potential Ladder Difference = .1032

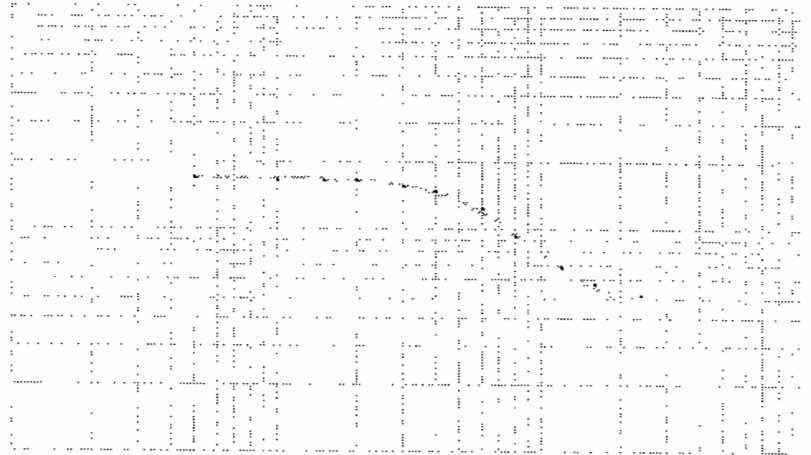
INPUT DATA						FIELD CURVE DATA			INTERPRETED MODEL		
Electrode Spacing	A	C	D1	D2	B	Electrode Separation	Apparent Resistivity	Thickness	Depth	Rho	Reflection Coeffts.
.5	73.2000	68.7000	55.4000	52.7000	4.4900	1	.5	169.80		170.1	
1.0	35.0000	33.0000	25.6000	27.5000	2.0700	2	1.0	166.82	4.76		
2.0	17.7300	16.7400	13.5300	12.4800	.9790	3	1.5	163.57			
4.0	7.2700	6.8100	5.6900	5.9400	.4530	4	2.0	162.43	4.76		
8.0	2.2400	2.1200	1.9840	1.7640	.1230	5	3.0	156.85		45.1	
16.0	.7480	.7180	.5850	.5650	.0280	6	4.0	146.15			
						7	6.0	125.10			
						8	8.0	94.20		*****	
						9	12.0	67.42			
						10	16.0	57.81			
						11	24.0	50.76			

PROCESSING RESULTS

Electrode Spacing	Wenner Resistivity	Observed Error	Offset Error	Lateral Error
.5	169.80	.0001	-.0500	.0520
1.0	166.82	-.0020	.0716	-.0066
1.5	163.57			
2.0	163.43	.0006	-.0807	.1432
3.0	156.85			
4.0	146.15	.0010	.0430	-.0327
6.0	125.10			
8.0	94.20	-.0013	-.1174	-.0746
12.0	67.42			
16.0	57.81	.0027	-.0348	0.0000
24.0	50.76			
32.0	57.89			

R.M.S. Relative error = .0281
 Maximum rel. error = -.0527 at sample 11
 Number of trials was 0

PLOTTED RESULTS



R.M.S. Observational Error = .0015
 R.M.S. Offset Wenner Difference = .0719
 R.M.S. Potential Ladder Difference = .0773

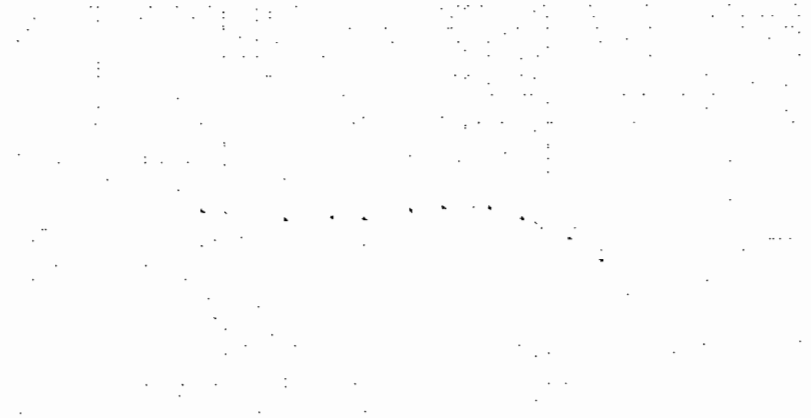
INPUT DATA						FIELD CURVE DATA			INTERPRETED MODEL		
Electrode Spacing	A	C	D1	D2	B	Electrode Separation	Apparent Resistivity	Thickness	Depth	Rho	Reflection Coeffts.
.5	52.9000	50.4000	40.4000	37.3000	2.5600	1	.5	122.05		126.8	
1.0	24.2000	22.9000	19.0900	16.5300	1.2820	2	1.0	111.90			
2.0	12.1500	11.4000	9.5000	7.9900	.7530	3	1.5	113.11	.48		
4.0	6.7300	6.3100	5.0900	4.9000	.4150	4	2.0	109.89			
8.0	2.7300	2.5500	2.2300	2.1400	.1780	5	3.0	119.51	2.01	100.8	
16.0	.8160	.7640	.7250	.6980	.0500	6	4.0	125.54			
						7	6.0	122.61		2.49	
						8	8.0	109.83			
						9	12.0	91.32	2.76	220.8	
						10	16.0	71.53			

PROCESSING RESULTS

Electrode Spacing	Wenner Resistivity	Observed Error	Offset Error	Lateral Error
.5	122.05	-.0011	-.0798	.1469
1.0	111.90	.0007	-.1437	.0830
1.5	113.11			
2.0	109.89	-.0002	-.1727	.0312
3.0	119.51			
4.0	125.54	.0007	-.0380	.1029
6.0	122.61			
8.0	109.83	.0007	-.0412	.0143
12.0	91.32			
16.0	71.53	.0025	-.0379	0.0000
24.0	42.40			
32.0	31.49			

R.M.S. Relative error = .0276
 Maximum rel. error = .0482 at sample 2
 Number of trials was 0

PLOTTED RESULTS



R.M.S. Observational Error = .0012
 R.M.S. Offset Wenner Difference = .1012
 R.M.S. Potential Ladder Difference = .0897

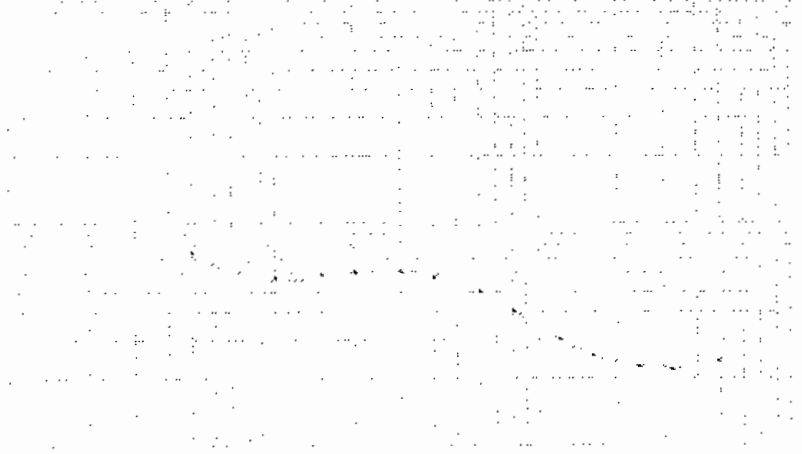
INPUT DATA						FIELD CURVE DATA			INTERPRETED MODEL			
Electrode Spacing	A	C	D1	D2	B	Electrode Separation	Apparent Resistivity	Thickness	Depth	Rho	Reflection Coeffts.	
.5	29.2000	27.8000	28.0000	19.0300	1.3800	1	.5	73.87	.30	102.7		
1.0	12.7500	12.0500	10.5900	7.3600	.6840	2	1.0	56.39				
2.0	6.4100	6.0500	5.6200	4.0200	.3720	3	1.5	58.45	.30	-----	-.4020	
4.0	2.8700	2.7300	2.5800	2.0000	.1330	4	2.0	60.57				
8.0	.9130	.8620	.9010	.6840	.0500	5	3.0	61.11	.85	43.8		
16.0	.3270	.3060	.2730	.2370	.0180	6	4.0	57.55				
32.0	.1520	.1450	.1150	.1040	.0079	7	6.0	49.11	1.15	-----	.2975	
						8	8.0	39.84				
						9	12.0	30.00	3.00	80.9		
						10	16.0	25.64				
						11	24.0	22.67	4.15	-----	-.5801	
						12	32.0	22.02				
						13	48.0	23.88		21.5		

PROCESSING RESULTS

Electrode Spacing	Wenner Resistivity	Observed Error	Offset Error	Lateral Error
.5	73.87	.0007	-.2815	-.0215
1.0	56.39	.0013	-.3599	.1395
1.5	58.45			
2.0	60.57	-.0019	-.3320	.0346
3.0	61.11			
4.0	57.55	.0024	-.2533	.0594
6.0	49.11			
8.0	39.84	.0011	-.2738	-.2256
12.0	30.00			
16.0	25.64	.0092	-.1412	-.0214
24.0	22.67			
32.0	22.02	0.0000	-.1005	0.0000
48.0	23.88			
64.0	28.55			

R.M.S. Relative error = .0220
 Maximum rel. error = -.0441 at sample 1
 Number of trials was 0

PLOTTED RESULTS



R.M.S. Observational Error = .0037
 R.M.S. Offset Wenner Difference = .2814
 R.M.S. Potential Ladder Difference = .1126

INPUT DATA						FIELD CURVE DATA			INTERPRETED MODEL			
Electrode Spacing	A	C	D1	D2	B	Electrode Separation	Apparent Resistivity	Thickness	Depth	Rho	Reflection Coeffts.	
.5	124.8000	118.3000	94.6000	92.3000	6.5000	1	.5	293.58	.68	301.5		
1.0	46.1000	42.6000	30.6000	39.0000	2.5200	2	1.0	218.65				
2.0	15.9700	14.8900	12.9100	12.0100	1.0600	3	1.5	175.00	.68	-----	-.3673	
4.0	5.6700	5.3800	4.5400	4.9800	.2750	4	2.0	156.58				
8.0	1.2810	1.2240	1.0890	1.1140	.0520	5	3.0	134.80	1.95	139.5		
16.0	.3410	.3240	.2560	.2580	.0130	6	4.0	119.63				
32.0	.1520	.1400	.1110	.1100	.0090	7	6.0	80.88	4.63	-----	-.7351	
						8	8.0	55.37				
						9	12.0	34.38		21.3		
						10	16.0	25.84				
						11	24.0	21.82		-----	*****	
						12	32.0	22.22				
						13	48.0	24.78				

PROCESSING RESULTS

Electrode Spacing	Wenner Resistivity	Observed Error	Offset Error	Lateral Error
.5	293.58	0.0000	-.0246	.2141
1.0	218.65	-.0004	.2414	.2055
1.5	185.19			
2.0	156.58	.0013	-.0722	.0125
3.0	134.80			
4.0	119.63	.0026	.0924	.0693
6.0	80.88			
8.0	55.37	.0039	.0227	-.0140
12.0	34.38			
16.0	25.84	.0118	.0078	.1236
24.0	21.82			
32.0	22.22	.0199	-.0090	0.0000
48.0	24.78			
64.0	24.85			

R.M.S. Relative error = .0285
 Maximum rel. error = -.0443 at sample 1
 Number of trials was 0

PLOTTED RESULTS



R.M.S. Observational Error = .0090
 R.M.S. Offset Wenner Difference = .1023
 R.M.S. Potential Ladder Difference = .1745

WARNING: The observed error for spacing 8 is greater than 1%
 There may be an incorrect input data value

WARNING: The observed error for spacing 7 is greater than 1%
 There may be an incorrect input data value

INPUT DATA						FIELD CURVE DATA			INTERPRETED MODEL		
Electrode Spacing	A	C	D1	D2	B	Electrode Separation	Apparent Resistivity	Thickness	Depth	Rho	Reflection Coeffts.
.5	86.6000	81.8000	62.7000	63.6000	4.7400	1	.5	198.39	.70	198.3	
1.0	40.5000	38.3000	31.1000	29.5000	2.2400	2	1.0	190.38			
2.0	18.0800	16.7400	14.2200	13.7600	1.3270	3	1.5	185.12	.70	-----	-.0366
4.0	8.2500	7.8400	6.4100	6.8200	.4070	4	2.0	175.80			
8.0	1.9620	1.8890	1.7230	1.7470	.0700	5	3.0	177.02	4.60	184.3	
16.0	.3780	.3570	.3070	.3110	.0180	6	4.0	166.25			
32.0	.1610	.1530	.1140	.1130	.0070	7	6.0	122.70	5.30	-----	-.7876
						8	8.0	87.21			
						9	12.0	51.65		21.9	
						10	16.0	31.06			
						11	24.0	24.02		*****	
						12	32.0	22.82			
						13	48.0	25.84			

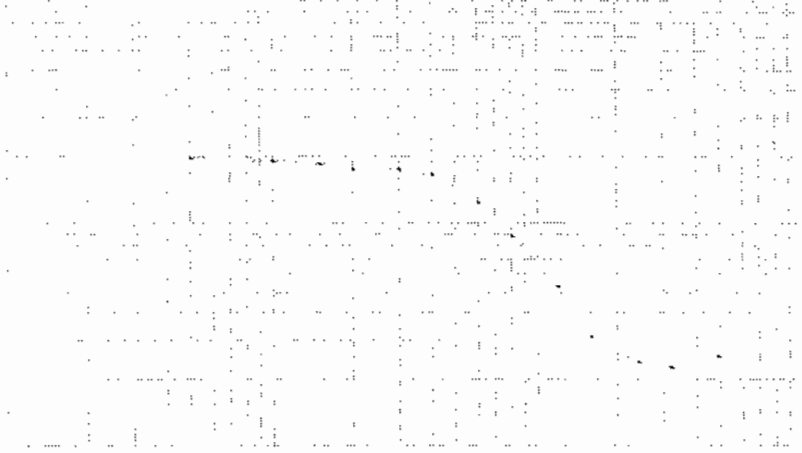
PROCESSING RESULTS

Electrode Spacing	Wenner Resistivity	Observed Error	Offset Error	Lateral Error
.5	198.39	.0007	.0143	.1164
1.0	190.38	-.0010	-.0528	.0705
1.5	185.12			
2.0	175.80	.0007	-.0329	-.0834
3.0	177.02			
4.0	166.25	.0004	.0620	.2069
6.0	122.70			
8.0	87.21	.0015	.0138	.0031
12.0	51.65			
16.0	31.06	.0080	.0129	-.0646
24.0	24.02			
32.0	22.82	.0062	-.0088	0.0000
48.0	25.84			
64.0	32.15			

R.M.S. Observational Error = .0039
 R.M.S. Offset Wenner Difference = .0345
 R.M.S. Potential Ladder Difference = .1099

R.M.S. Relative error = .0286
 Maximum rel. error = .0475 at sample 10
 Number of trials was 0

PLOTTED RESULTS



INPUT DATA						FIELD CURVE DATA			INTERPRETED MODEL		
Electrode Spacing	A	C	D1	D2	B	Electrode Separation	Apparent Resistivity	Thickness	Depth	Rho	Reflection Coeffts.
.5	135.0000	126.2000	99.3000	91.1000	8.7700	1	.5	299.08	.34	284.0	
1.0	68.2000	64.6000	51.6000	52.7000	3.5700	2	1.0	327.67			
2.0	19.5200	18.8000	17.6000	16.1500	.7980	3	1.5	376.26	.34	-----	.1400
4.0	3.4900	3.3800	2.8300	2.8500	.1090	4	2.0	212.06			
8.0	.7950	.7470	.6000	.6140	.0470	5	3.0	131.85	1.27	376.5	
16.0	.3420	.3220	.2580	.2610	.0190	6	4.0	71.38			
						7	6.0	38.00	1.61	-----	-.8676
						8	8.0	30.51			
						9	12.0	27.99		26.7	
						10	16.0	26.09		*****	

PROCESSING RESULTS

Electrode Spacing	Wenner Resistivity	Observed Error	Offset Error	Lateral Error
.5	299.08	.0002	-.0861	.0947
1.0	327.67	.0004	.0211	.2386
1.5	376.26			
2.0	212.06	.0006	-.0859	.1799
3.0	131.85			
4.0	71.38	.0003	.0070	.3904
6.0	42.39			
8.0	30.51	.0013	.0231	.0413
12.0	27.99			
16.0	26.09	.0029	.0116	0.0000
24.0	24.84			
32.0	25.32			

R.M.S. Observational Error = .0013
 R.M.S. Offset Wenner Difference = .0516
 R.M.S. Potential Ladder Difference = .2247

R.M.S. Relative error = .0302
 Maximum rel. error = .0521 at sample 10
 Number of trials was 0

PLOTTED RESULTS



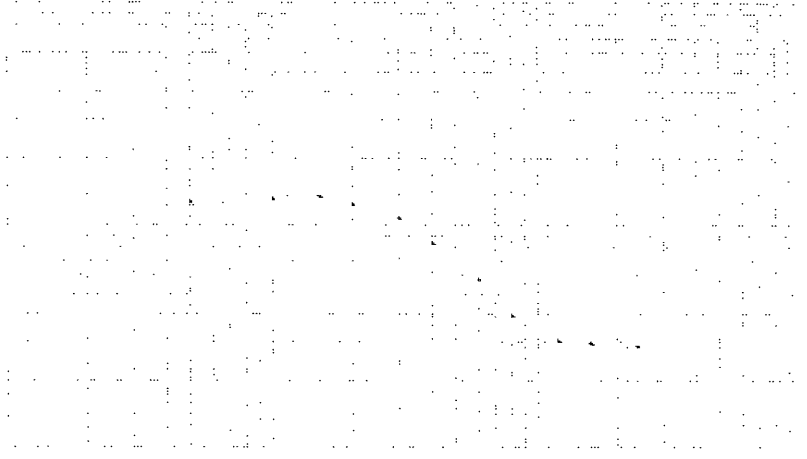
INPUT DATA						FIELD CURVE DATA			INTERPRETED MODEL		
Electrode Spacing	A	C	D1	D2	B	Electrode Separation	Apparent Resistivity	Thickness	Depth	Rho	Reflection Coeffts.
.5	56.9000	54.2000	42.3000	39.6000	2.7400	1	.5	128.65	.22	95.9	
1.0	28.5000	26.9000	21.3000	20.3000	1.5920	2	1.0	130.69			
1.5	12.6600	11.9000	10.3400	9.4000	.7550	3	1.5	133.72	.22	-----	.2130
2.0	3.8900	3.6800	3.3400	3.3100	.1990	4	2.0	124.03			
4.0	.9610	.9080	.8000	.7820	.0540	5	3.0	108.58	2.44		147.8
8.0	.3890	.3690	.2940	.2920	.0200	6	4.0	83.57			
						7	6.0	56.63	2.66	-----	-.6805
						8	8.0	39.76			
						9	12.0	29.91			28.1
						10	16.0	29.46			
						11	24.0	28.43			*****

PROCESSING RESULTS

Electrode Spacing	Wenner Resistivity	Observed Error	Offset Error	Lateral Error
.5	128.65	-.0007	-.0659	-.1361
1.0	130.69	.0003	-.0481	-.1184
1.5	133.72			
2.0	124.03	.0004	-.0952	-.1112
3.0	108.58			
4.0	83.57	.0028	-.0090	-.0446
6.0	56.63			
8.0	39.76	-.0010	-.0228	-.1023
12.0	29.91			
16.0	29.46	0.0000	-.0068	0.0000
24.0	28.43			
32.0	30.56			

R.M.S. Relative error = .0288
 Maximum rel. error = .0567 at sample 2
 Number of trials was 0

PLOTTED RESULTS



R.M.S. Observational Error = .0013
 R.M.S. Offset Wenner Difference = .0522
 R.M.S. Potential Ladder Difference = .1071

INPUT DATA						FIELD CURVE DATA			INTERPRETED MODEL		
Electrode Spacing	A	C	D1	D2	B	Electrode Separation	Apparent Resistivity	Thickness	Depth	Rho	Reflection Coeffts.
.5	172.9000	163.3000	112.5000	128.4000	10.4700	1	.5	378.40	.19		
1.0	90.1000	94.8000	71.2000	76.2000	5.2800	2	1.0	463.07			206.6
1.5	34.2000	32.6000	28.0000	29.9000	1.5080	3	1.5	434.78	.19	-----	.5293
2.0	4.1900	4.0600	4.5000	4.1700	.1370	4	2.0	363.80			
4.0	.7560	.7130	.6000	.6060	.0430	5	3.0	200.00	.98		671.3
8.0	.3230	.3040	.2400	.2320	.0160	6	4.0	108.95			
						7	6.0	47.00			
						8	8.0	30.31	1.17	-----	-.6052
						9	12.0	24.55			
						10	16.0	23.73	1.20		165.1
						11	24.0	24.20	2.37	-----	-.7508

PROCESSING RESULTS

Electrode Spacing	Wenner Resistivity	Observed Error	Offset Error	Lateral Error
.5	378.40	.0007	.1320	-.0822
1.0	463.07	.0002	.0678	-.2292
1.5	434.78			
2.0	363.80	.0027	.0656	-.3521
3.0	242.63			
4.0	108.95	-.0017	-.0761	-.9617
6.0	41.31			
8.0	30.31	0.0000	.0100	-.0339
12.0	24.55			
16.0	23.73	.0093	-.0339	0.0000
24.0	24.20			
32.0	27.91			

R.M.S. Relative error = .0318
 Maximum rel. error = -.0481 at sample 8
 Number of trials was 0

PLOTTED RESULTS



R.M.S. Observational Error = .0040
 R.M.S. Offset Wenner Difference = .0746
 R.M.S. Potential Ladder Difference = .4710

INPUT DATA						FIELD CURVE DATA			INTERPRETED MODEL			
Electrode Spacing	A	C	D1	D2	B	Electrode Separation	Apparent Resistivity	Thickness	Depth	Rho	Reflection Coeffts.	
.5	39.2000	37.0000	36.7000	33.5000	2.1900	1	.5	110.27				
1.0	11.4500	11.0400	7.3500	9.8500	.4050	2	1.0	54.00				
2.0	3.5000	3.1300	2.5100	2.6100	.1720	3	1.5	38.00	.39	-----	-.5826	
4.0	1.2420	1.2750	1.0320	1.0150	.0820	4	2.0	32.17				
8.0	.7000	.6540	.5150	.5040	.0420	5	3.0	27.00	.73		41.8	
16.0	.3780	.3540	.2760	.2760	.0230	6	4.0	25.72				
						7	6.0	25.47		1.12	-----	-.2921
						8	8.0	25.5e				
						9	12.0	26.60	2.47		22.9	
						10	16.0	27.75		3.59	-----	.0840

PROCESSING RESULTS

Electrode Spacing	Wenner Resistivity	Observed Error	Offset Error	Lateral Error
.5	110.27	.0003	-.0912	-.2784
1.0	54.00	.0006	.2874	.4564
1.5	35.72			
2.0	32.17	-.0006	-.0391	.05e0
3.0	29.42			
4.0	25.72	-.0111	-.0166	-.0193
6.0	25.47			
8.0	25.5e	.0057	-.0177	.0340
12.0	26.6e			
16.0	27.75	.0026	0.0000	0.0000
24.0	29.76			
32.0	31.55			

R.M.S. Relative error = .0199
 Maximum rel. error = -.0510 at sample 10
 Number of trials was 0

PLOTTED RESULTS

R.M.S. Observational Error = .0052
 R.M.S. Offset Wenner Difference = .1245
 R.M.S. Potential Ladder Difference = .2410

WARNING: The observed error for spacing 4 is greater than 1%. There may be an incorrect input data value

INPUT DATA						FIELD CURVE DATA			INTERPRETED MODEL			
Electrode Spacing	A	C	D1	D2	B	Electrode Separation	Apparent Resistivity	Thickness	Depth	Rho	Reflection Coeffts.	
.5	37.4000	26.5000	21.8000	26.8000	1.1030	1	.5	92.05				
1.0	7.0200	7.9300	6.9000	5.7500	.3060	2	1.0	36.85				
2.0	2.3900	2.2500	1.7870	1.8110	.1300	3	1.5	24.00	.37	-----	-.7826	
4.0	1.2060	1.1340	.89e0	.8520	.0710	4	2.0	22.61				
8.0	.6e90	.6260	.4900	.4870	.0400	5	3.0	21.89	3.03		20.7	
						6	4.0	21.97				
						7	6.0	23.45		3.40	-----	.1411
						8	8.0	24.55				
						9	12.0	26.5e			27.5	
						10	16.0	27.93				

PROCESSING RESULTS

Electrode Spacing	Wenner Resistivity	Observed Error	Offset Error	Lateral Error
.5	92.05	-.0051	-.1706	.6903
1.0	36.85	-.0022	-.0460	.1433
1.5	28.60			
2.0	23.61	.0042	-.0133	.0214
3.0	21.89			
4.0	21.97	.0008	-.0503	.0222
6.0	23.45			
8.0	24.55	.0045	-.0061	0.0000
12.0	26.5e			
16.0	27.93			

R.M.S. Relative error = .0082
 Maximum rel. error = -.0412 at sample 10
 Number of trials was 0

PLOTTED RESULTS

R.M.S. Observational Error = .0029
 R.M.S. Offset Wenner Difference = .0825
 R.M.S. Potential Ladder Difference = .3545

INPUT DATA						FIELD CURVE DATA			INTERPRETED MODEL		
Electrode Spacing	A	C	D1	D2	B	Electrode Separation	Apparent Resistivity	Thickness	Depth	Rho	Reflection Coeffts.
.5	62.7000	58.8000	52.6000	59.1000	3.9600	1	.5	175.46			
1.0	13.9700	13.4200	10.3500	13.9600	.5310	2	1.0	76.37	.49	227.5	
1.5	3.3800	3.2100	2.7000	2.6600	.1730	3	1.5	46.00			
2.0	1.3130	1.2240	.9750	1.0320	.0860	4	2.0	33.68			-.7340
3.0	.7010	.6610	.4930	.5180	.0420	5	3.0	27.00	.96	34.9	
						6	4.0	25.22			
						7	6.0	25.17	1.45		-.1911
						8	8.0	25.41			

PROCESSING RESULTS

Electrode Spacing	Wenner Resistivity	Observed Error	Offset Error	Lateral Error
.5	175.46	-.0010	.1164	-.2596
1.0	76.37	.0014	.2970	-.0246
1.5	37.61			
2.0	33.68	-.0009	-.0149	.0267
3.0	27.96			
4.0	25.22	.0023	.0568	-.0610
6.0	25.17			
8.0	25.41	-.0028	.0495	0.0000
12.0	27.38			
16.0	31.08			

R.M.S. Relative error = .0326
 Maximum rel. error = .0495 at sample 2
 Number of trials was 0

PLOTTED RESULTS



R.M.S. Observational Error = .0018
 R.M.S. Offset Wenner Difference = .1467
 R.M.S. Potential Ladder Difference = .1346

INPUT DATA						FIELD CURVE DATA			INTERPRETED MODEL		
Electrode Spacing	A	C	D1	D2	B	Electrode Separation	Apparent Resistivity	Thickness	Depth	Rho	Reflection Coeffts.
.5	173.0000	163.3000	137.1000	122.6000	9.7700	1	.5	407.94	.24	511.8	
1.0	65.7000	63.2000	53.4000	50.7000	2.5100	2	1.0	327.04			
2.0	20.8000	20.0000	16.8900	18.2000	.7430	3	1.5	275.00	.24		-.1721
4.0	2.3100	2.1700	2.4600	2.4100	.1220	4	2.0	220.48			
6.0	.7190	.6850	.5290	.5620	.0360	5	3.0	110.00	1.42	361.5	
						6	4.0	61.20			
						7	6.0	32.75	1.66		-.8721
						8	8.0	27.42			
						9	12.0	24.49		24.7	

PROCESSING RESULTS

Electrode Spacing	Wenner Resistivity	Observed Error	Offset Error	Lateral Error
.5	407.94	-.0004	-.1117	.1420
1.0	327.04	-.0002	-.0519	.1352
1.5	259.55			
2.0	220.48	.0017	.0747	.5195
3.0	155.02			
4.0	61.20	.0078	-.0205	-.9702
6.0	32.75			
8.0	27.42	-.0028	.0605	0.0000
12.0	24.49			
16.0	27.86			

R.M.S. Relative error = .0289
 Maximum rel. error = .0418 at sample 3
 Number of trials was 0

PLOTTED RESULTS



R.M.S. Observational Error = .0029
 R.M.S. Offset Wenner Difference = .0905
 R.M.S. Potential Ladder Difference = .5589

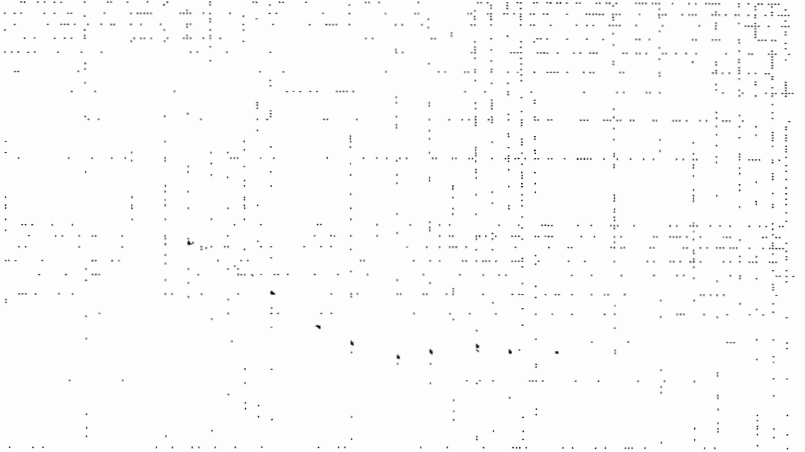
INPUT DATA						FIELD CURVE DATA			INTERPRETED MODEL		
Electrode Spacing	A	C	D1	D2	B	Electrode Separation	Apparent Resistivity	Thickness	Depth	Rho	Reflection Coeffts.
.5	35.2000	34.1000	30.0000	22.2000	1.0780	1	.5	82.00	.57	98.1	
1.0	8.8200	8.3400	7.5500	7.9600	.4900	2	1.0	48.73			
2.0	3.1700	3.0200	2.3500	2.3600	.1470	3	1.5	35.00	.57	-----	-.6242
4.0	1.4270	1.3320	1.1480	.9840	.0910	4	2.0	29.59			
8.0	.7220	.6810	.5410	.5450	.0430	5	3.0	25.78	1.96		22.7
						6	4.0	26.79			
						7	6.0	28.22	2.53	-----	.1202
						8	8.0	27.29			
						9	12.0	27.17			28.9

PROCESSING RESULTS

Electrode Spacing	Wenner Resistivity	Observed Error	Offset Error	Lateral Error
.5	82.00	.0006	-.2989	.5330
1.0	48.73	-.0011	.0529	-.2536
1.5	42.09			
2.0	29.59	.0009	.0042	.1252
3.0	25.78			
4.0	26.79	.0028	-.1538	-.0067
6.0	28.22			
8.0	27.29	-.0028	.0074	0.0000
12.0	27.17			
16.0	27.56			

R.M.S. Relative error = .0285
 Maximum rel. error = .0550 at sample 9
 Number of trials was 0

PLOTTED RESULTS



R.M.S. Observational Error = .0019
 R.M.S. Offset Wenner Difference = .1522
 R.M.S. Potential Ladder Difference = .3017

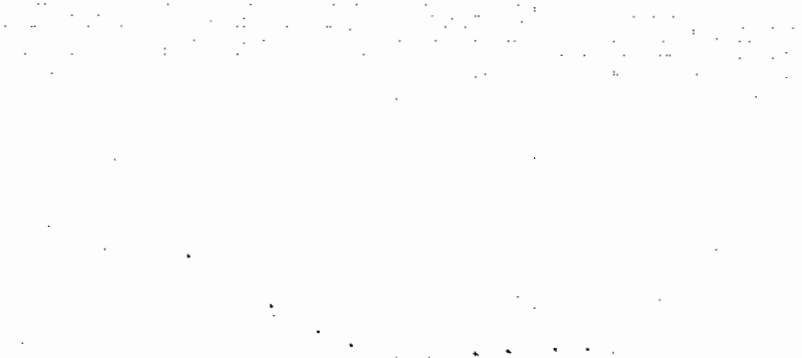
INPUT DATA						FIELD CURVE DATA			INTERPRETED MODEL		
Electrode Spacing	A	C	D1	D2	B	Electrode Separation	Apparent Resistivity	Thickness	Depth	Rho	Reflection Coeffts.
.5	32.7000	31.7000	23.8000	23.0000	1.0150	1	.5	72.51	.53	86.6	
1.0	8.5600	8.0900	6.9600	6.9700	.4800	2	1.0	43.76			
2.0	3.0400	2.8900	2.2700	2.3600	.1560	3	1.5	34.00	.53	-----	-.5674
4.0	1.4070	1.3230	1.0000	1.0520	.0840	4	2.0	29.09			
8.0	.7330	.6870	.5280	.5650	.0460	5	3.0	25.38	2.01		23.9
						6	4.0	25.79			
						7	6.0	26.93	2.54	-----	.0825
						8	8.0	27.47			
						9	12.0	28.33			28.2
						10	16.0	28.25			

PROCESSING RESULTS

Electrode Spacing	Wenner Resistivity	Observed Error	Offset Error	Lateral Error
.5	72.51	-.0005	-.0342	.6906
1.0	43.76	-.0012	.0014	-.0161
1.5	38.69			
2.0	29.09	-.0020	.0389	.0577
3.0	25.38			
4.0	25.79	0.0000	.0507	.0435
6.0	26.93			
8.0	27.47	0.0000	.0677	0.0000
12.0	28.33			
16.0	28.25			

R.M.S. Relative error = .0291
 Maximum rel. error = -.0543 at sample 4
 Number of trials was 0

PLOTTED RESULTS



R.M.S. Observational Error = .0010
 R.M.S. Offset Wenner Difference = .0444
 R.M.S. Potential Ladder Difference = .3473

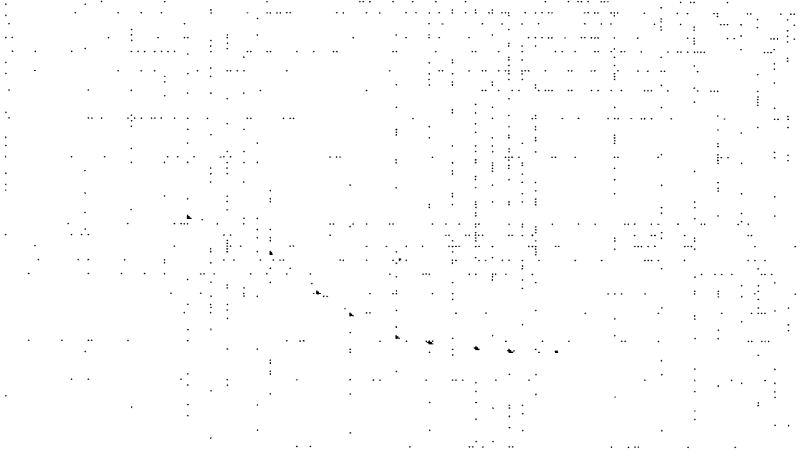
INPUT DATA						FIELD CURVE DATA			INTERPRETED MODEL		
Electrode Spacing	A	C	D1	D2	B	Electrode Separation	Apparent Resistivity	Thickness	Depth	Rho	Reflection Coeffts.
.5	47.0000	45.1000	31.4000	36.4000	1.9320	1	.5	106.50		121.2	
1.0	12.1900	11.3300	9.6600	14.1000	.8510	2	1.0	74.64			
2.0	3.8500	3.6500	3.4600	2.8500	.2000	3	1.5	49.00	.68	-----	-.5864
4.0	1.5580	1.4670	1.2170	1.1270	.0880	4	2.0	39.65			
8.0	.7160	.6760	.5370	.5280	.0400	5	3.0	31.00	1.29	31.6	
						6	4.0	29.46			
						7	6.0	27.91	1.97	-----	-.0934
						8	8.0	26.77			
						9	12.0	27.27		26.2	

PROCESSING RESULTS

Electrode Spacing	Wenner Resistivity	Observed Error	Offset Error	Lateral Error
.5	106.50	-.0007	.1475	.4415
1.0	74.64	.0007	.3737	-.6750
1.5	60.67			
2.0	39.65	-.0000	-.1933	-.0776
3.0	28.50			
4.0	29.46	.0019	-.0768	.0566
6.0	27.91			
8.0	26.77	0.0000	-.0169	0.0000
12.0	27.27			
16.0	28.85			

R.M.S. Relative error = .0286
 Maximum rel. error = -.0691 at sample 2
 Number of trials was 0

PLOTTED RESULTS



R.M.S. Observational Error = .0010
 R.M.S. Offset Wenner Difference = .2025
 R.M.S. Potential Ladder Difference = .4053

INPUT DATA						FIELD CURVE DATA			INTERPRETED MODEL		
Electrode Spacing	A	C	D1	D2	B	Electrode Separation	Apparent Resistivity	Thickness	Depth	Rho	Reflection Coeffts.
.5	137.3000	130.7000	92.5000	94.5000	6.5500	1	.5	293.74		255.2	
1.0	65.6000	61.5000	51.2000	47.7000	4.1200	2	1.0	310.70			
2.0	26.7000	25.1000	22.0000	20.9000	1.5700	3	1.5	295.00	.21	-----	.1410
4.0	9.9700	9.4600	8.2700	7.5500	.4970	4	2.0	269.55			
8.0	3.4000	3.2500	3.1200	2.3800	.1400	5	3.0	228.73	1.14	339.0	
16.0	.5540	.5290	.5750	.4750	.0220	6	4.0	198.80			
						7	6.0	160.35	1.35	-----	-.2919
						8	8.0	138.23			
						9	12.0	80.00	5.83	185.8	
						10	16.0	52.78	7.18	-----	-.7520

PROCESSING RESULTS

Electrode Spacing	Wenner Resistivity	Observed Error	Offset Error	Lateral Error
.5	293.74	.0004	.0214	.2528
1.0	310.70	-.0003	-.0708	.0613
1.5	311.19			
2.0	269.55	.0010	-.0513	-.0370
3.0	228.73			
4.0	198.80	.0013	-.0910	.0659
6.0	160.35			
8.0	138.23	.0029	-.2691	.4615
12.0	96.54			
16.0	52.78	.0054	-.1905	0.0000
24.0	22.59			
32.0	2.19			

R.M.S. Relative error = .0276
 Maximum rel. error = -.0626 at sample 8
 Number of trials was 0

PLOTTED RESULTS



R.M.S. Observational Error = .0026
 R.M.S. Offset Wenner Difference = .1444
 R.M.S. Potential Ladder Difference = .2393

INPUT DATA						FIELD CURVE DATA			INTERPRETED MODEL		
Electrode Spacing	A	C	D1	D2	B	Electrode Separation	Apparent Resistivity	Thickness	Depth	Rho	Reflection Coeffts.
.5	57.8000	54.8000	41.6000	40.6000	3.0000	1	.5	129.12	.22	97.0	
1.0	29.0000	27.4000	24.0000	19.0800	1.5830	2	1.0	125.34			
2.0	12.8400	12.2000	10.2700	8.6100	.6320	3	1.5	125.00	.22	-----	.2761
4.0	7.5200	7.1400	5.5100	4.7900	.3780	4	2.0	118.63			
8.0	4.0400	3.6800	3.4600	2.9100	.2570	5	3.0	119.58	.86	171.0	
16.0	1.3820	1.3030	1.2600	1.2470	.0760	6	4.0	129.43			
						7	6.0	147.53	1.08	-----	-.5739
						8	8.0	160.10			
						9	12.0	150.00	1.12	46.3	
						10	16.0	126.02	2.20	-----	.8183

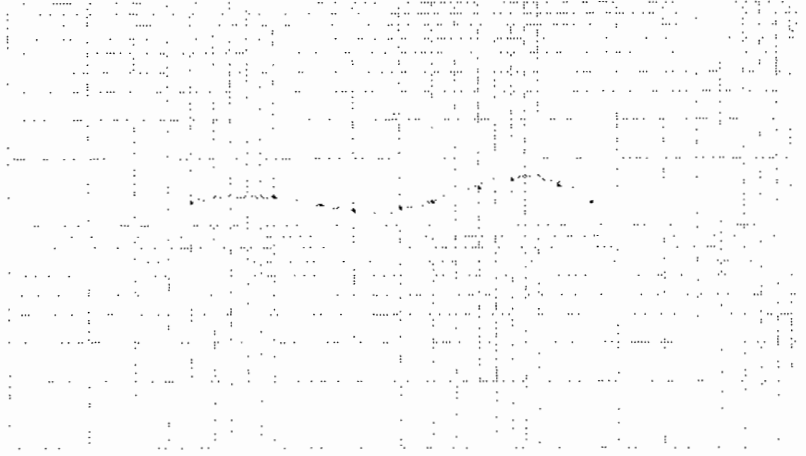
PROCESSING RESULTS

Electrode Spacing	Wenner Resistivity	Observed Error	Offset Error	Lateral Error
.5	129.12	0.0000	-.0243	.1360
1.0	125.34	.0006	-.2284	.1216
1.5	132.64			
2.0	118.63	.0006	-.1758	.0367
3.0	119.58			
4.0	129.43	.0003	-.1398	.1251
6.0	147.53			
8.0	160.10	.0007	-.1727	-.1040
12.0	165.75			
16.0	126.02	.0022	-.0104	0.0000
24.0	59.81			
32.0	20.47			

R.M.S. Relative error = .0231
 Maximum rel. error = .0357 at sample 8
 Number of trials was 0

R.M.S. Observational Error = .0010
 R.M.S. Offset Wenner Difference = .1490
 R.M.S. Potential Ladder Difference = .1106

PLOTTED RESULTS



INPUT DATA						FIELD CURVE DATA			INTERPRETED MODEL		
Electrode Spacing	A	C	D1	D2	B	Electrode Separation	Apparent Resistivity	Thickness	Depth	Rho	Reflection Coeffts.
.5	12.1200	11.6800	8.8100	8.8400	.4380	1	.5	27.72	.36	36.9	
1.0	5.0500	4.8500	3.4200	3.4700	.2090	2	1.0	21.68			
2.0	3.6800	3.4700	2.4100	2.3100	.1990	3	1.5	24.00	.36	-----	-.4330
4.0	3.1900	3.0000	2.1500	2.0400	.1900	4	2.0	29.66			
8.0	2.4000	2.2300	1.7510	1.6060	.1690	5	3.0	41.81	1.26	14.6	
16.0	1.5730	1.4750	1.2470	1.0400	.0810	6	4.0	52.65			
32.0	.6150	.5770	.5150	.4980	.0350	7	6.0	70.78	1.62	-----	.9536
						8	8.0	84.37			
						9	12.0	104.81	4.83	614.7	
						10	16.0	114.96			
						11	24.0	112.00	6.45	-----	-.9087
						12	32.0	101.84			
						13	48.0	84.09	29.4	-----	

PROCESSING RESULTS

Electrode Spacing	Wenner Resistivity	Observed Error	Offset Error	Lateral Error
.5	27.72	.0002	.0034	.3278
1.0	21.68	-.0018	.0116	.0914
1.5	25.22			
2.0	29.66	.0030	-.0424	.0323
3.0	41.81			
4.0	52.65	0.0000	-.0525	.0392
6.0	70.78			
8.0	84.37	.0004	-.0864	-.0173
12.0	104.81			
16.0	114.96	.0109	-.1810	.1703
24.0	111.20			
32.0	101.84	.0049	-.0336	0.0000
48.0	84.09			
64.0	57.83			

R.M.S. Relative error = .0285
 Maximum rel. error = -.0459 at sample 12
 Number of trials was 0

PLOTTED RESULTS



R.M.S. Observational Error = .0047
 R.M.S. Offset Wenner Difference = .0811
 R.M.S. Potential Ladder Difference = .1569

WARNING: The observed error for spacing 6 is greater than 12.
 There may be an incorrect input data value

The following reports relate particularly to bulk mineral resources

Reports of the Institute of Geological Sciences

Assessment of British Sand and Gravel Resources

1 The sand and gravel resources of the country south-east of Norwich, Norfolk: Resource sheet TG 20.

E. F. P. Nickless.

Report 71/20 ISBN 0 11 880216 X £1.15

2 The sand and gravel resources of the country around Witham, Essex: Resource sheet TL 81. H. J. E. Haggard.

Report 72/6 ISBN 0 11 880588 6 £1.20

3 The sand and gravel resources of the country south and west of Woodbridge, Suffolk: Resource sheet TM 24.

R. Allender and S. E. Hollyer.

Report 72/9 ISBN 0 11 880596 7 £1.70

4 The sand and gravel resources of the country around Maldon, Essex: Resource sheet TL 80. J. D. Ambrose

Report 73/1 ISBN 0 11 880600 9 £1.20

5 The sand and gravel resources of the country around Hethersett, Norfolk: Resource sheet TG 10.

E. F. P. Nickless.

Report 73/4 ISBN 0 11 880606 8 £1.60

6 The sand and gravel resources of the country around Terling, Essex: Resource sheet TL 71. C. H. Eaton.

Report 73/5 ISBN 0 11 880608 4 £1.20

7 The sand and gravel resources of the country around Layer Breton and Tolleshunt D'Arcy, Essex: Resource sheet TL 91 and part 90. J. D. Ambrose.

Report 73/8 ISBN 0 11 880614 9 £1.30

8 The sand and gravel resources of the country around Shotley and Felixstowe, Suffolk: Resource sheet TM 23.

R. Allender and S. E. Hollyer.

Report 73/13 ISBN 0 11 880625 4 £1.60

9 The sand and gravel resources of the country around Attlebridge, Norfolk: Resource sheet TG 11.

E. F. P. Nickless.

Report 73/15 ISBN 0 11 880658 0 £1.85

10 The sand and gravel resources of the country west of Colchester, Essex: Resource sheet TL 92. J. D. Ambrose.

Report 74/6 ISBN 0 11 880671 8 £1.45

11 The sand and gravel resources of the country around Tattingstone, Suffolk: Resource sheet TM 13. S. E. Hollyer.

Report 74/9 ISBN 0 11 880675 0 £1.95

12 The sand and gravel resources of the country around Gerrards Cross, Buckinghamshire: Resource sheet SU 99, TQ 08, 09. H. C. Squirrell.

Report 74/14 ISBN 0 11 880710 2 £2.20

Mineral Assessment Reports (Institute of Geological Sciences)

13 The sand and gravel resources of the country east of Chelmsford, Essex: Resource sheet TL 70. M. R. Clarke.

ISBN 0 11 880744 7 £3.50

14 The sand and gravel resources of the country east of Colchester, Essex: Resource sheet TM 02. J. D. Ambrose.

ISBN 0 11 880745 5 £3.25

15 The sand and gravel resources of the country around Newton on Trent, Lincolnshire: Resource sheet SK 87.

D. Price.

ISBN 0 11 880746 3 £3.00

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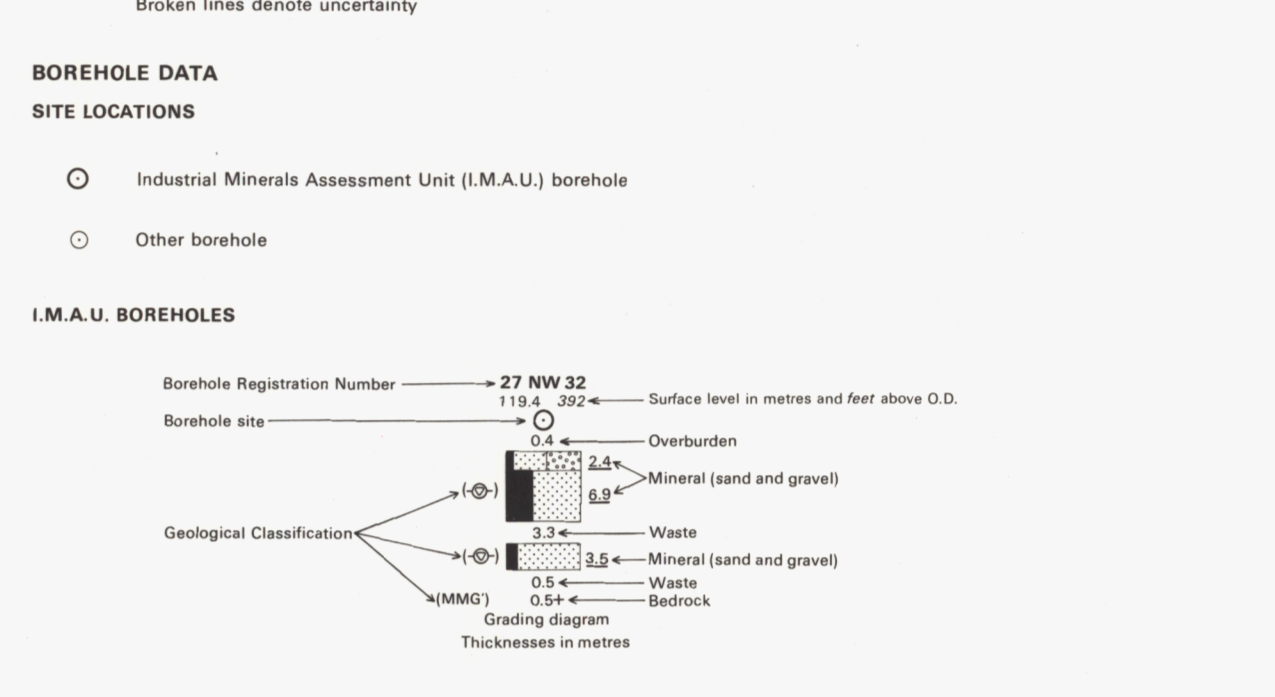
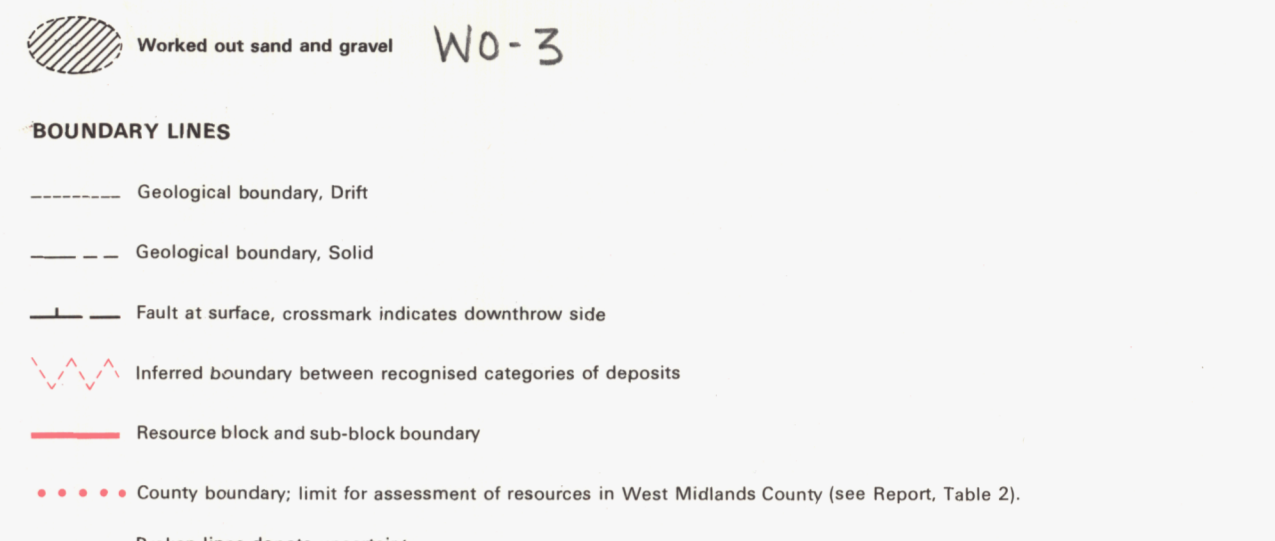
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This map should be read in conjunction with the accompanying
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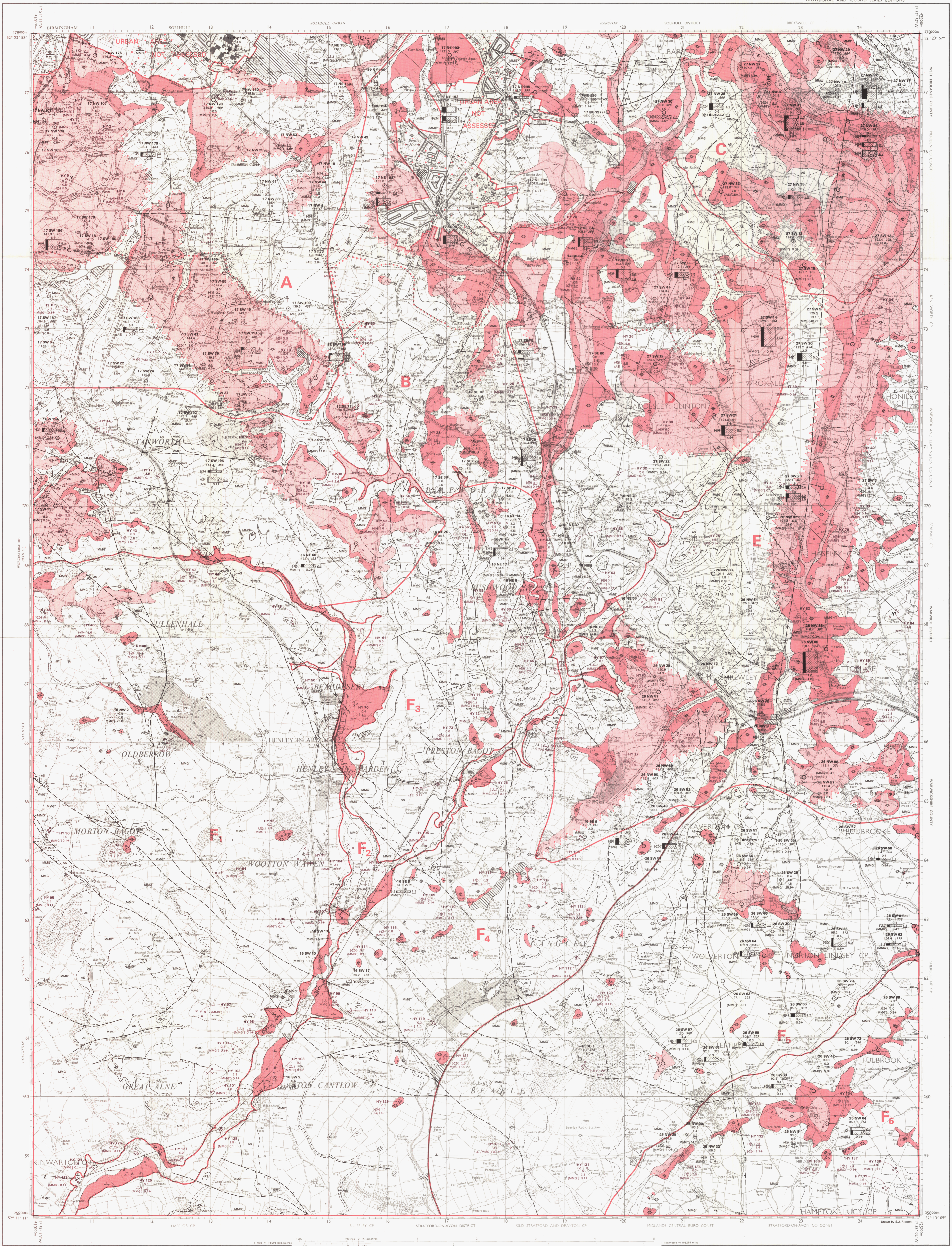
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- DRIFT**
 - Peat - soft dark brown decomposed organic material with some silt and clay P-14
 - Alluvium - soft silty clay, locally pebbly, commonly with a basal bed of gravel A-82
 - Abundant Fen Deposits - sandy gravel AF-9
 - First River Terrace Deposits - pebbly clayey sand, sandy clay and clayey gravel 1T-43
 - Second River Terrace Deposits - pebbly clayey sand, sandy clay and clayey gravel 2T-28
 - Fourth River Terrace Deposits - pebbly clayey sand, sandy clay and clayey gravel 4T-13
 - Head - reddish brown sandy clay and clayey sand H-58
 - Till - reddish brown sandy, silty, pebbly clay, pebbles dominantly of quartzite, vein quartz, sandstone TL-22 and mudstone
 - Till, chalky - greyish brown sandy clay with fresh flints, quartzite pebbles and fragments of chalk TL-23
 - Glacial Lake Deposits - soft laminated clays and silts, with lenses of sand GL-14
 - Glacial Sand and Gravel - varved deposits of sand and gravel, sheet-like or lifting, channels, the gravels dominated by quartzite, quartz, and sandstone pebbles CS-92
- SOLID**
 - Lower Lias - grey mudstones interbedded with pale grey limestones
 - Penarth Group - pale bluish grey to black mudstones
 - Maccles Mudstone - red mudstones, overlain by pale greenish grey silty blocky mudstones
 - AS - Arden Sandstone - pale grey sandstones and siltstones and green and red mudstones
 - Maccles Mudstone - buff silty mudstones with impersistent siltstones and fine sandstones
 - Bomagny Sandstone - red micaceous sandstones and reddish brown mudstones
 - TLM - The Hill Mudstone - reddish brown mudstones with brown sandstones
- Made ground** MG-2
- Worked out sand and gravel** WO-3

- BOUNDARY LINES**
 - Geological boundary, Drift
 - Geological boundary, Solid
 - Fault at surface, crossmark indicates downthrow side
 - Inferred boundary between recognized categories of deposits
 - Resource block and sub-block boundary
 - County boundary, limit for assessment of resources in West Midlands County (see Report, Table 2)
 - Broken lines denote uncertainty
- BOREHOLE DATA**
 - Industrial Minerals Assessment Unit (I.M.A.U.) borehole
 - Other borehole
- SITE LOCATIONS**
 - Industrial Minerals Assessment Unit (I.M.A.U.) borehole
 - Other borehole



- CATEGORIES OF DEPOSITS**
 - Exposed mineral CAT-E6
 - Continuous or almost continuous spreads of mineral beneath overburden CAT-C1
 - Sand and gravel at the surface not assessed CAT-N4
 - Sand and gravel either not potentially workable (see Report) or absent CAT-A2
- RESOURCE BLOCKS**
 - For the purposes of assessment, the map is divided into resource blocks and sub-blocks (see Report). Each block is designated by a letter and each sub-block by a letter and subscript number.
 - Detailed records may be consulted on application to the Programme Director (P.D.), Institute of Geological Sciences, Keeworth, Nottingham, NG2 5GG.
 - Generalized horizontal sections along the lines Y-Y' and Z-Z' shown on this map are printed on a folded sheet which is in the pocket at the back of the report.



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Geological survey on the 1:50 000 scale by R.C. Bell & J. Johnson and P.J. Strong in 1977-81. R.W. Green, District Geologist. Sand and gravel survey by B. Cannon and R.G. Coles in 1981-2. R.G. Thornell, Head, Industrial Minerals Assessment Unit.
1:25 000 Sand and Gravel Resource Sheet published 1984. I.M.A.U. Report No. 142. D. Jones, Institute of Geological Sciences.

