

SUMMARY

The outlook for September favours below normal river flows and groundwater levels across much of the country. For September–November, below normal river flows are likely in southern Britain, and normal to below normal flows in northern Britain. Groundwater levels are likely to be below normal in the far south, and normal to below normal elsewhere.

Rainfall:

Rainfall in August was significantly below average for the UK as a whole, and it was an exceptionally dry month for most of England and Wales.

The rainfall outlook (issued by the Met Office on 29.08.2022) for September suggests near-average rainfall is more likely than wet or dry, and the September–November Outlook slightly favours a wetter rather than drier autumn, although notes southern and eastern regions have an increased risk of dry weather continuing.

River flows

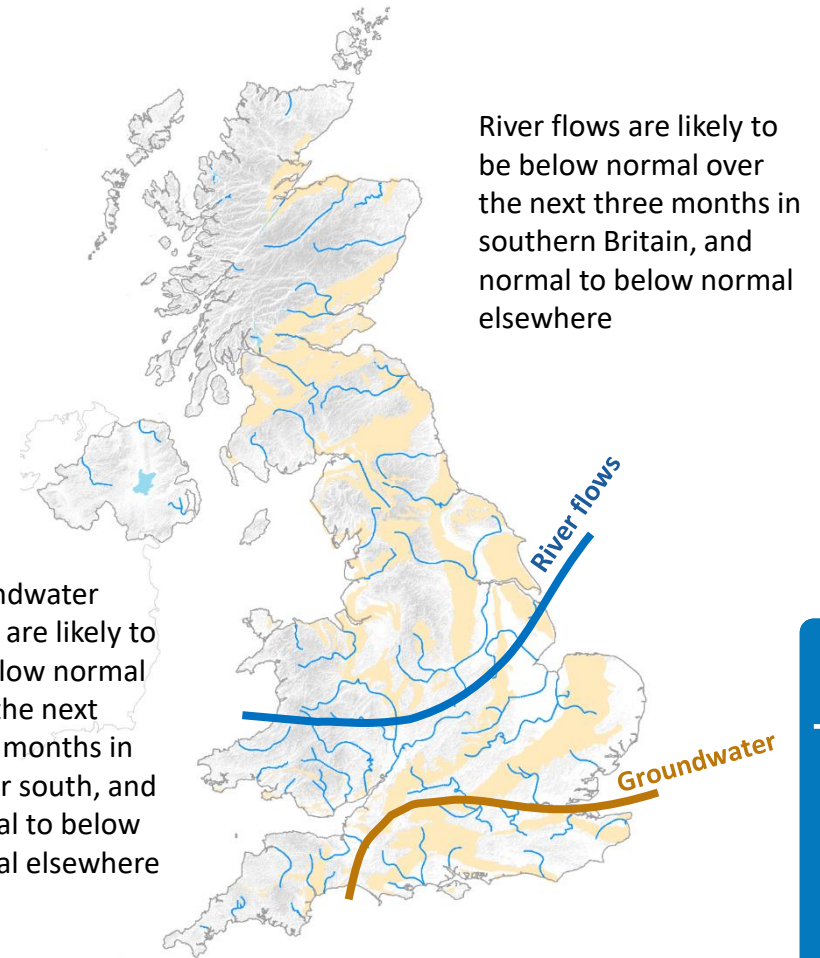
River flows in August were below normal across most of the country, with normal range flows constrained to parts of northwest Britain. Across much of England and Wales, flows were notably or exceptionally low, the lowest on record in some cases.

River flows in September are likely to continue to be below normal across the country, with a likelihood of exceptionally low flows in parts of southern Britain – although a wetter start to September could be influential. The three month outlook indicates below normal flows in southern Britain and normal- to below-normal flows further north.

Groundwater

Groundwater levels in August were normal to below normal across all aquifers, with notably and occasionally exceptionally low levels in the far south.

Groundwater levels in September are likely to be normal to below normal across northern aquifer areas, and below normal further south (with exceptionally low levels persisting in some boreholes). The three month outlook suggests a similar picture, but with levels tending towards normal, away from the far south, although there is much uncertainty looking ahead into the recharge season.



Shaded areas show principal aquifers

The Hydrological Outlook UK provides an outlook for the water situation for the UK over the next three months and beyond. For guidance on how to interpret the outlook, a wider range of information, and a full description of underpinning methods, please visit the website: www.hydoutuk.net

About the Hydrological Outlook:

This document presents an outlook for the UK water situation for the next 1 – 3 months and beyond, using observational datasets, meteorological forecasts and a suite of hydrological modelling tools. The outlook is produced in a collaboration between the UK Centre for Ecology and Hydrology (UKCEH), British Geological Survey (BGS), the Met Office, the Environment Agency (EA), Natural Resources Wales (NRW), the Scottish Environment Protection Agency (SEPA), and for Northern Ireland, the Department for Infrastructure – Rivers (DfIR).

Data and Models:

The Hydrological Outlook depends on the active cooperation of many data suppliers. This cooperation is gratefully acknowledged. Historic river flow and groundwater data are sourced from the UK National River Flow Archive and the National Groundwater Level Archive. Contemporary data are provided by the EA, SEPA, NRW and DfIR. These data are used to initialise hydrological models, and to provide outlook information based on statistical analysis of historical analogues.

Climate forecasts are produced by the Met Office. Hydrological modelling is undertaken by UKCEH using the Grid-to-Grid, PDM and CLASSIC hydrological models and by the EA using CATCHMOD. Hydrogeological modelling uses the R-groundwater model run by BGS and CATCHMOD run by the EA. Supporting documentation is available from the Outlooks website: <https://www.hydoutuk.net/about/methods>

Presentation:

The language used in the summary presented overleaf generally places flows and groundwater levels into just three classes, i.e. below normal, normal, and above normal. However, the underpinning methods use as many as seven classes as defined in the graphic to the right, i.e. the summary uses a simpler classification than some of the methods. On those occasions when it is appropriate to provide greater discrimination at the extremes the terminology and definitions of the seven class scheme will be adopted.

| | Percentile range of historic values for relevant month |
|-------------------------|--|
| Exceptionally high flow | > 95 |
| Notably high flow | 87-95 |
| Above normal | 72-87 |
| Normal range | 28-72 |
| Below normal | 13-28 |
| Notably low flow | 5-13 |
| Exceptionally low flow | < 5 |

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Further information:

For more detailed information about the Hydrological Outlook, and the derivation of the maps, plots and interpretation provided in this outlook, please visit the Hydrological Outlook UK website.

The website features a host of other background information, including a wider range of sources of information which are used in the preparation of this Outlook.

Contact:

Hydrological Outlooks UK, UK Centre for Ecology & Hydrology, Wallingford, Oxfordshire, OX10 8BB
t: 01491 692371 e: enquiries@hydoutuk.net

Reference for the Hydrological Outlook:

Hydrological Outlook UK, 2022, September, UK Centre for Ecology and Hydrology, Oxfordshire UK, Online, <https://www.hydoutuk.net/latest-outlook/>

Other Sources of Information:

The Hydrological Outlook should be used alongside other sources of up-to-date information on the current water resources status and flood risk.

Environment Agency Water Situation Reports: provides summary of water resources status on a monthly and weekly basis for England: <https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/water-situation-reports-for-england>

Flood warnings are continually updated, and should be consulted for an up-to-date and localised assessment of flood risk:

Environment Agency: <https://flood-warning-information.service.gov.uk/map>

Natural Resources Wales: <https://flood-warning.naturalresources.wales/>

Scottish Environment Protection Agency: <https://www.sepa.org.uk/flooding.aspx>

Hydrological Summary for the UK: provides summary of current water resources status for the UK: <https://nfa.ceh.ac.uk/monthly-hydrological-summary-uk>

UK Met Office forecasts for the UK: <https://www.metoffice.gov.uk/#?tab=regionalForecast>

UK Water Resources Portal: monitor the UK hydrological situation in near real-time including rainfall, river flow, groundwater and soil moisture from COSMOS-UK: <https://eip.ceh.ac.uk/hydrology/water-resources/>