

BRITISH GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

Sable Island Observatory

Monthly Magnetic

Bulletin

GYdhYa VYf 2011

11/0-/SB



**British
Geological Survey**

NATIONAL ENVIRONMENT RESEARCH COUNCIL

SABLE ISLAND OBSERVATORY MAGNETIC DATA

1. Introduction

Sable Island is the third overseas geomagnetic observatory to be established by the British Geological Survey (BGS). The installation was a joint venture between BGS, Sperry Drilling Services (SDS), Halliburton and Sable Offshore Energy in support of directional drilling programmes. It was completed in May 1999 and the observatory became operational from 8th May 1999.

This bulletin is published to provide rapid access to the provisional geomagnetic observatory results. The information is freely available for personal, academic, educational and non-commercial research or use. Magnetic observatory data are presented as a series of plots of one-minute, hourly and daily values, followed by tabulations of monthly values. The operation of the observatory and presentation of data are described in the rest of this section.

Enquiries about the data should be addressed to:

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Internet: www.geomag.bgs.ac.uk

2. Position

The Island is a sandbank formed by the meeting of currents from the St. Lawrence Delta and the Gulf Stream and is located approximately 290km southeast of Halifax, Nova Scotia. The observatory co-ordinates are:-

Geographic: 43.932°N 299.991°E
Geomagnetic: 53.555°N 15.002°E
Height above mean sea level: 5m (approx)

The geomagnetic co-ordinates are approximations, calculated using the 11th generation International Geomagnetic Reference Field (IGRF) at epoch 2011.5. On-line access to models (including IGRF), charts and navigational data are available at http://www.geomag.bgs.ac.uk/data_service/models_compass/home

3. The Observatory Operation

3.1 GDAS

The observatory operates under the control of the Geomagnetic Data Acquisition System (GDAS), which was developed by BGS staff, installed in April 2004 and became fully operational from May 2004. The data acquisition software, running on QNX operated computers, controls the data logging and the communications.

There are two sets of sensors used for making magnetic measurements. A tri-axial linear-core fluxgate magnetometer, manufactured by the Danish Meteorological Institute, is used to measure the variations in the horizontal (H) and vertical (Z) components of the field. The third sensor is oriented perpendicular to these, and measures variations, which are proportional to the changes in declination (D). Measurements are made at a rate of 1 Hz.

In addition to the fluxgate sensors there is a proton precession magnetometer (PPM) making measurements of the absolute total field intensity (F) at a rate of 0.1Hz.

The raw unfiltered data are retrieved automatically via Internet connections to the BGS office in Edinburgh in near real-time. The fluxgate data are filtered to produce one-minute values using a 61-point cosine filter and the total field intensity samples are filtered using a 7-point cosine filter.

3.2 Absolute Observations

The GDAS fluxgate magnetometers accurately measure variations in the components of the geomagnetic field, but not the absolute magnitudes. One set of absolute measurements of the field are made manually once per month. A fluxgate sensor mounted on a theodolite is used to determine D and inclination (I); the GDAS PPM measurements, with a site difference correction applied, are used for F . The absolute observations are used in conjunction with the GDAS variometer measurements to produce a continuous record of the absolute values of the geomagnetic field elements as if they had been measured at the observatory reference pillar.

4. Observatory Results

The data presented in the bulletin are in the form of plots and tabulations described in the following sections.

4.1 Absolute Observations

The absolute observation measurements made during the month are tabulated. Also included are the corresponding baseline values, which are the differences between the absolute measurements and the variometer measurements of D , H and Z (in the sense absolute–variometer). These are also plotted (markers) along with the derived preliminary daily baseline values (line) throughout the year. Daily mean differences between the measured absolute F and the F computed from the baseline corrected H and Z values are plotted in the fourth panel (in the sense measured–derived). The bottom panel shows the daily mean temperature in the fluxgate chamber.

4.2 Summary magnetograms

Small-scale magnetograms are plotted which allow the month's data to be viewed at a glance. They are plotted 16 days to a page and show the one-minute variations in D , H and Z . The scales are shown on the right-hand side of the page. On disturbed days the scales are multiplied by a factor, which is indicated above the panel for that day. The variations are centred on the monthly mean value, shown on the left side of the page.

4.3 Magnetograms

The daily magnetograms are plotted using one-minute values of D , H and Z from the fluxgate sensors, with any gaps filled using back-up data. The magnetograms are plotted to a variable scale; scale bars are shown to the right of each plot. The absolute level (the monthly mean value) is indicated on the left side of the plots.

4.4 Hourly Mean Value Plots

Hourly mean values of D , H and Z for the past 12 months are plotted in 27-day segments corresponding to the Bartels solar rotation number. Magnetic disturbances associated with active regions and/or coronal holes on the Sun may recur after 27 days: the same is true for geomagnetically

quiet intervals. Plotting the data in this way highlights this recurrence. Diurnal variations are also clear in these plots and the amplitude changes throughout the year highlight the seasonal changes. Longer term secular variation is also illustrated.

4.5 Daily and Monthly Mean Values

Daily mean values of D , H , Z and F are plotted throughout the year. In addition, a table of monthly mean values of all the geomagnetic elements is provided. These values depend on accurate specification of the fluxgate sensor baselines. It is anticipated that these provisional values will not be altered by more than a few nT or tenths of arcminutes before being made definitive at the end of the year.

5. Conditions of Use

The data presented in this bulletin are provided for personal, academic, educational, non-commercial research or other non-commercial use and are not for sale or distribution to third parties without written permission from BGS.

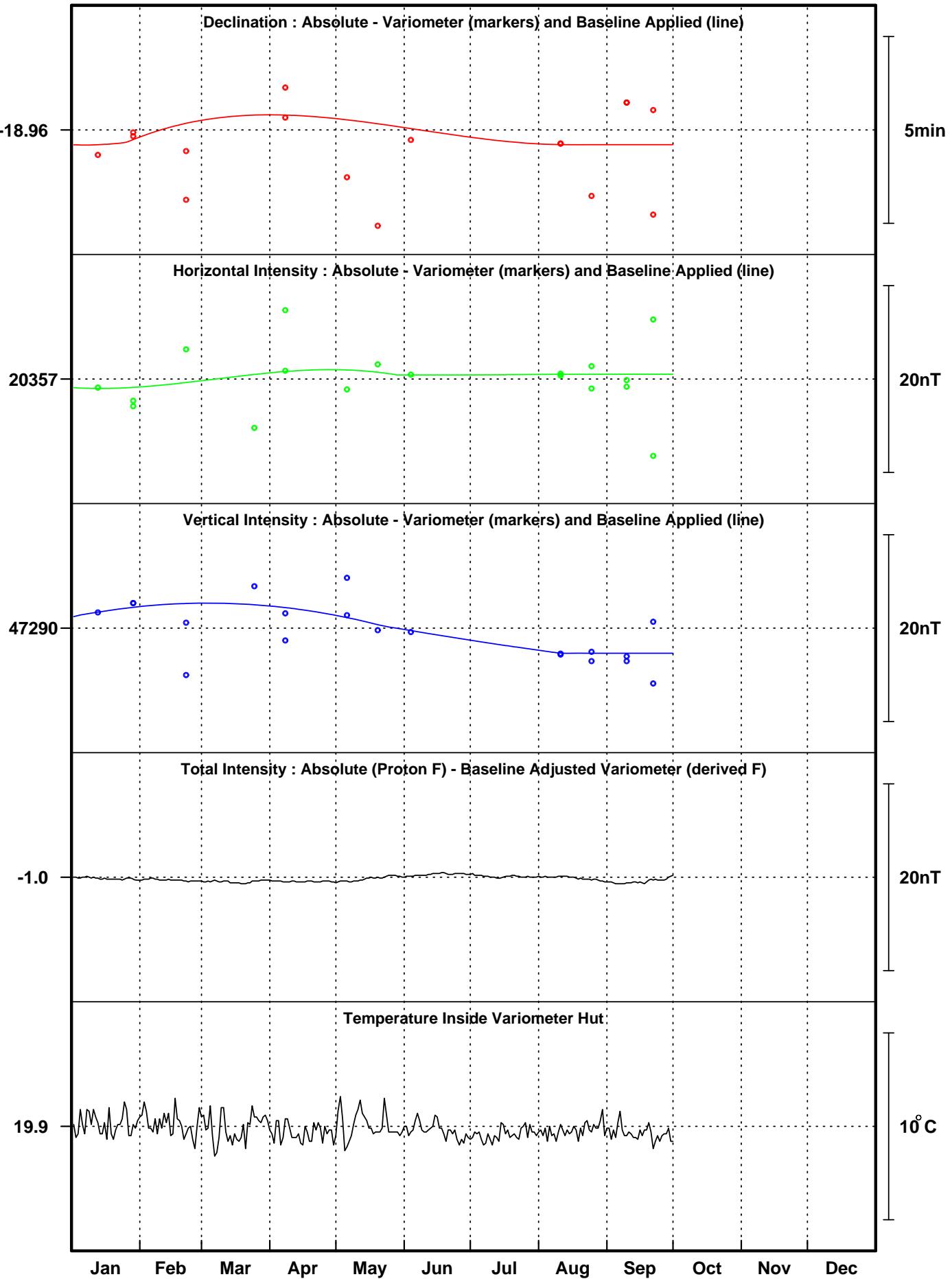
Reproduction of any part of this bulletin should be accompanied by the statement: 'Reproduced with the permission of the British Geological Survey ©NERC. All rights Reserved'. Publications making use of the data should include an acknowledgment statement of the form: 'The results presented in this paper rely on the data collected at Sable Island magnetic observatory, operated by the British Geological Survey and Sable Offshore Energy with support from Sperry Drilling Services, Halliburton.'

Commercial users can contact the geomagnetism team for information on the range of applications and services offered. Full contact details are available at www.geomag.bgs.ac.uk/contactus/staff

SABLE ISLAND OBSERVATORY

ABSOLUTE OBSERVATIONS

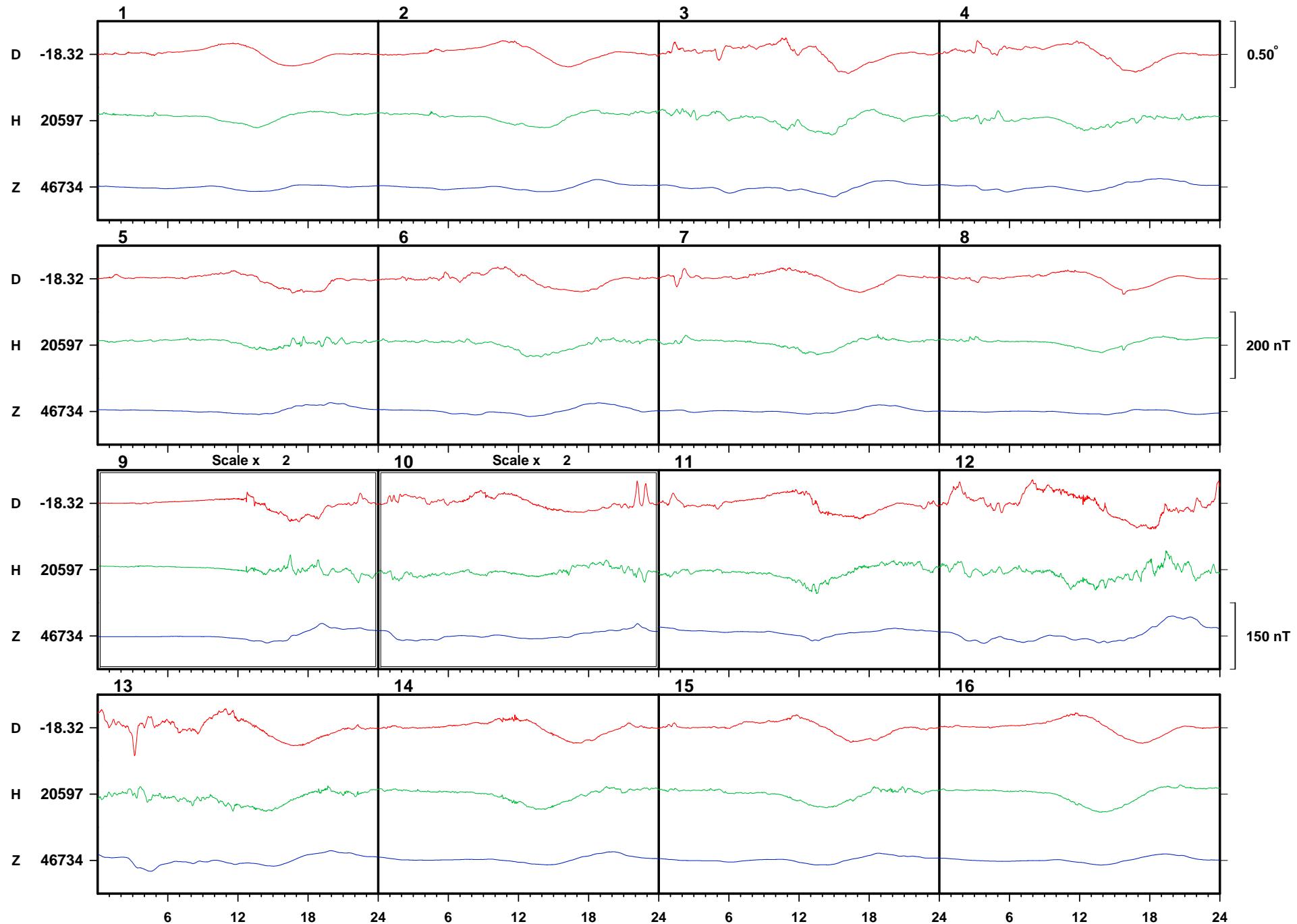
Sable Island 2011

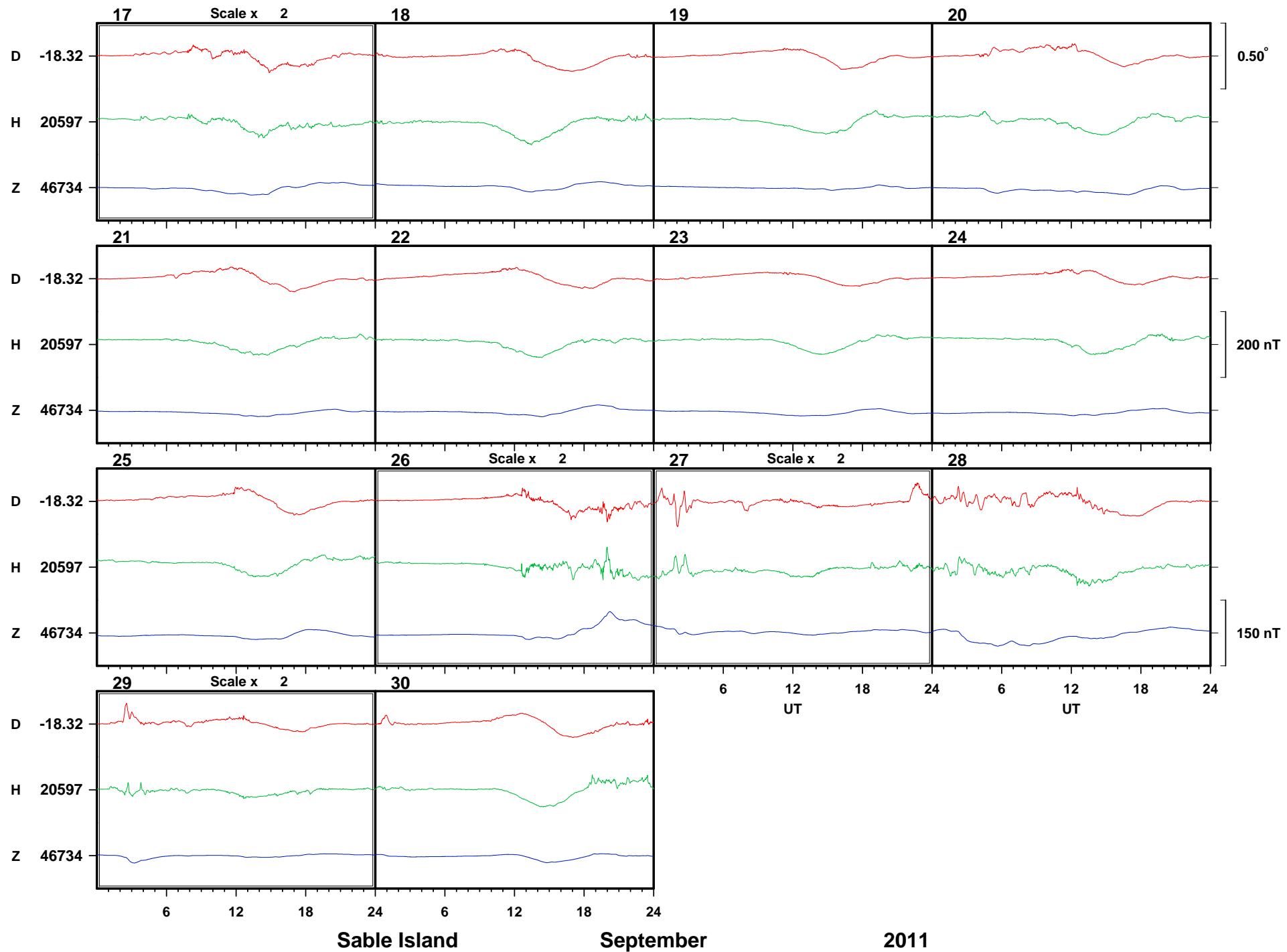


Sable Island

September

2011

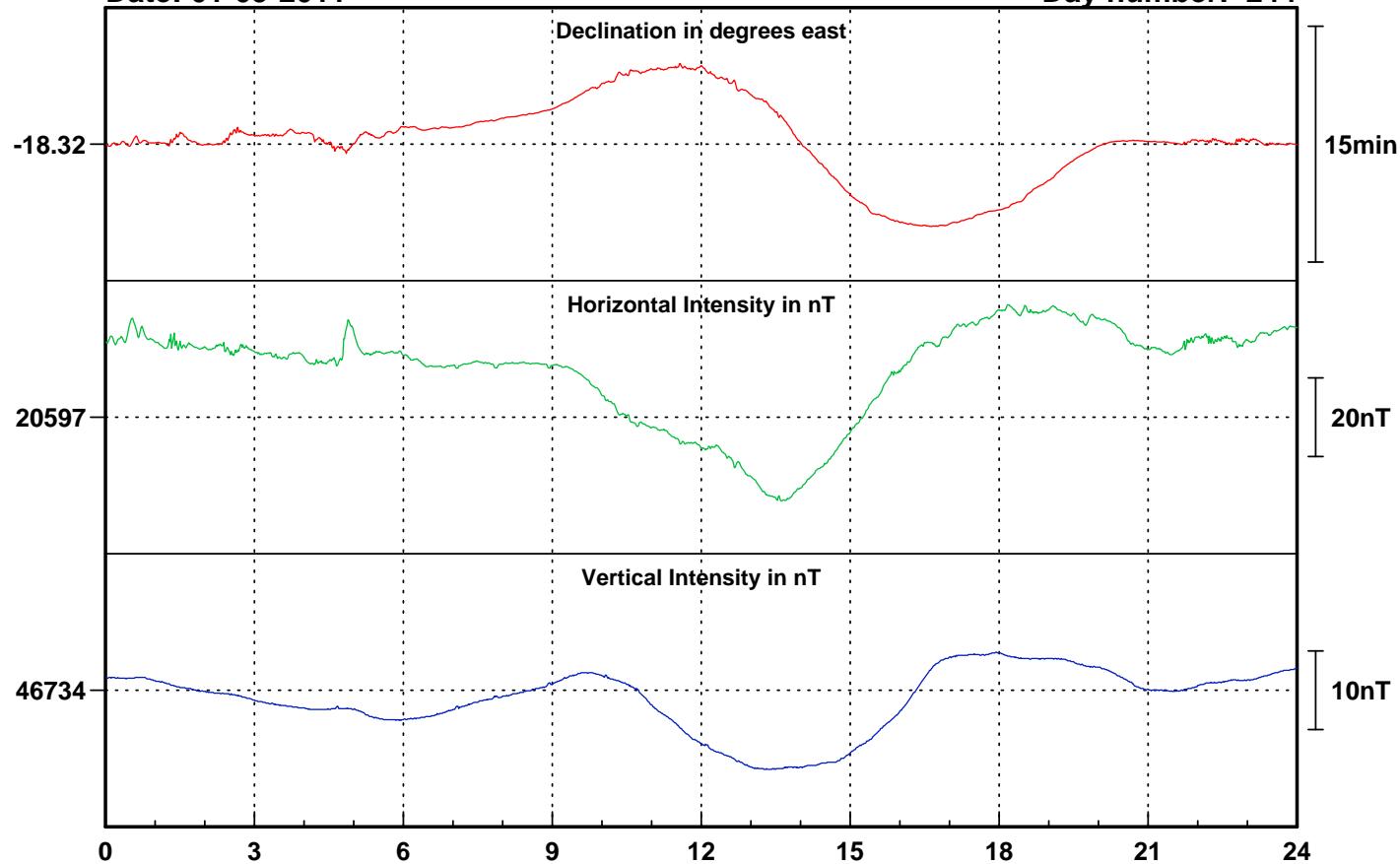




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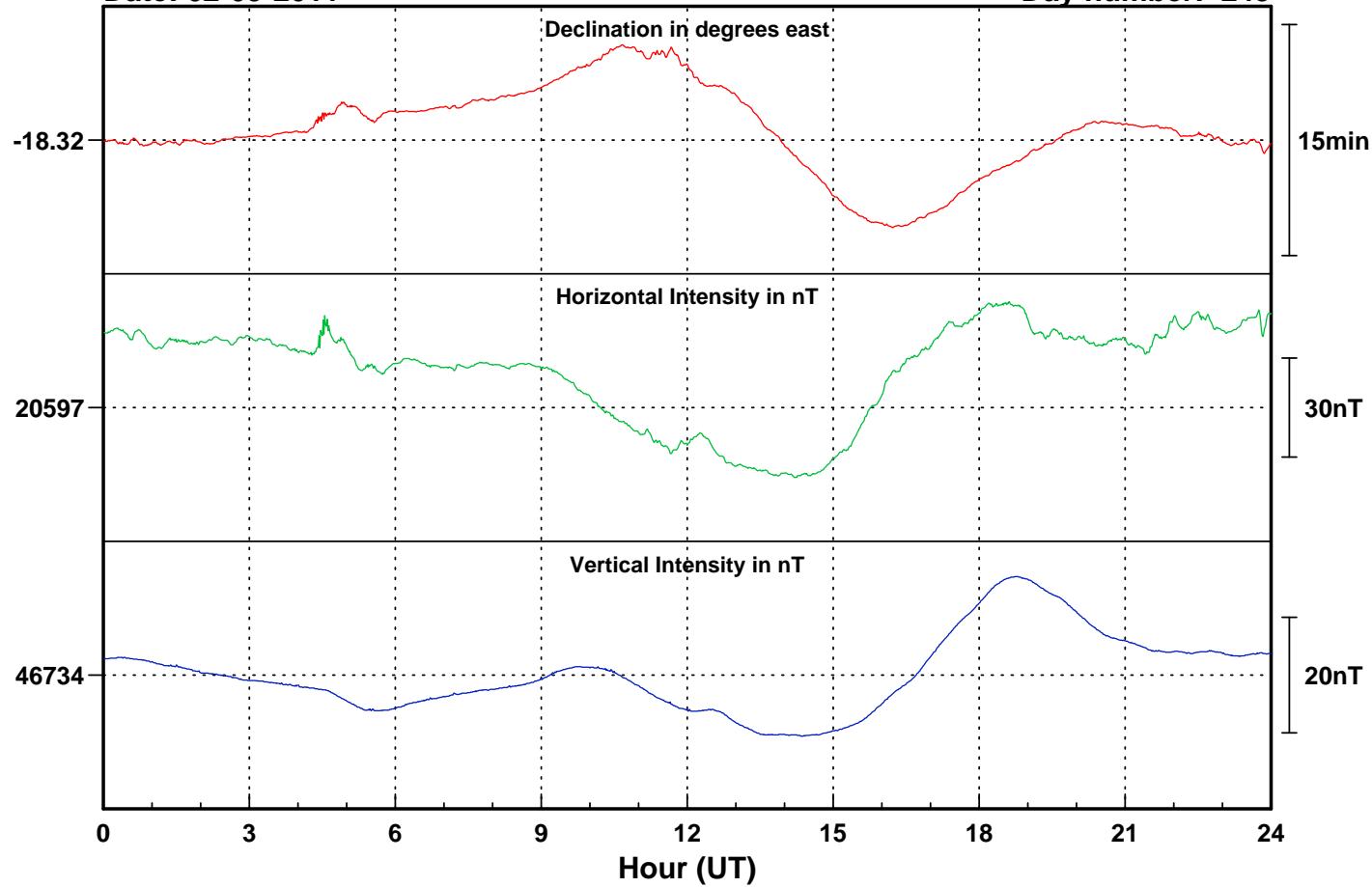
Sable Island

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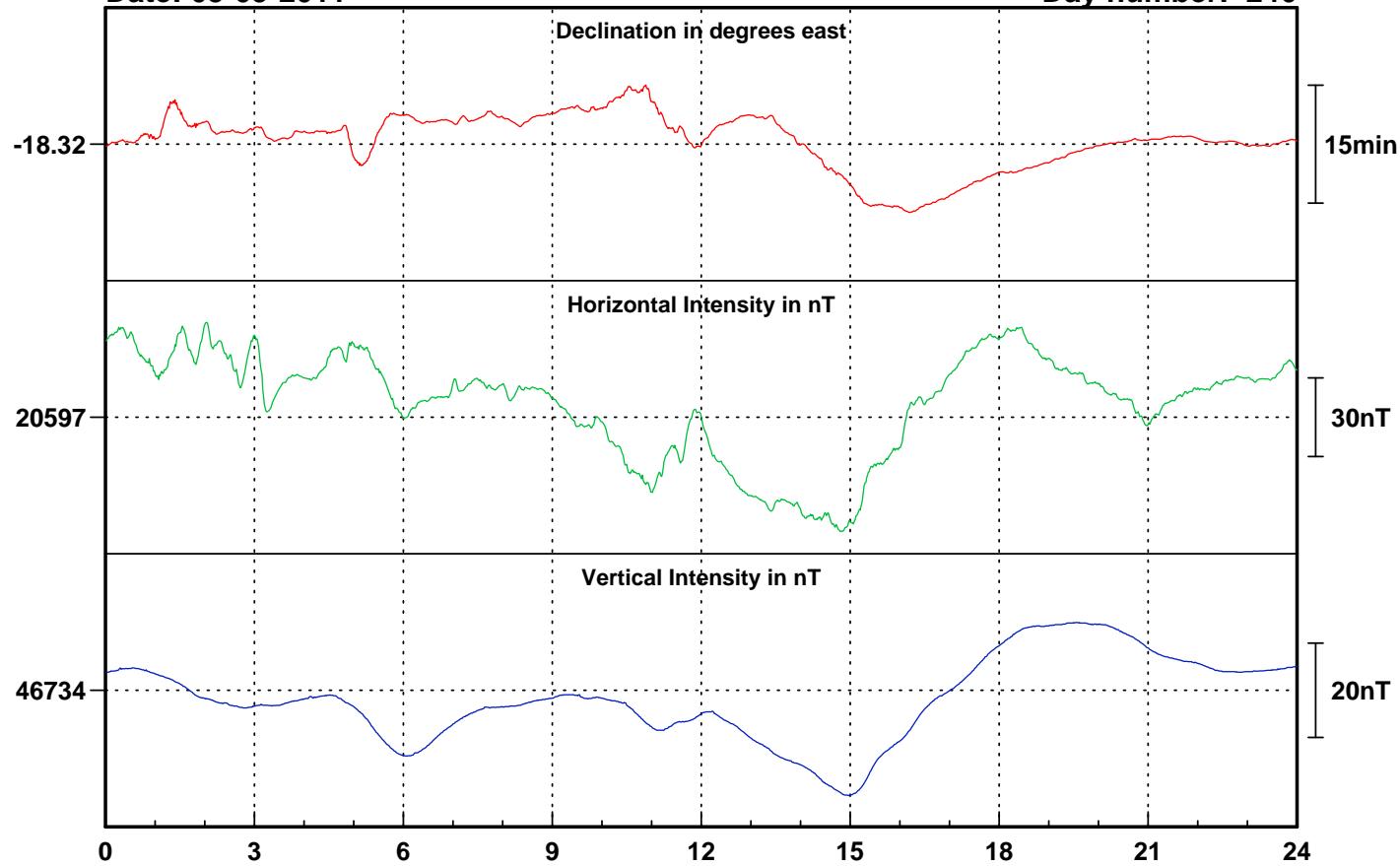
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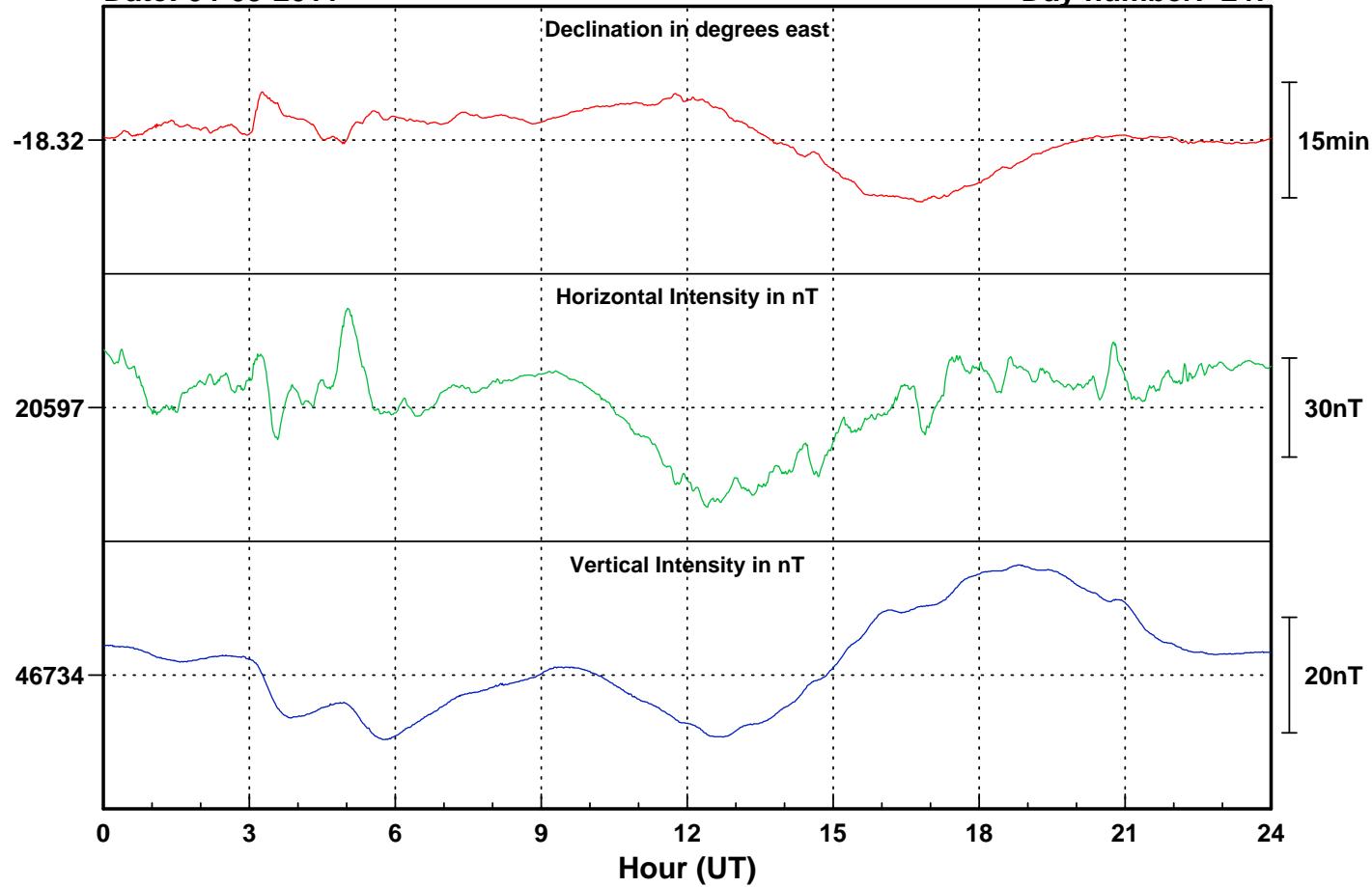
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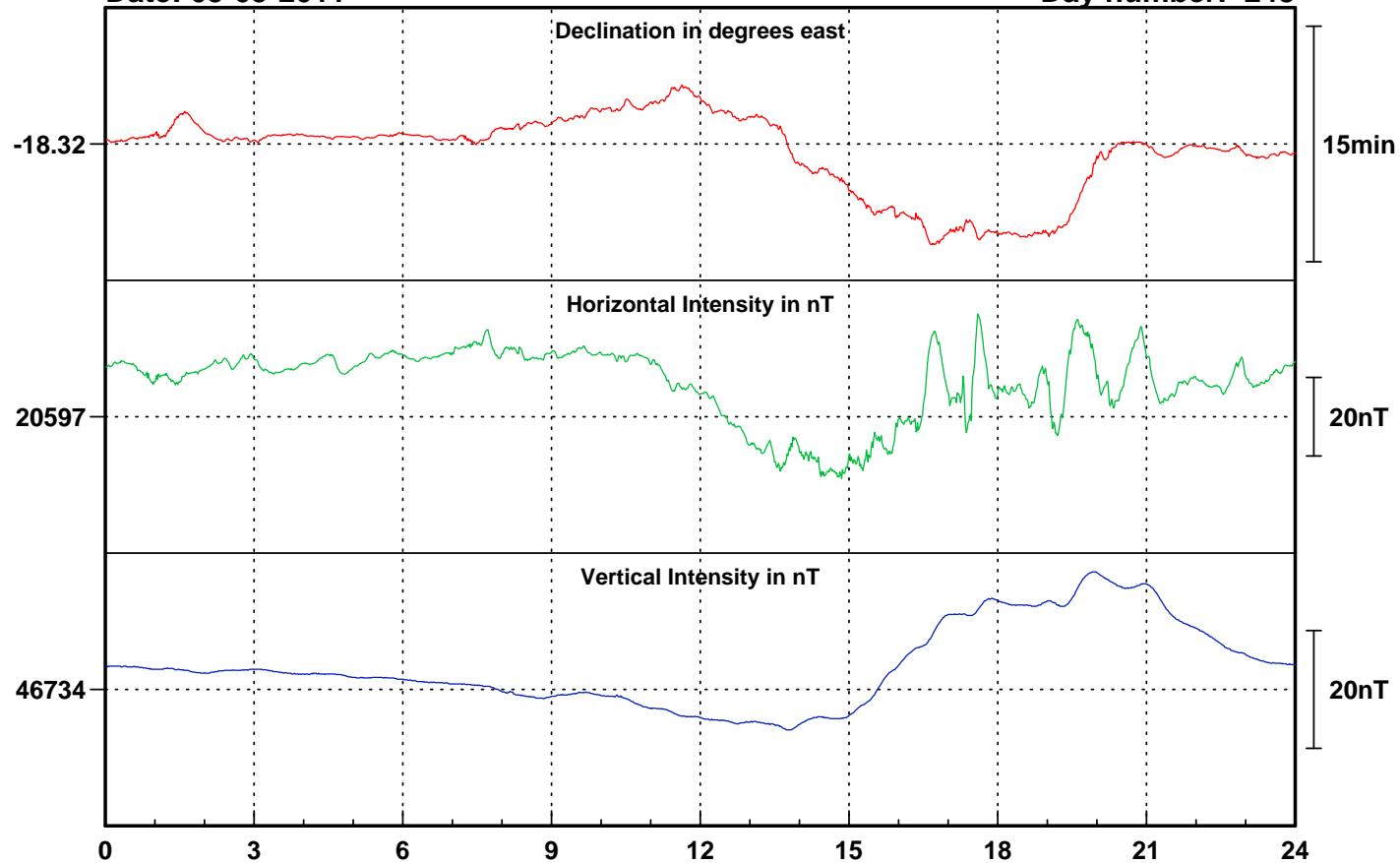
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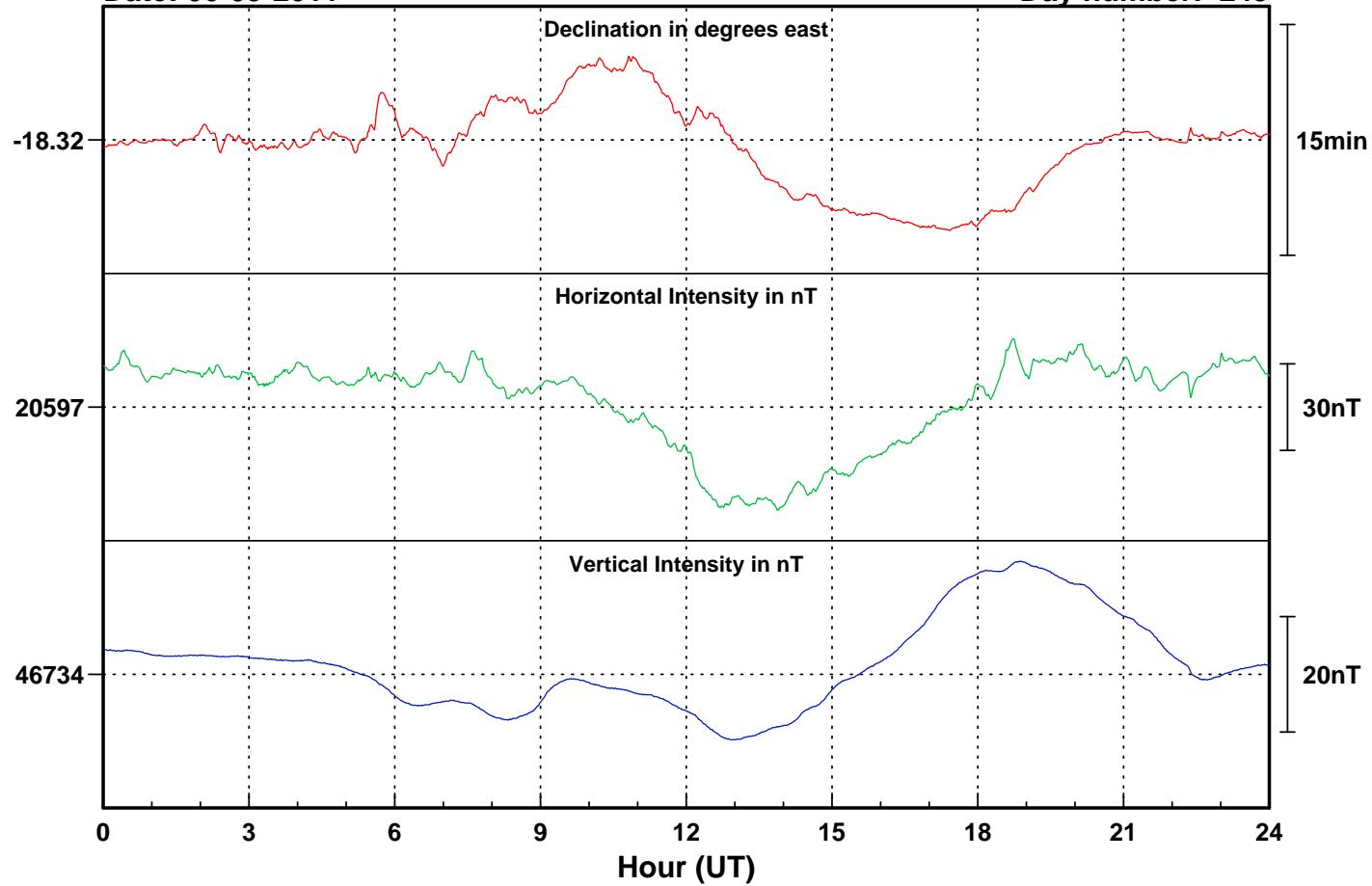
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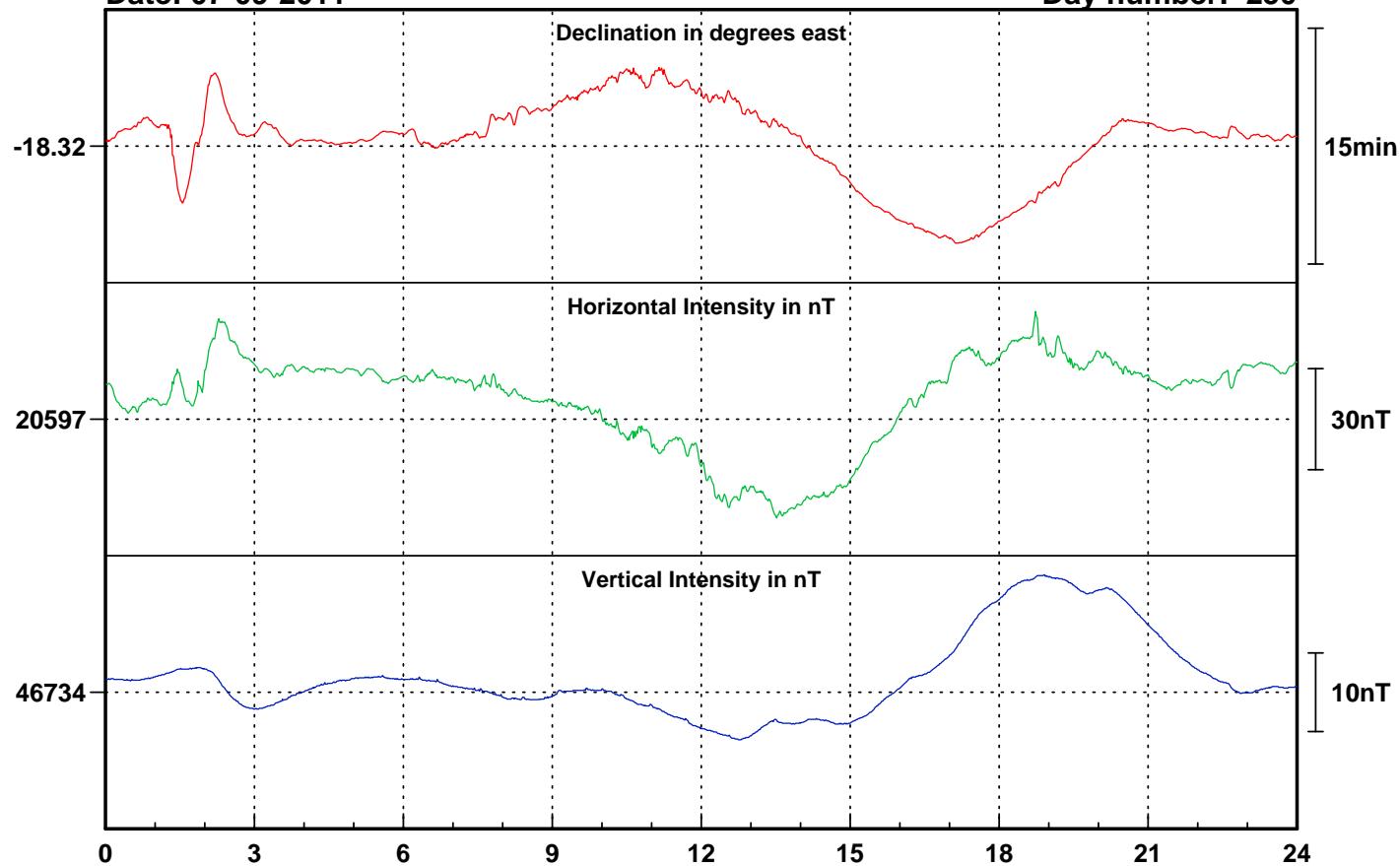
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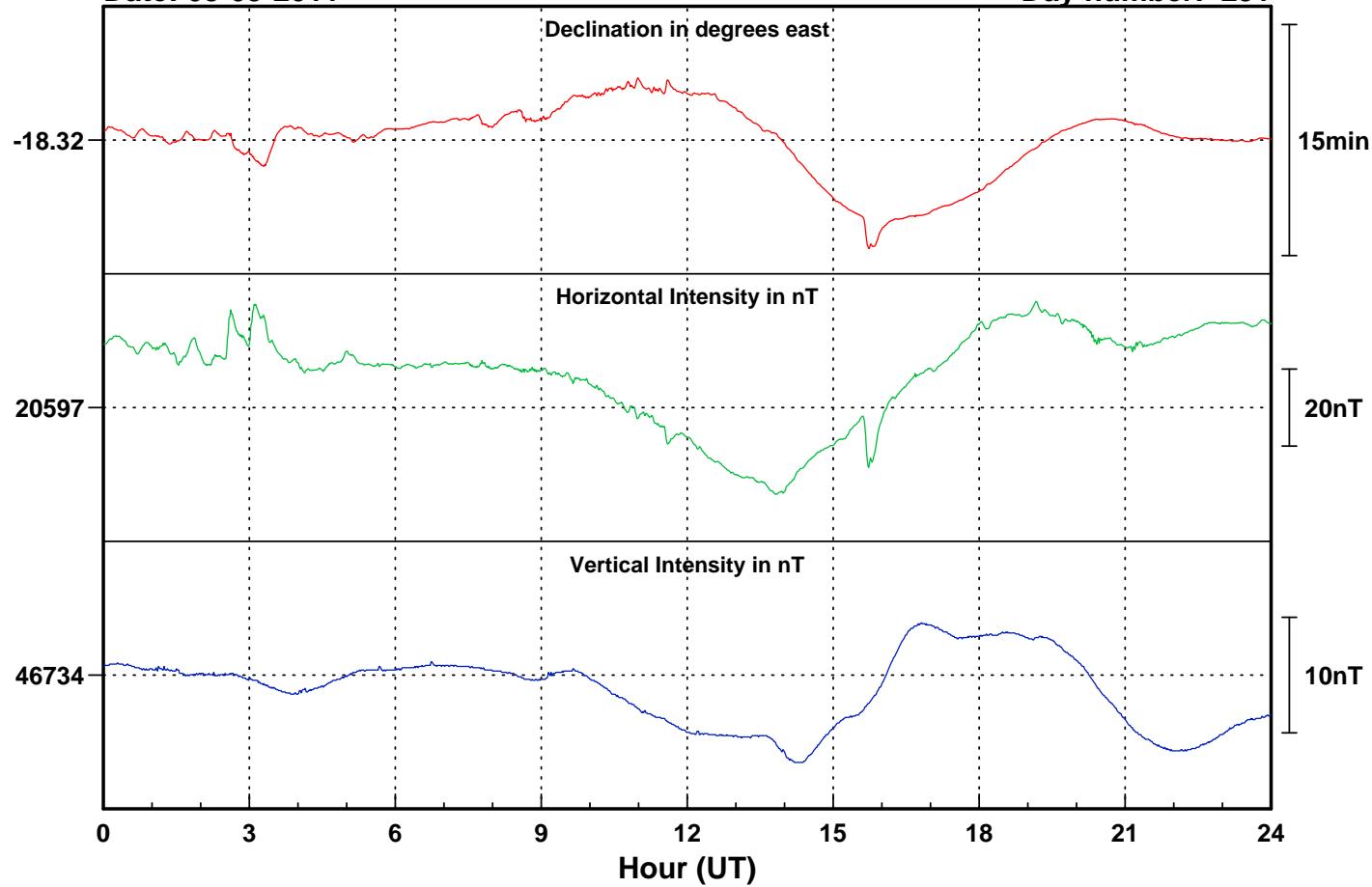
Sable Island

Day number: 250



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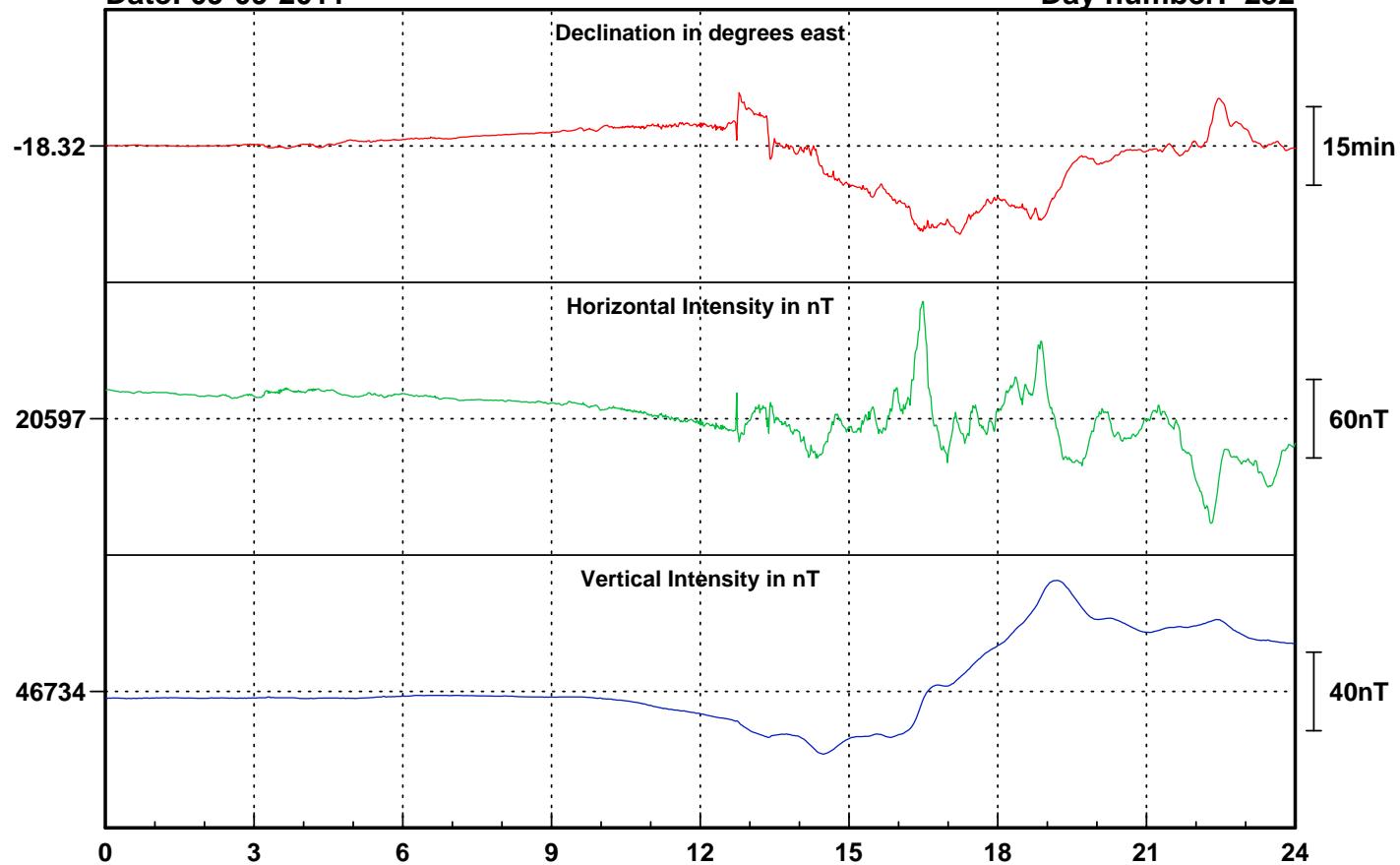
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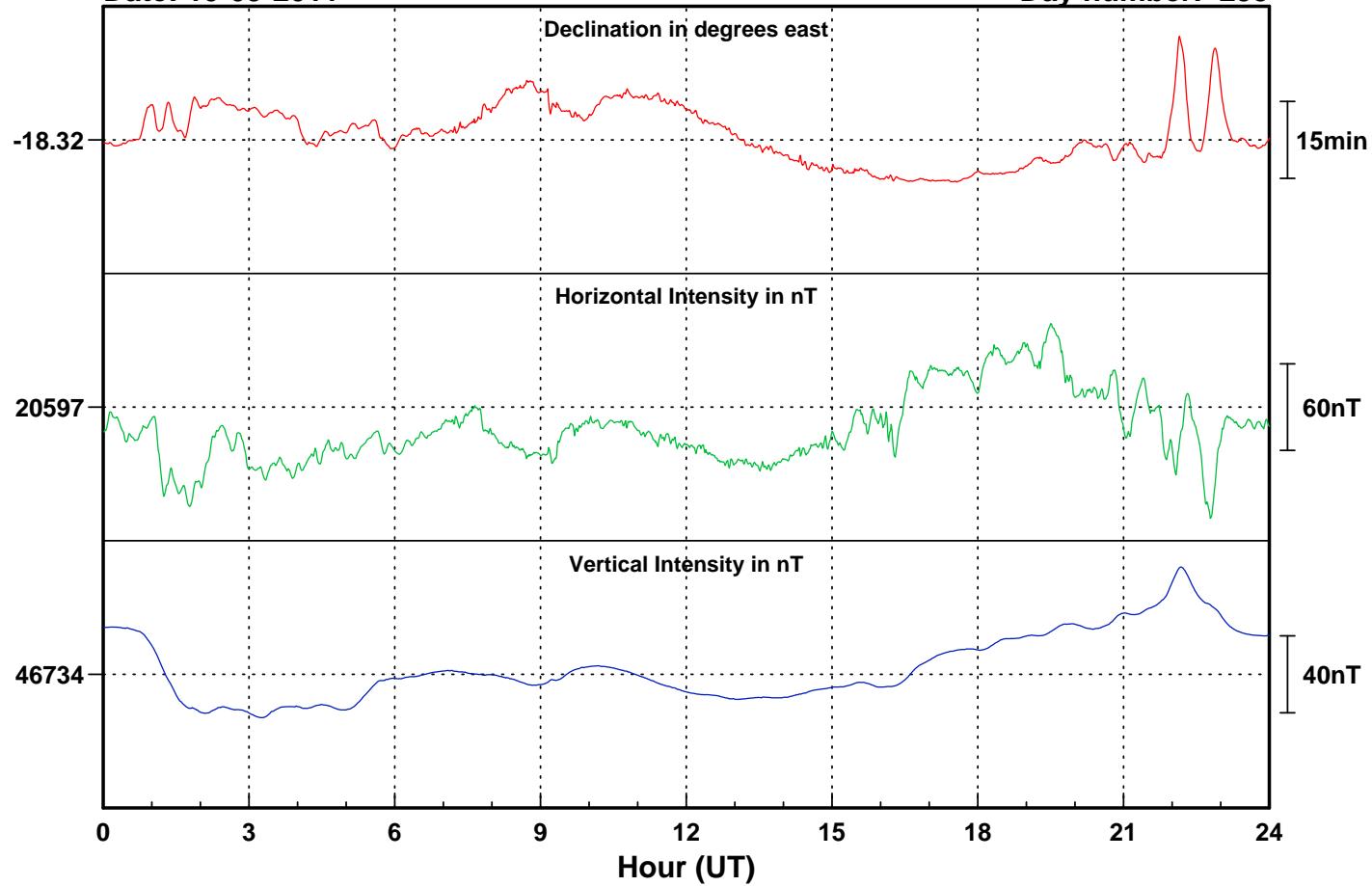
Sable Island

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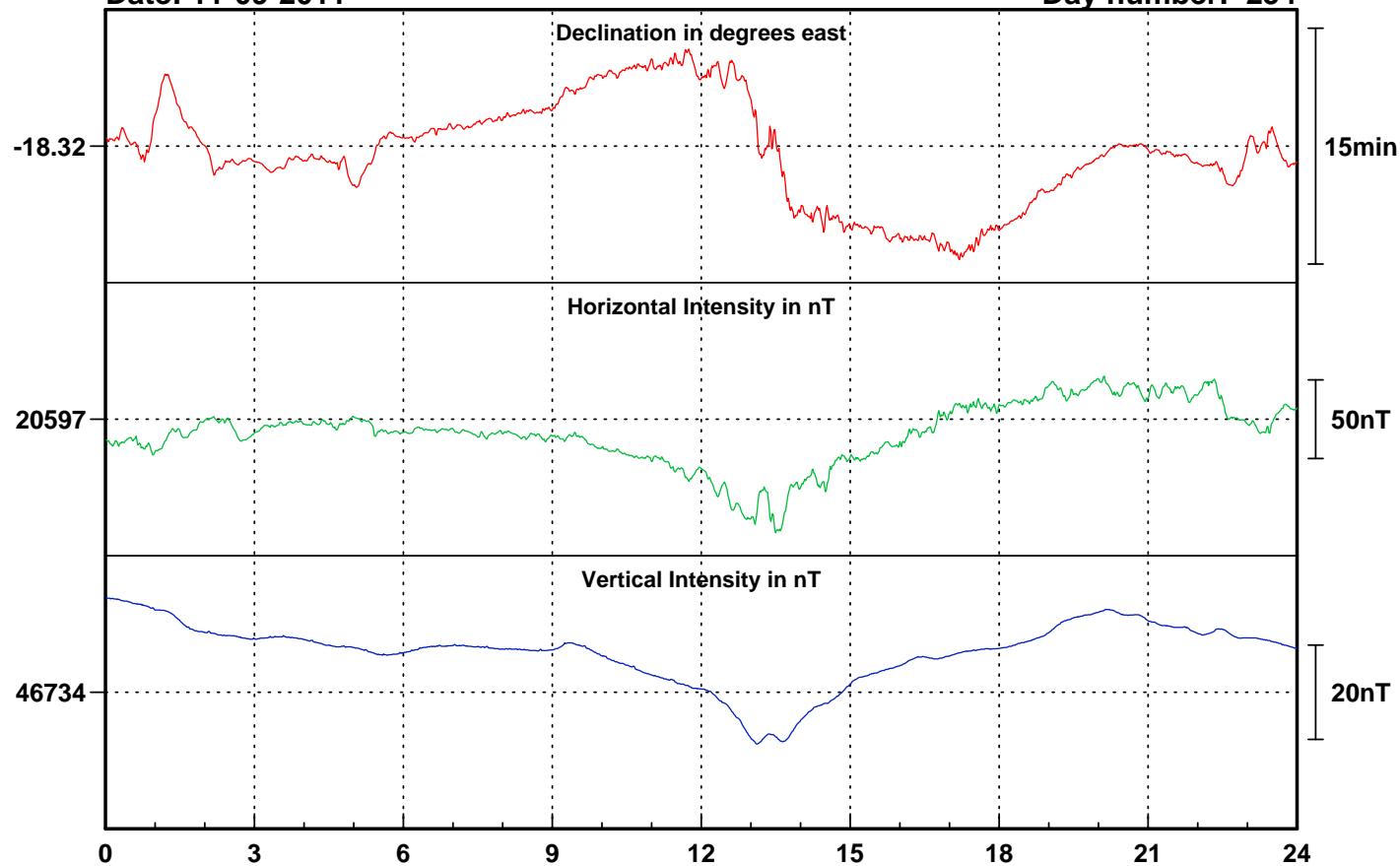
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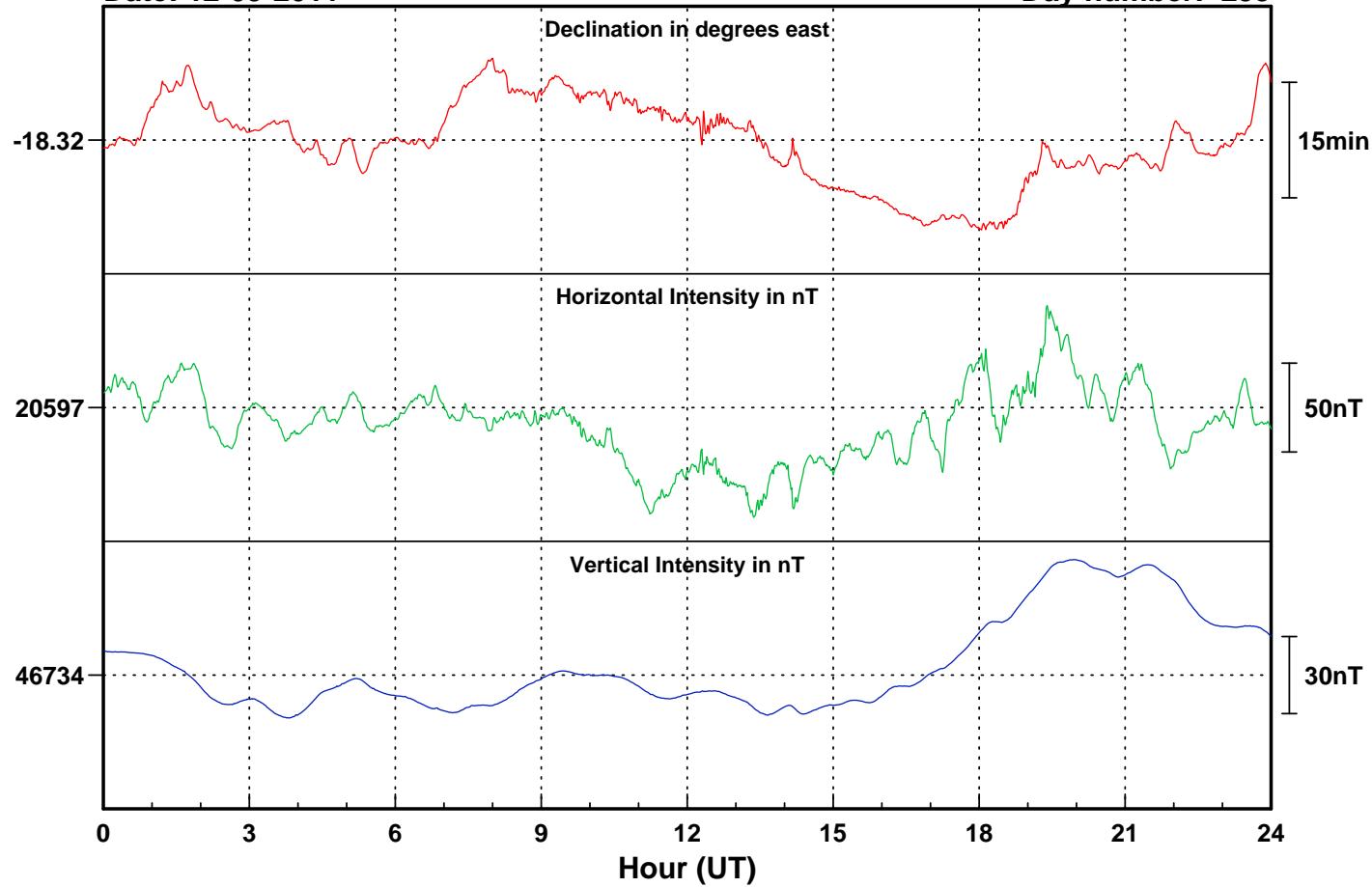
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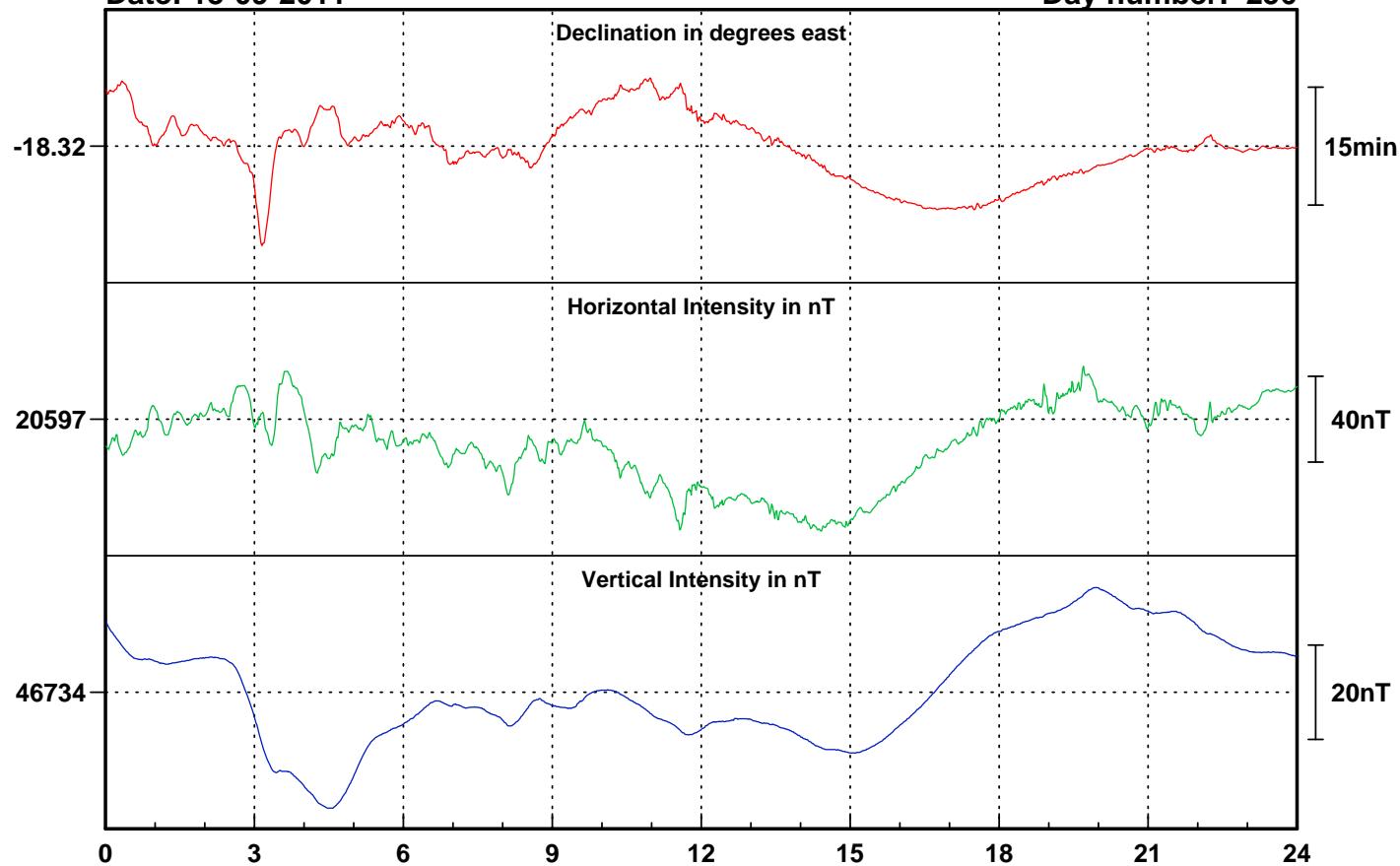
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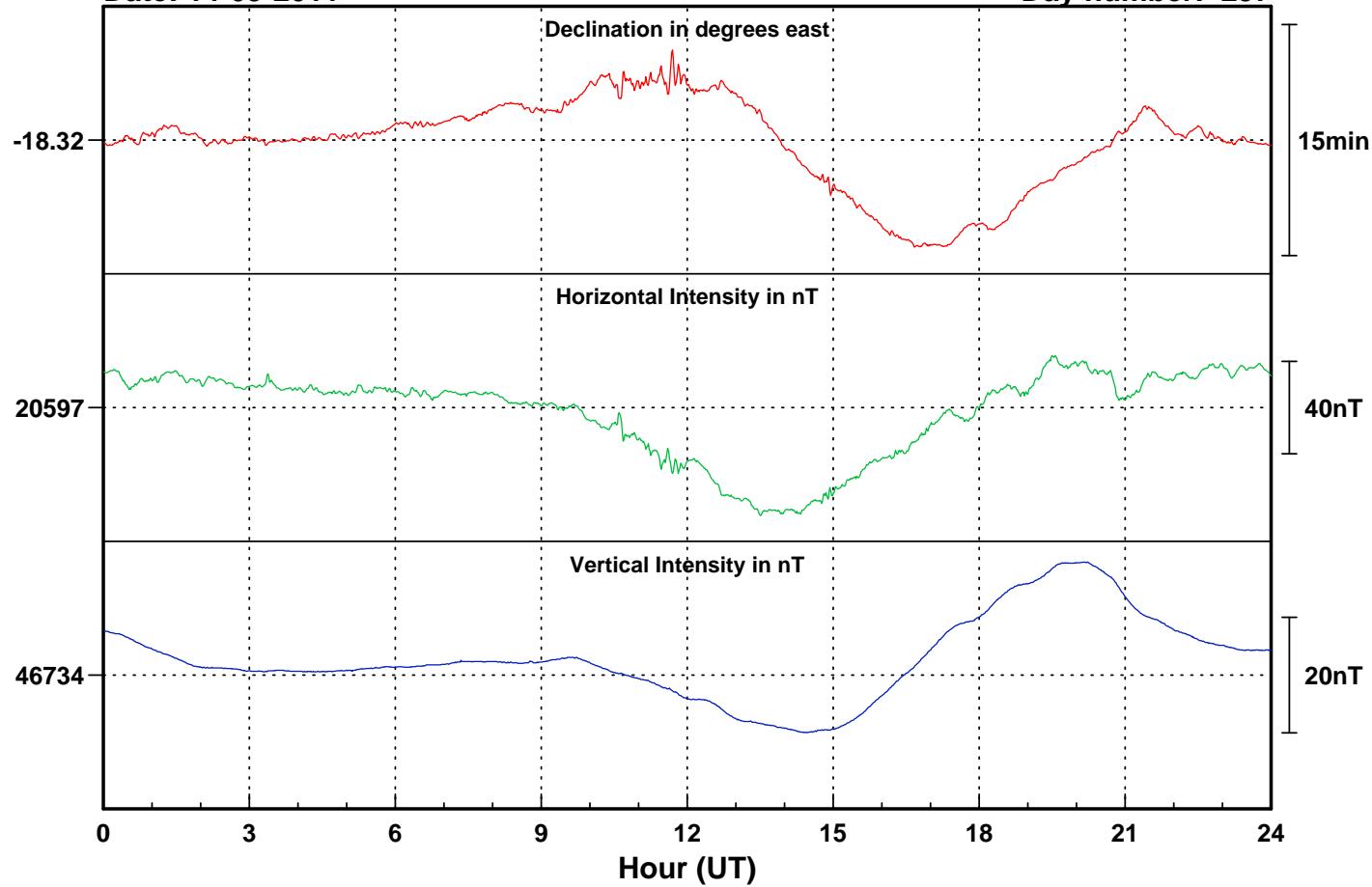
Sable Island

Day number: 256



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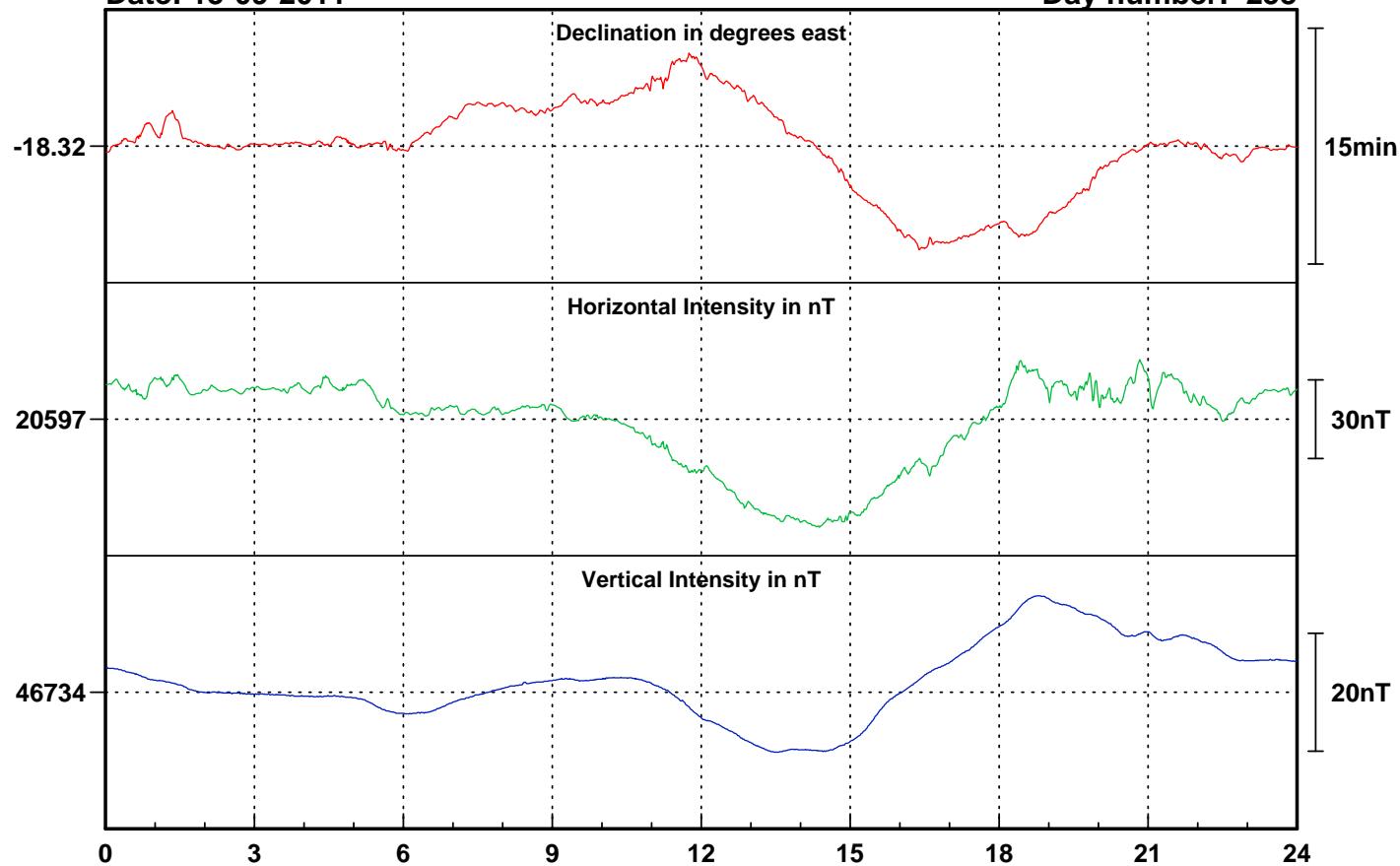
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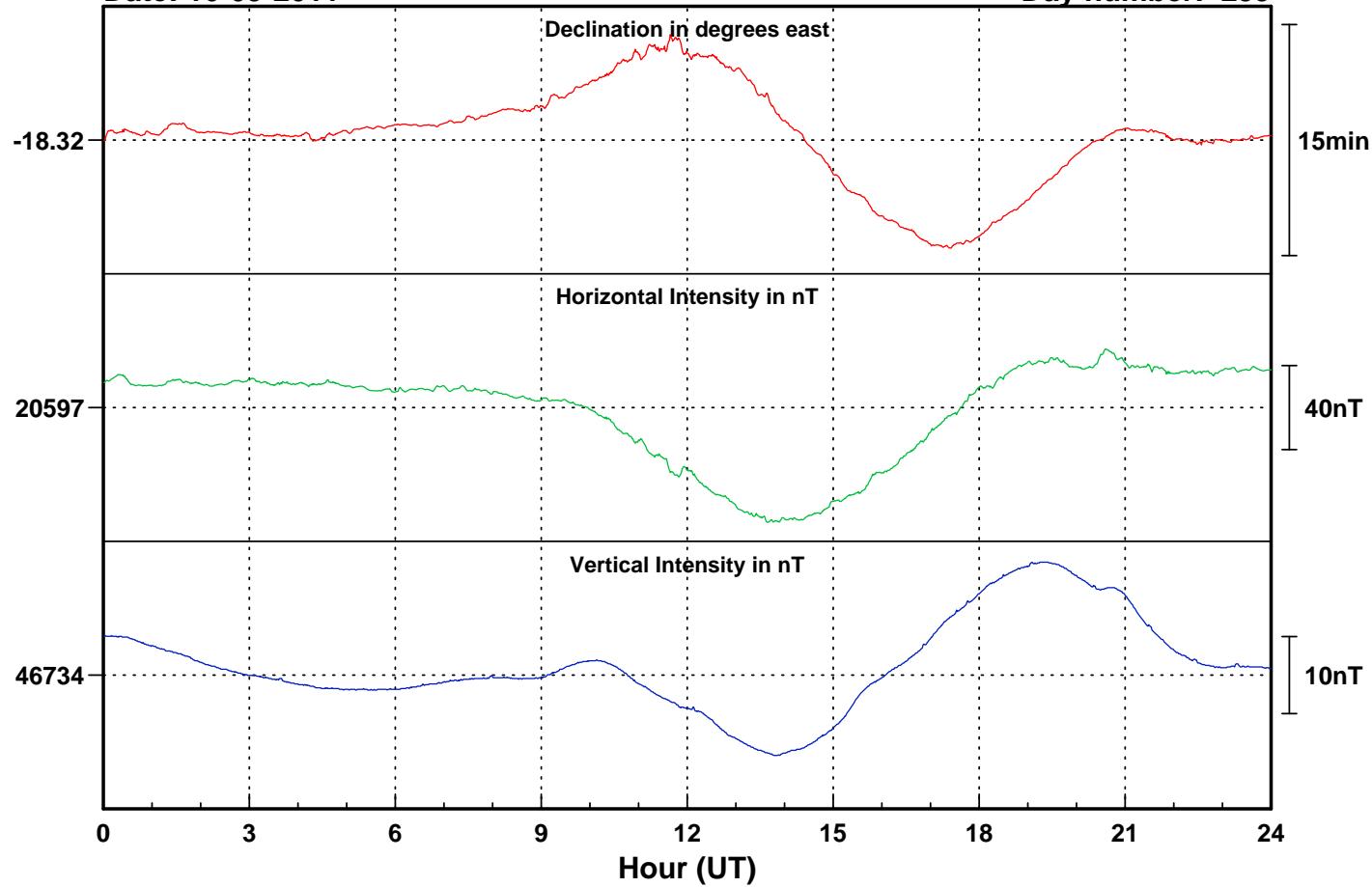
Sable Island

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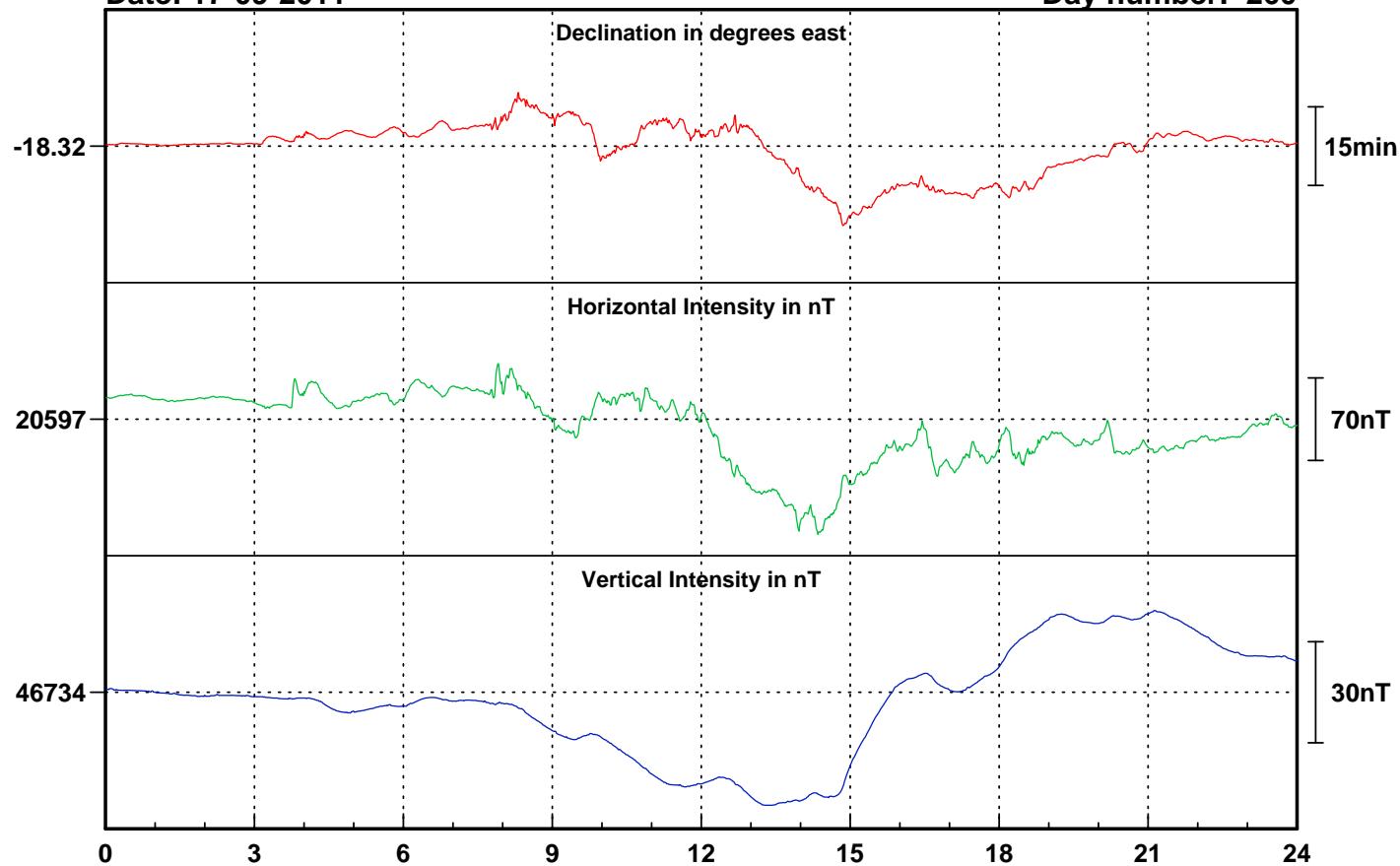
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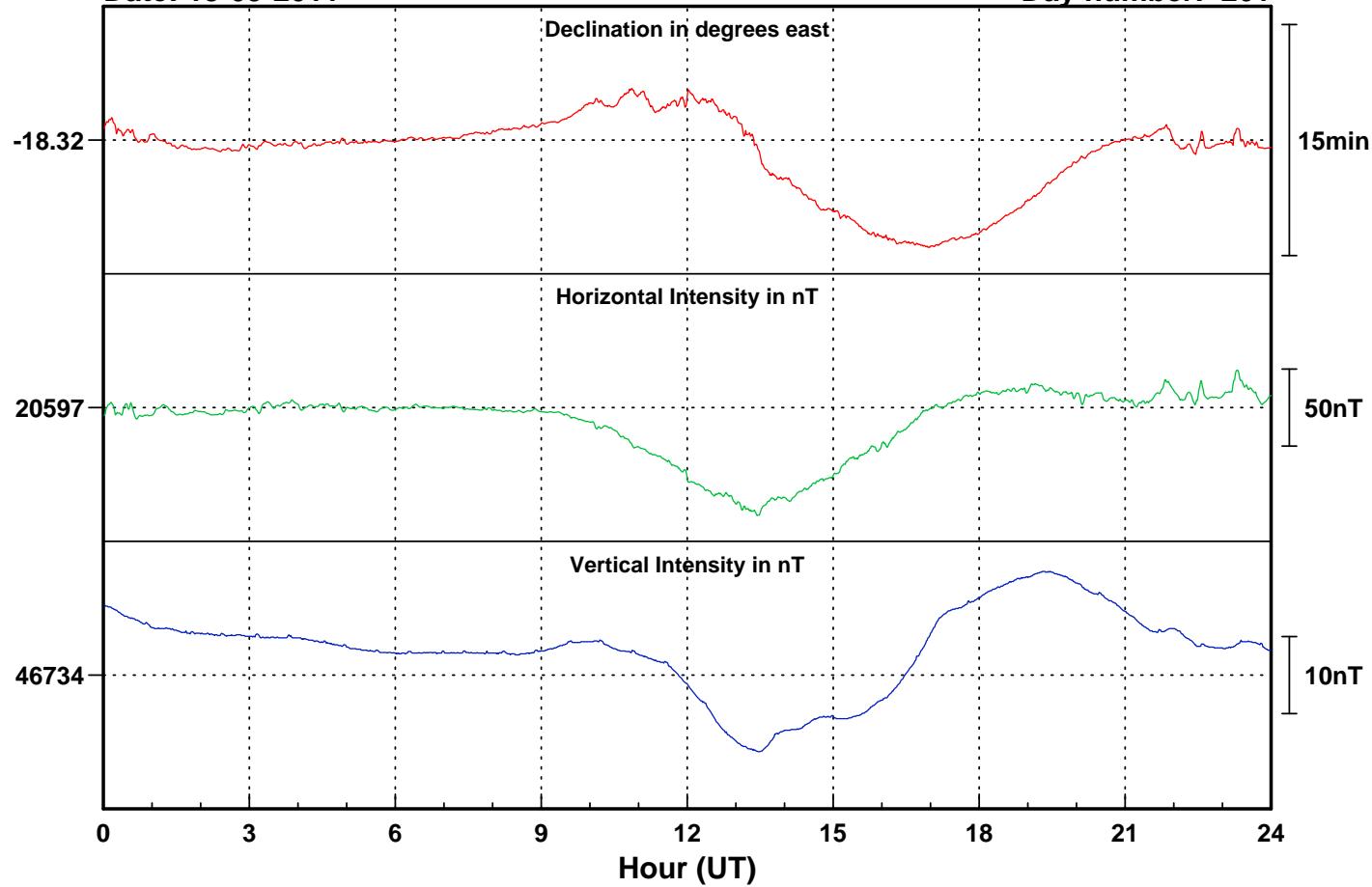
Sable Island

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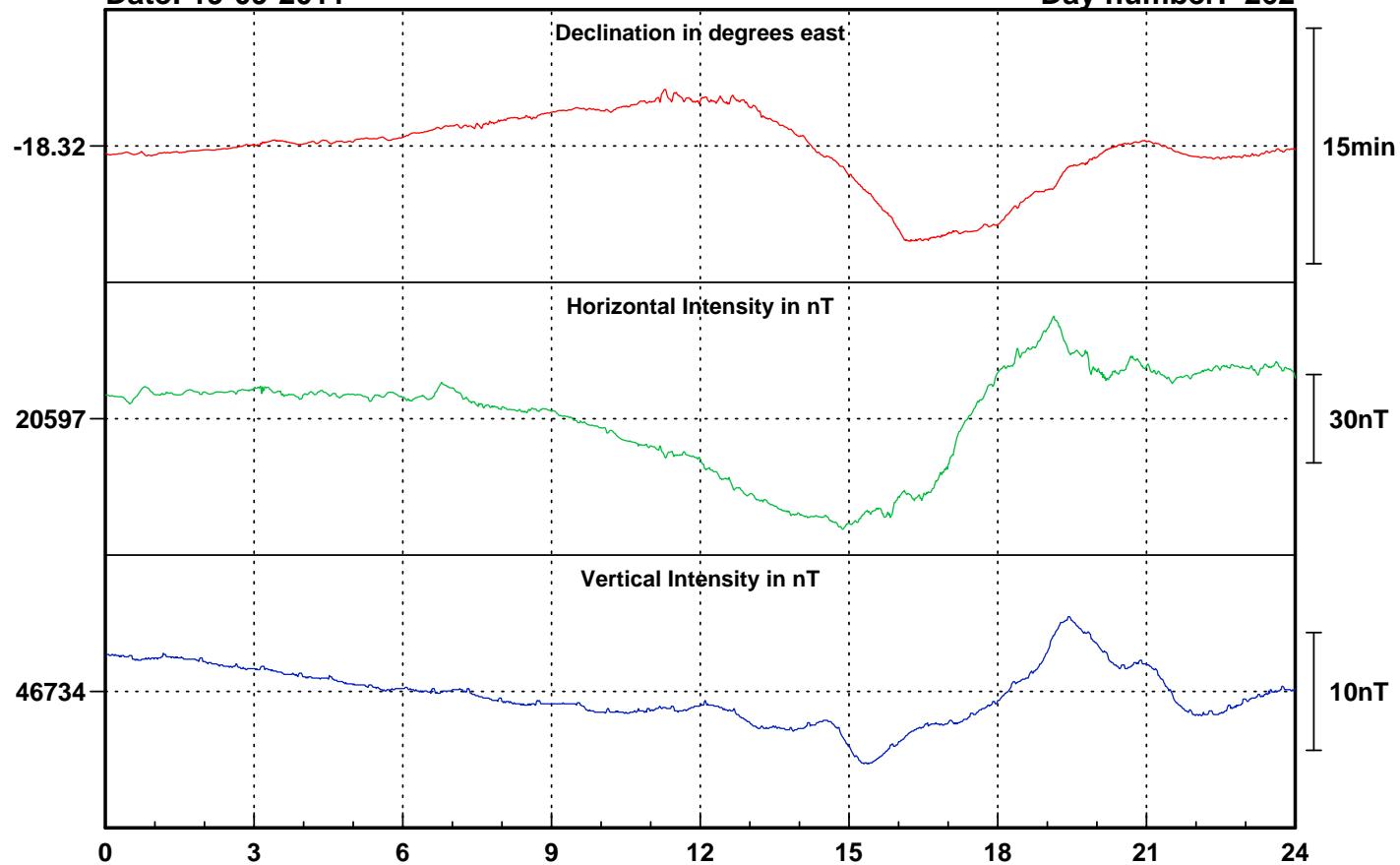
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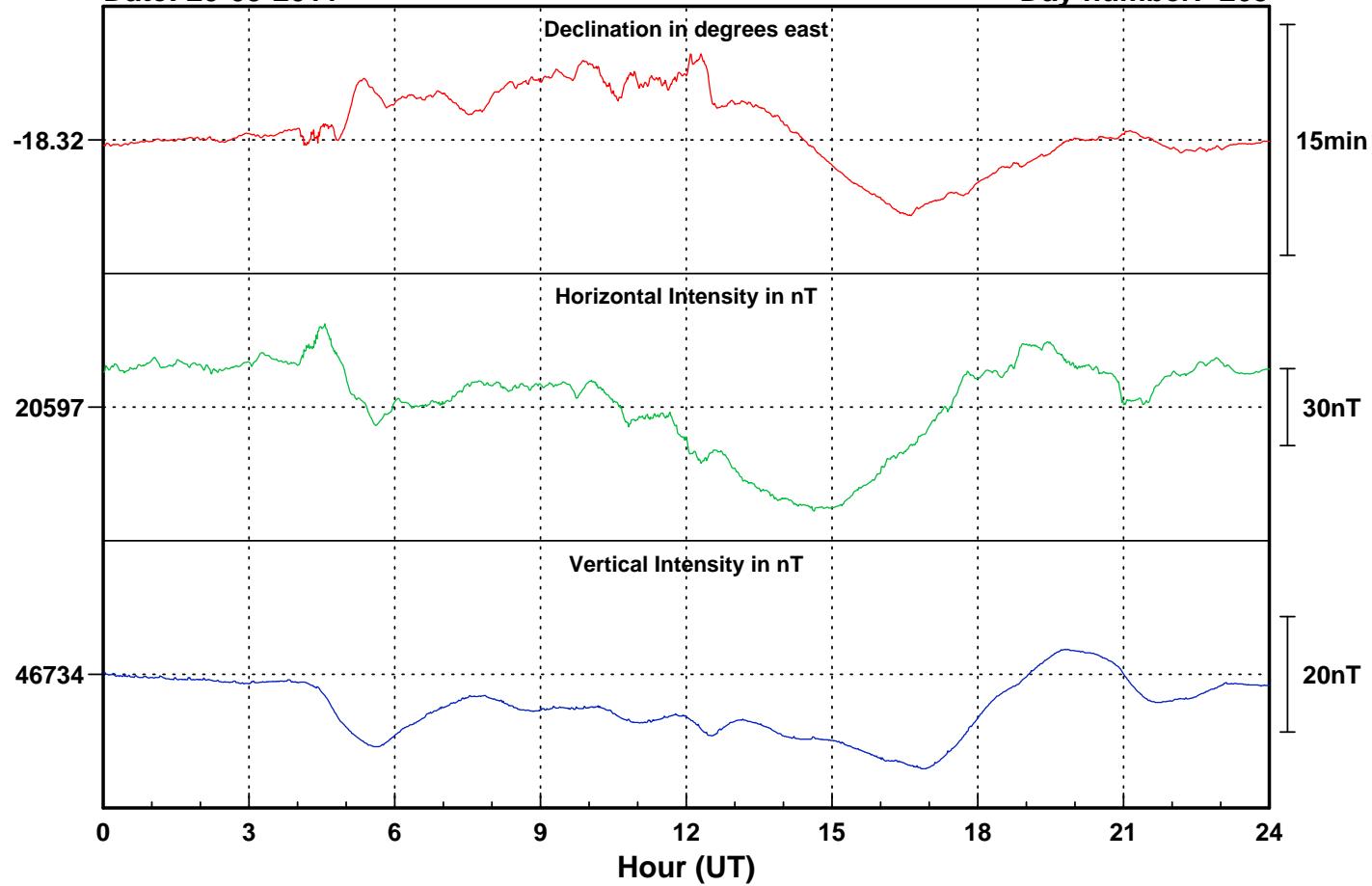
Sable Island

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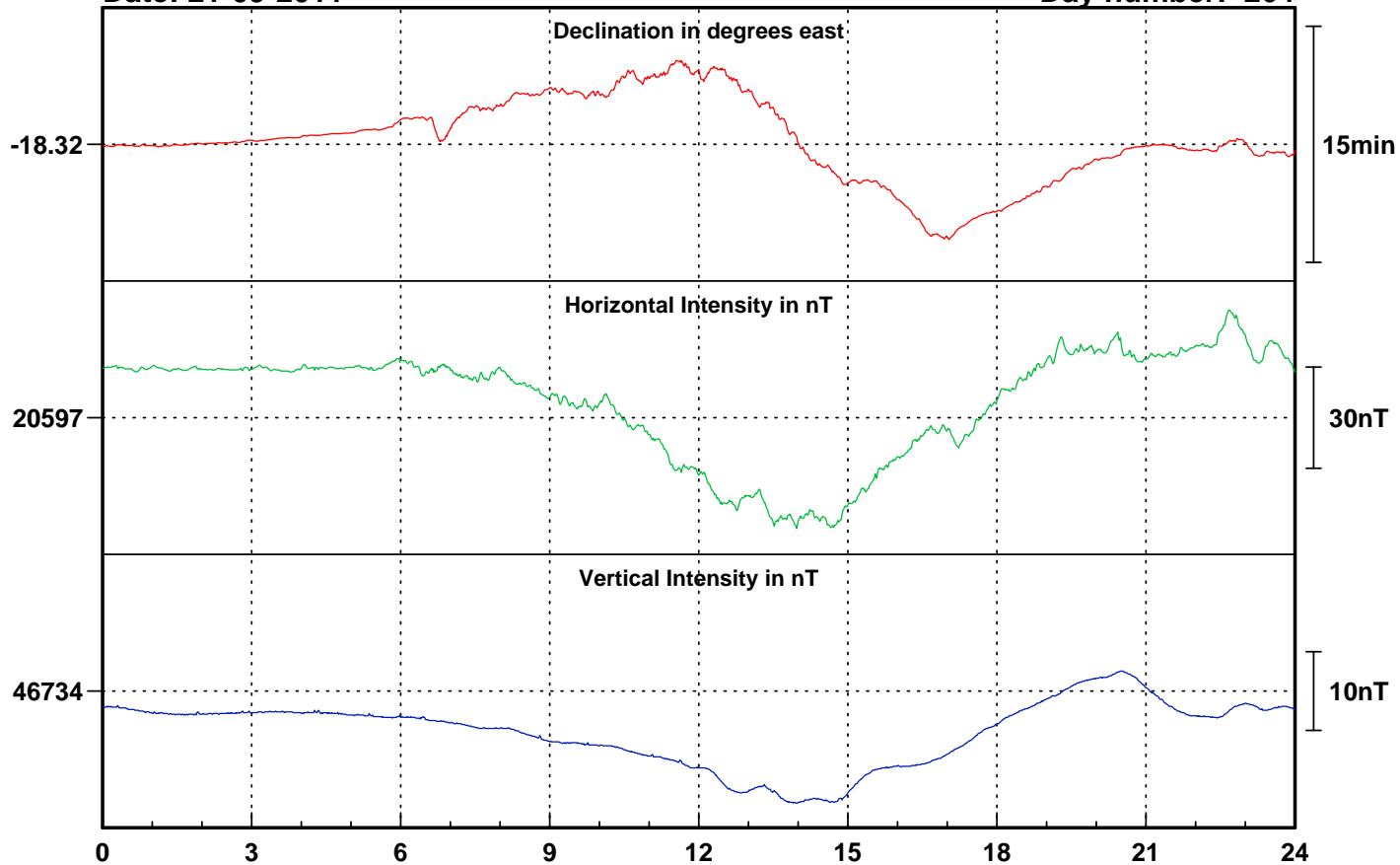
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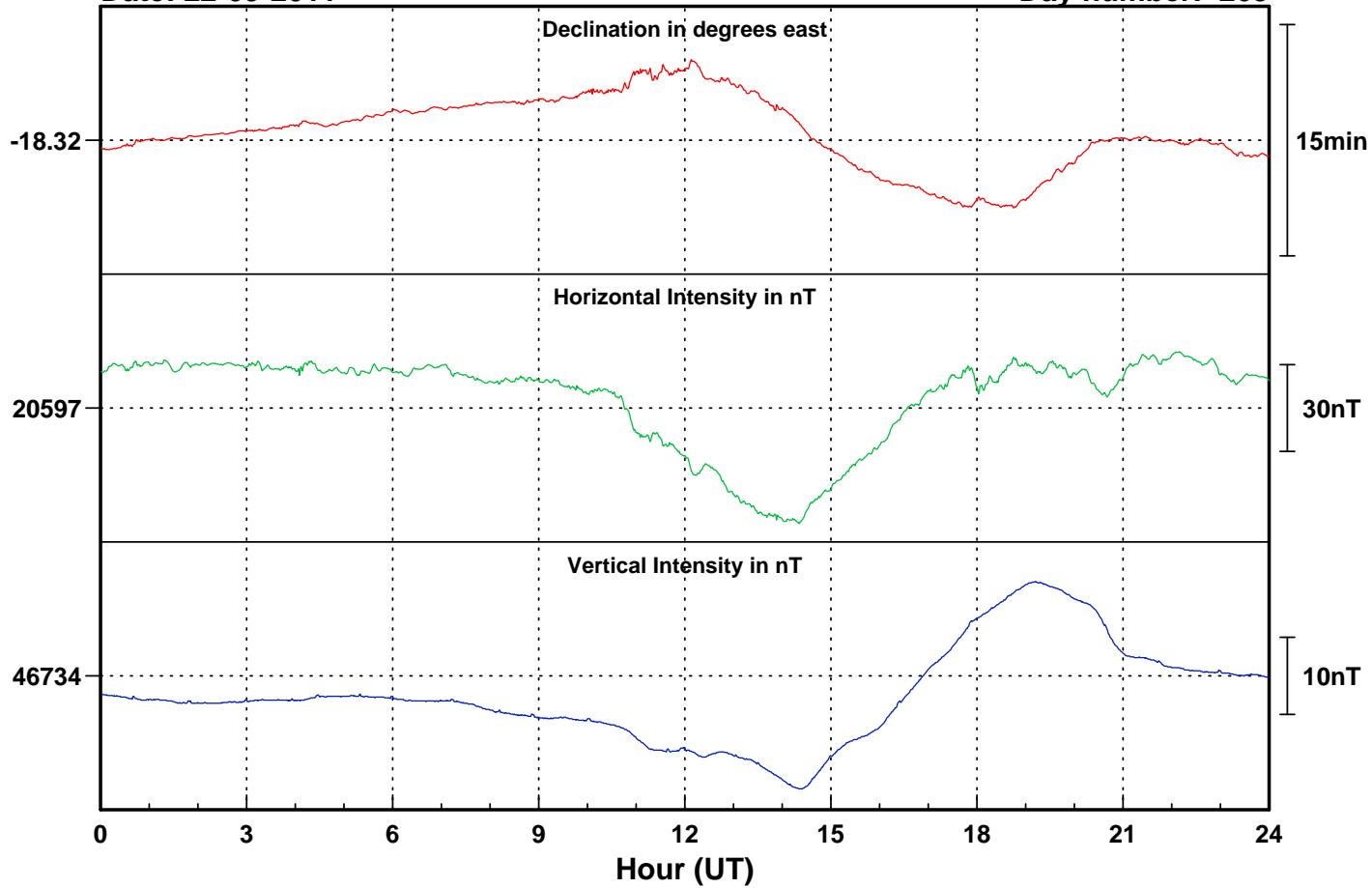
Sable Island

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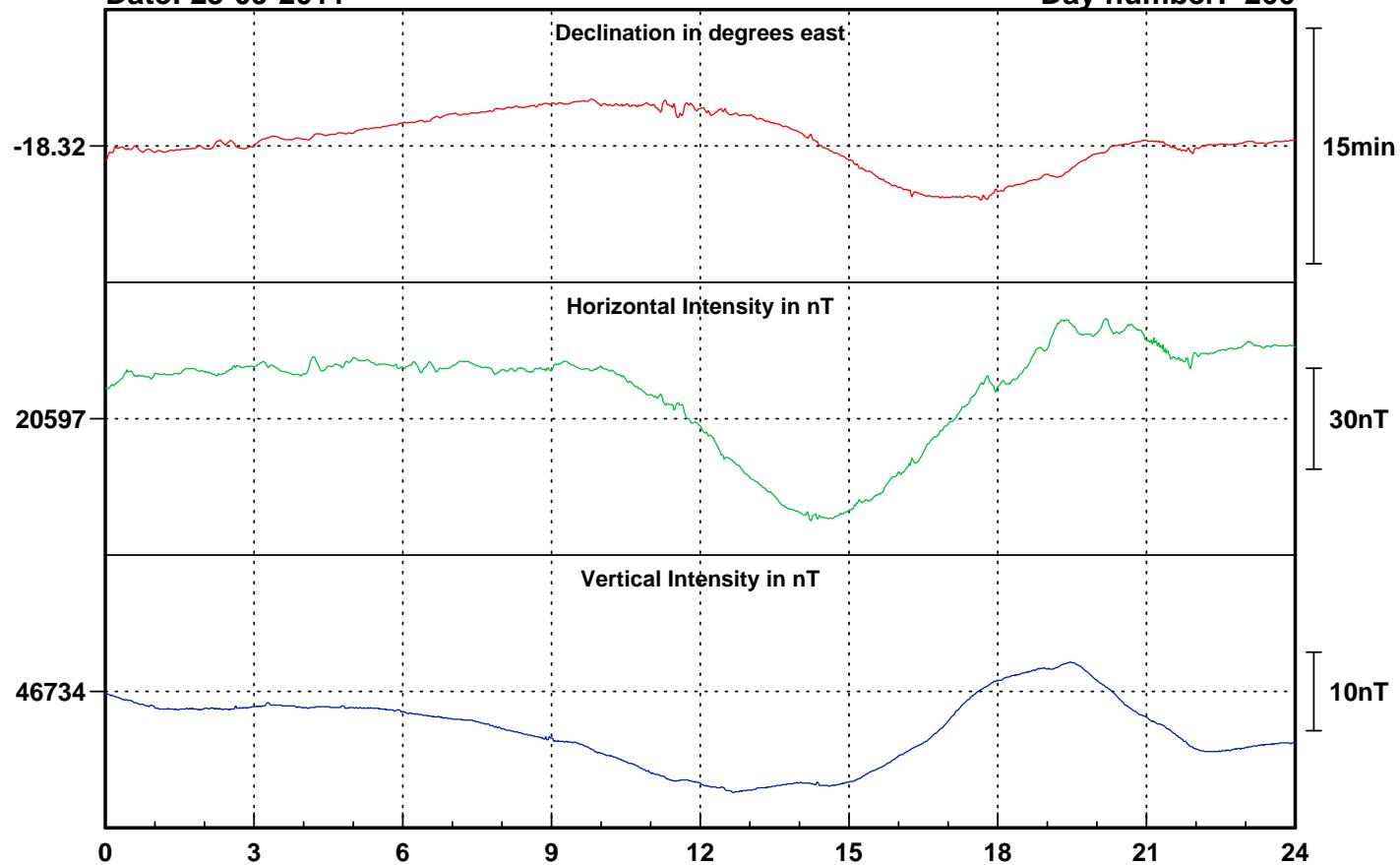
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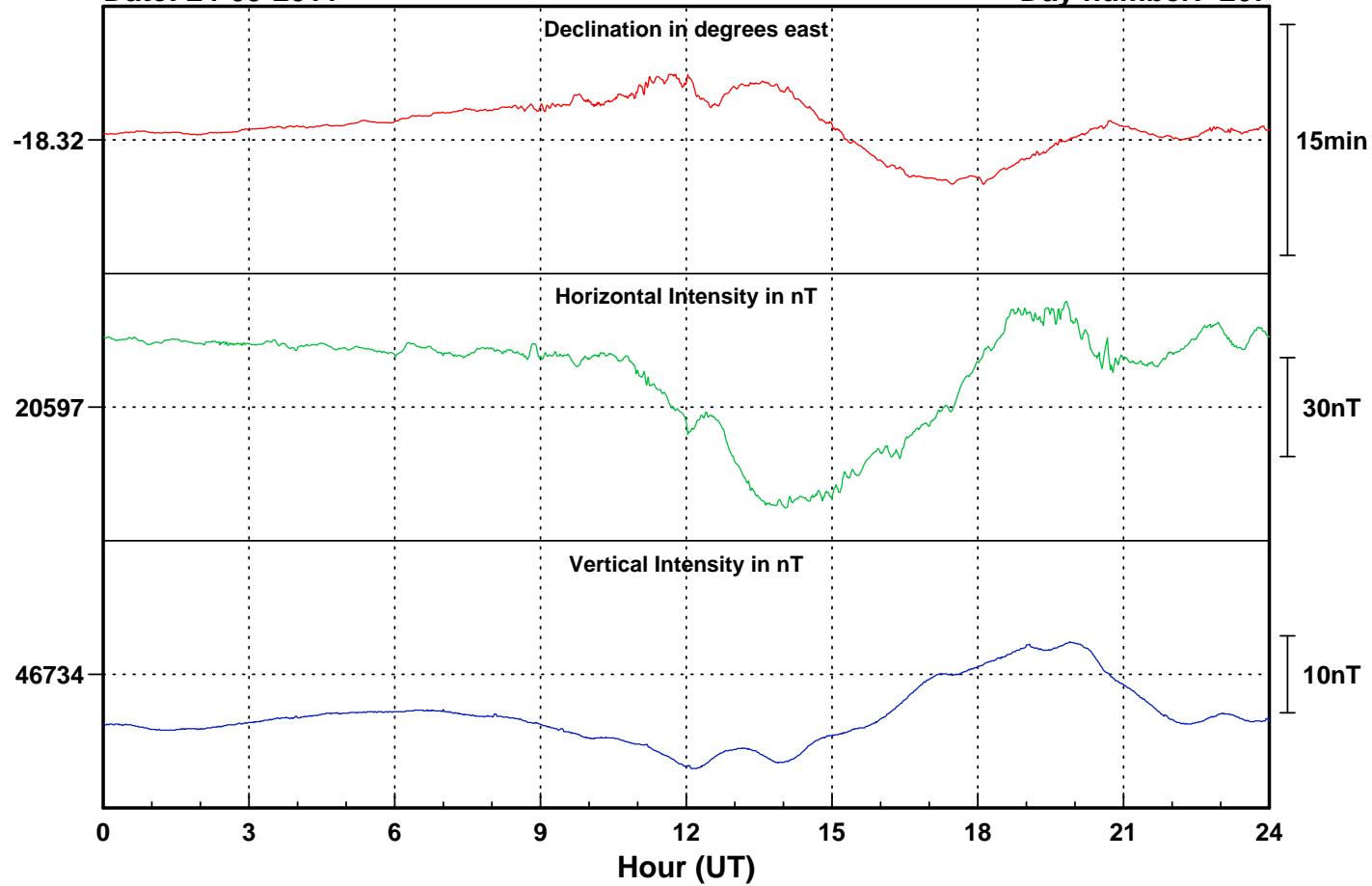
Sable Island

Day number: 266



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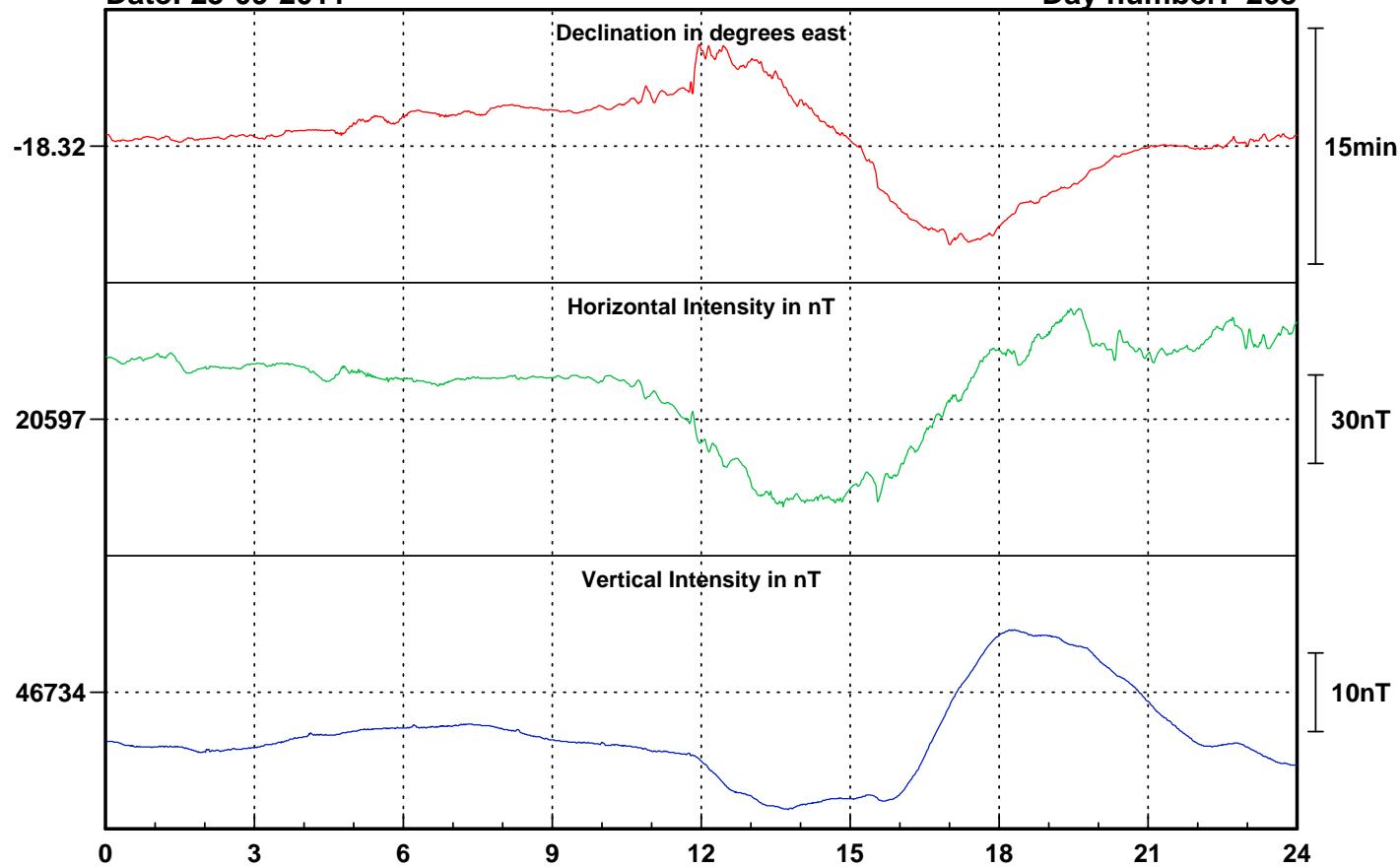
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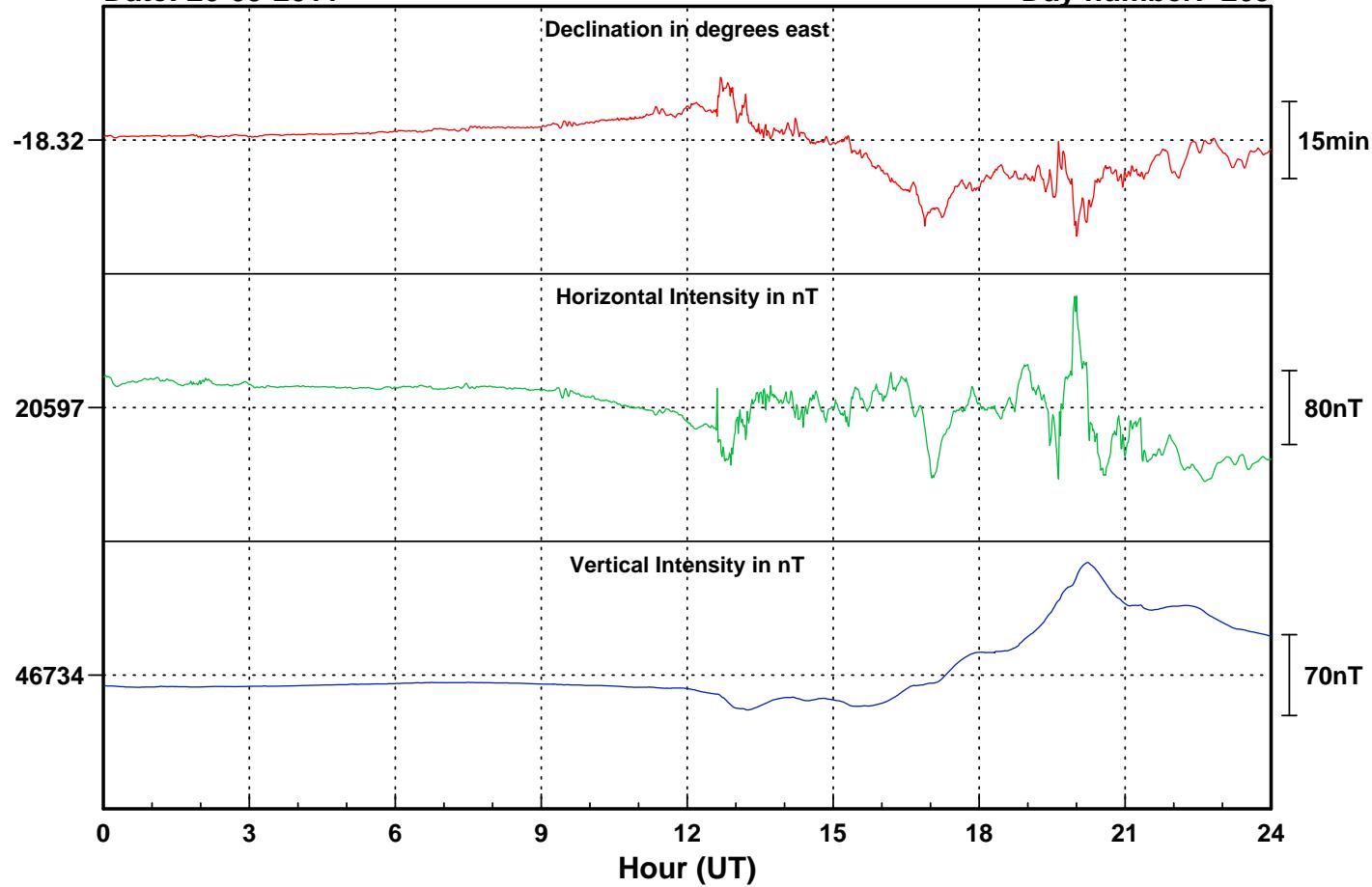
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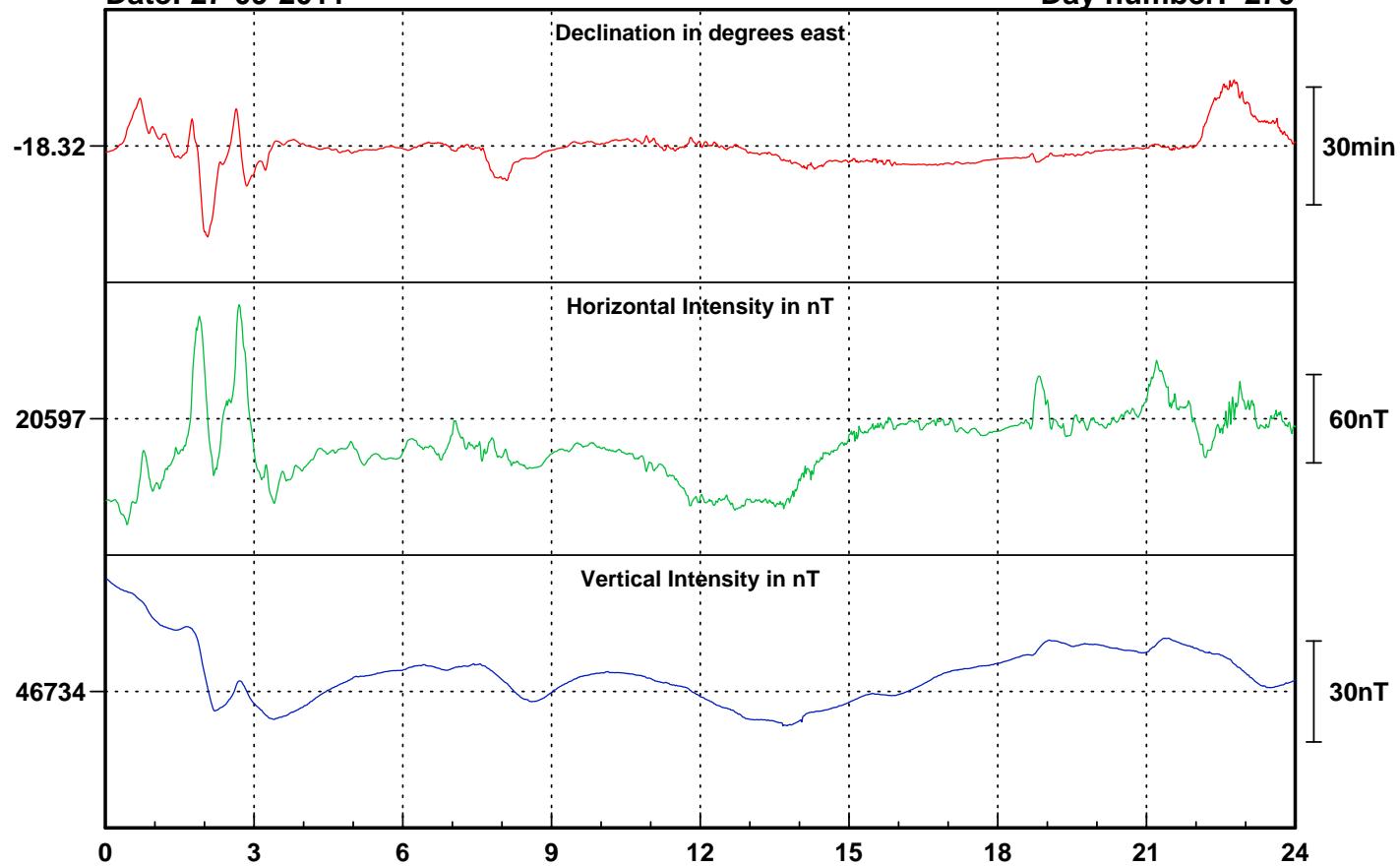
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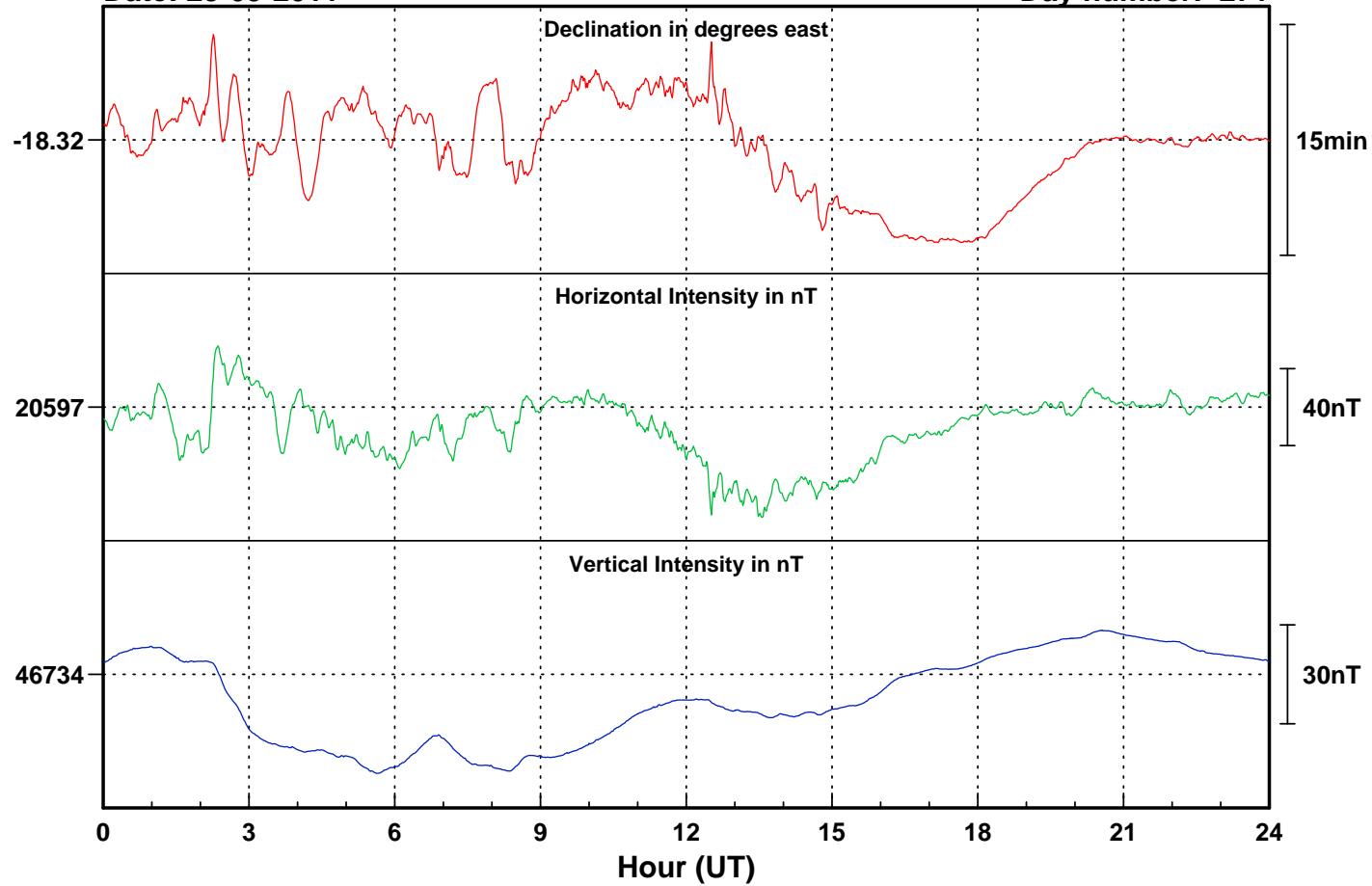
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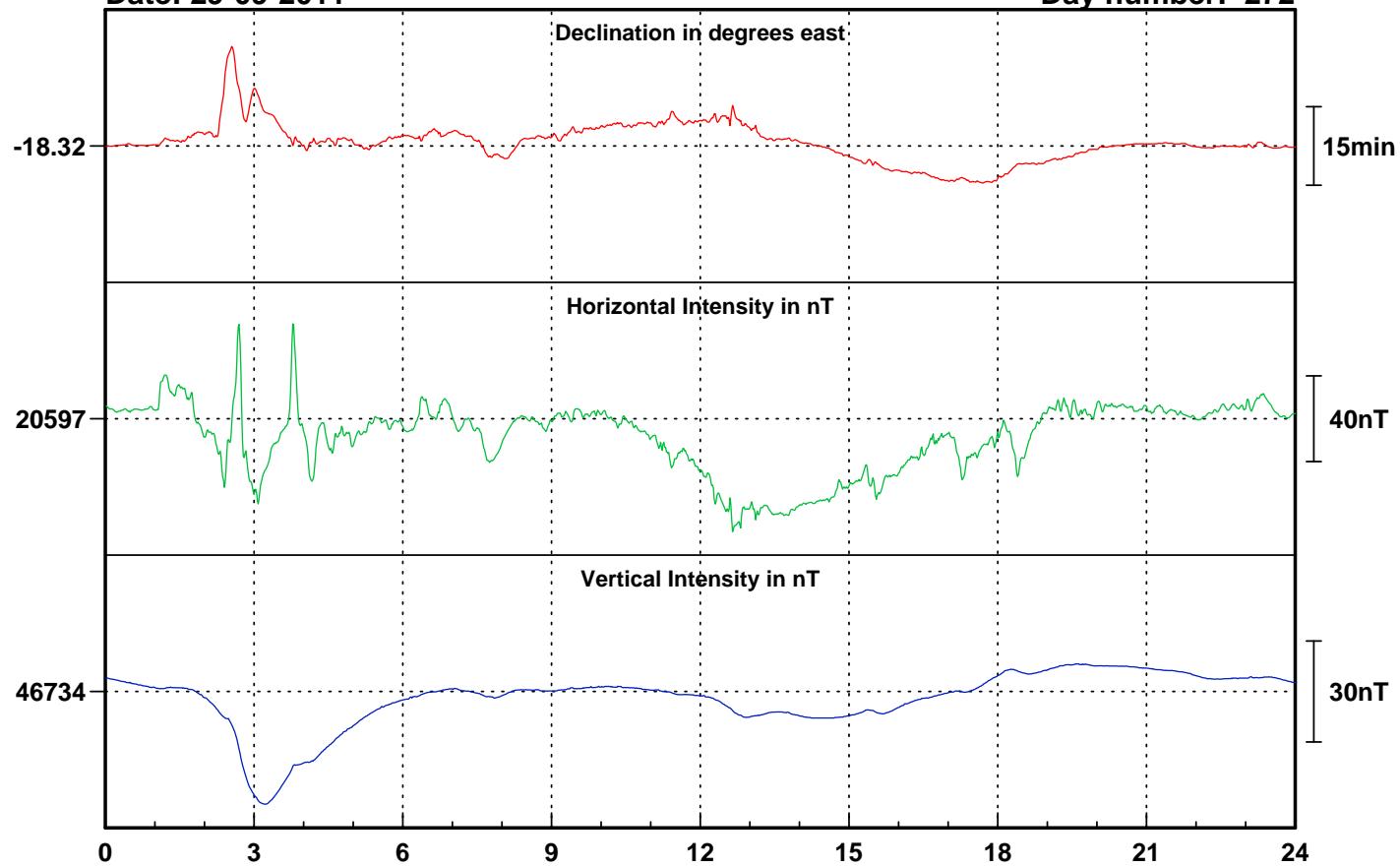
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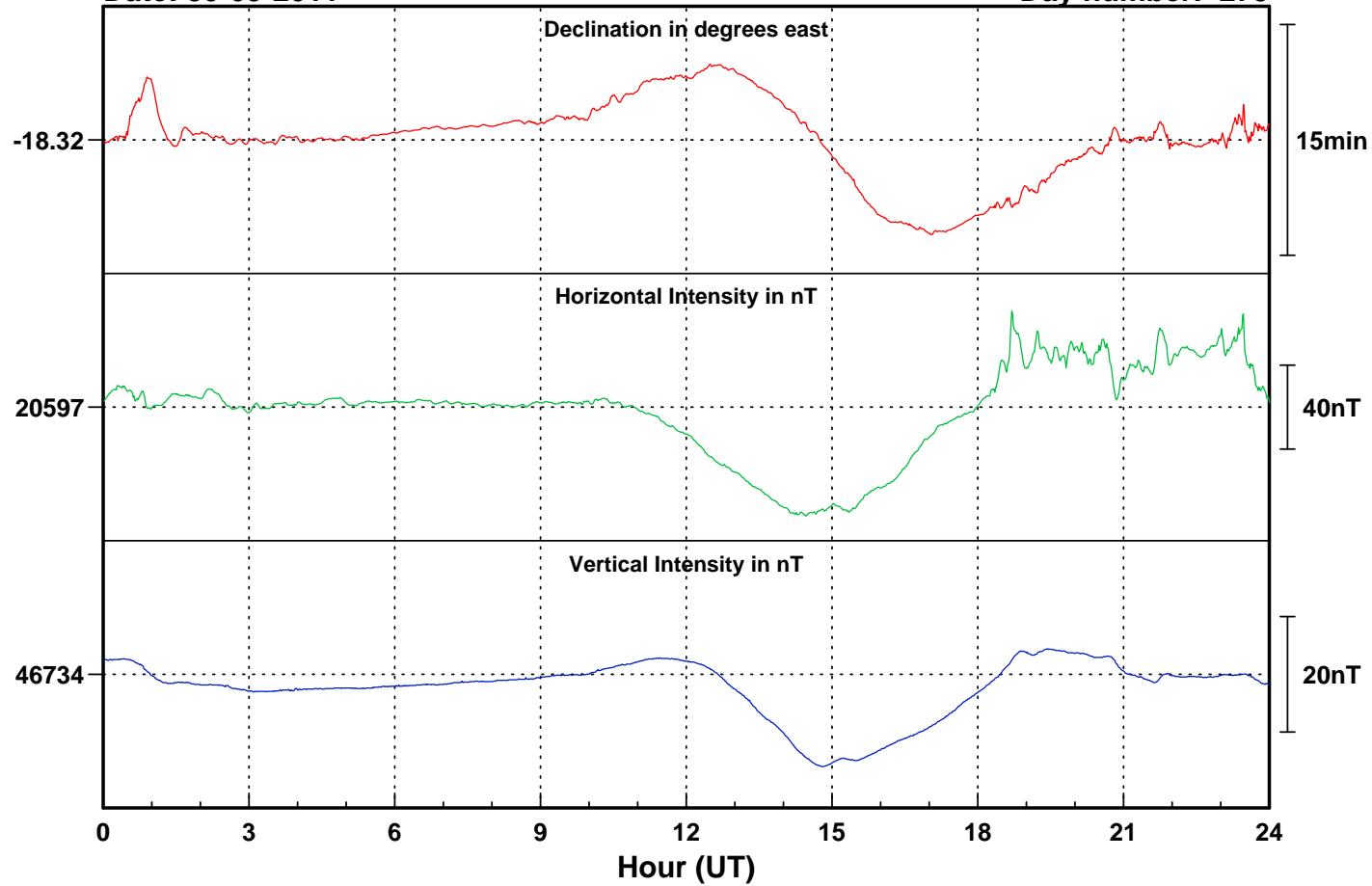
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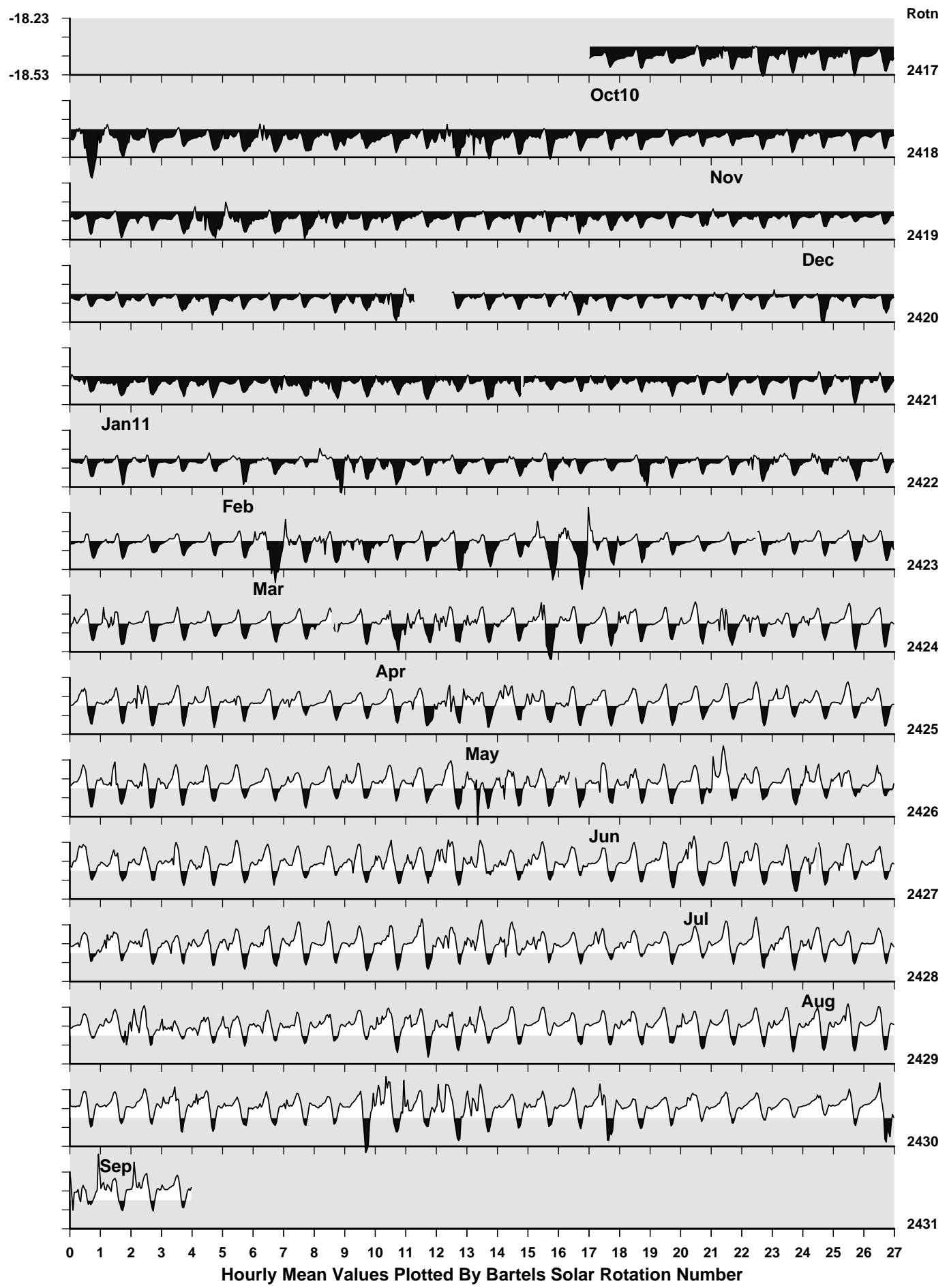


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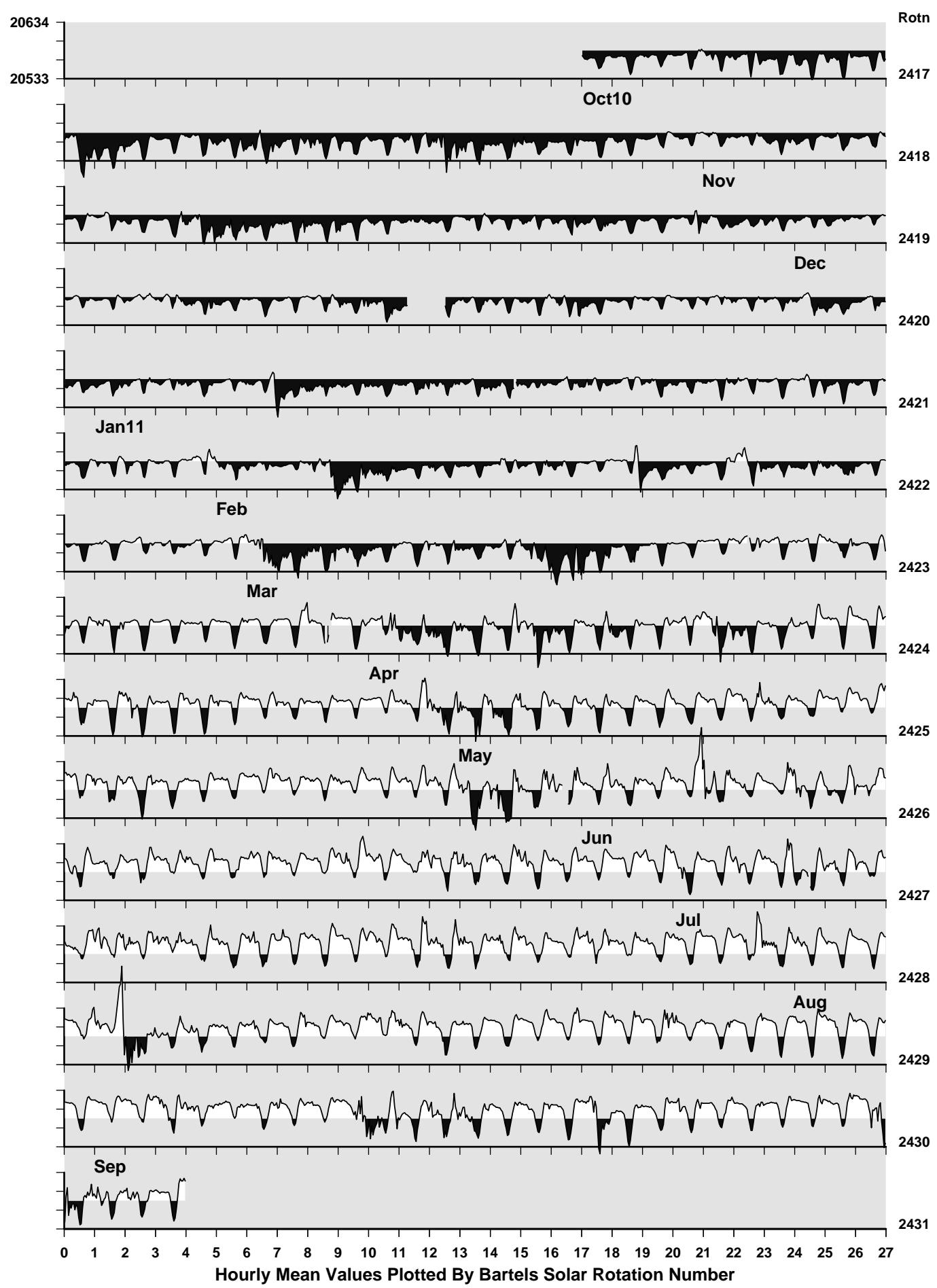
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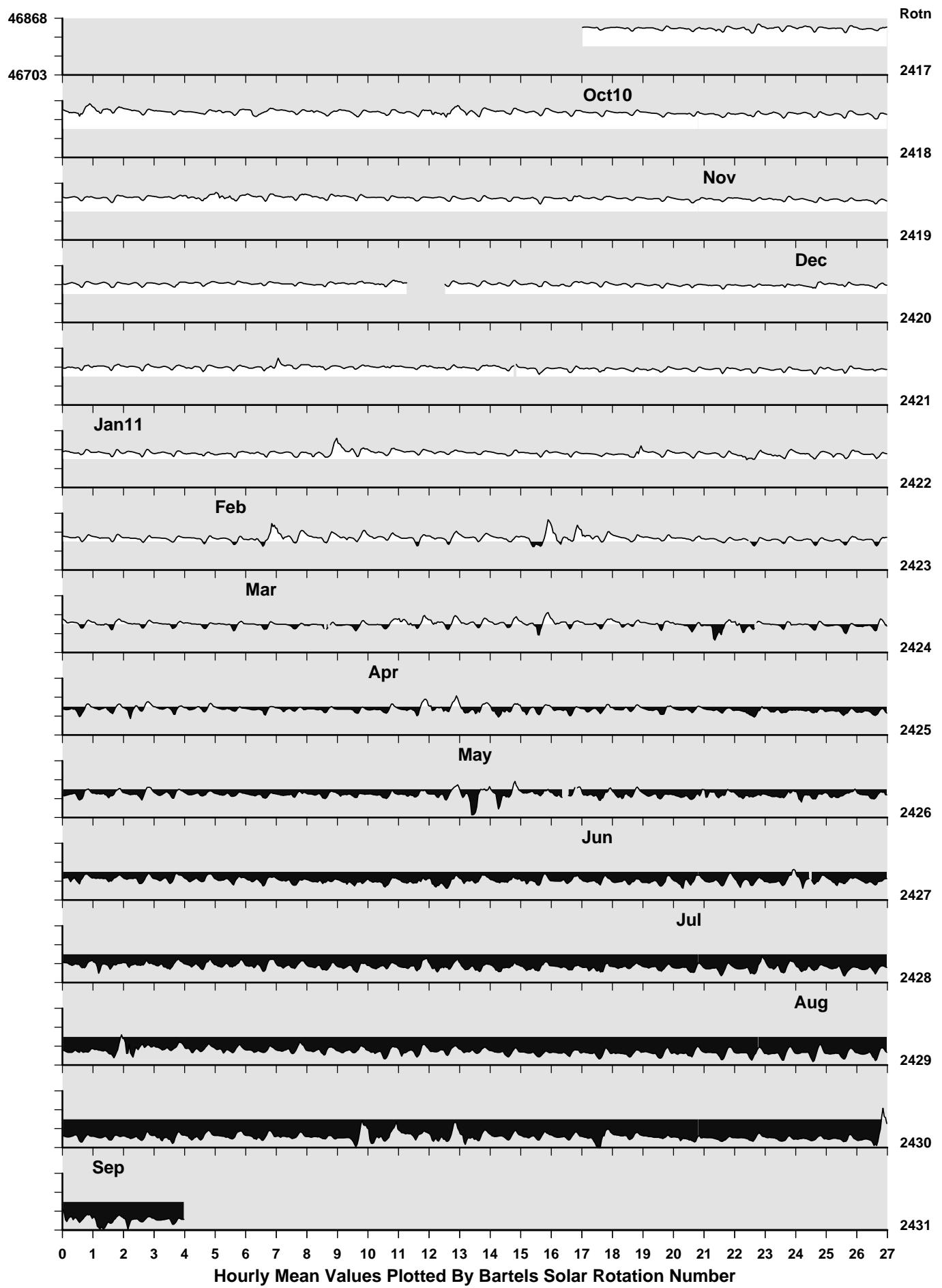
Sable Island Observatory: Declination (degrees)



Sable Island Observatory: Horizontal Intensity (nT)

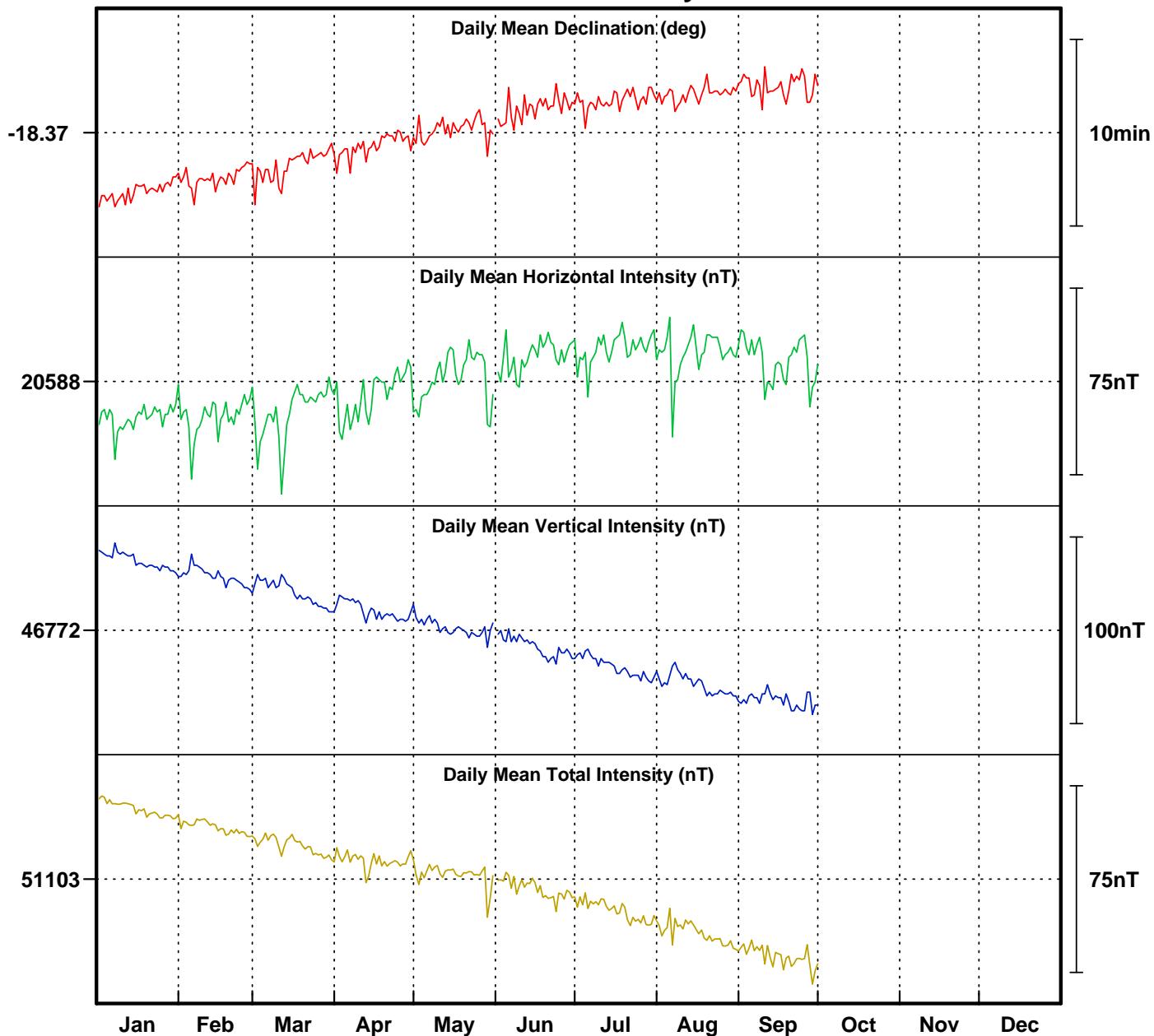


Sable Island Observatory: Vertical Intensity (nT)



Sable Island Observatory

2011



Monthly Mean Values for Sable Island Observatory 2011

Month	<i>D</i>	<i>H</i>	<i>I</i>	<i>X</i>	<i>Y</i>	<i>Z</i>	<i>F</i>
January	-18° 25.1'	20574 nT	66° 16.4'	19520 nT	-6500 nT	46809 nT	51131 nT
February	-18° 24.3'	20574 nT	66° 16.2'	19522 nT	-6496 nT	46801 nT	51123 nT
March	-18° 23.7'	20576 nT	66° 15.8'	19525 nT	-6493 nT	46792 nT	51116 nT
April	-18° 22.6'	20583 nT	66° 15.1'	19533 nT	-6489 nT	46783 nT	51110 nT
May	-18° 21.7'	20590 nT	66° 14.4'	19542 nT	-6486 nT	46773 nT	51105 nT
June	-18° 20.6'	20599 nT	66° 13.6'	19552 nT	-6483 nT	46763 nT	51099 nT
July	-18° 20.2'	20601 nT	66° 13.2'	19555 nT	-6481 nT	46752 nT	51090 nT
August	-18° 19.8'	20600 nT	66° 13.0'	19555 nT	-6479 nT	46743 nT	51081 nT
September	-18° 19.4'	20597 nT	66° 13.0'	19552 nT	-6475 nT	46734 nT	51072 nT

Note

- i. The values shown here are provisional.