

PROVISIONAL ATLAS OF THE MAMMALS OF THE BRITISH ISLES

**Edited for the Mammal Society by
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INTRODUCTION

In 1965 the Mammal Society began the collection of mammal distribution records on a 10 km. square basis. The recording scheme was co-ordinated by Dr G B Corbet at the British Museum of Natural History. In 1971 a set of provisional distribution maps was published in *Mammal Review* (Corbet 1971) to provide a statement of distribution as then known and to stimulate further recording by showing just how much remained to be done.

The data used to produce the 1971 maps have been transferred to Monks Wood and will be entered into the Biological Records Centre national data bank. The present set of maps has been prepared as a second progress report and a further stimulus to recording. The maps are still very much provisional, particularly those of the smaller mammals.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

My prime debt is to Dr G B Corbet, who laid the foundations for this set of maps with the work he did on the first ten years of the Survey. I am also grateful to the many recorders, both within and without the Mammal Society, who have continued to send in records. I have also received invaluable assistance from the organisers of special surveys and the Group referees:— Dr S Harris (Harvest Mice), Dr P Chanin (Otters), Miss E Hurrell (Dormice), M Clarke (Deer), R W Vaughan (Seals), E D Clements and Miss Farquharson (Badgers), and Dr R E Stebbings (Bats). I also wish to thank the following County Recorders who have played a major part in improving the Distribution Maps:— D Anderson, G H Ballantyne, M Clark, Mrs P Copson, Dr J A Ginson, G Halfpenny, D Hanson, J I Harris, C Howes, M Johnson, P Kinnear, D R Saunders, Mrs S C Spence, Dr F A Turk, D Whiteley and Dr D W Yalden. I am also grateful to members of staff at Monks Wood for their support and to Miss Sheridan Dobbs for preparing the captions.

1. *Macropus rufogriseus* (Red-necked Wallaby)
Introduced in 1908 (Sussex) and 1936 (Peak District)
2. *Erinaceus europaeus* (Hedgehog)
Most small island populations are probably due to introductions.
 - Soay (Skye) 1973
 - Holy Island (Anglesey) 1966
 - Bute 1960-74
 - Great Cumbrae 1968
 - Horse Island (Ayrshire) 1967. Found freshly dead, possibly brought by bird of prey.
 - Hilbre (Cheshire) 1958
 - Flotta 1974
 - Burray 1969
 - Hoy int. 1965 and 1969
 - Wyre int. 1964 (1971)
 - Egilsay int. 1950 (1973)
 - Trondra 1969
 - Foula int. 1930s (1971)
 - Vementry
 - Mainland int. 1860 (1973)
 - Yell int. c.1940 (1972)
 - Fetlar int. 1940s (1972)
 - Unst int. before 1958

Possible introductions

 - East Burra before 1892
 - West Burra before 1892
 - Muckle Roe before 1950
 - Bressay c.1950
 - Whalsay c.1950
 - Lihou (Channel Islands) 1971. Skull found.
3. *Talpa europaea* (Mole)
Recorded from the following islands not shown clearly on the map:
 - Ristol (Ross) 1965
 - Cardigan 1969
 - Holy Island (Anglesey) 1969
 - Bute 1960-74
 - Creich and Inchfad (Loch Lomond) 1969
 - Walney 1970
4. *Sorex araneus* (Common Shrew)
Recorded from the following small islands:
 - Ramsey 1967
 - Skomer 1966
 - Gigha 1922
 - Sanda group 1960-74 (recent accidental introduction)
 - Davaar 1960-74
 - Ulva 1968
 - Eigg 1963
 - Shuna 1964
 - Scarba 1963
 - Luing 1963
 - Lismore 1964
 - Soay 1965
 - Raasay 1958
 - Scalpay 1965
 - South Rona 1958

Bardsey 1964
Bute 1960-74
Great Cumbrae 1960-74
Torrinch (Loch Lomond) 1964
Inchcaillioch (Loch Lomond) 1964
Clairinsh (Loch Lomond) 1964
Eilean Mor (Enard Bay) 1967
Eilean Mor (Loch Sionascaig) 1967
Brownsea 1965

5. *Sorex minutus* (Pygmy Shrew)

Recorded from the following small islands:

Barra 1959
Skomer 1970
Gigha 1922
Sanda group 1960-74
Davaar 1960-74
Iona 1968
Scarba 1963
Lismore 1964
Canna 1936
Soay 1965
Raasay 1957
Pabay 1965
Scalpay 1965
Calf of Man 1966
Ailsa Craig 1960-74
Holy Island (Arran) 1960-74
Bute 1960-74
Inchmarnock 1960-74
Little Cumbrae 1960-74
Great Cumbrae 1960-74
Brownsea 1960
Flotta 1966
Buray 1975
Graemsay 1973
Holm of Grimbister 1972

6. *Neomys fodiens* (Water Shrew)

Recorded from the following small islands:

Shuna 1964
Raasay 1949
Pabay 1965
Ristol (Ross) 1965
Pladda 1925 (now extinct)
Bute 1960-74
Great Cumbrae 1900-59
Hoy 1964 (Sight)

7. *Rhinolophus ferrumequinum* (Greater Horseshoe Bat)

8. *Rhinolophus hipposideros* (Lesser Horseshoe Bat)

9. *Myotis mystacinus* (Whiskered Bat)

This map and the one following show only those records which have been critically examined to distinguish between *mystacinus* and *brandti*.

10. *Myotis brandti* (Brandt's Bat)

11. *Myotis mystacinus/brandti*
Records of Whiskered Bat which have not been critically examined.
12. *Myotis nattereri* (Natterer's Bat)
13. *Myotis bechsteini* (Bechstein's Bat)
14. *Myotis myotis* (Mouse-eared Bat)
Only the Vice-Counties in which this species has been positively recorded are indicated on the map.
15. *Myotis daubentonii* (Daubenton's Bat)
16. *Eptesicus serotinus* (Serotine)
17. *Nyctalus leisleri* (Leisler's Bat)
18. *Nyctalus noctula* (Noctule Bat)
19. *Pipistrellus pipistrellus* (Pipistrelle)
20. *Barbastella barbastellus* (Barbastelle)
21. *Plecotus auritus* (Common Long-eared Bat)
22. *Plecotus austriacus* (Grey Long-eared Bat)
23. *Plecotus sp.* (Long-eared Bats)
24. *Lepus capensis* (Brown Hare)
Introduced to Ireland on several occasions but few recent records exist.
Recorded from the following small islands:
Gigha 1900-59
Davaar 1900-59
Luing 1973
Ailsa Craig pre-1900
Bute 1960-74
Great Cumbrae 1960-74
Rousay 1974
25. *Lepus timidus* (Mountain Hare)
Recorded from the following small islands:
Raasay late 1940s
Bute pre-1900
Vaila 1969-74
26. *Oryctolagus cuniculus* (Rabbit)
Recorded from the following small islands:
Herm 1963
Gugh 1964
St Agnes 1966
Burnt 1964
Annet 1966
Tresco 1964
St Martins 1964
Vatersay 1973
Caenn Ear 1973

Hearnish 1969
Eriskay 1974
Baleshare 1974
Grimsay 1974
Ramsey 1967
Skomer 1970-74
Skokholm 1977
Cara 1960-74
Gigha 1960-74
Sanda group 1960-74
Davaar 1960-74
Lunga (Treshnish) 1969
Ulva 1967
Shuna 1964
Soay (Skye) 1972
Raasay 1967
Pabay 1965
Bardsey 1966
Puffin Island (Anglesey) 1962
Calf of Man 1968
Whithorn 1974
Pladda (Ancient times)
Holy Island (Arran) 1968
Inchmarnock 1960-74
Bute 1960-74
Little Cumbrae 1960-74
Great Cumbrae 1960-74
Lady Isle 1960-74
Horse 1965-70
Inchfad (Loch Lomond) 1969
Inveruglas (Loch Lomond) 1962
Island I Vow (Loch Lomond) 1967
Handa 1968
Steepholm 1968
Flatholm 1952
Walney 1963
Flotta 1967
South Fara 1960-70
Burra 1971
Old man of Hoy 1973
Gremsay 1973
Wyre 1964
Gairsay 1965
Egilsay 1971
Papa Westray 1971
Eday 1965
Copinsay 1971
Burra 1971
Langa 1969
Green Holm 1969
Cheynies 1969
Oxna 1969-74
Papa 1969-74
Langa 1969-74
Bressay 1969-74
Noss 1969, 1973
Linga 1969-74
Hascosay 1969-74

Out Skerries 1969-74

Brownsea 1963

Staple 1967

Inner Farne 1968

Ireland

Inishtearaght 1966

Inishvickillane 1966

Great Saltee 1969

Great Blasket 1966

Rathlin 1963

Cape Clear 1971

Inniskea North 1971

Innishtooskert 1966

Inishabro 1966

Duvillaun More 1971

Great Skellig Rock 1964

27. *Sciurus vulgaris* (Red Squirrel)

Recorded on Brownsea 1975

Bute 1900-59

Ireland

Fota Island 1968

28. *Sciurus carolinensis* (Grey Squirrel)

Introduced in about 1890. Recorded from Inchcailloch and Torrinch in Loch Lomond in 1970

29. *Clethrionomys glareolus* (Bank Vole)

Recorded from the following small islands:

Ramsey 1967

Skomer 1966

Ulva 1968

Raasay 1956

Scalpay 1948

Bute 1960-74

Torrinch (Lomond) 1964

Inchcailloch (Lomond) 1964

Handa 1968

Arran 1966-70 incl. only (?failed introduction)

30. *Microtus agrestis* (Short-tailed Vole)

Recorded from the following small islands:

Gigha 1963

Ulva 1968

Scarba 1963

Luing 1963

Lismore 1964

Scalpay 1965

Bute 1960-74

Great Cumbrae 1960-74

Inchcailloch (Loch Lomond) 1964

Island in Gull Bay, Loch Sionascaig 1967

Hilbre 1965

There is also a record for the Isle of Man in 1968 from an owl pellet.

No other evidence of its presence as a resident is available.

31. *Arvicola terrestris* (Water Vole)

Recorded from the following small islands:

Bute 1960-74
Eilean Gamhna 1967
Eilean Creagach 1967
Reads Island 1955
Doonfoot 1970
Hilbre 1969
Hayling 1969

32. *Apodemus sylvaticus* (Long-tailed field mouse)

Recorded from the following small islands:

Tresco 1907
Skomer 1965
Gigha 1960-74
Iona 1968
Ulva 1968
Scarba 1963
Shuna 1964
Lismore 1964
Raasay 1959
Ristol 1965
Calf of Man 1966
Bute 1960-74
Great Cumbrae 1960-74
Eilean Mor n.d.
Walney 1962
Hayling 1973
Graemsay 1973
Eday 1965
Copinsay 1972
Sark 1955
Herm 1959

33. *Apodemus flavicollis* (Yellow-necked field mouse)

34. *Micromys minutus* (Harvest mouse)

35. *Mus musculus* (House Mouse)

Recorded from the following small islands:

St Agnes 1964
Grimsay 1969
Skokholm 1977
Gigha 1960-74
Sanda group 1900-59
Iona 1968
Treshnish Isles 1969
Lismore 1964
Holy Island (Arran) 1900-59
Bute 1960-74
Inchmarnock 1960-74
Great Cumbrae 1960-74
Hilbre 1970
Swona 1972
Flotta 1974
Burray 1971
Graemsay 1971
Birsay 1972

Holm of Grimbister 1972

Wyre 1971

Egilsay 1971

Papa Westray 1971

Eday 1965

North Fara 1968

Copinsay 1972

Ireland

Whiddy 1966

Great Skellig Rock 1964

Bull 1966

36. *Rattus rattus* (Black Rat)

Also recorded from Ile des Marchands (Channel Islands) pre-1905

37. *Rattus norvegicus* (Brown Rat)

Recorded from the following small islands:

St Agnes 1963

St Mary's 1964

Gighay 1969

Grimsay 1974

Cara 1900-59

Gigha 1960-74

Sanda group 1960-74

Davaar 1960-74

Lismore 1964

Canna 1971

Brownsea 1963

Rat Island (Lundy) 1965

Cardigan 1971-4

Holy Island (Anglesey) 1974

Inch Marnock 1960-74

Bute 1960-74

Great Cumbrae 1960-74

Little Cumbrae 1960-74

Horse Island 1900-59

Handa 1964

Flotta 1974

Graemsay 1973

Holm of Grimbister 1972

Wyre 1971

Egilsay 1971

Alderney 1970

Lihou 1971

Ireland

Cape Clear 1965

Carthy 1968

Great Saltee 1972

Mutton 1969

Lighthouse 1968

38. *Muscardinus avellanarius* (Dormouse)

39. *Glis glis* (Fat Dormouse)

Introduced at Tring in about 1902

40. *Myocastor coypus* (Coypu)

Escaped from fur farms mainly during Second World War

41. *Vulpes vulpes* (Fox)

Recorded from the following small islands:

Carna (Loch Sunart) 1971
Scalpay 1965
Eilean Subhainn 1966
Bute 1900-59
Hilbre 1961
Lindisfarne 1966

Ireland

Island Magee 1960
Sherkin 1974

42. *Martes martes* (Pine Marten)

43. *Mustela erminea* (Stoat)

Recorded from:

Ynys Gifftan (Glaslin Estuary) 1973
Inchcailloch (Loch Lomond) 1970s.
Muckle Roe 1968-72

44. *Mustela nivalis* (Weasel)

Recorded from:

Ramsey 1927
Bute 1960-74
Inchfad (Loch Lomond) 1969
Hilbre 1968
Brownsea 1966
Lindisfarne 1975

45. *Mustela putorius* (Polecat)

46. *Mustela vison* (American Mink)

An escape from fur farms. Probably only truly feral since about 1950.

47. *Meles meles* (Badger)

Recorded from Holy Island (Arran) 1960-74, Bute, 1960-74

48. *Lutra lutra* (Otter)

Recorded from the following small islands:

Grimsay 1974
Ronay 1974
Groay 1974
Cara 1900-59
Gigha 1960-74
Sand group 1960-74
Davaar 1960-74
Shuna 1964
Soay (Skye) 1973
Raasay 1969
Scalpay 1965
Rona 1940s
Longa 1971
Ristol 1965
Pladda 1900-59
Holy Island (Arran) 1900-59
Bute 1970
Inchmarnock 1960-74
Great Cumbrae 1960-74

Little Cumbrae 1960-74

Switha 1973

Flotta 1972

Cava 1970

Fara 1970

Graemsay 1973

Eynhallow 1966

Gairsay 1972

Wyre 1971

Egilsay 1971

Papa Westray 1976

Copinsay 1973

Papa Stour 1939

Mousa 1974

Cunning Holm 1974

Noss 1974

Linga 1974

Hascosay 1974

Urie Lingey 1974

Ireland

Lighthouse 1966

Copeland 1965

Foynes 1961

49. *Felis sylvestris* (Wild Cat)

50. *Halichoerus grypus* (Grey Seal)

British data supplied by the Seals Research Unit.

51. *Phoca vitulina* (Common Seal)

British data supplied by the Seals Research Unit.

52. *Cervus elaphus* (Red Deer)

Data supplied by the British Deer Society.

53. *Cervus nippon* (Sika)

Data supplied by the British Deer Society

54. *Dama dama* (Fallow Deer)

Data supplied by the British Deer Society.

55. *Capreolus capreolus* (Roe Deer)

Data supplied by the British Deer Society.

56. *Muntiacus reevesi* (Muntjac)

Data supplied by the British Deer Society.

57. *Hydropotes inermis* (Chinese Water Deer)

Data supplied by the British Deer Society.

58. *Capra* (Feral Goat)

Texa (Islay) 1974

Skokholm 1977

Cara 1960-74

Sanda group pre-1825

Davaar 1960-74

Canna 1971

Ailsa Craig 1960-74 (but recently extinct)

Holy Island (Arran) 1960-74
Bute 1960-74

Ireland

Island in Lough Erne 1967
Great Blasket 1973
Inishtearaght 1973
Great Skellig Rock
Dalkey 1970
Rathlin 1972

No maps have been prepared for the following species of very restricted distribution:—

1. *Crocidura suaveolens* (Lesser White-toothed Shrew)

Recorded only from the Scillies and Channel Islands.

St Mary's 1966
St Martin's 1964
Bryher 1967
St Agnes 1966
Gugh 1964
Tean 1955
Samson 1955
Jersey 1974
Sark 1974
Sight record from Tresco 1955
Sound record from Annet 1955

2. *Crocidura russula* (Greater White-toothed Shrew)

Alderney 1974
Guernsey 1974
Herm 1974

3. *Microtus arvalis* (Orkney and Guernsey Vole)

South Ronaldsay 1972
Orkney Mainland 1973
Rousay 1971
Westray 1971
Stronsay 1969
Sanday 1971
Guernsey 1969

4. There are also several records of vagrant bats, 4 of *Vespertilio murinus* (Parti-coloured Bat), 2 in 1834, one each in 1927 and 1965.

Pipistrellus nathusii (Nathusius' Pipistrelle) — a single record in 1969.

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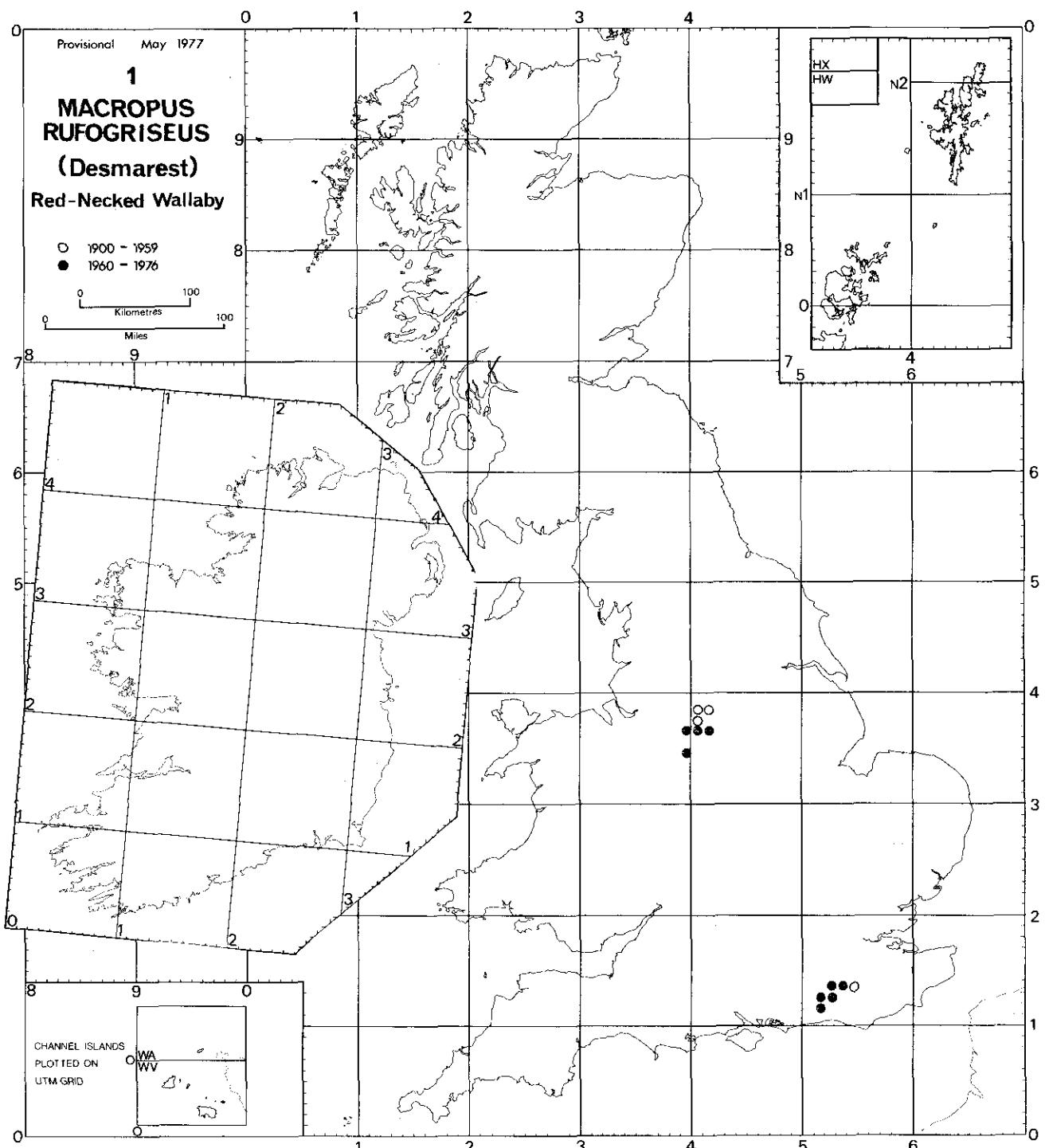
The numbers given after each entry are the map numbers

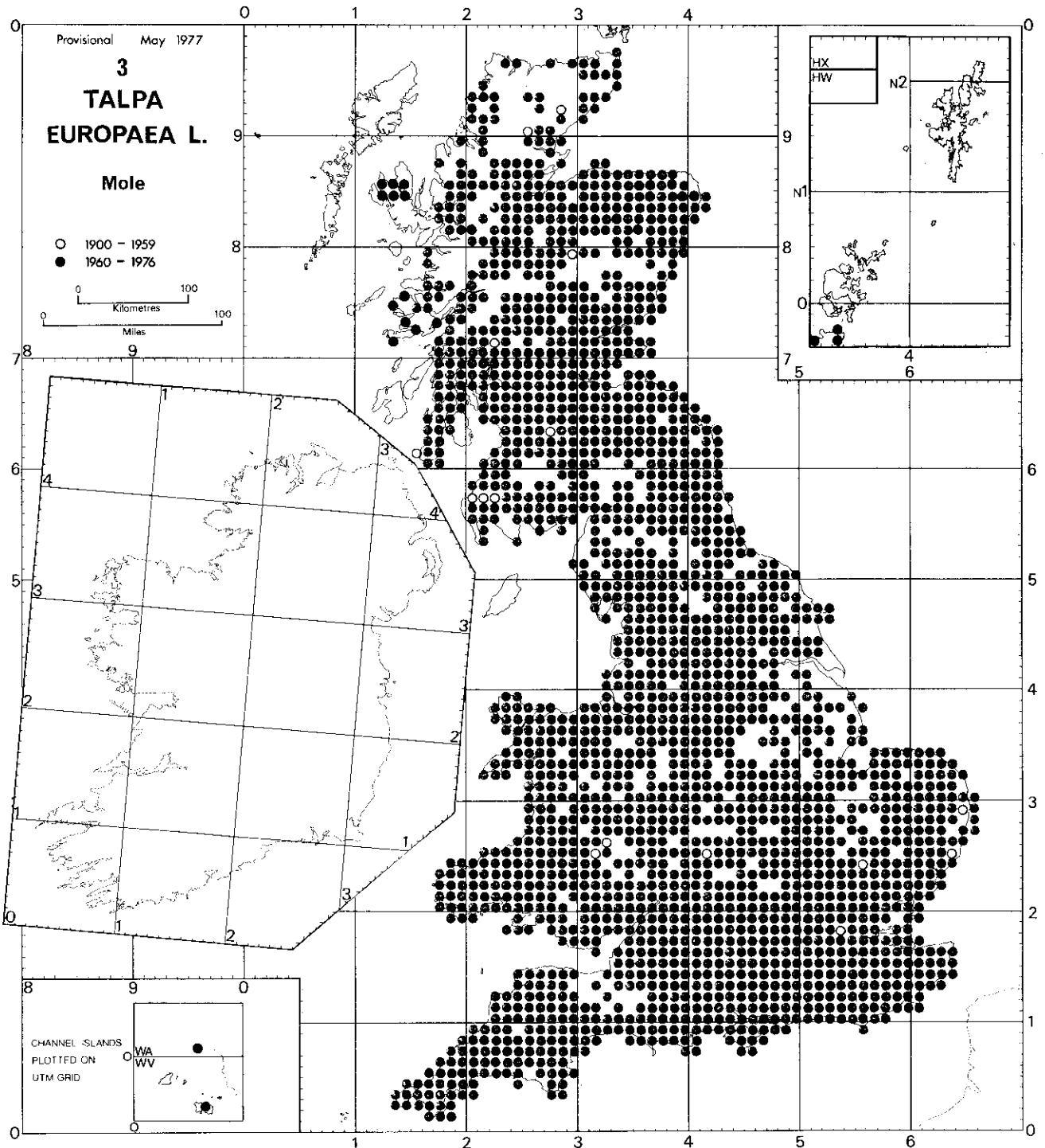
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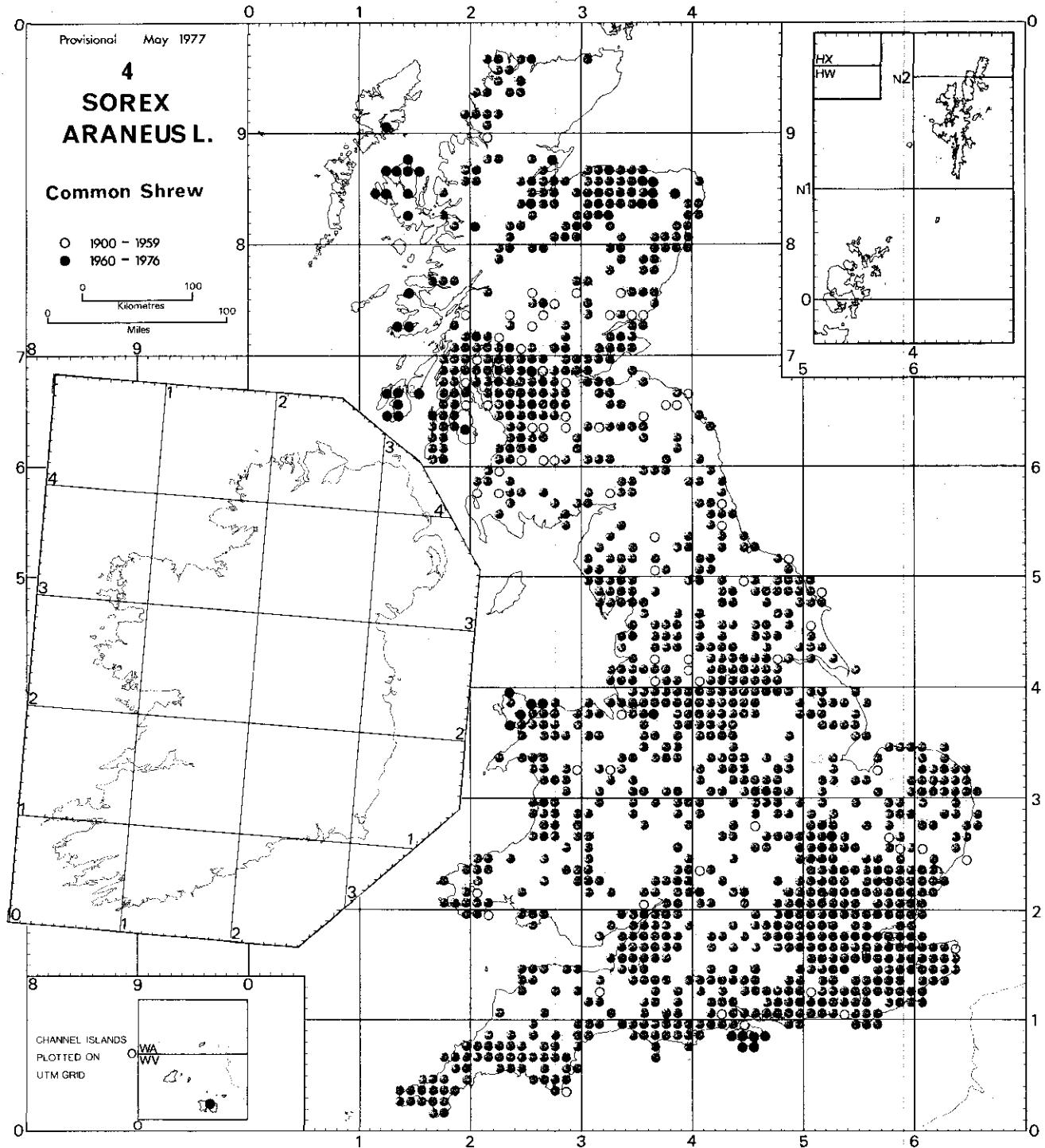
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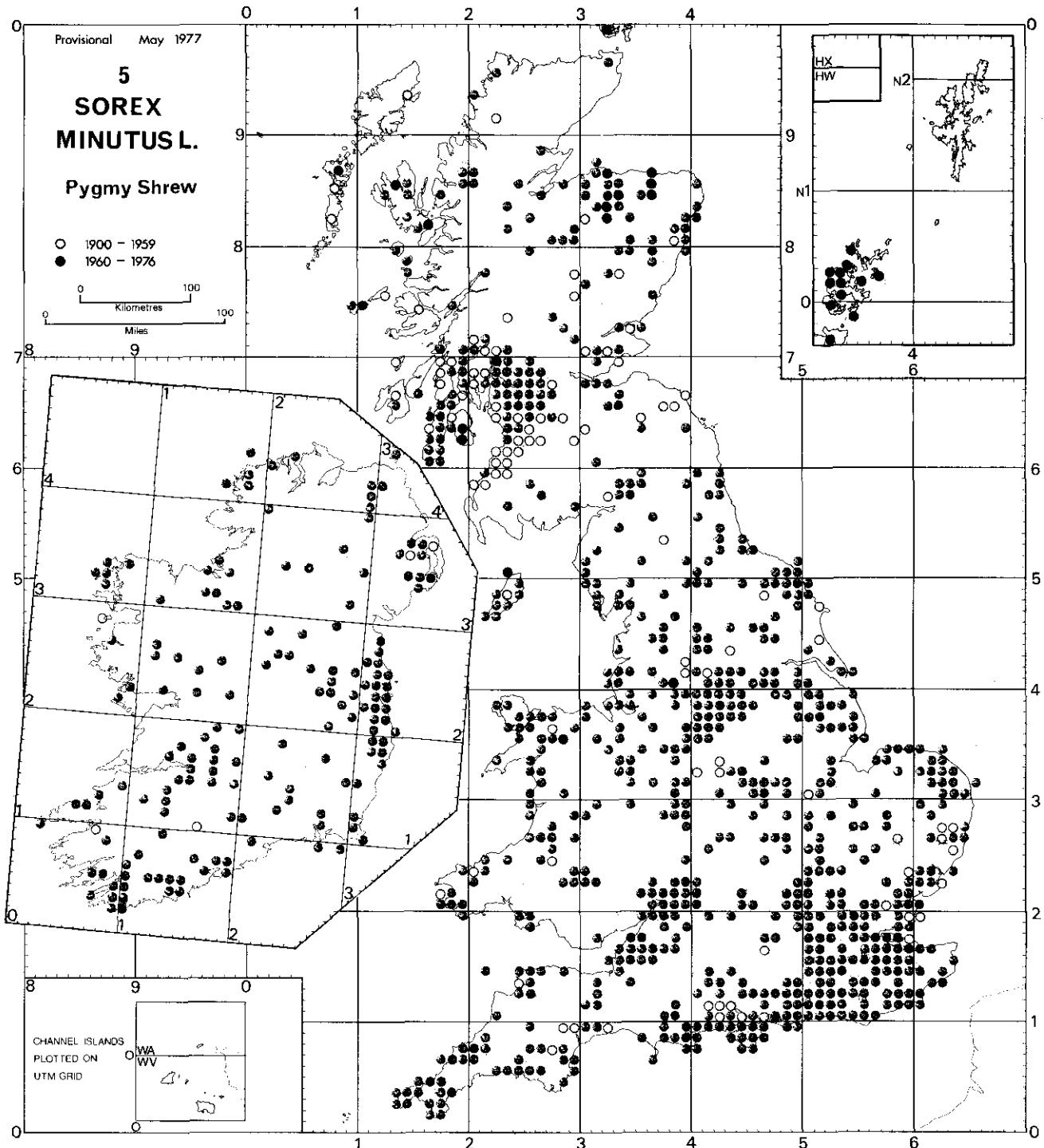


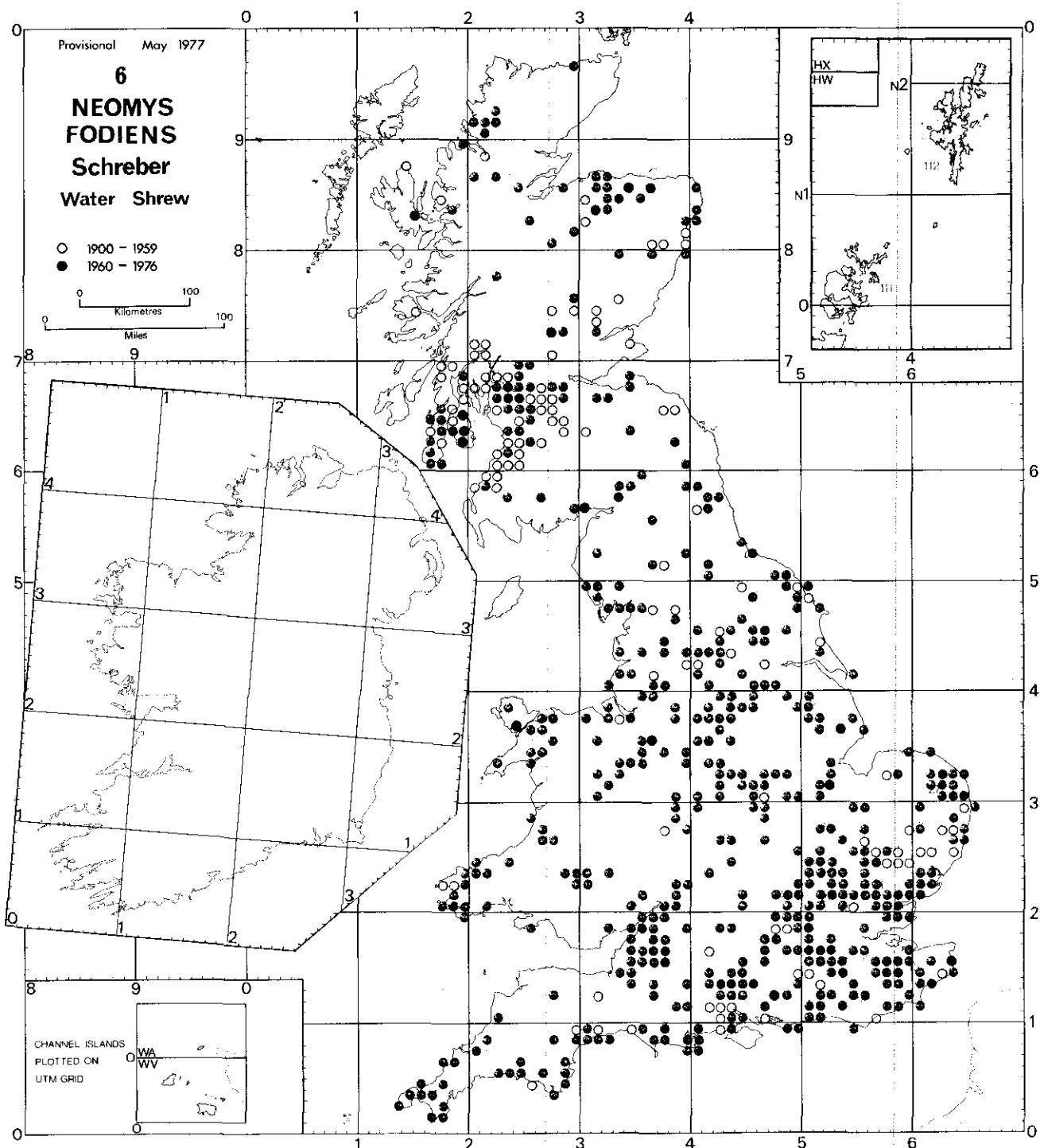
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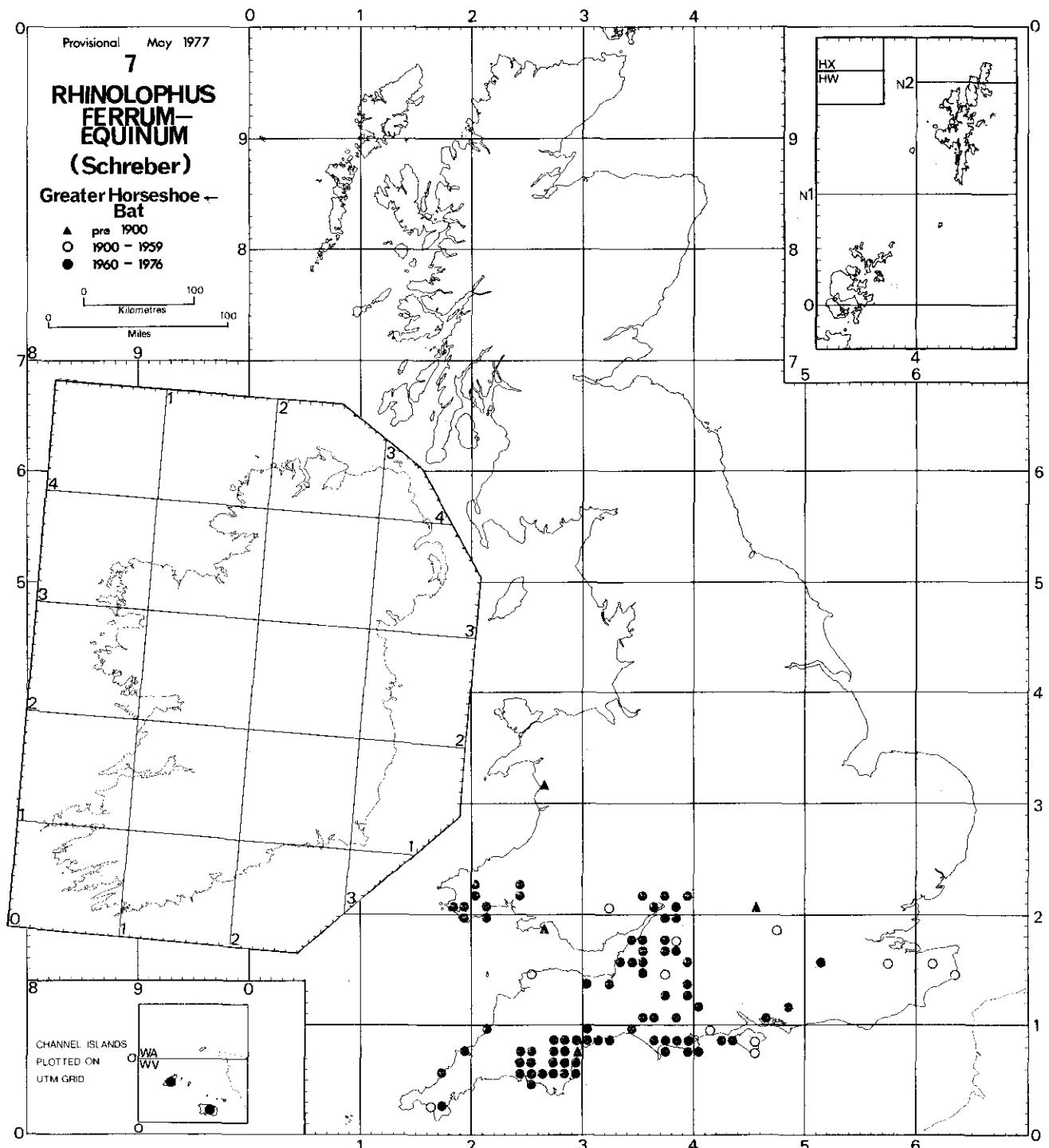
**5
SOREX
MINUTUS L.**

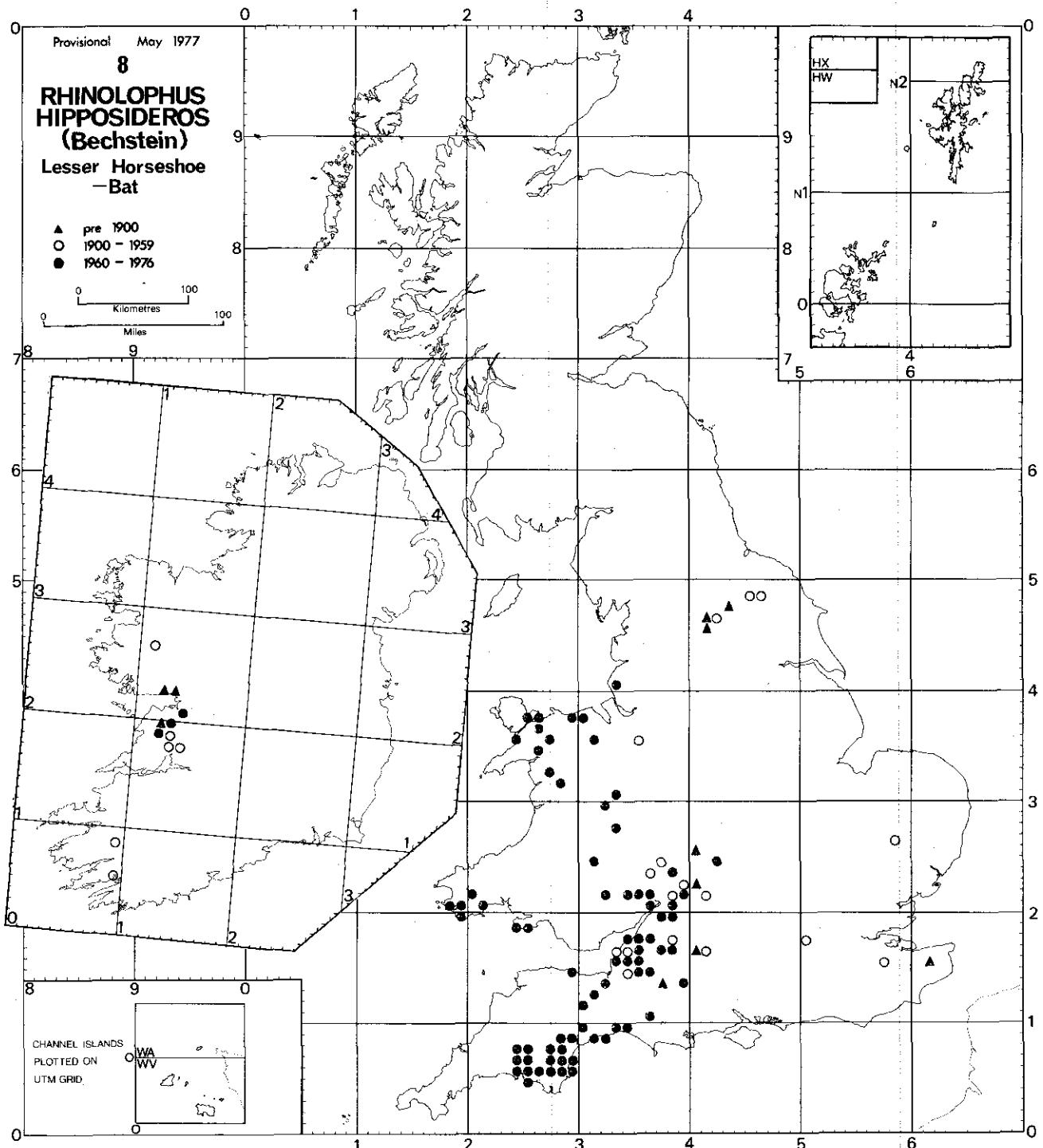
Pygmy Shrew

○ 1900 - 1959
 ● 1960 - 1976







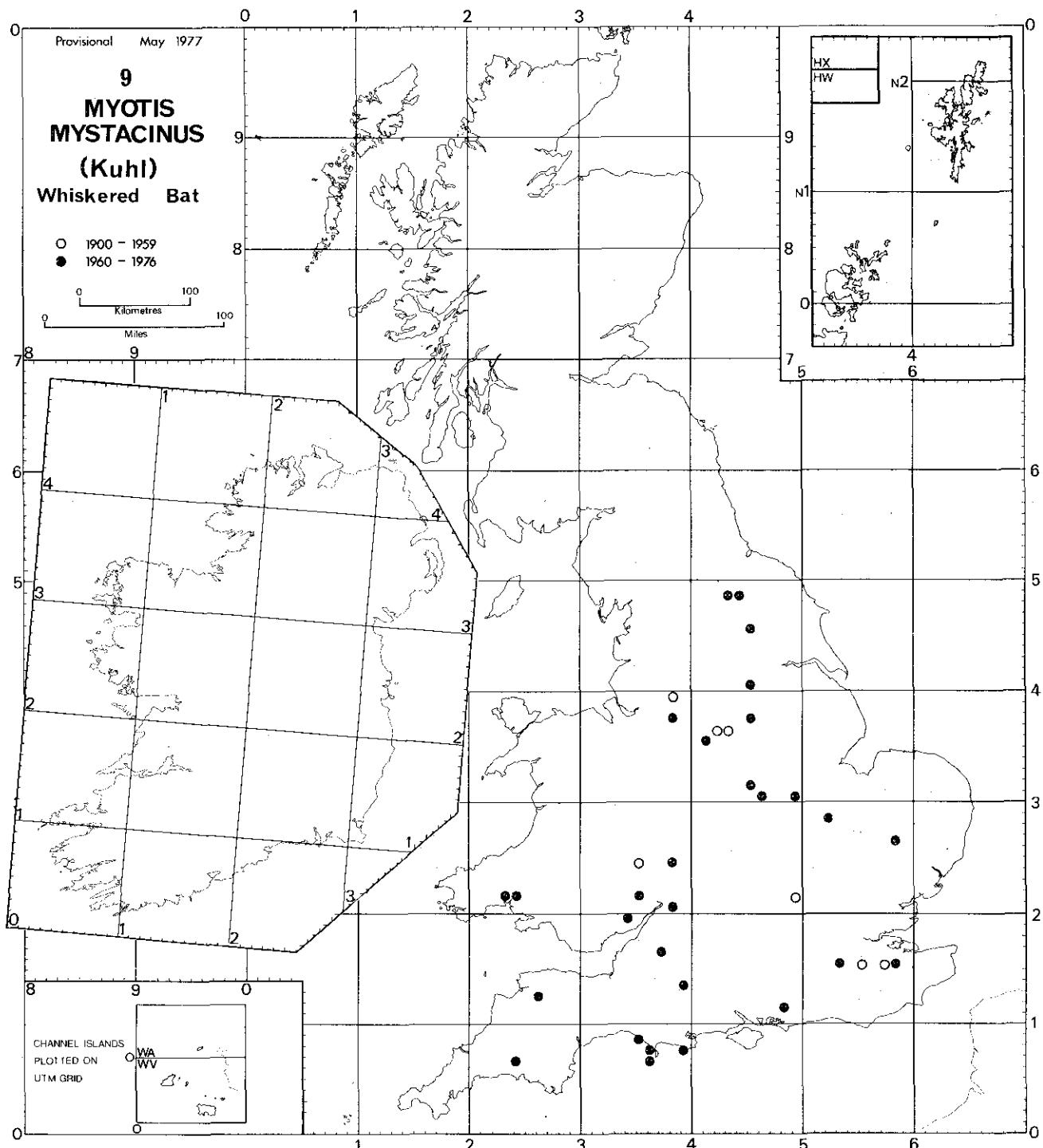


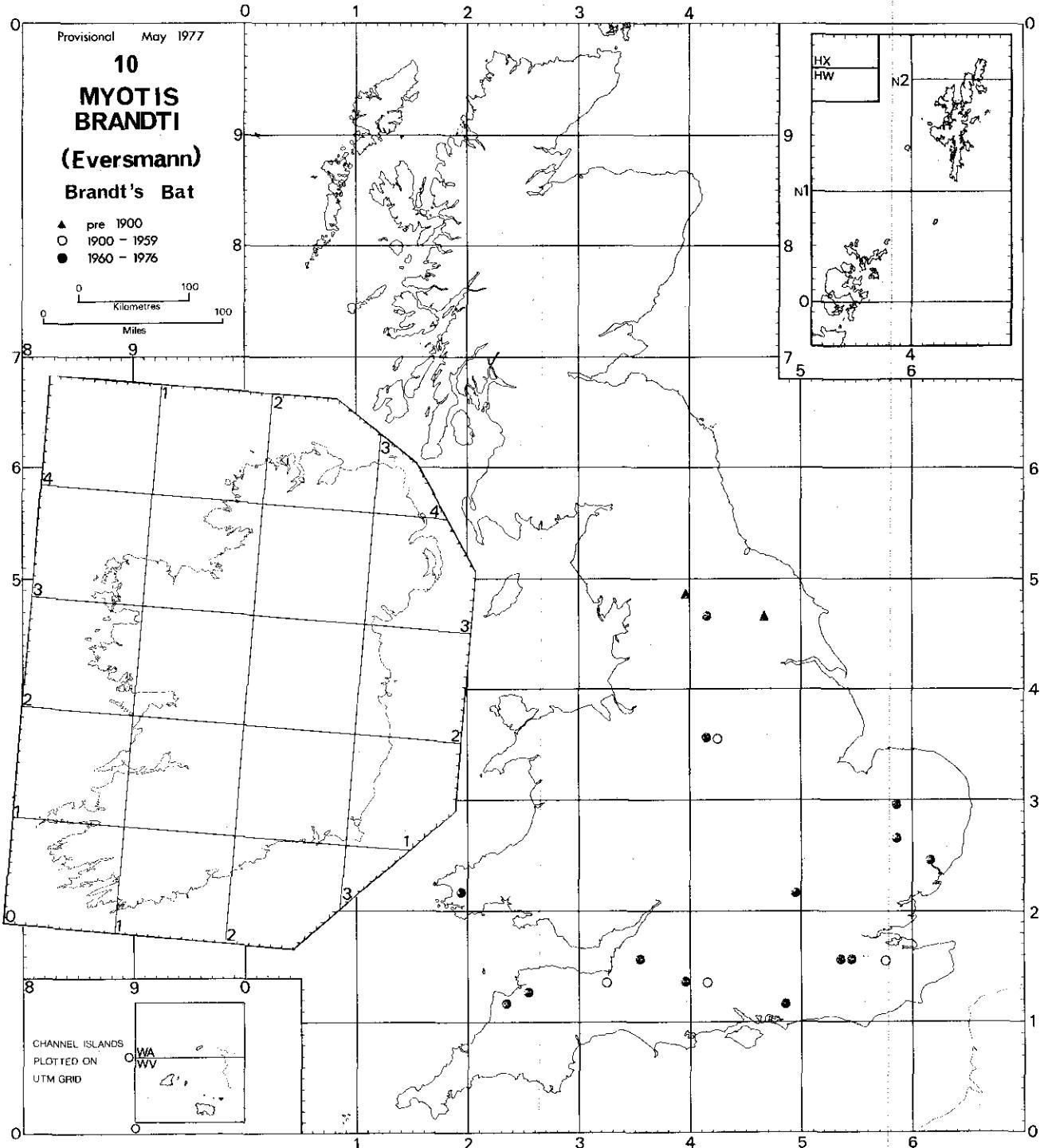
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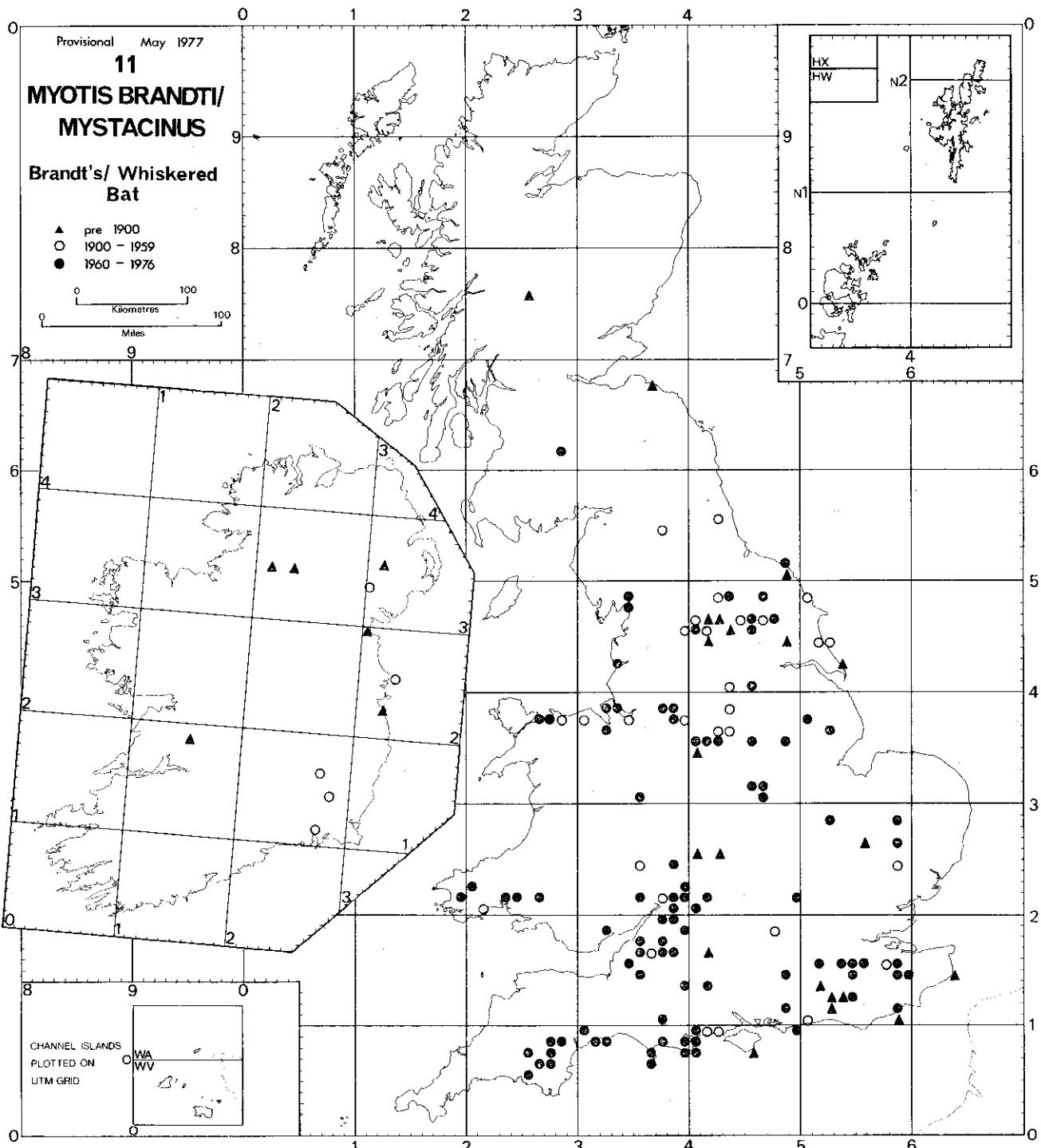
9
MYOTIS
MYSTACINUS
(Kuhl)
Whiskered Bat

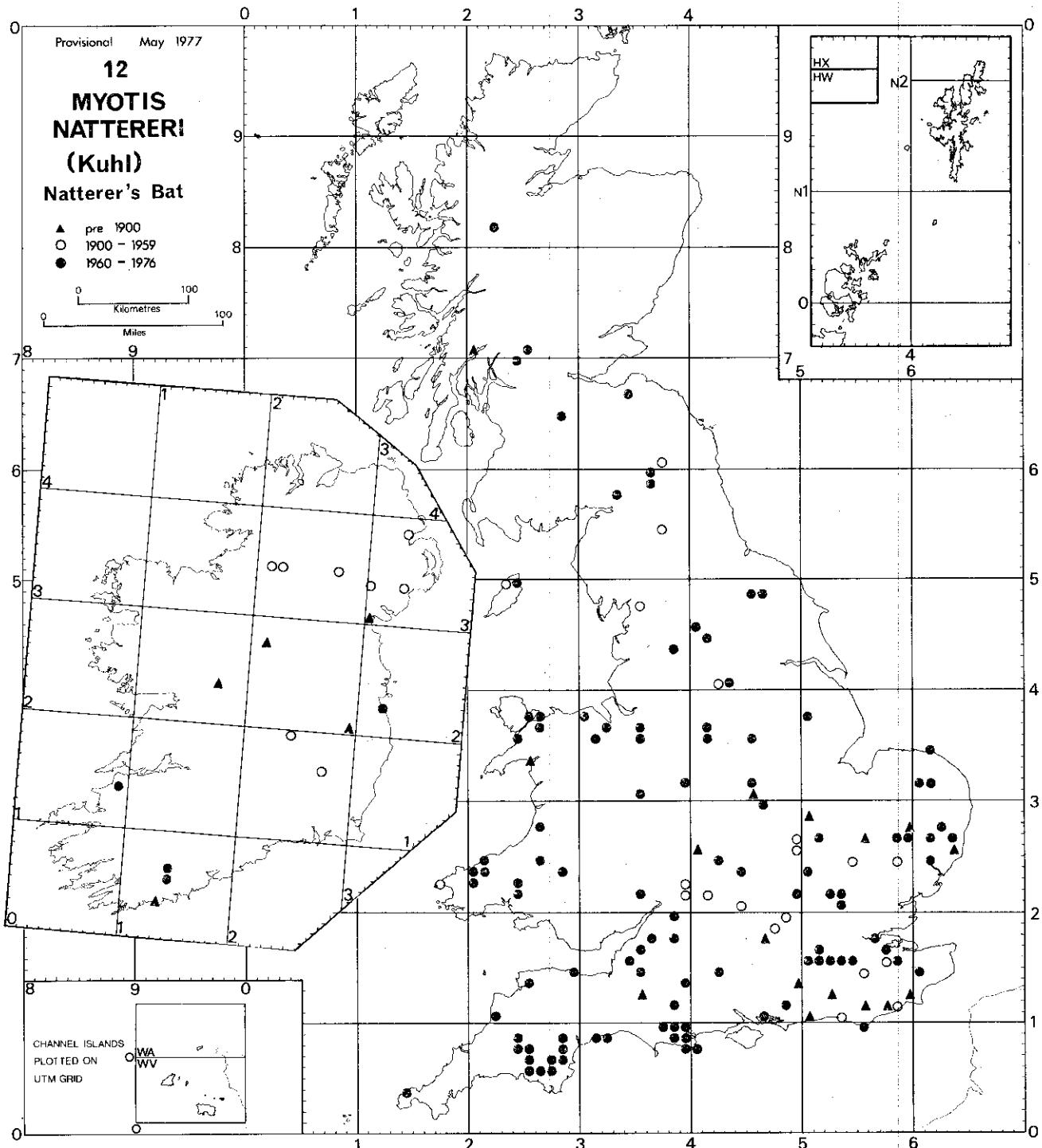
- 1900 - 1959
 - 1960 - 1976

Kilometres









Provisional May 1977

13
MYOTIS
BECHSTEINI
(Kuhl)
Bechstein's Bat

- ▲ pre 1900
 ○ 1900 ~ 1959
 ● 1960 - 1976

0 100

Kilometres
Miles

Miles

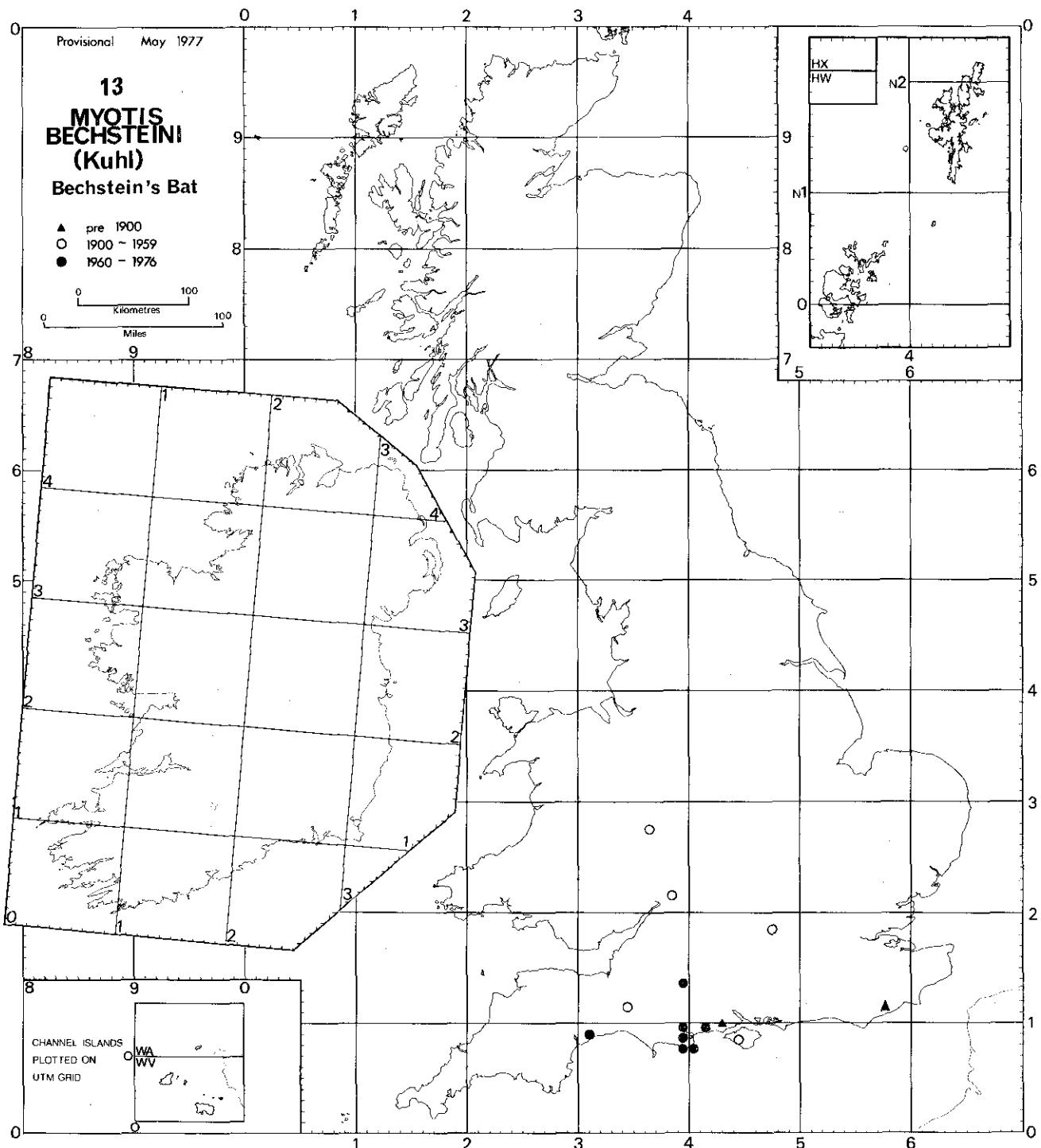
Figure 1. A typical example of a 100 ms segment of the speech signal.

Fig. 1. A photograph of the

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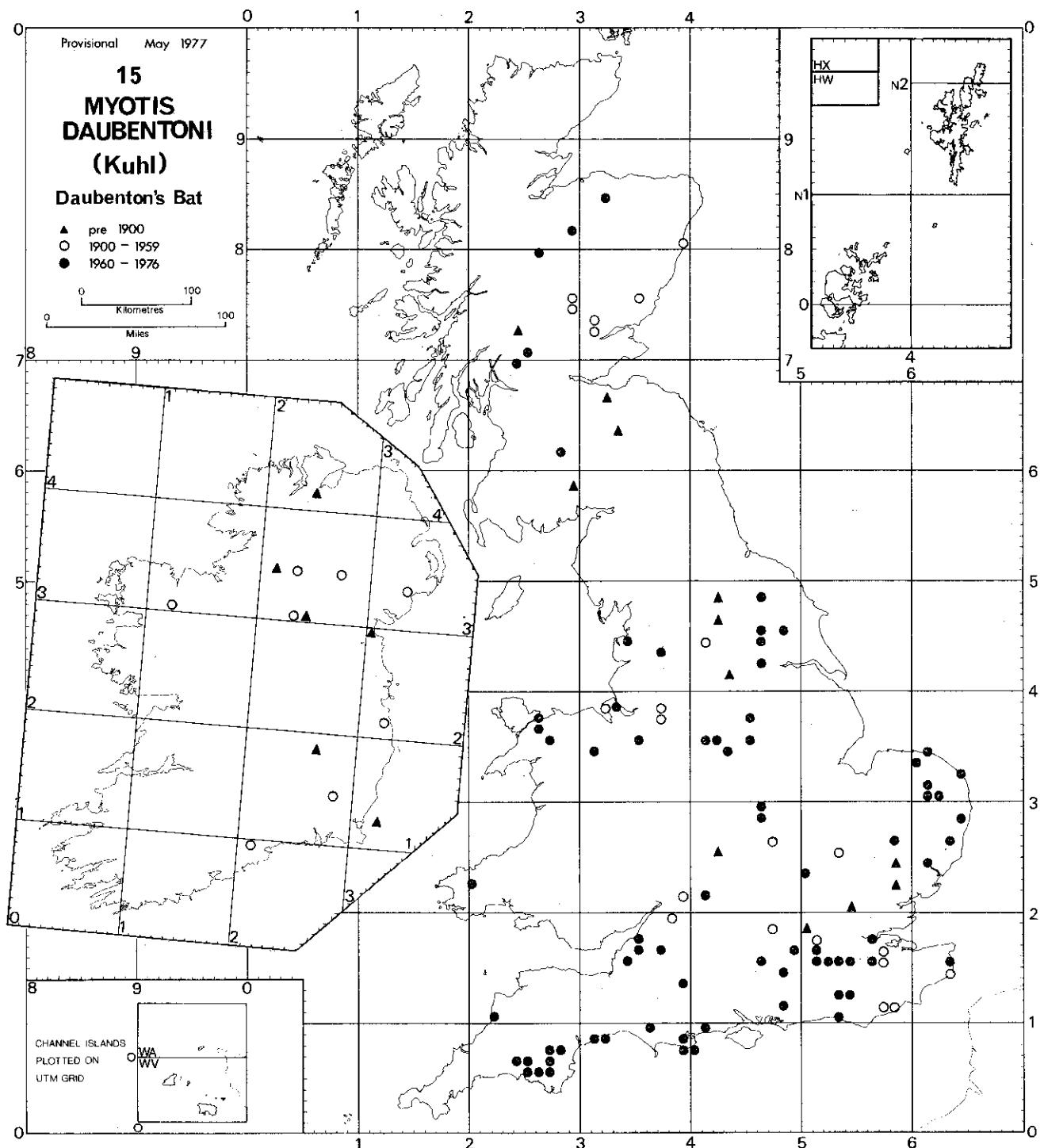
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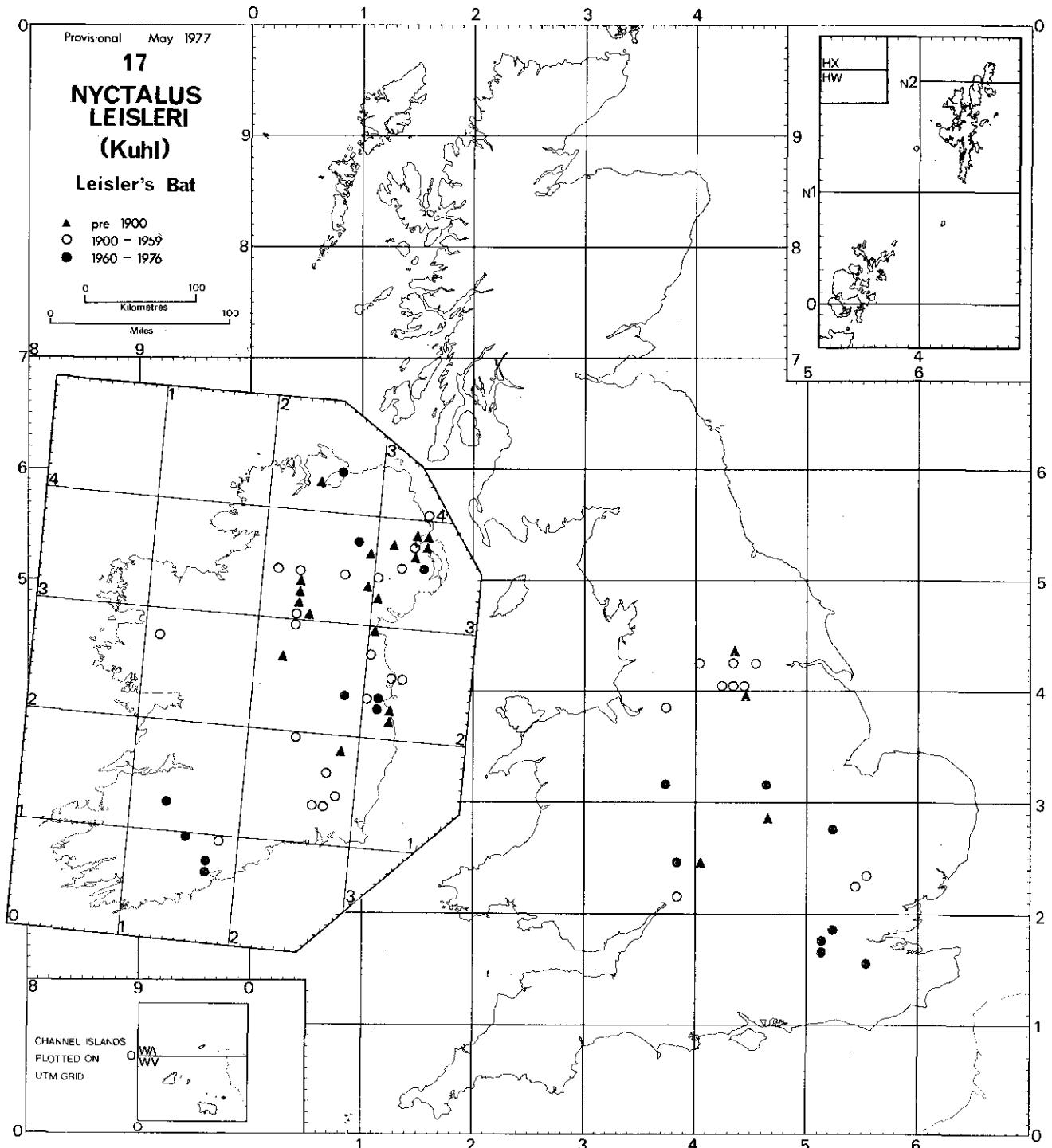


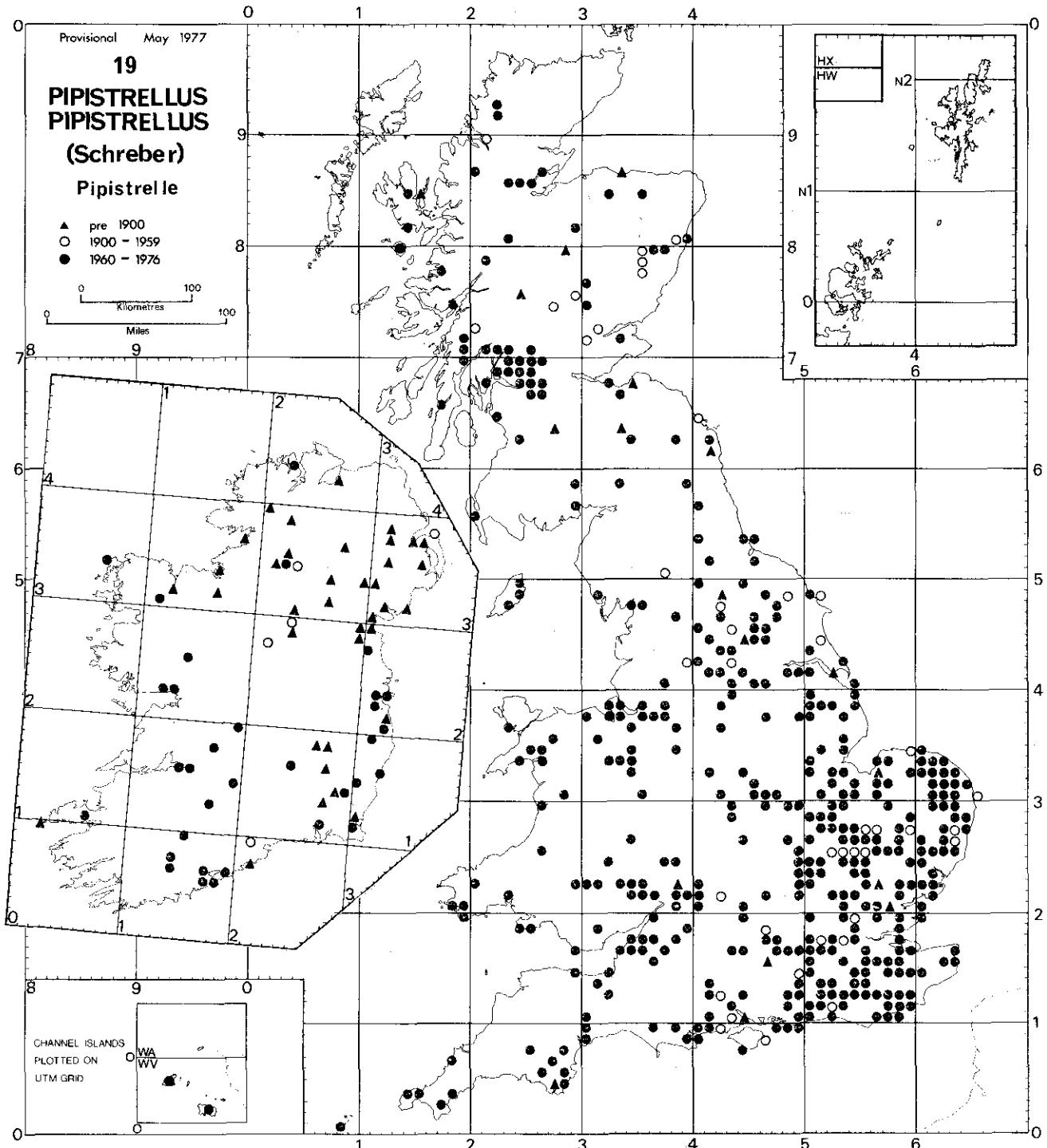
Provisional May 1977
14
MYOTIS
MYOTIS
(Borkhausen)
Mouse—eared Bat

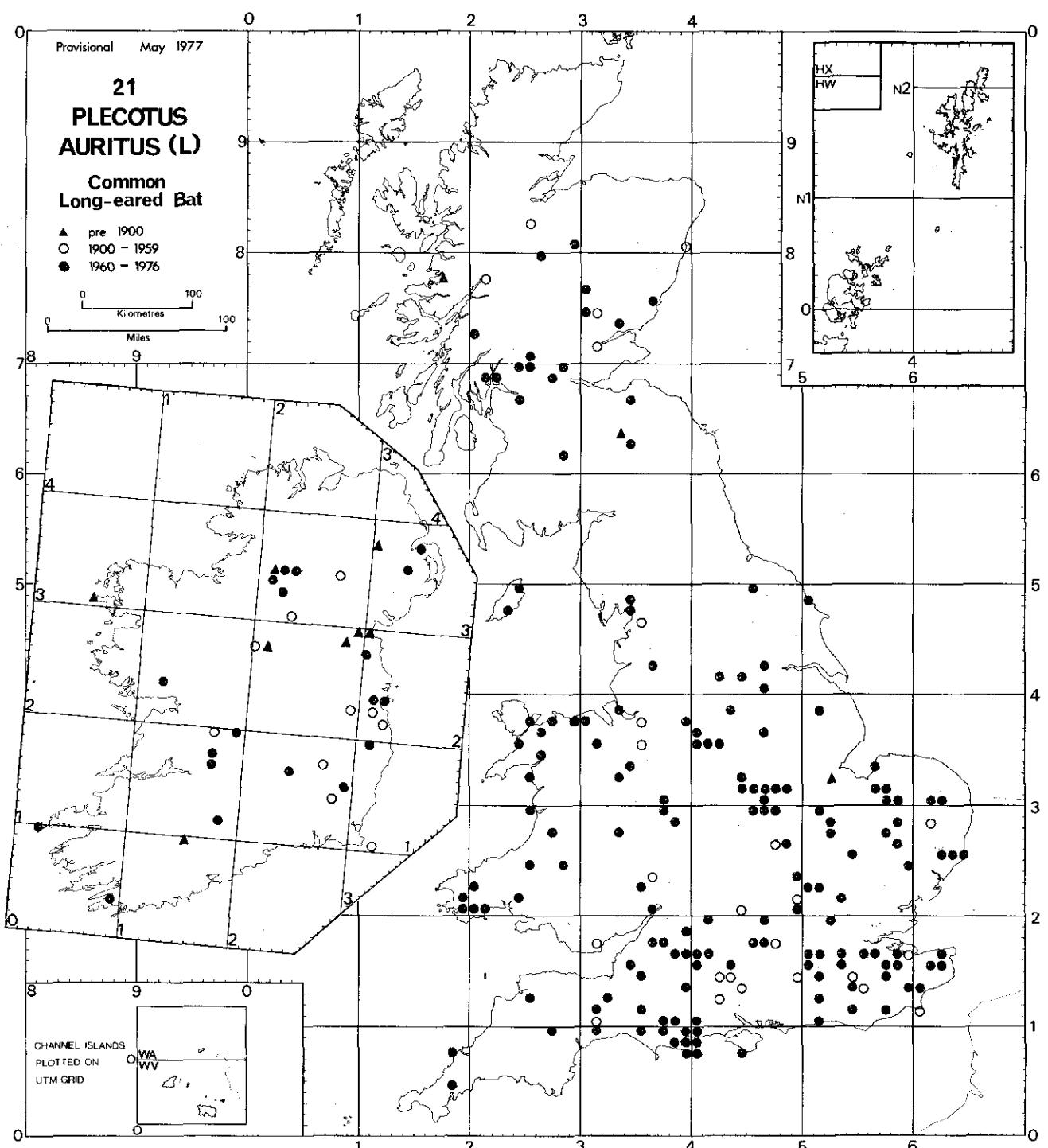
0 1 2 3 4 0
 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0
 Kilometres Miles
 CHANNEL ISLANDS PLOTTED ON UTM GRID
 0 WA WV 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 0

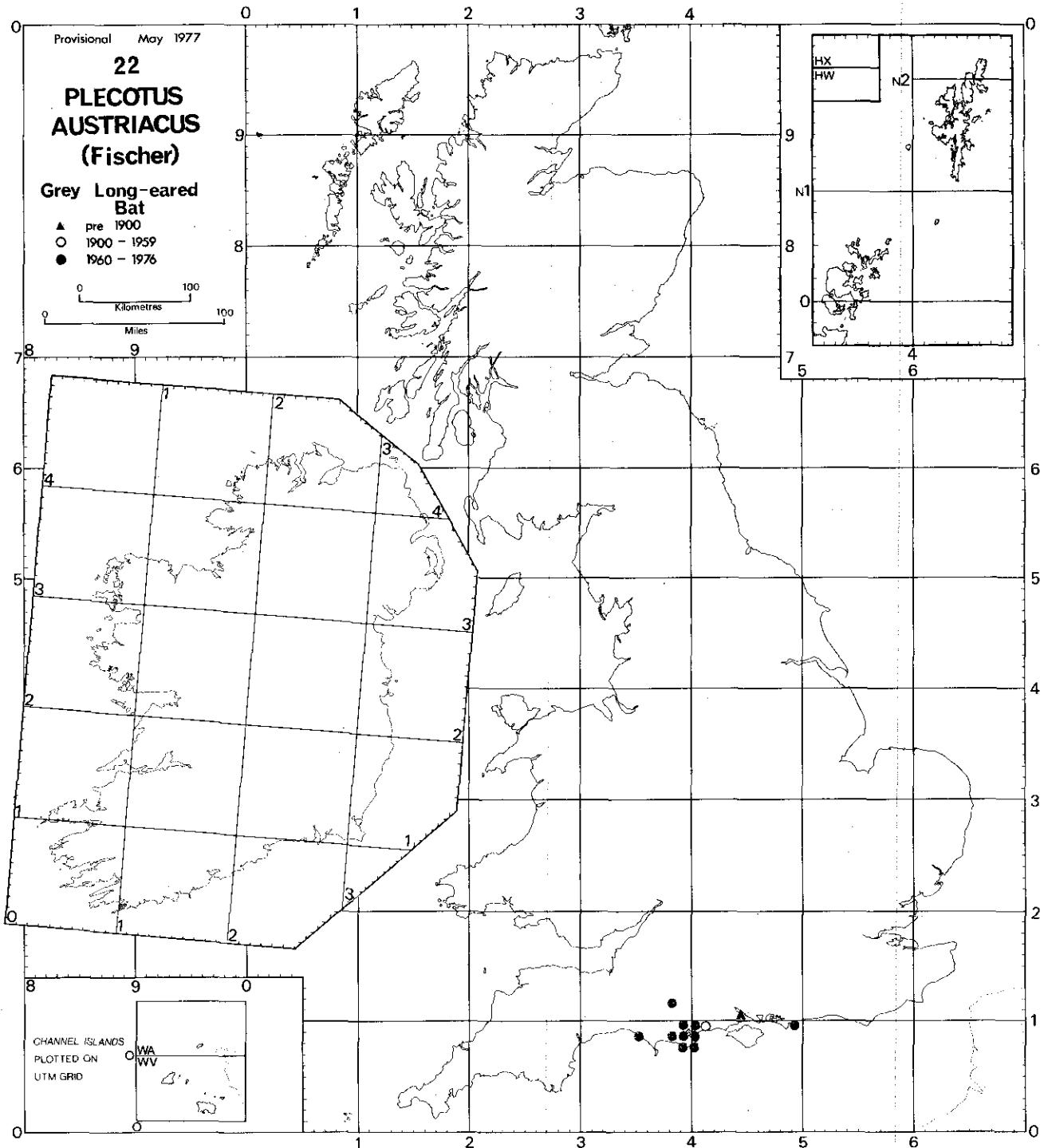
Hx
 HW
 N2
 N1
 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0

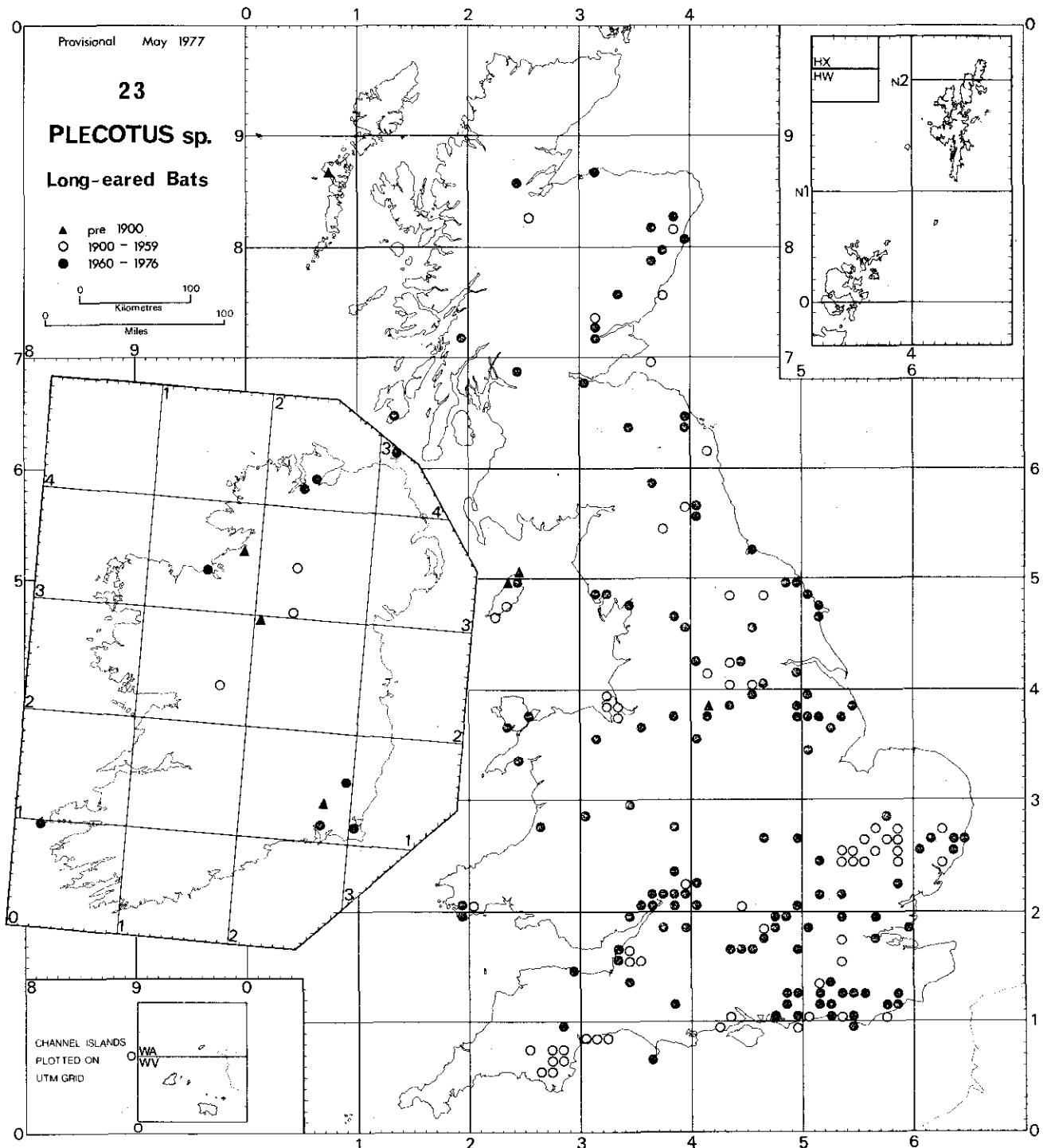


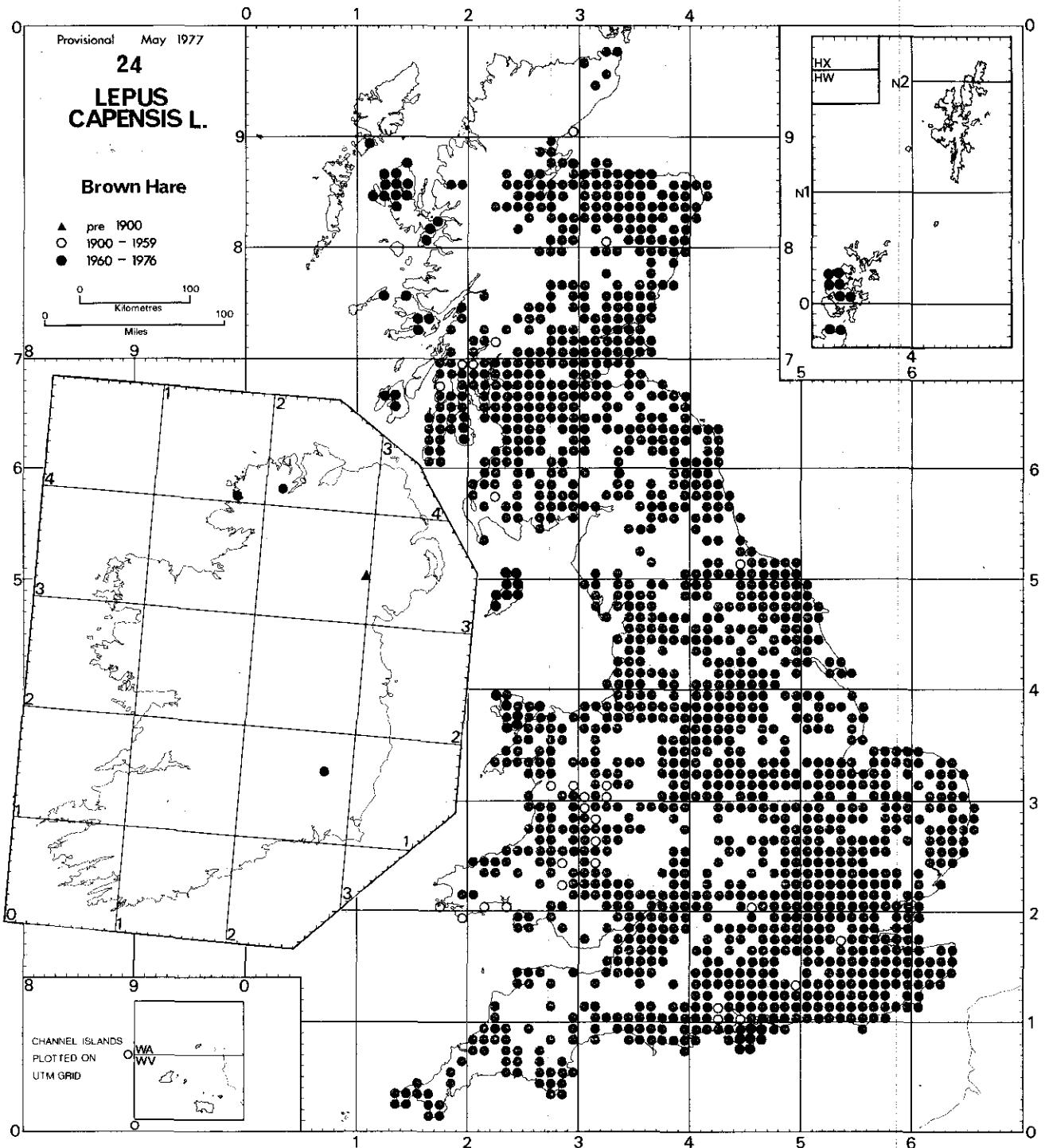


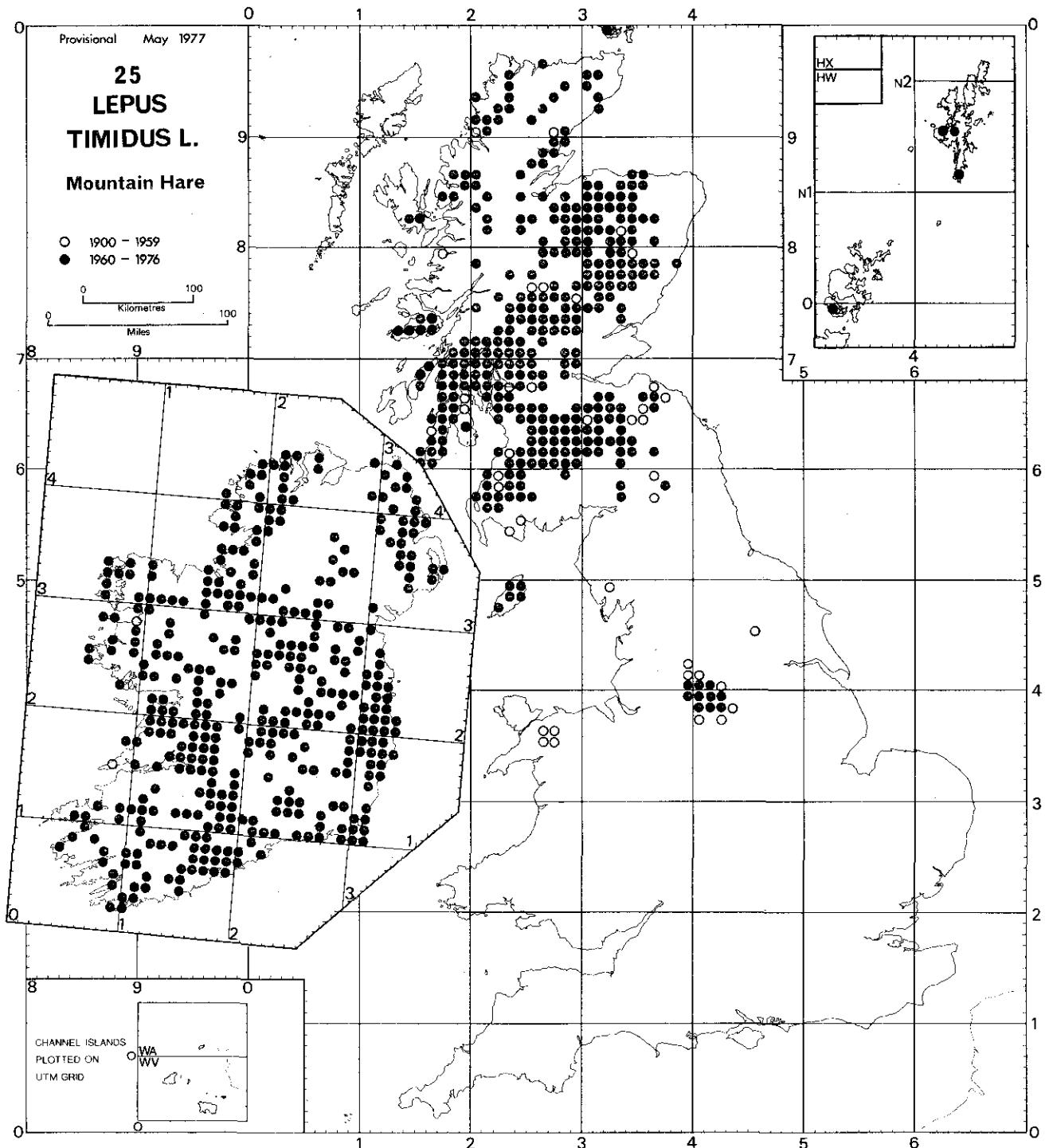




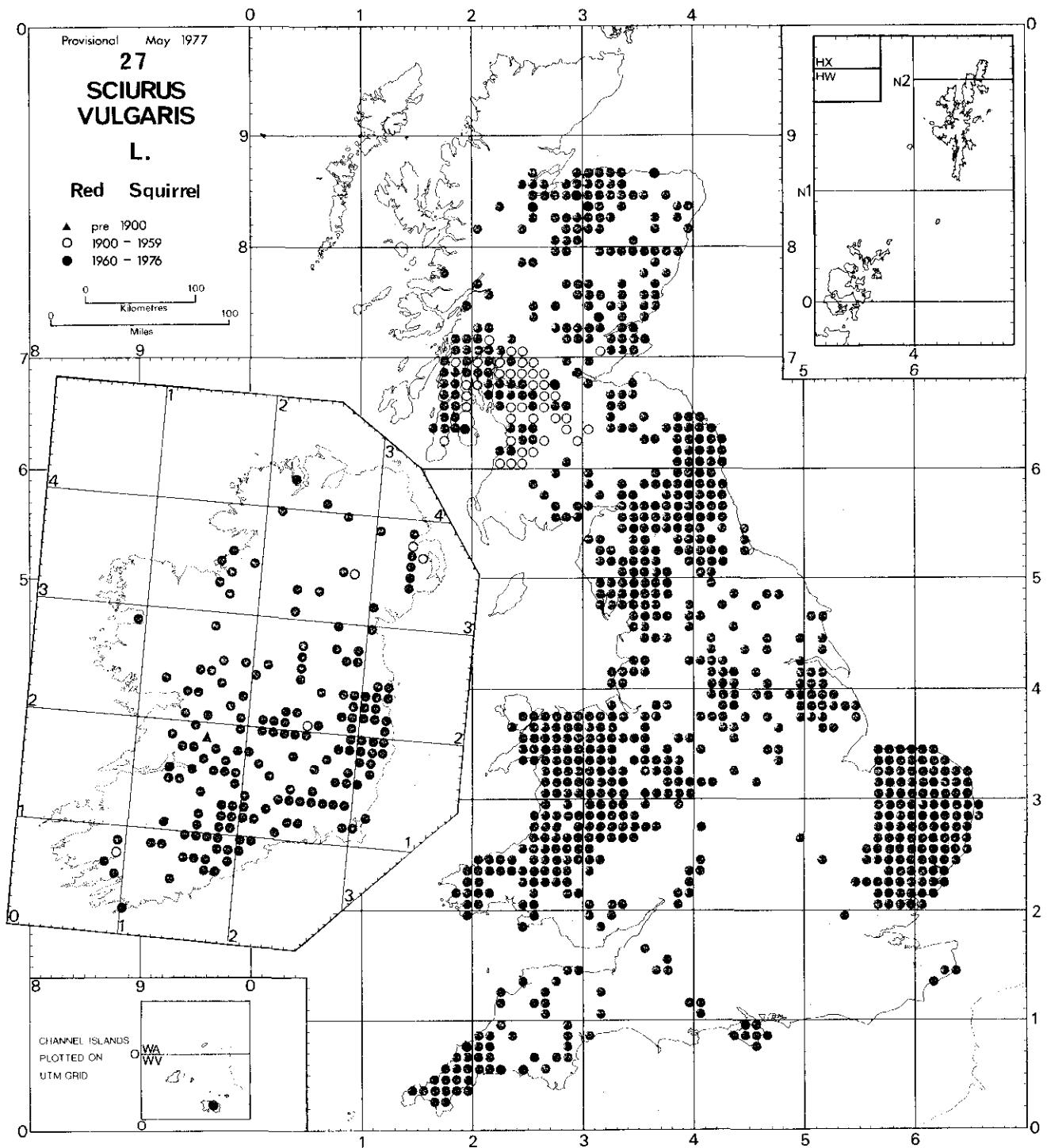








This map displays the distribution of rabbits (*Oryctolagus cuniculus*) in Oregon and Washington from 1900 to 1976. The data is plotted on a UTM grid with coordinates ranging from 0 to 10. The legend indicates that open circles represent records from 1900 to 1959, and filled circles represent records from 1960 to 1976. A scale bar shows distances in Kilometres (0 to 100) and Miles (0 to 100). An inset map at the bottom left shows the location of the study area relative to the Channel Islands and the states of Oregon (OR), Washington (WA), and West Virginia (WV). A detailed inset map in the top right corner shows a zoomed-in view of the northern part of the study area, specifically the region around N1 and N2, with HX and HW labels.



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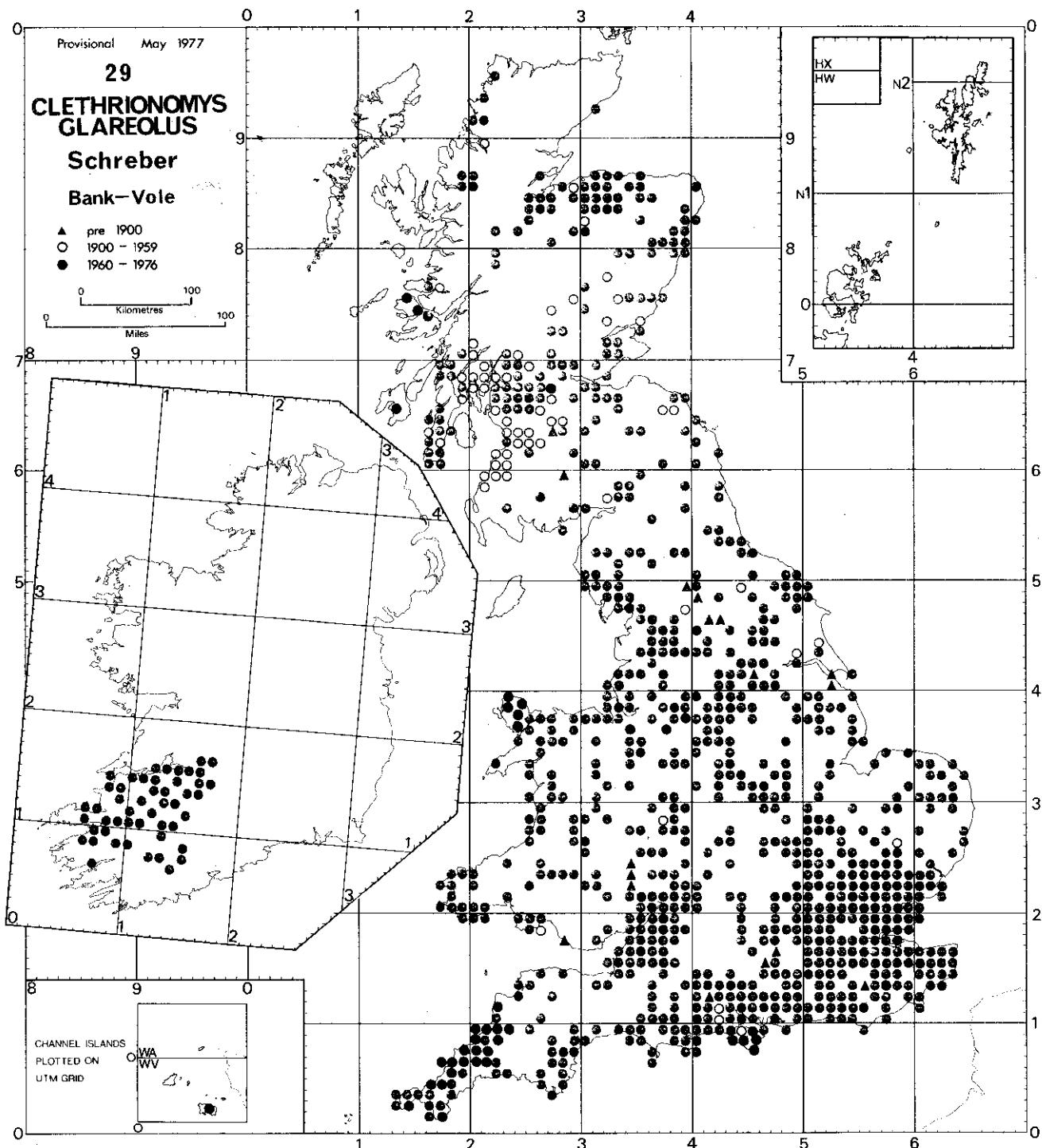
CLETHRIONOMYS GLAREOLUS

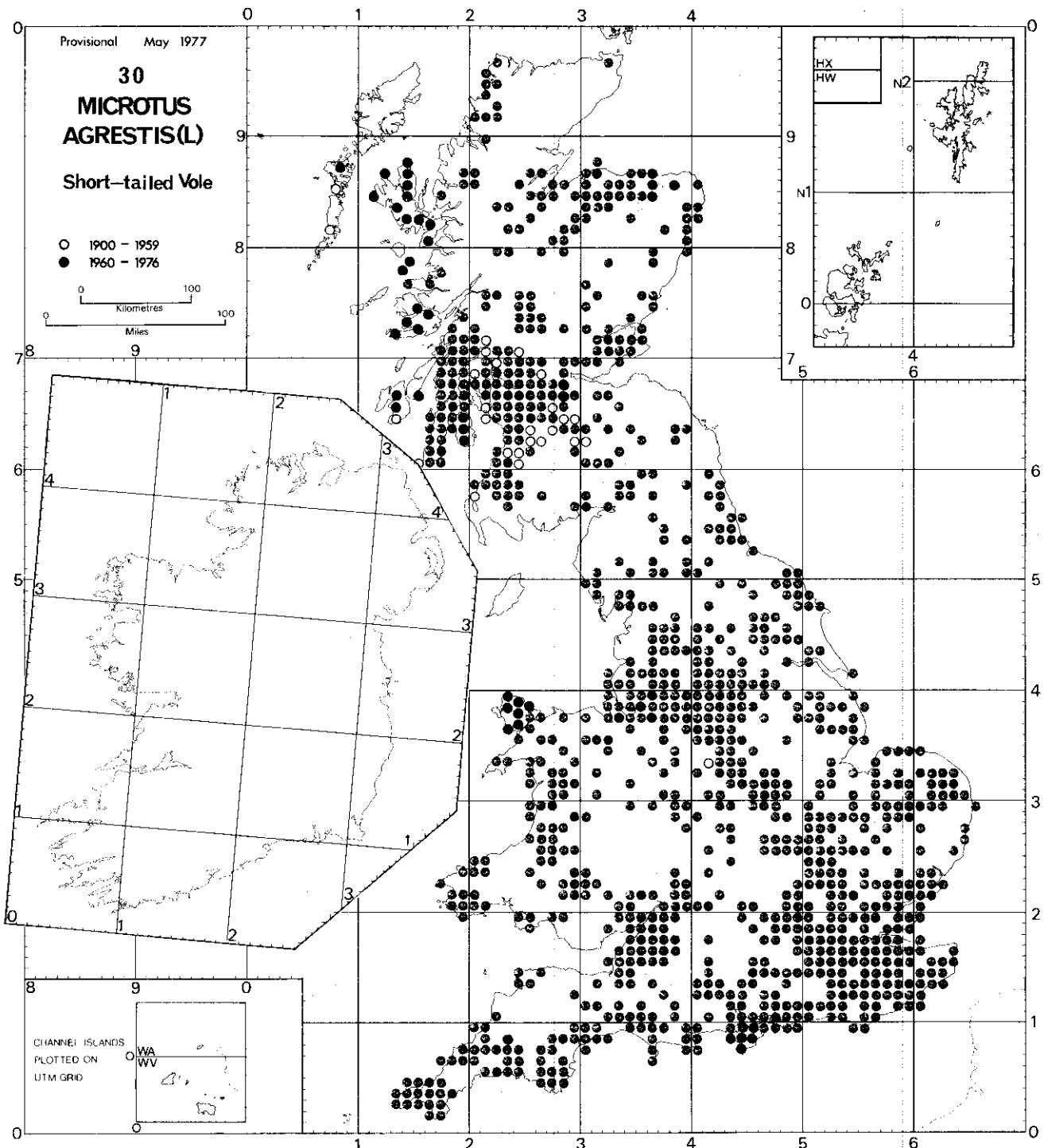
Schreber

Bank–Vole

- ▲ pre 1900
 ○ 1900 - 1959
 ● 1960 - 1976

0 Kilometres





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**31
ARVICOLA
TERRESTRIS
(1)**

Water Vole

- ▲ pre 1900
 ○ 1900 - 1959
 ● 1960 - 1976

0 Kilometres

