

# SCARF - THE SWARM SATELLITE CONSTELLATION APPLICATION AND RESEARCH FACILITY

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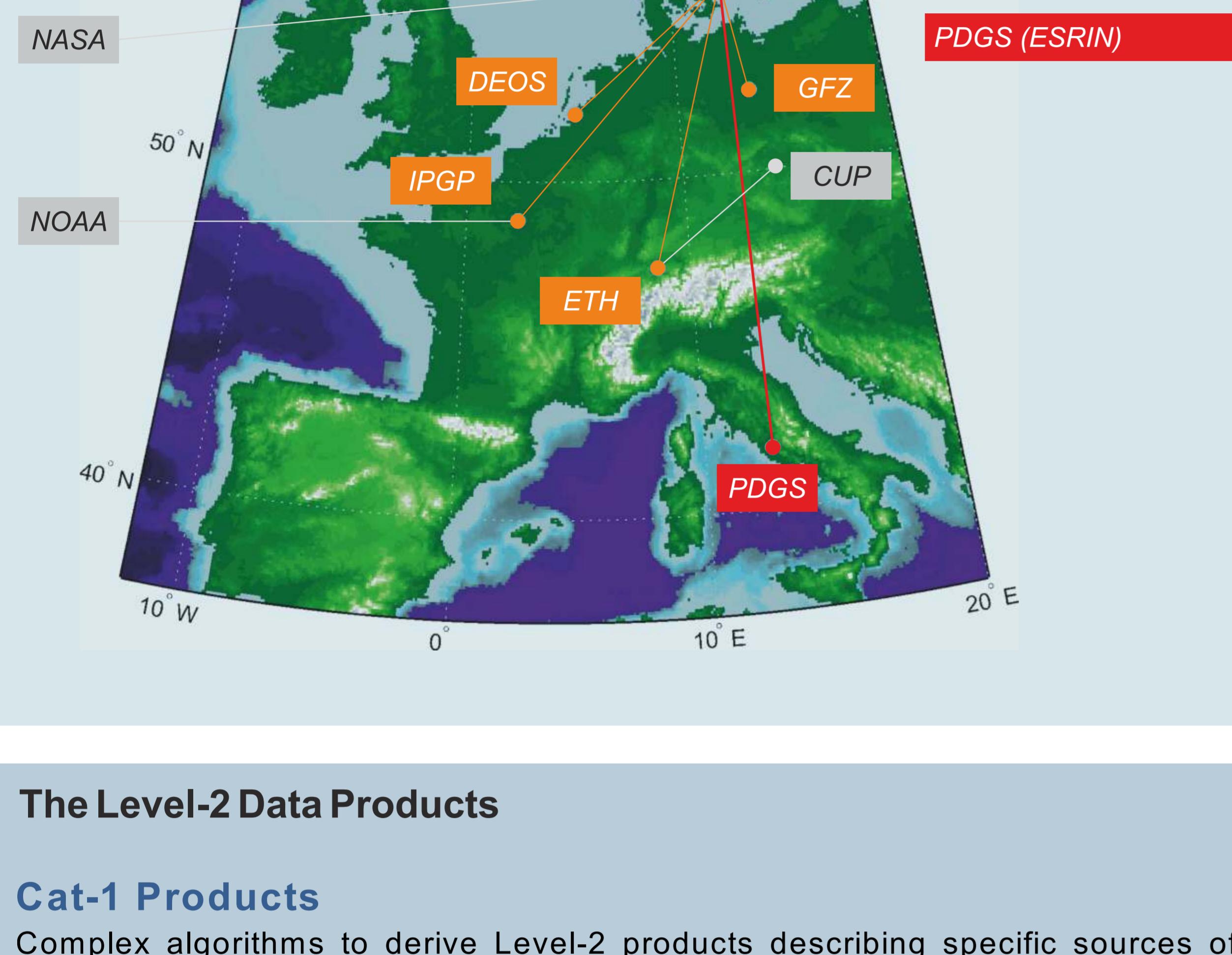
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**Abstract:** In order to take advantage of the unique constellation aspect of the Swarm mission, considerably advanced data analysis tools will need to be developed. Scientific use of data from the Swarm mission will also benefit significantly from derived products, the so-called Level-2 products, that take into account the features of the constellation. For this reason ESA has established the Swarm "Satellite Constellation Application and Research Facility" (SCARF), in the form of a consortium of several research institutions.

A number of Level-2 data products will be offered by this consortium, including various models of the core and lithospheric field, as well as of the ionospheric and magnetospheric field. In addition, derived parameters like mantle conductivity, thermospheric mass density and winds, field-aligned currents, an ionospheric plasma bubble index, the ionospheric total electron content and the dayside equatorial zonal electrical field will be calculated. Following the end of its 34-month development phase, this service is expected to be operational for a period of 5 years after the launch of the Swarm mission, which is scheduled for late 2013.

All of the derived products will be available through the Swarm Payload Data Ground Segment (PDGS), located at ESRIN, the ESA Centre for Earth Observation in Frascati, Italy.

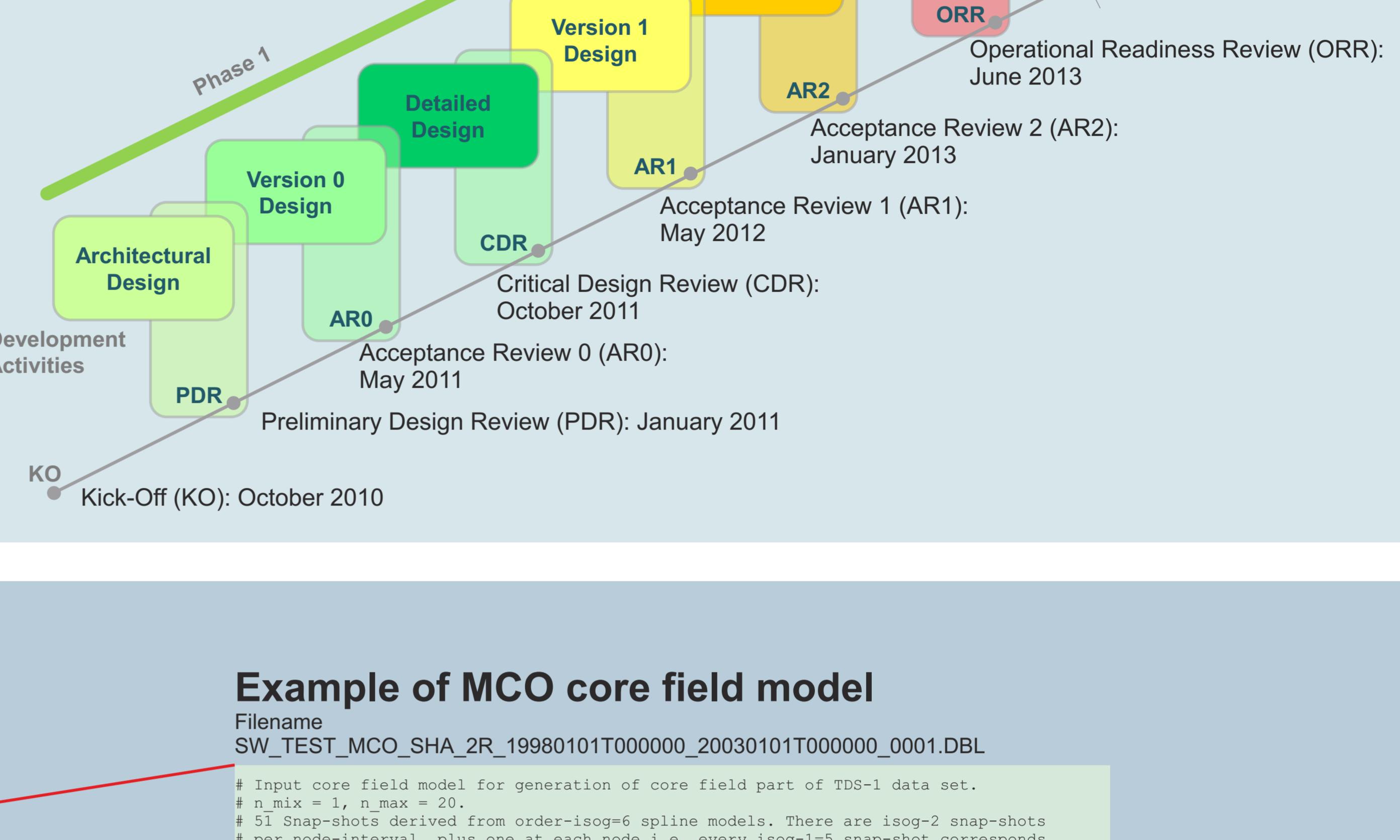
## The Partners of SCARF



SCARF Development Phase: October 2010 - August 2013  
SCARF Exploitation Phase: 2014 - 2019 (5 years)

Scheduled Swarm launch: end of 2013

## Milestones of SCARF Development Phase



## The Level-2 Data Products

### Cat-1 Products

Complex algorithms to derive Level-2 products describing specific sources of the Earth's magnetic field. Product derived by SCARF since scientific experience is required to derive these products.

Science Objective	Name	Description
All_Needed for L1b processing	MSW_EUL_2	Euler angles describing transformation from STR-CRF to VFM frame for satellites A, B, and C
O1: Core Field	MCO_SHA_2	Spherical harmonic model of the main (core) field and its temporal variation
O2: Lithospheric Field	MLI_SHA_2	Spherical harmonic model of the lithospheric field
O3: Mantle Conductivity	MIN_1Dm_2	1D model of mantle conductivity
	MIN_3Dm_2	3D model of mantle conductivity
	MCR_1DM_2	1D C-response maps
	MCR_3DM_2	3D C-response maps
O4: External Current Systems	MMA_SHA_2	Spherical harmonic model of the large-scale magnetospheric field and its Earth-induced counterpart
	MIO_SHA_2	Spherical harmonic model of the daily geomagnetic variation at middle latitudes (Sq and low latitudes (EE))
Precise Orbit Determination	SP3xCOM_2	time series of position and velocity of the center of mass of each satellite
	ACCCAL_2	Accelerometer calibration parameters from the POD process
	ACCCxPOD_2	Time series of non-gravitational accelerations estimated by POD
O5: Magnetic Forcing of the Upper Atmosphere	ACCC_AB_2	Time series of calibrated and pre-processed accelerometer observations and of aerodynamic accelerations from Satellite x, (x=A,B or C)
	DNSxWND_2	time series of neutral thermospheric density and wind speed

### Example of MCO core field model

Filename: SW\_TEST\_MCO\_SHA\_2R\_19980101T000000\_20030101T000000\_0001.DBL

```
# Input core field model for generation of core field part of TDS-1 data set.
# n_mit = 1, n_knot_max = 20.
# 51 Snap-shots are derived from order-1sog-6 spline models. There are isog-2 snap-shots
# per node interval plus one at each node i.e., every isog-1sog-5 snap-shot corresponds
# to a spline point.
# Gauss coefficient format F15.6
1 20 51 1998.00 1998.10 1998.20 1998.30 1998.40 ...
1 0 -29576.796430 -29575.710728 -29574.634241 -29573.565540 -29572.502687 ...
1 1 -1693.946980 -1692.838403 -1691.727136 -1690.611818 -1689.490903 ...
1 -1 5122.581311 5119.921493 5117.793079 5115.670016 5113.553084 ...
2 0 -2347.785393 -2346.664473 -2345.543553 -2344.422632 -2343.301710 ...
2 1 3058.875059 3058.410796 3057.940221 3057.463661 3056.981523 ...
2 -1 -2548.622396 -2550.872138 -2553.120633 -2555.360875 -2557.614126 ...
2 2 -1661.519141 1661.283484 1660.078110 1660.841342 1660.633302 ...
2 3 1334.483767 1334.478280 1334.460542 1334.492023 1334.502629 ...
2 4 -2296.508319 -2296.157839 -2297.157839 -2297.482789 -2297.808764 ...
3 0 -209.481862 -208.913432 -208.340826 -207.764238 -207.183926 ...
3 1 124.122778 124.003330 123.883827 123.764325 123.643811 ...
3 2 278.291831 277.810544 277.325647 276.837327 276.345760 ...
3 3 690.119217 689.327588 688.530637 687.727961 686.918823 ...
3 4 -513.031082 -513.626410 -514.209373 -514.780763 -515.341350 ...
4 0 297.222843 297.435146 297.650497 297.868796 280.089920 ...
4 1 793.156676 793.375020 793.614932 793.856362 794.091111 ...
4 2 226.556805 225.788496 225.018553 224.246895 223.473365 ...
```

### Example of ionospheric total electron content (TEC)

Filename: SW\_TEST\_TECATMIS\_2F\_20081119T000000\_20081119T235959\_0001.DBL

Each processed GPS-Swarm satellite link is uniquely defined by one row of 18 variable arrays, provided in CDF format

Variable	Description	Unit	Example
TimeStamp	Time stamp in UTC (epoch)	UTC	19-Nov-2008 00:00:00
Latitude	Geographic latitude	degree	16.3339
Longitude	Geographic longitude	degree	-18.7664
Radius	Geographic radius	m	6697840.4999
GPS_Position	X-Y-Z-coordinates (WGS84) of the GPS satellite	m	{2612272.8499; -5620247.1708; 124710.4941}
LEO_Position	X-Y-Z-coordinates (WGS84) of the LEO satellite	m	{6697840.4999; -2067805.7800; 1883619.9080}
PRN	GPS satellite PRN	-	-
L1	GPS L1 carrier phase observation	m	-1593972.6910
L2	GPS L2 carrier phase observation	m	-1893375.5805
P1	GPS P1 code phase observation	m	20508459.0015
P2	GPS P2 code phase observation	m	20508461.8378
S1	GPS signal-to-noise ratio or raw signal strength on L1	-	300
S2	GPS signal-to-noise ratio or raw signal strength on L2	-	501
Absolute_STEC	Absolute value of slant TEC	TECU	8.0119
Relative_STEC	Relative value of TEC	TECU	27.5001
STEC_RMS	Root mean square error of relative slant TEC	TECU	0.3190
DCB	GPS receiver code bias	TECU	-14.6977
DCB_Error	Error of the GPS receiver differential code bias	TECU	0.8100

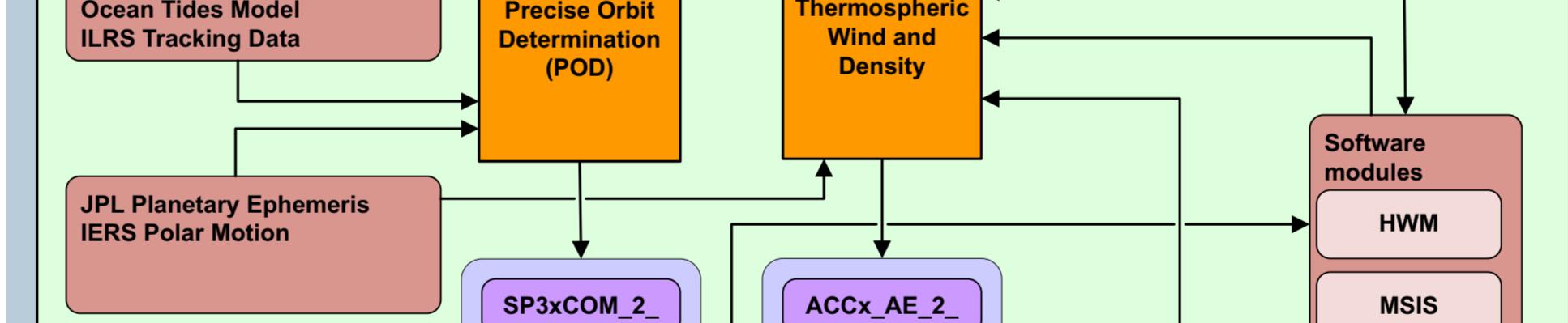
Science Objective	Name	Description
O4: External Current Systems	IBIXTMS_2F	CAT-2: Ionospheric bubble index
	TECATMIS_2F	CAT-2: Time series of the ionospheric total electron content
	FAC_TMS_2F	CAT-2: Time series of field-aligned currents
	FACxTMS_2F	CAT-2: Time series of field-aligned currents
	EETxTMS_2F	CAT-2: Equatorial Electric Field

### Cat-2 Products

Algorithms leading to Level-2 products with minimum delay, e.g. for space weather applications. Near real-time capability. All Cat-2 products are provided in CDF format. Algorithms designed by SCARF, data processed by PDGS

Science Objective	Name	Description
O4: External Current Systems	IBIXTMS_2F	CAT-2: Ionospheric bubble index

### Cat-1 Processing of POD and Thermospheric Winds (performed by SCARF)



### Cat-2 Data Processing (performed at PDGS)

